

User Manual

DA14580 Bluetooth® Smart Development Kit – Basic

UM-B-025

Abstract

This document describes the Bluetooth Smart Development Kit - Basic based on DA14580-01. It helps users to set up the hardware development environment, install required software and quickly start product development with help of example source code.

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1 Terms and definitions

BLE	Bluetooth Low Energy
CS	Chip Select
DK	Development Kit
EEPROM	Electrically Erasable Programmable Memory
FTDI	Brand name of USB – UART interface
GPIO	General Purpose Input Output
OTP	One Time Programmable
PCB	printed circuit board
QFN	Quad-Flat No-leads
SDK	Software Development Kit
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
SWD	Serial Wire Debug
USB	Universal Serial Bus
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transceiver
WLCSP	Wafer Level Chip Scale Packaging
WoW	Way of Working

2 References

1. DA14580, Datasheet, Dialog Semiconductor
2. UM-B-015, DA14580 Software Architecture, Dialog Semiconductor
3. DA14580 CB PXI QFN40 layout, Dialog Semiconductor
4. DA14580_CB_PXI_QFNP40, Dialog Semiconductor
5. DA14580_CB_PXI_WLCSP, Dialog Semiconductor
6. DA14580_CB_PXI_WLCSP_layout, Dialog Semiconductor
7. DA14580_MB_VB_layout, Dialog Semiconductor
8. DA14580 CB PXI_QFN48, Dialog Semiconductor
9. UM-B-005, DA14580 Peripheral Examples, Dialog Semiconductor
10. UM-B-010, DA14580 Proximity application, Dialog Semiconductor
11. AN-B-015 DA14580 Supply current measurement, Dialog Semiconductor

3 Introduction

DA14580 is a Bluetooth Smart chip, working with extremely low power while providing world-class RF performance, a small footprint and flexible peripheral configurations for a wide range of applications.

DA14580 development kit includes a set of hardware (e.g. development board with on-board debugger), a Software Development Kit (SDK) (e.g. development tools, source code examples documents and so on) along with documentation.

This document, as a user guide, helps users to set up hardware/software development environment, install required software and quickly start product development with the help of example source code.

Web content can be downloaded at www.dialog-semiconductor.com/support.

Product information about DA14580 can be found at:
www.dialog-semiconductor.com/products/bluetooth-smart/smartbond-da14580.

3.1 Hardware content

In [Figure 1](#) the kit components are shown and in [Table 1](#) the parts are printed.



Figure 1: DA14580DEVKT –Basic Kit

Table 1: Content of the DA14580DEVKT –Basic Kit

DA14580DEVKT –BASIC
Battery CR2032
Mini USB Cable

3.2 Web content

3.2.1 Software Development Kit content

3.2.1.1 Tools

Web-link: www.dialog-semiconductor.com/support

SmartSnippets (a framework of PC based tools to control DA14580 development kit), consisting of

- OTP Programmer: Tool for OTP memory programming
- UART booter: Tool for downloading hex files to DA14580 SRAM over UART
- SPI & I2C memory programmer: Tool for SPI flash and I2C EEPROM programming

Connection Manager (a PC based software tool to control the link layer of the DA14580), with the following capabilities:

- Functional in Peripheral and Central role
- Set advertising parameters
- Set connection parameters
- Reading from Attribute database
- Perform production test commands

3.2.1.2 SDK documents

- UM-B-003, DA14580 Software development guide
- UM-B-004, DA14580 Peripheral drivers
- UM-B-005, DA14580 Peripheral examples
- UM-B-006, DA14580 Sleep mode configuration
- UM-B-007, DA14580 Software Patching over the Air (SPOTA)
- UM-B-008, DA14580 Production test tool
- UM-B-010, DA14580 Proximity application
- UM-B-011, DA14580 Memory map – scatter file
- UM-B-012, DA14580 Secondary bootloader
- UM-B-013, DA14580 External Processor Interface over SPI
- UM-B-014, DA14580 Development Kit
- UM-B-015, DA14580 Software architecture

3.2.1.3 SDK source code examples (created with Keil IDE)

Web-link:

- **dk_apps.** This folder holds all the necessary folders needed for DA14580 application development.
 - **dk_apps\keil_projects\proximity**
The folder contains the following subfolders and in each one of them resides the respective project file:

Table 2: SDK Examples

Folder	Project File	Description
monitor_fe	fe_proxm_sdk.uvproj	Proximity Monitor (External processor)
reporter_fe	fe_proxr.uvproj	Proximity Reporter (External processor)
reporter_fh	fh_proxr_sdk.uvproj	Proximity Reporter (Integrated processor)

- **dk_apps\keil_projects\prod_test:** This folder include the source code of the production test firmware. Refer to UM-B-008_DA14580_Production_test_tool.pdf for more information how to build and use it.
- **host_apps:** This folder holds the DA14580 PC applications:
 - **host_apps\windows\proximity:** This folder includes two Windows C applications, with each one acting as part of a proximity monitor and a proximity reporter application. They are placed in subfolders *monitor* and *reporter* respectively. For details, please read the *DA14580 Proximity Application Guide*.
 - **host_binaries\windows\proximity:** This folder includes two pre-compiled Windows executables which correspond to the C applications described right above and are included for user convenience.
 - **peripheral_examples:** This folder includes sample code of how to use the peripheral blocks of the DA14580 (e.g. UART, SPI, I2C etc.) bundled to a demo-kit. For details, please refer to [9].
- **Tools**
 - **tools\prod_test\prod_test_cmds:** This folder includes the source code of the production test tool. Refer to UM-B-008_DA14580_Production_test_tool.pdf for more information how to build and use it.

Remark: in release **DA14580_SDK_3.0.2.1** the 'define' below has to be set, in order to configure the UART GPIOs for the Basic DK.

File : da14580_config.h

```
/*
 * HW configuration
 */
#define HW_CONFIG_BASIC_DK // Basic DK (DA14580DEVKT-B)
```

3.3 DA14580DEVK –Basic Kit

3.3.1 PCB design and functionalities

The top-screen layer of the Basic Kit PCB is shown in [Figure 2](#).

