JS Functions

Total points 0/0

Functions

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This code prints: I ran 3 miles at an average of undefined per mile. Why does the text include undefined? const workoutJournal = (miles, avgTime) => { console.log('I ran ' + miles + ' miles at an average of ' + avgTime + ' per mile.'); **}**; workoutJournal('3'); The miles parameter is not declared. workoutJournal is not defined. workoutJournal does not print the value of both arguments. The call to workoutJournal is missing a second argument. **Feedback**

Correct!

Which of the following best describes what a function in JavaScript is used * for?
A function allows for the use of mathematical operators.
A function is a reusable piece of code that can accept input and performs a specific task.
A function creates new variables.
A function stores data.
Feedback
™
Correct!
What's the purpose of a parameter? *
To call a function.
To allow a function to accept data.
To specify actual values passed to a function.
Correct answer
To allow a function to accept data.

✓ Which of the following is a parameter in the block of code below? * let input = 8; const controlVal = input / 2 + 3; const multiplier = (number, phase) => { const val = number * controlVal + phase; console.log(val); **}**; controlVal input val number Feedback Correct!

```
✓ What will this code print to the console? const sleepTimer = (alarm) => { console.log('My alarm is set for: ' + alarm); } sleepTimer('8:30AM');
My alarm is set for: 8:30AM
My alarm is set for: undefined
My alarm is set for: alarm
My alarm is set for: sleepTimer
Feedback
Correct! '8:30AM' is the argument passed to sleepTimer().
```

✓ Which of the following most accurately describes the volumeOfCube() function? function volumeOfCube (side) { return side * side * side; volumeOfCube(5); // Output: 125. It is a function expression. It is a function declaration. It is an arrow function. It is an anonymous function. **Feedback** Correct! This is a function declaration. A function expression requires a variable assignment like const volumeOfCube() = function () {....

✓ What will be printed to the console?
 const eatFruit = 'fruit = 'apple') => {
 console.log('This \${fruit} is delicious!');
 };
 eatFruit();

 This apple is delicious!
 This fruit is delicious!
 This is delicious!
 This undefined is delicious!
 This undefined is delicious!
 Feedback
 Correct! eatFruit() has a default value of 'apple' for the fruit parameter.

✓ Which correctly represents the most condensed form of the function? Recall * that this syntax is also known as 'concise body.'
<pre>const areaOfCircle = radius => { return Math.PI * radius * radius };</pre>
const areaOfCircle = radius => Math.PI * radius * radius;
<pre>const areaOfCircle = radius => { Math.PI * radius * radius };</pre>
const areaOfCircle = radius => return Math.PI * radius * radius;
Feedback
Correct! Concise body syntax (with one parameter) does not use parentheses, curly braces, or the return keyword.

Which of the following is the correct way to call the function below? * const multiplier = (number) => { console.log(3 * number); };	f
multiplier{5}	
multiplier(5)	✓
multiplier 5	
multiplier[5]	
Feedback	
Correct!	

✓	What is wrong with the code snippet provided? * const greeting = => { console.log('Hello Programmer!'); };	
0	The ordering of = and => should be switched.	
\circ	The function expression cannot be declared with a const keyword.	
0	The curly braces {} should be parentheses ().	
	The greeting function is missing a set of () between the = and =>.	✓
F	eedback	
(
	Correct! When there are no parameters, an arrow function needs to have a set of empty parentheses ().	

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