

Overview

An overview of the architecture, services, and new features of CircleCI Server v3.2.0

docs@circleci.com

Version 3.2.0, 10/11/2021: FINAL

CircleCl Server v3.x Overview	1
Introduction	1
Services	2
Platforms	7
CircleCl Server v3.x What's New	9
Release 3.2.0	9
Release 3.1.0	11
Release 3.0.2	13
Release 3.0.1	13
CircleCl Server v3.x FAQ	15
Does Server 3.0 have a data retention policy?	15
What control is granted over Nomad certificates?	15
Is the polling time which checks for health status able to be changed or disabled?	15
What do the Application Status options in KOTS mean?	15

CircleCI Server v3.x Overview

Introduction

CircleCl server is an on-premises Cl/CD platform for enterprise customers who have compliance or security needs that require them to operate within their firewall, in a private cloud or data center.

Server offers the same features as CircleCI's cloud offering, but operates within your Kubernetes cluster.

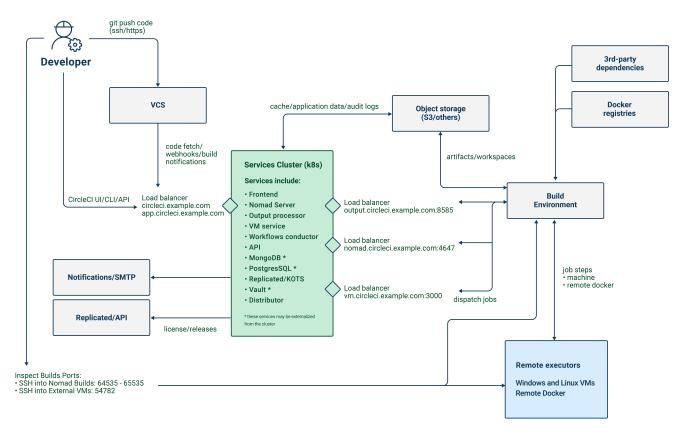


Figure 1. CircleCl Server v3.x Architecture

The CircleCI server application exposes four services using load balancers. Three of these load balancers are VPC-internal for connecting to the Nomad cluster and virtual machines. If required, the frontend load balancer can be made private, separating it from the public internet. For further information see the Load Balancers doc.

Load Balancer	Туре	Ports	Description
Frontend GUI Proxy & API	External	80 and 443	Exposes the web application.
Nomad Control Plane	Internal	4647	Exposes an RPC protocol for Nomad runners.
Output Processor	Internal	8585	Ingests output from Nomad runners.
VM Service	Internal	3000	Provisions virtual machines.

The application exposes a number of external ports. These ports are used for various functions as defined in the table below.

Port number	Protocol	Direction	Source / Destination	Use	Notes
80	ТСР	Inbound	End users	HTTP web app traffic	
443	ТСР	Inbound	End users	HTTP web app traffic	
8800	TCP	Inbound	Administrators	Admin console	
22	ТСР	Inbound	Administrators	SSH	Only required for the bastion host
64535-65535	ТСР	Inbound		SSH into builds	Only required for the nomad clients.

CircleCI server schedules CI jobs using the Nomad scheduler. The Nomad control plane runs inside of Kubernetes, while the Nomad clients, which are responsible for running scheduled CircleCI jobs, are provisioned outside the cluster. CircleCI server can run Docker jobs on the Nomad clients themselves or in a dedicated virtual machine (VM).

Job artifacts and output are sent directly from jobs in Nomad to object storage (S3, GCS, or other supported options). Audit logs and other items from the application are also stored in object storage so both the Kubernetes cluster and the Nomad clients need access to object storage.

Services

CircleCl server 3.0 consists of the following services. Find their descriptions and failure implications below:

Service	Component	Description	What happens if it fails?	Notes
api-service	App Core	Provides a GraphQL API that provides much of the data to render the web frontend.	Many parts of the UI (e.g. Contexts) will fail completely.	
audit-log-service	App Core	Persists audit log events to blob storage for long term storage.	Some events may not be recorded.	