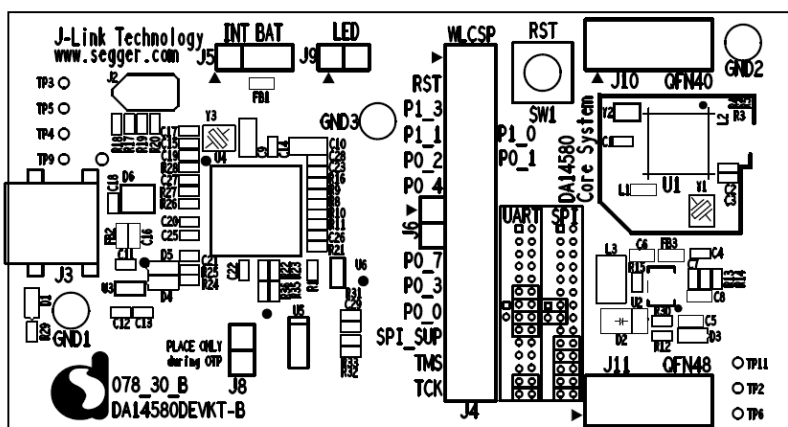


Figure 2: DA14580 Development Kit -Basic

In [Figure 3](#), the different components and functionalities are shown.

A larger picture is displayed in [Appendix A](#)

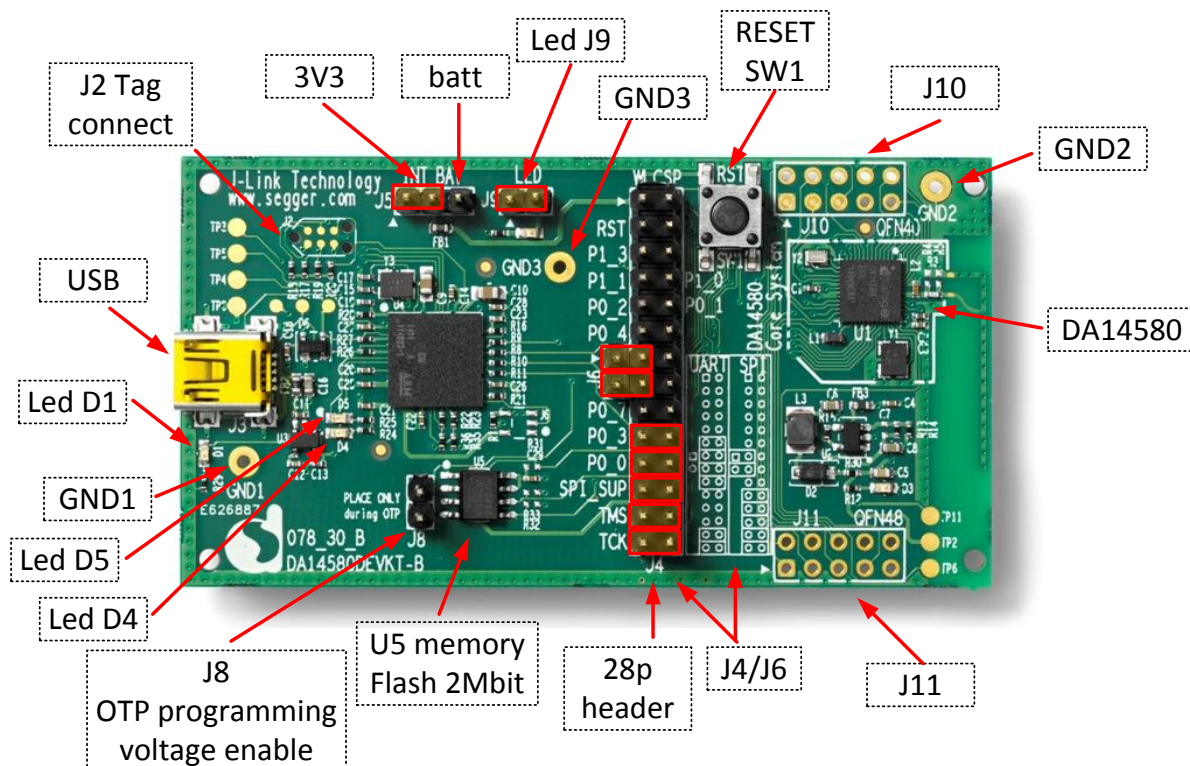
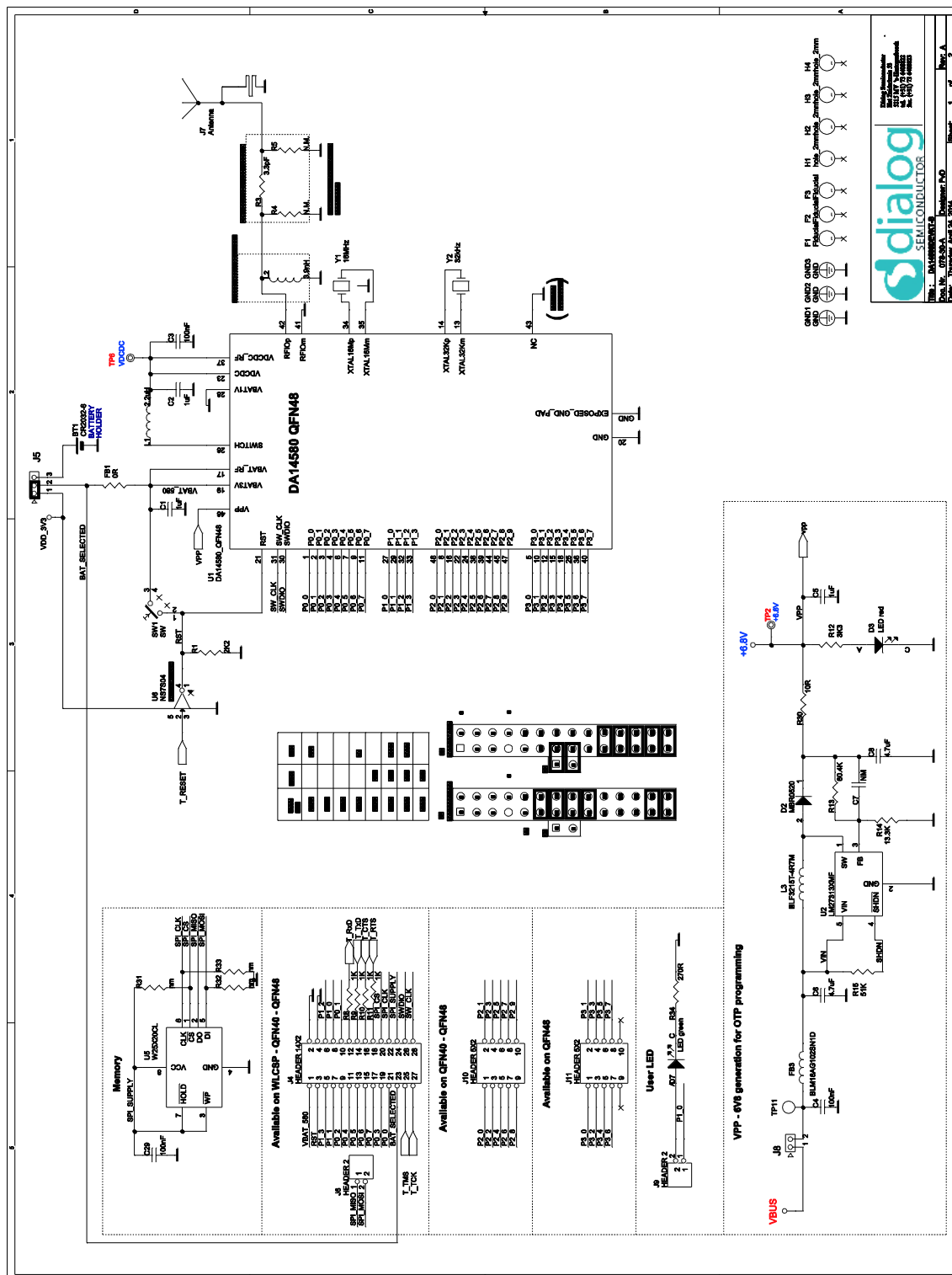
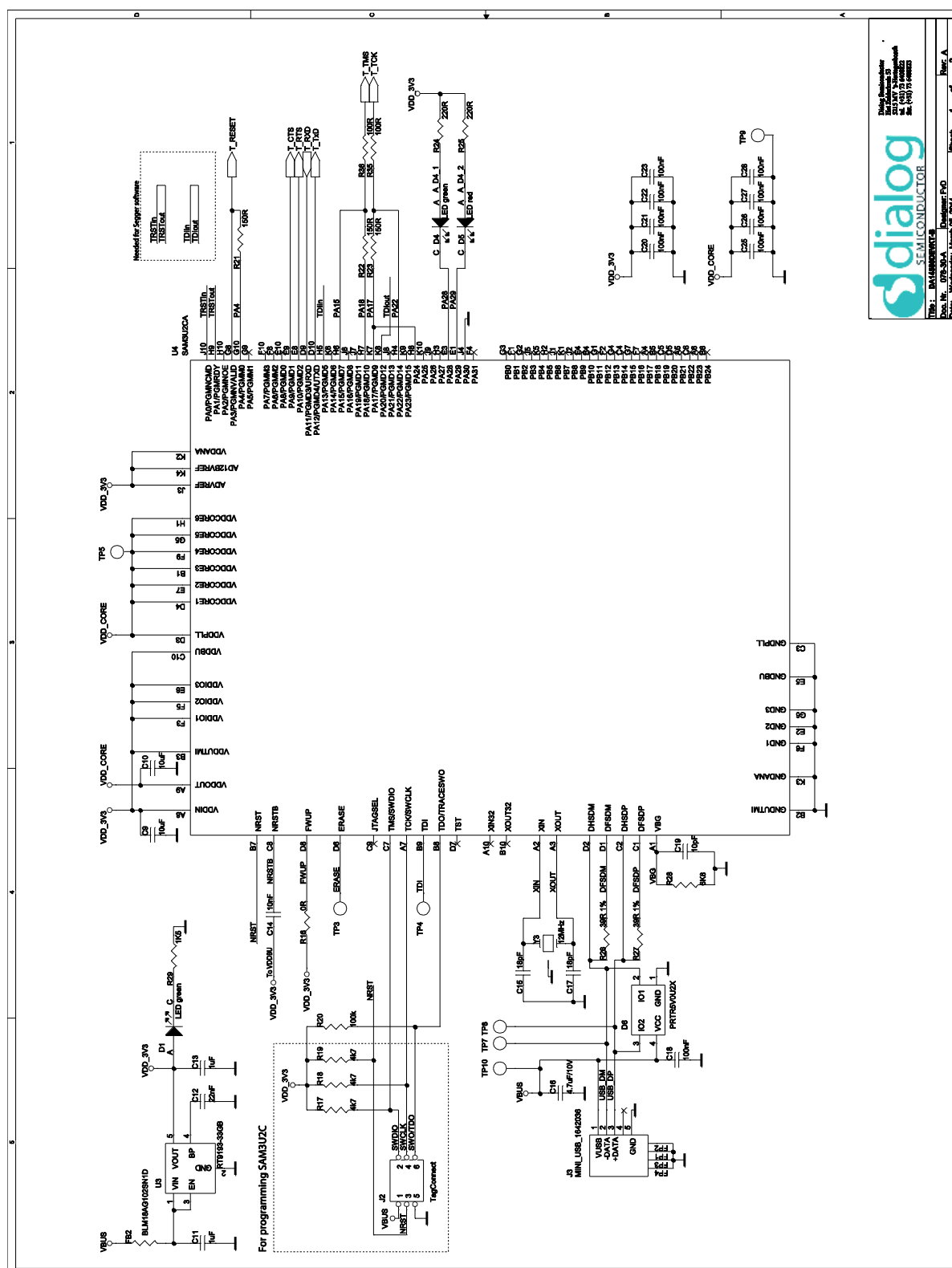


