http://www.tutorialspoint.com/postgresql/postgresql\_update\_query.htm

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The PostgreSQL **UPDATE** Query is used to modify the existing records in a table. You can use WHERE clause with UPDATE query to update selected rows otherwise all the rows would be updated.

## Syntax:

The basic syntax of UPDATE query with WHERE clause is as follows:

```
UPDATE table_name
SET column1 = value1, column2 = value2...., columnN = valueN
WHERE [condition];
```

You can combine N number of conditions using AND or OR operators.

## Example:

Consider the table <u>COMPANY</u> having records as follows:

Following is an example which would update ADDRESS for a customer, whose ID is 6:

```
testdb=# UPDATE COMPANY SET SALARY = 15000 WHERE ID = 3;
```

Now, COMPANY table would have the following records:

If you want to modify all ADDRESS and SALARY column values in COMPANY table, you do not need to use WHERE clause and UPDATE query would be as follows:

```
testdb=# UPDATE COMPANY SET ADDRESS = 'Texas', SALARY=20000;
```

Now, COMPANY table will have the following records:

7 | James | 24 | Texas | 20000 3 | Teddy | 23 | Texas | 20000 (7 rows)