Service	Component	Description	What happens if it fails?	Notes
builds-service	App Core	Ingests from www- api and sends to plans-service, workflows- conductor, and to orbs-service		
circle-legacy- dispatcher	Execution	Part of Compute Management. Sends to usage Q (mongo) and back to VCS.		
circleci-mongodb	Execution	Primary datastore		
circleci-postgres	Data storage for microservices			
circleci-rabbitmq	Pipelines and Execution	Queuing for workflow messaging, test- results, usage, crons, output, notifications, and scheduler		
circleci-redis	Execution	Cache data that will not be stored permanently (i.e. build logs), for request caching, and for rate limit calculations.	A failed cache can end up resulting in rate limiting from the VCS if too many calls are made to it.	
circleci-telegraf		Telegraf collects statsd metrics. All white-boxed metrics in our services publish statsd metrics that are sent to telegraf, but can also be configured to be exported to other places (i.e. Datadog or Prometheus)		
circleci-vault		HashiCorp Vault to run encryption and decryption as a service for secrets		



Service	Component	Description	What happens if it fails?	Notes
config				
contexts-service	App Core	Stores and provides encrypted contexts.	All builds using Contexts will fail.	
cron-service	Pipelines	Triggers scheduled workflows.	Scheduled workflows will not run.	
dispatcher	Execution	Split jobs into tasks and send them to scheduler to run.	No jobs will be sent to Nomad, the run queue will increase in size but there should be no meaningful loss of data.	
domain-service	App Core	Stores and provides information about our domain model. Works with permissions and API	Workflows will fail to start and some REST API calls may fail causing 500 errors in the CircleCI UI. If LDAP authentication is in use, all logins will fail.	
exim		Will be removed in GA, but users can provide mail submission credentials to an existing MTA	No email notifications will be sent.	
federations-service	App Core	Stores user identities (LDAP). API and permissions-service	If LDAP authentication is in use, all logins will fail and some REST API calls might fail.	LDAP integration not available
frontend	Frontend	CircleCl web app and www-api proxy.	The UI and REST API will be unavailable and no jobs will be triggered by GitHub/Enterprise. Running builds will be OK but no updates will be seen.	Rate limit of 150 requests per second with a single user instantaneous limit of 300 requests.



Service	Component	Description	What happens if it fails?	Notes
inject-bottoken		A Kubernetes job that inserts a "bot token" into MongoDB. Bot tokens are authorization interservice communication. Mainly for www-api		
kotsadm-kots	Licensing	The main Kots application. Runs the Kots admin console where upgrades and configuration of server take place No admin console available.	No upgrades or configuration possible for server	
kotsadm-migrations	Licensing	Performs database migrations to handle updates of Kotsadm		
kotsadm-minio	Licensing	Object storage for Kots licensing		
kotsadm-operator	Licensing	Deploys and controls Kotsadm		
kotsadm-postgres	Licensing	Database for Kots licensing		
legacy-notifier	App Core	Handles notifications to external services (Slack, email, etc.)		
prometheus	Server	Used for metrics		
orb-service	Pipelines	Handles communication between orb registry and config.		



Service	Component	Description	What happens if it fails?	Notes
output-processor	Execution	Receives job output & status updates and writes them to MongoDB. Also provides an API to running jobs to access caches, workspaces, store caches, workspaces, artifacts, & test results.		
permissions-service	App Core	Provides the CircleCI permissions interface.	Workflows will fail to start and some REST API calls may fail, causing 500 errors in the UI.	
scheduler	Execution	Runs tasks sent to it. Works with Nomad server.	No jobs will be sent to Nomad, the run queue will increase in size but there should be no meaningful loss of data.	
server- troubleshooter	Data	Runs commands inside pods and appends output to support bundles.		May not be available in GA.
slanger	server	Provides real-time events to the CircleCl app.	Live UI updates will stop but hard refreshes will still work.	
test-results	Execution	Parses test result files and stores data.	There will be no test failure or timing data for jobs, but this will be back- filled once the service is restarted.	