Figure 3: Topview of PCB with components and functionalities

3.3.2 Electrical Schematics

The schematics for the PCB are depicted in the following figures: [Figure 4](#) and [Figure 5](#).





3.3.3 Configuring the basic kit-board by jumpersettings

Different functionalities are shown in [Appendix A](#)

The jumper settings are displayed below.

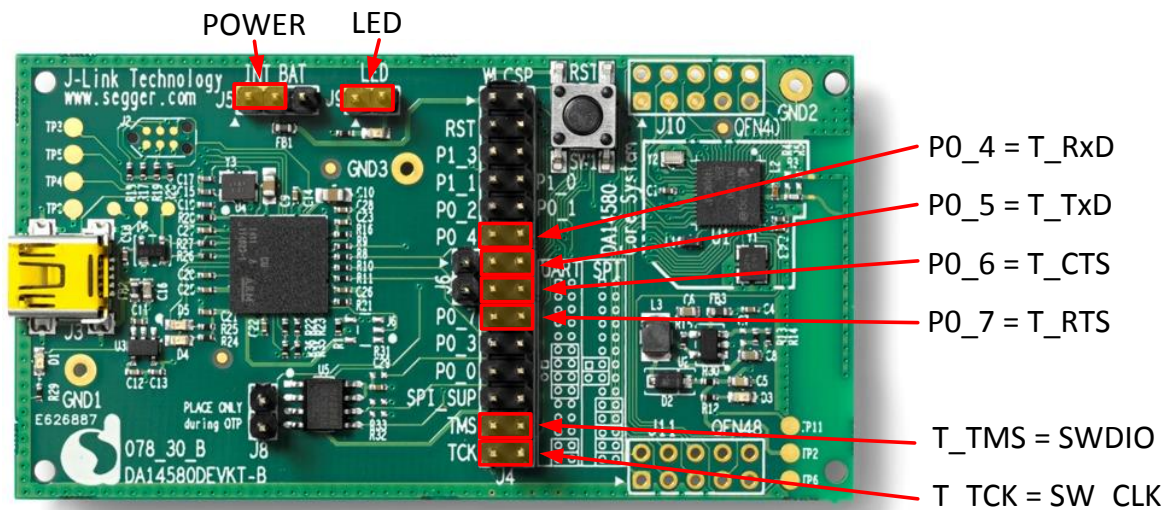


Figure 6: (Fabrication default) UART boot settings (T_TxD = P0_5 and T_RxD = P0_4)

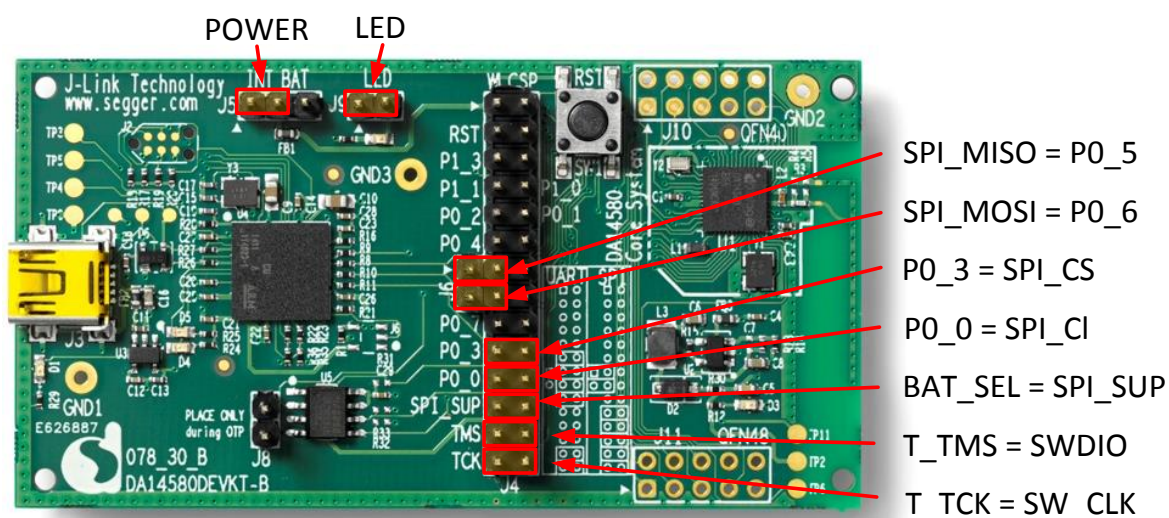


Figure 7: Boot from external SPI memory

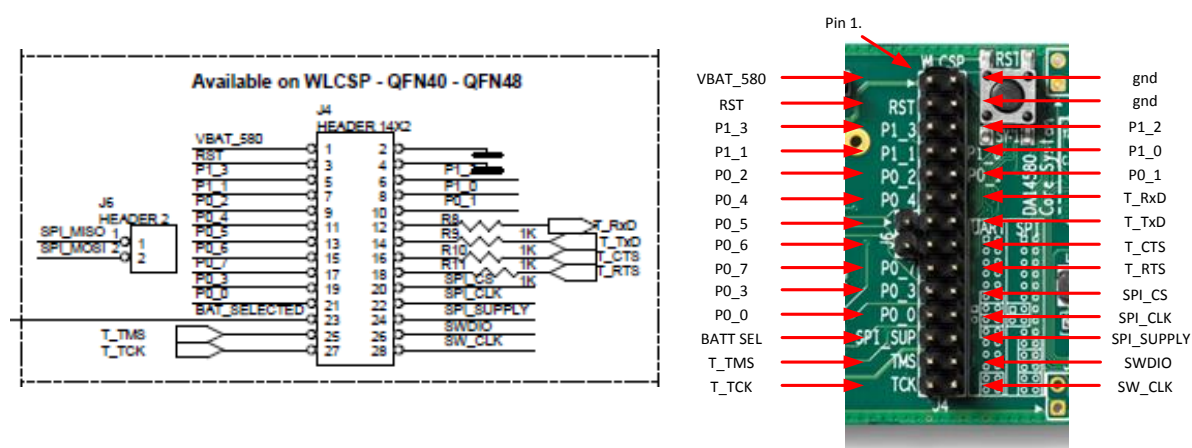


Figure 8: Layout of headers J4 and J6

Example: when jumper J4 (27-28) is placed, connection T_CLK = SW_CLK is made.

In Figure 6 and Figure 7 the connections are added next to the arrows.

The board is equipped with a QFN48 package.

On this board only the Buck mode is used. A choice can be made between 3V3 (via USB)(J5 1-2) or Vdd (via a coin cell)(J5 2-3). The battery (coin cell) is placed on the back of the PCB. No battery is needed when running via the USB-mini-cable.

3.3.4 Schematics and layout

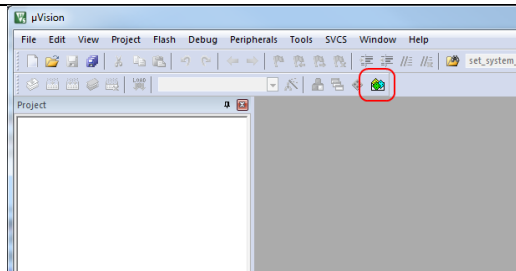
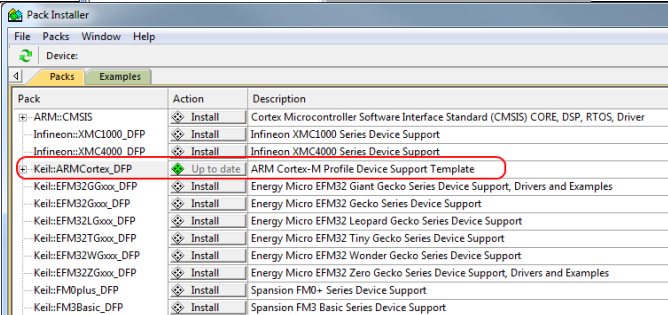
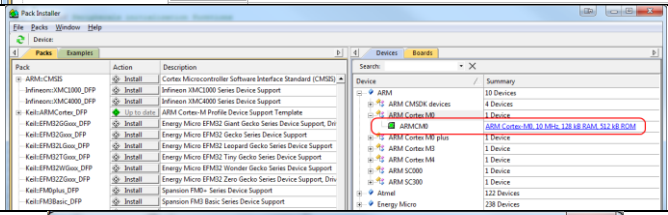
For the schematics and layout of the board please refer to the respective documents on the portal.

See link: www.dialog-semiconductor.com/support.

4 Installation of tools and drivers

To install the Software development environment, please follow the steps as shown in Table 3.

Table 3: Installation tools and drivers

4.1 Keil		
4.1.1	Download and install Keil MDK-ARM uVision IDE. Both uVision ver. 4.0 and ver. 5.0 are supported.	<p>Keil:</p> <p>https://www.keil.com/download/product/</p> <p>Keil MDK-ARM Version 5 – Installation:</p> <p>http://www2.keil.com/mdk5/install</p> <p>Starters Guide:</p> <p>http://www.keil.com/uvision/ide_ov_starting.asp</p>
4.1.2	For uVision Version 5 you have to install the ARM Cortex M profile package (see also http://www.keil.com/dd2/Pack/)	
4.1.3	You should see a list of packs as shown on the right. If you do not see this list, please click the "Packs" menu item and select the "Check for Updates" option to download an updated list. Click on the "Install" button to the right of "Keil::ARMcortex_DFP" package.	
4.1.4	If the installation is successful, the pack installer window should look like this.	
4.1.5	This screen may occur. Select 'yes'. Select 'MO'.	

4.2 SEGGER Jlink driver

4.2.1

Download and install the Jlink software & documentation pack for Windows.

Please note that your SEGGER Jlink serial number is required for downloading.

Use sticker-number on backside of board.




J-Link software & documentation pack for Windows

Installing the software will automatically install the J-Link USB drivers. It also software can be installed on the same PC without problems; they will co-exist.

The package contains:

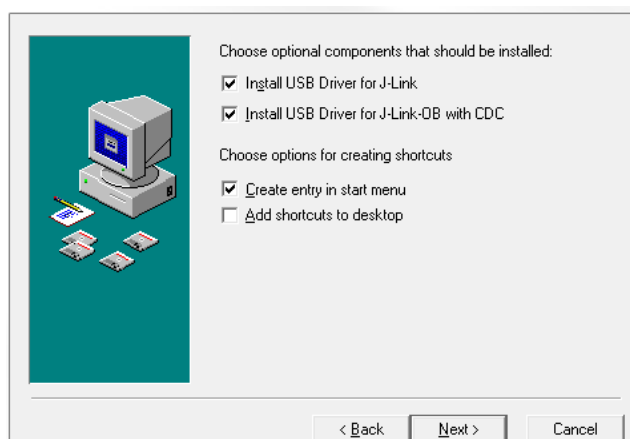
- **GDB Server** - Support for GDB and other debuggers using the standard J-Link
- **J-Link Configurator** - Free utility to manage a various number of J-Link
- **J-Link Commander** - Simple command line utility, primarily for diagnosing
- **J-Link Remote Server** - Free utility which provides the possibility to
- **SWO Viewer** - Free tool which shows terminal output of the target
- **J-Mem** - Memory viewer.
- **J-Link DLL Updater** - Allows to update 3rd party applications which
- **Free flash programming utilities** - Simple command line utilities which
- **USB driver** (Includes driver for J-Links with CDC functionality).
- **Manuals:** [UM08001](#) (J-Link User Guide), [UM08003](#) (J-Flash User Guide) (Flasher ARM User Guide).
- **Release notes** for [J-Link DLL](#), [J-Flash](#), [J-Link RDI DLL](#).
- **J-Flash**, including sample projects for most popular eval boards.
- **J-Link RDI** - Support for ARM RDI standard. Makes J-Link compatible

 **Download** Software and documentation pack for Windows

<http://www.segger.com/jlink-software.html>

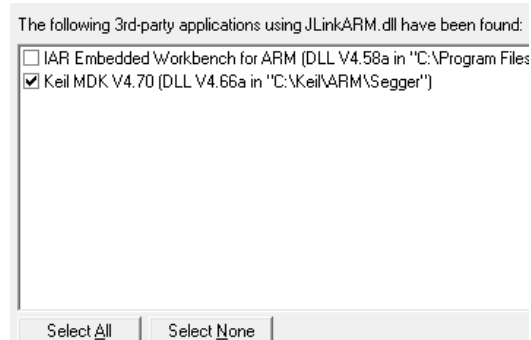
4.2.2

In order to have the USB controller properly recognized by Windows as a J-Link device, you have to install the driver with the settings shown in the side figure.



4.2.3

At the end of the installation, please tick the IDE (Keil MDK Vxx) that you are using.



4.3 Tera Term

4.3.1

Download and install Tera Term on your PC.

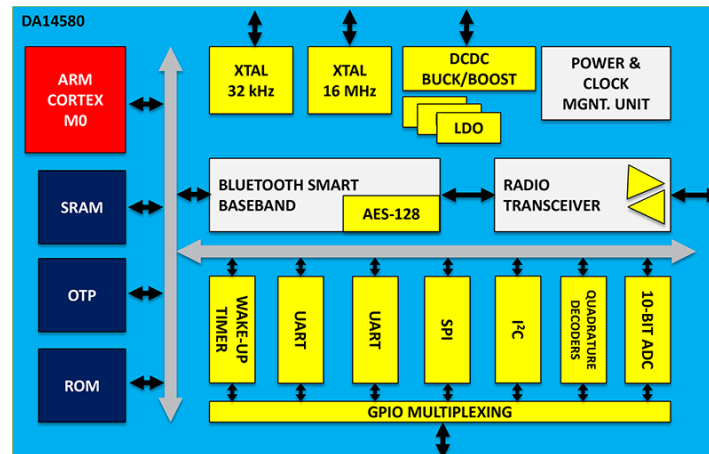
Tera Term:

<http://en.sourceforge.jp/projects/ttssh2/releases/>

5 Memory and tools

The DA14580DEVKT –Basic is equipped with, on the chip, SRAM (42k) and OTP (32k). Mounted on the board is external SPI flash memory (2Mbit).