Service	Component	Description	What happens if it fails?	Notes
vm-gc	Compute Management	Periodically check for stale machine and remote Docker instances and request that vm- service remove them.	Old vm-service instances might not be destroyed until this service is restarted.	
vm-scaler	Machine	Periodically requests that vm-service provision more instances for running machine and remote Docker jobs.	VM instances for machine and Remote Docker might not be provisioned causing you to run out of capacity to run jobs with these executors.	Different overlay for EKS vs. GKE.
vm-service	Machine	Inventory of available vm-service instances, and provisioning of new instances.	Jobs that use machine or remote Docker will fail.	
workflows- conductor-event- consumer	Pipelines	Takes in information from VCS to kick off pipelines.	·	
workflows- conductor-grpc- handler	Pipelines	Helps translate the information through gRPC.		
web-ui-*	Frontend	Micro Front End (MFE) services used to render the frontend web application GUI.	The respective services page will fail to load. Example: A web-uiserver-admin failure means the server Admin page will fail to load.	The MFE's are used to render the web application located at app. <my domain<br="">here></my>

Platforms

CircleCl server is designed to deploy within a Kubernetes cluster. Virtual machine service (VM Service) is able to leverage unique EKS or GKE offerings to dynamically create VM images.

If installing outside of EKS or GKE, additional work is required to get access to some of the same machine build features. Setting up CircleCl runners will give you access to the same feature set as VM service across



a much wider range of OSs and machine types (MacOS and much more).

We do our best to support a wide range of platforms for installation. We use environment-agnostic solutions whenever possible. However, we do not test all platforms and options. For that reason we provide a list of tested environments, which we will continue to expand over time. We will be adding OpenShift to our list of regularly tested and supported platforms.

Environment	Status	Notes
EKS	Tested	
GKE	Tested	
Azure	Untested	Should work with Minio Azure gateway and Runner
Digital Ocean	Untested	Should work with Minio Digital Ocean gateway and Runner
OpenShift*	Untested	Known to not work
Rancher	Untested	Should work with Minio and Runner

CircleCl Server v3.x What's New

Server 3.x is now generally available. The newest version of server offers the ability to scale under heavy workloads, all within your own Kubernetes cluster and private network, while still enjoying the full CircleCl cloud experience.

Server 3.x includes the latest CircleCI features, such as orbs, scheduled workflows, matrix jobs, and more. For existing customers interested in migrating from 2.19 to 3.x, contact your customer success manager. Server 3.x will receive monthly patch releases and quarterly feature releases.

Release 3.2.0

Upgrade notes

From the KOTS admin console dashboard, select Version History from the menu bar and click **Deploy** for server v3.2.0.

When upgrading from server 3.1.x to 3.2 there will be some downtime due to a change to the PostgreSQL pod. There are two issues you could run into with this update, which are covered in the following sections.

PostgreSQL pod stuck in pending

If you find that the PostgreSQL pod is stuck in a pending state after upgrading, scale down the pods to 0 and then scale up again by following the steps below.

To check if your postgreSQL pod is stuck in pending:

The following command will scale down pods to 0 and terminate the application pods without any data loss:

```
kubectl scale deployment -l layer=application --replicas 0
```

Once all the application-layer pods have finished terminating do one of the following

- either redeploy the update from the KOTS admin console
- or run the following two commands to redeploy the pods and return server to a functional state:

```
kubectl scale deployment -l layer=application --replicas 1
```

Then scale output-processor up with the following command:



kubectl scale deployment output-processor --replicas 2

Traefik pod fails to schedule

If you find that there are two Traefik pods after upgrading, you will need to locate the older pod and remove it to allow the new pod to schedule correctly.

To see the status of your Traefik pod:

```
$ kubectl get pod -l app=traefik
NAME
                                                    STATUS
                                                               RESTARTS
                                            READY
                                                                           AGE
circleci-server-traefik-9d6b86fd8-f7n2x
                                            1/1
                                                    Running
                                                               0
                                                                           24d
circleci-server-traefik-cf7d4d7f6-6mb5g
                                            1/1
                                                    Error
                                                                           3m
                                                               a
```

Remove the older Traefik pod with the following command:

```
kubectl delete pod circleci-server-traefik-<older pod hash>
```

The new Traefik pos will then start ot schedule correctly.