Figure 9: Block diagram with different memory locations



Software can be downloaded to:

- SRAM
 - Keil IDE
 - SmartSnippets
 - Command Line Interface (CLI)
 - Connection Manager
- OTP
 - SmartSnippets
 - CLI
- SPI (flash)
 - SmartSnippets
 - CLI

Example: loading software (hex-file) by using SmartSnippets

- PC → UART → DA14580
- PC → UART → DA14580 → SPI (flash)
- PC → UART → DA14580 → OTP

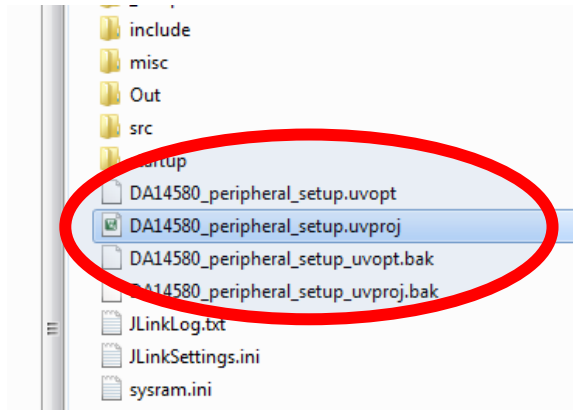
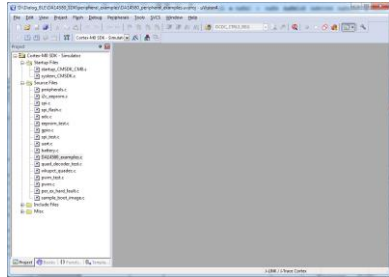
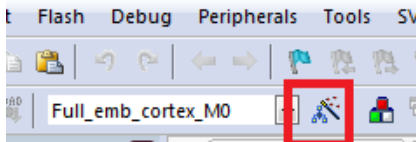
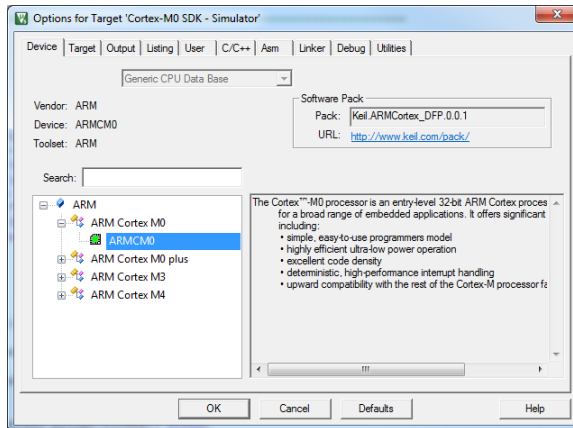
For the settings of the jumpers see [Figure 6](#).

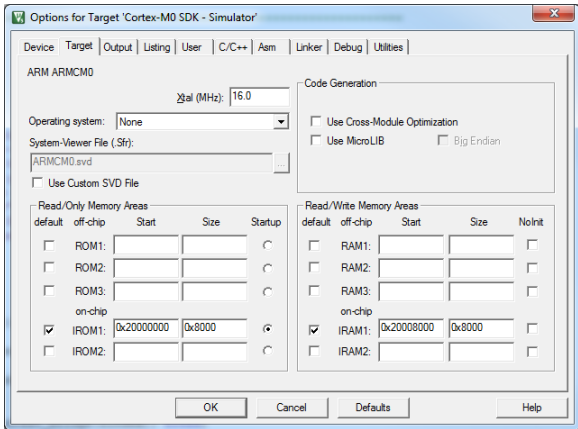
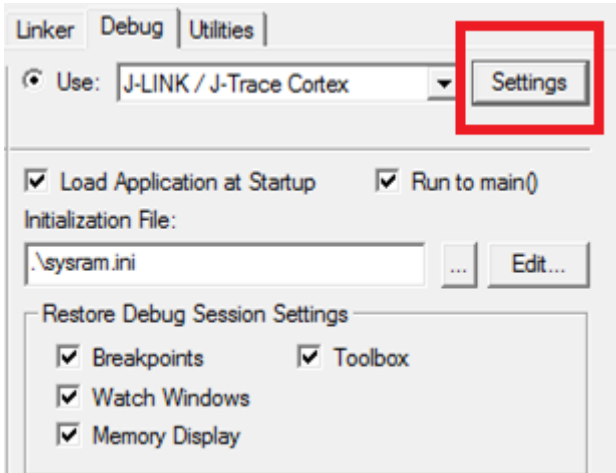
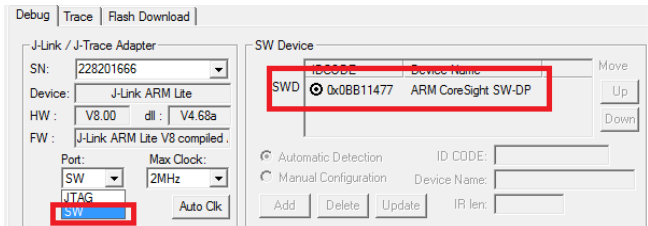
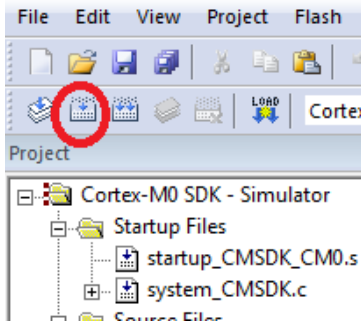
An example of the **CLI** is shown in [Appendix C](#)

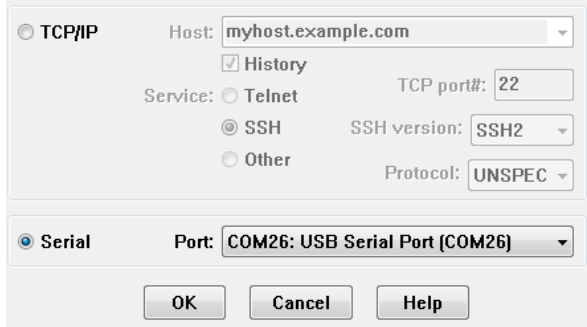
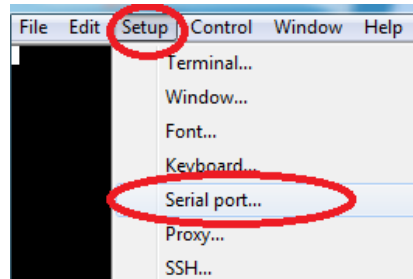
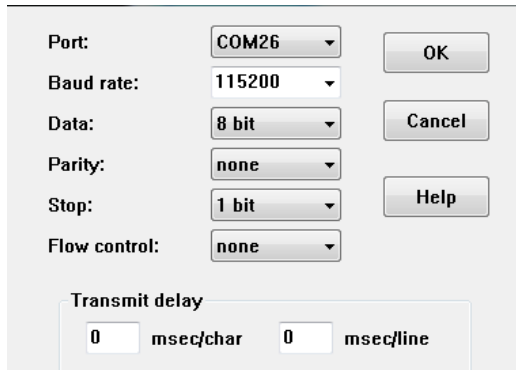
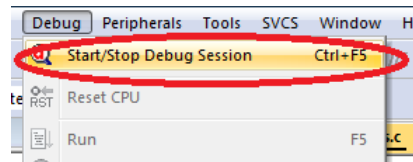
6 Using the demo kit

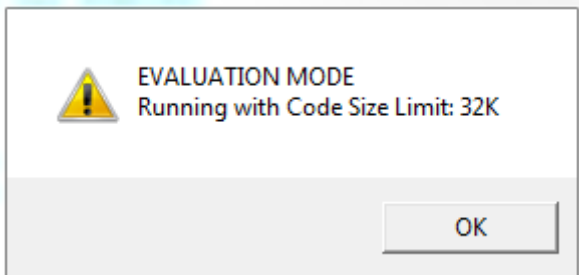
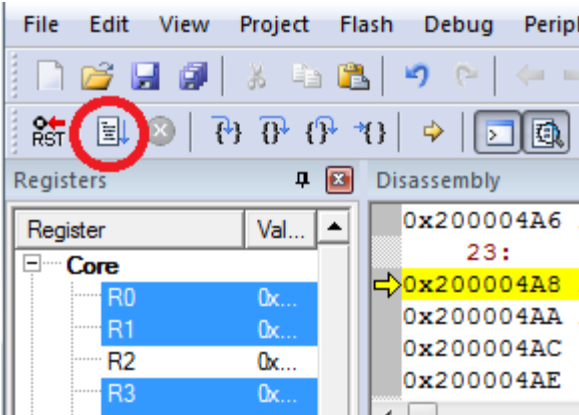
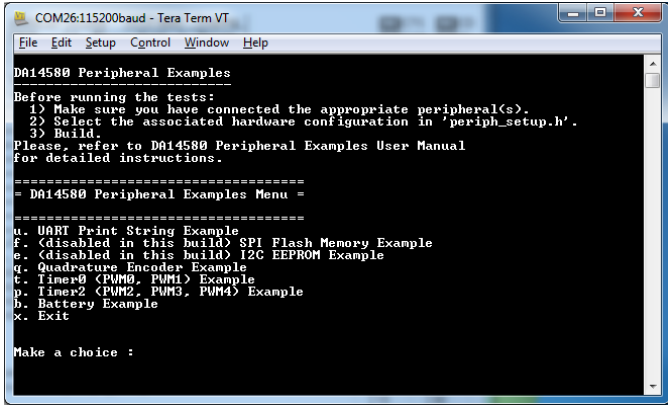
Follow these steps shown in Table 4 to easily create a working demo kit.

Table 4: Run an example on DA14580

6.1 Run an example on DA14580		
6.1.1	<p>After you download the SDK at www.dialog-semiconductor.com/support you can find a source code example in example directory called “<i>peripheral_examples\peripheral_setup</i>”.</p> <p>Double click “580_peripheral_setup.uvproj”, as shown in the image to the right.</p> <p>Mind remark 3.2.1.3!</p>	
6.1.2	<p>The development environment should look like this when the project is opened with Keil.</p>	
6.1.3	<p>Click on the ‘Options for Target’ button</p>	
6.1.4	<p>‘Options for Target’ → ‘Device’ -screen should look like this.</p>	

6.1.5	‘Options for Target’ → ‘Target’-screen looks like this. Mind the ‘Memory’ areas.	
6.1.6	Make sure “J-LINK/J-Trace Cortex” is selected as shown and the initialization file field is set correctly to “.sysram.ini”.	
6.1.7	Click on the “Setting” button above to make sure the SW Device has been detected correctly.	
6.1.8	Click “OK” to save the settings.	All settings have been saved properly now, and you can continue to build the example.
6.1.9	Build the project by pressing “F7” key, or click the build button as shown in following picture	

6.1.10	Make sure you have a UART connection between your PC and a mother board, as shown in 6.1.5. Check the "COM" number on you PC.	Go to the Windows Control Panel →Administrative Tools →Computer Management → Device Manager → Ports → USB Serial Port # (connect or disconnect to see the COM port of that module)
6.1.11	Open the Tera Term serial terminal on you PC.	
6.1.12	Open Tera Term and choose a COM port, which you have found in step 3, and click OK	
6.1.13	Choose Setup->Serial port to configure the Baud rate etc.	
6.1.14	Set "Baud rate" to 115200, "Data" to 8 bit, "Parity" to None, "Stop" to 1 bit and "Flow control" to none. Click OK. Now we have a properly configured UART terminal on our PC.	
6.1.15	Go back to Keil Project. In the menu bar, select Debug->Start/Stop Debug Session.	