New features

- Customers who require a fully private installation can now access a setting in the KOTS admin console
 to ensure public IPs are not assigned to VMs. Note that with this non-public IP setting enabled, a workaround will be needed if SSH access to running jobs is required, for example, by using a VPN into your
 VPC.
- Customers that manage outbound traffic through a proxy can now configure proxy settings through the KOTS admin console. Please see our documentation for specifics on proxy support for server.
- We have expanded the machine build environment options available to include additional resource classes, sizes, and executors. You now have access to Arm (medium, large), Linux (medium, large, X large, and XX large), and Windows (medium, large, XX large) resource classes.
- The insights API is now available to all server customers. Leverage build and other data to better understand the performance of teams and the health of your build and testing efforts.
- We have revamped the admin UI, and updated our installation instructions, making it easier to set up and manage server.
- You can now supply a custom Linux AMI for VM service.
- SSL termination can now be disabled If you have put server login behind a firewall, this will enable SSL termination at the firewall.
- You can now control the size of persistent volumes. For larger customers, the initial persistent volume
 size was too small, by default. You can now set this at install time, providing an easier migration for
 those customers that require it. For further information see the Internal Database Volume Expansion
 doc.



- We have added an auto-scaling example to the nomad client terraform.
- You can now choose to serve 'unsafe' build artifacts. Previously this option was hidden, meaning
 potentially unsafe artifacts were rendered as plain text. For more information see the Build Artifacts
 doc.

Fixes

 The default windows executor was not as documented, we have increased the size to align with documentation and cloud.

Known issues

- KOTS admin configuration incorrectly selects the Nomad mTLS as enabled during setup. It should be set to mTLS disabled until after nomad clients have been deployed.
- Retry with SSH for jobs using the machine executor advertises a private IP address. For this reason, retry with SSH for jobs using the machine executor works as standard for private installations, but for public installs you would need to ensure that you can access the private IP advertised, for example, by using a VPN into your VPC.
- It is currently possible for multiple organizations under the same CircleCl server account to have contexts with identical names. This should be avoided as doing so could lead to errors and unexpected behavior.
- CircleCl 1.0 builds are not supported. If an attempt is made to run a 1.0 build, no feedback will be
 available in the application to indicate the cause of the issue. If a build is run on your installation and
 does not show up in the CircleCl application, users should be directed to use the CircleCl CLI to validate
 the project configuration and get details of the possible cause of the issue.
- The KOTS admin console cannot be upgraded if your installation is set up to be behind a proxy. The proxy settings will be deleted and cause the KOTS admin console to break.
- Runner cannot be used when server is installed behind a proxy.

Release 3.1.0

Upgrade notes



With this release, the frontend-external load balancer has been removed. The traefik load balancer now handles all incoming traffic. When updating from a previous server 3.x version, you will need to update the DNS record that was pointing to the frontend-external load balancer and have it point to the circleci-server-traefik load balancer instead. Remember, you can retrieve the external IP address or DNS name of your traefik load balancer by typing kubectl get svc/circleci-server-traefik in a terminal that has access to the cluster.

To update your DNS record and upgrade your server installation follow these steps:

- 1. Retrieve the external IP or DNS name for the traefik load balancer as described or by looking the DNS A record for app.<your domain name>` this should already point to your traefik load balancer.
- 2. Locate the DNS A record that points to the domain name of your server installation (not the one pointing to the app. subdomain)



3. Edit the A record so that it points to the traefik load balancer, just like the record for the `app. subdomain does. Your changes might need a couple of minutes to take effect, depending on you DNS service.

Next, from the KOTS admin console dashboard, select Version History from the menu bar and click **Deploy** for server v3.1.0.

New features

- Telegraf plugins can now be added to server and customized to use third party monitoring solutions, for example, Datadog. For more information, see the Metrics and Monitoring doc.
- The option to use only private load balancers has been introduced for customers who want a fully private installation. For more information see the Load Balancers guide.
- Server 3.x hosts build artifacts, test results, and other state in object storage. We support any S3compatible storage and Google Cloud Storage. For more information, see the Installation guide for further information.
- Dynamic config via setup workflows is now available on server installations. For more information see our blog post and the Dynamic Configuration docs page.
- Runner is now available on server. For further information, including installation steps, see the Runner
 docs. Runner allows the use of the macOS executor in server installations and VM service functionality
 for customers with server installed in a private data centre.
- The frontend load balancer from v3.0 has been removed and replaced with an Ingress resource and the Traefik Ingress controller. This is a breaking change requiring you to reconfigure your DNS. See the What's New in server docs for further information and guidance.
- The following services can now be externalized. For setup information, see the server v3.x installation guide:
 - Postgres
 - MongoDB
 - Vault
- Backup and restore functionality is now available. For more information see the Backup and Restore guide.
- Prometheus is now deployed by default with server to monitor your cluster health and usage.
 Prometheus can be managed and configured from the KOTS admin UI. For further information, see the Metrics and Monitoring doc.
- Server now supports the 2XL resource class. The Nomad cluster needs to be made large enough to account for larger resource classes.
- The lifecycle of build artifacts and test results can now be configured from the KOTS admin console under Storage Object Expiry, including the option to disable the expiration and retain artifacts and test results indefinitely.

Fixes

 Resolved a collection of bugs that were causing sensitive information to be leaked into CircleCI support bundles:



- Instances of faulty and partial redactions of secrets were detected, in part due to 3rd party bugs.
- PostgresDB leaking sensitive information to STDOUT.
- Several CircleCl services were logging secrets.
- Tightened network security in the Nomad terraform module.
- Terraform v0.15.0 and up are now supported.
- Updated installation scripts to use functions supported by most recent versions of Terraform.
- Resolved a bug that was leading to machine large builds being run on the wrong machine type. Machine large builds now correctly use 4 vCPUs and 16GB of RAM.
- Resolved a bug that caused contexts-service to fail on expiration of Vault client tokens.
- Resolved a bug that was causing legacy-notifier to report readiness prematurely.
- The JVM heap size parameter has been removed for all services. The heap size is set to be half of the memory limit.
- Changes to networking config and certs are now picked up automatically by Traefik. Previously, a restart would have been required.
- Minimum requirements for CPU and memory have changed. For the new values, see the Installation Prerequisites doc.

Known issues

- It is currently possible for multiple organizations under the same CircleCl server account to have contexts with identical names. This should be avoided as doing so could lead to errors and unexpected behavior.
- CircleCl 1.0 builds are not supported. If an attempt is made to run a 1.0 build, no feedback will be
 available in the application to indicate the cause of the issue. If a build is run on your installation and
 does not show up in the CircleCl application, users should be directed to use the CircleCl CLl to validate
 the project configuration and get details of the possible cause of the issue.

Release 3.0.2

- Resolved a bug relating to artifacts disappearing after 30 days. The default settings for the artifact retention period have been updated to unlimited, and can be adjusted from the KOTS Admin Console.
- Resolved a bug that made Traefik "unaware" of TLS certificate updates without requiring a manual
 restart of the Traefik pod. The Traefik pod will now restart automatically after any TLS certificate
 updates go into effect after the initial post KOTS deployment.
- Resolved a bug in builds-service that was causing pods to crash as a result of running out of memory.

Release 3.0.1

- build_agent version value updated, as the previous version was relying on a vulnerable version of PsExec.
- Due to an issue that was causing duplicated checks in GitHub, environment variables for outputprocessor were reconfigured.
- Adjusted deployment configuration for vm-service to handle out-of-order database migrations managed



by Flyway.



CircleCI Server v3.x FAQ

Does Server 3.0 have a data retention policy?

We do not currently support a defined data retention policy. Data is stored indefinitely on server.

What control is granted over Nomad certificates?

Full control of the certificates, all the way down to mTLS for Nomad.

Is the polling time which checks for health status able to be changed or disabled?

No, this is not customizable.

What do the Application Status options in KOTS mean?

Please see the KOTS documentation.