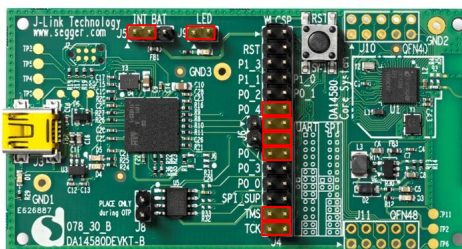
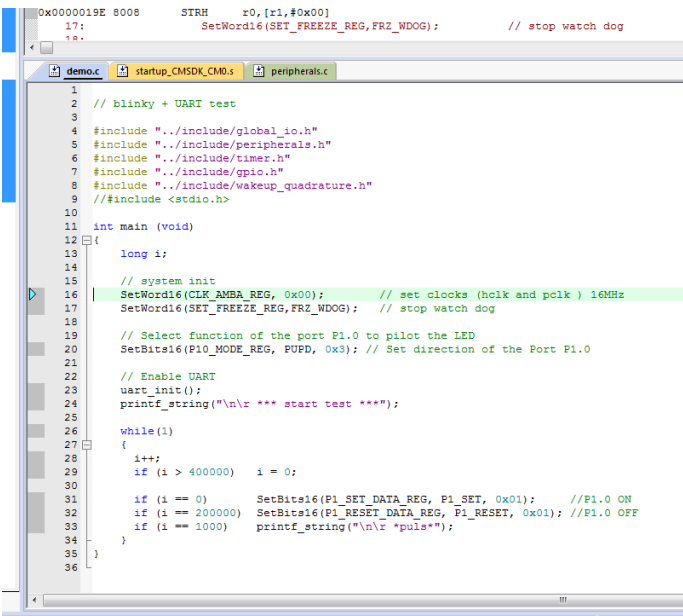
6.1.16	A dialog window pops up, like the one on the right. Please click "OK".	 <p>EVALUATION MODE Running with Code Size Limit: 32K</p> <p>OK</p>
6.1.17	Press F5 key or click execution button as shown in following picture, to start code execution.	 <p>The image shows the IDE interface with the 'Execution' button (a play icon) circled in red. The 'Registers' window is open, showing the 'Core' register list with R0, R1, R2, and R3. The 'Disassembly' window shows memory addresses from 0x200004A6 to 0x200004AE, with 0x200004A8 highlighted.</p>
6.1.18	<p>Then you can see a <i>hello</i> message on your UART terminal screen. That means you have successfully programmed and started the peripheral program on DA14580 Demo board.</p> <p>The <i>peripheral_setup</i> demo consists of a small suite of tests that encompasses some of the most commonly used peripherals such as I2C EEPROM, SPI Flash, Rotary Encoder, audio buzzer etc. For more detailed info and technical details please refer to the <i>UM-B-005: DA14580 Peripheral Examples</i> as well as the source code of the <i>peripheral_setup</i> demo.</p> <p>Remark: this software is originally written for the 'SmartBond™ DA14580 -- Development Kit – Expert'.</p> <p>See: http://support.dialog-semiconductor.com/resources</p>	 <p>The image shows a Tera Term VT window titled 'COM26:115200baud - Tera Term VT'. It displays the 'DA14580 Peripheral Examples' menu with instructions for running tests and a list of options: u. UART Print String Example, f. <disabled in this build> SPI Flash Memory Example, e. <disabled in this build> I2C EEPROM Example, q. Quadrature Encoder Example, t. Timer0 (PWM0, PWM1) Example, p. Timer2 (PWM2, PWM3, PWM4) Example, b. Battery Example, and x. Exit. It prompts 'Make a choice : '.</p>

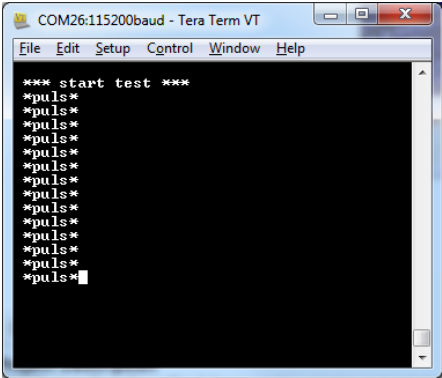
6.2 Run 'Blinky' and using the UART.

Way of working: the Keil IDE is used to load software into the DA14580. As shown in 6.1 software is downloaded to SRAM through SWD (Serial Wire Debug). After downloading the software, it can be debugged via the same IDE.

For software: see added 'Blinky_UART_code' zip-file.

Table 5: Way of Working (WoW) loading 'Blinky'-code

Preparations		
This chapter shows the user how to quickly set up the software development environment of the BLE (Bluetooth Low Energy) demo		
6.2.1	<p>Attach mini USB cable to PC and demo board.</p> <p>Functionality of this cable:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> power programming debugging UART 	
6.2.2	Add 8 jumpers, as shown in Figure 6.	Jumpers: J5 (1-2), J9, J4 TMS (25-26), J4 TCK (27-28), J4 (11-12), J4 (13-14), J4 (15-16) and J4 (17-18).
6.2.3	<p>Start Keil IDE software and load 'Blinky' example code. Via this Blinky-code the LED on the board starts blinking. Also added in this code, is the UART sending a text string.</p>	 <pre> 0x0000019E 8008 STRH r0,[r1,#0x00] 17: SetWord16(SET_FREEZE_REG,FR2_WDOG); // stop watch dog 18: 19: 20: 21: 22: 23: 24: 25: 26: 27: 28: 29: 30: 31: 32: 33: 34: 35: 36: demo.c startup_CMSDK_CH05 peripherals.c 1 // blinky + UART test 2 3 #include "../include/global_io.h" 4 #include "../include/peripherals.h" 5 #include "../include/timer.h" 6 #include "../include/gpio.h" 7 #include "../include/wakeup_quadrature.h" 8 #include <stdio.h> 9 10 11 int main (void) 12 { 13 long i; 14 15 // system init 16 SetWord16(CLK_AMBA_REG, 0x00); // set clocks (hclk and pclk) 16MHz 17 SetWord16(SET_FREEZE_REG,FR2_WDOG); // stop Watch dog 18 19 // Select function of the port P1.0 to pilot the LED 20 SetBits16(P10_MODE_REG, PUPD, 0x3); // Set direction of the Port P1.0 21 22 // Enable UART 23 uart_init(); 24 printf_string("\n\r *** start test ***"); 25 26 while(1) 27 { 28 i++; 29 if (i > 400000) i = 0; 30 31 if (i == 0) SetBits16(P1_SET_DATA_REG, P1_SET, 0x01); //P1.0 ON 32 if (i == 200000) SetBits16(P1_RESET_DATA_REG, P1_RESET, 0x01); //P1.0 OFF 33 if (i == 1000) printf_string("\n\r *pulse*"); 34 } 35 } 36 </pre>

6.2.4	<p>In function 'uart_init(void)' default P0_4 Tx and P0.5 Rx are used as IO-ports. See lines 71 and 72.</p>	<pre> 54 L 55 /* 56 * U A R T 57 * */ 58 59 void uart_init(void) { 60 SetBits16(CLK_PER_REG, UART1_ENABLE, 1); // enable clock for UART 1 61 62 SetWord16(UART_LCR_REG, 0x80); // set bit to access DLH and DLL register 63 // divisor = 1000000 / 115200 = 9 64 SetWord16(UART_IER_DLH_REG, (9 << 8)); // set high byte 65 SetWord16(UART_RBR_THR_DLL_REG, 9 << 8); // set low byte 66 SetWord16(UART_LCR_REG, 3); // no parity, 1 stop bit, 8 data length and clear bit 8 67 SetBits16(UART_MCR_REG, UART_STRE, 0); // mode 0 for normal, 1 for IRDA 68 SetWord16(UART_IIR_FCR_REG, 1); // enable fifo 69 SetBits16(UART_IER_DLH_REG, ERBFI_dlh0, 0); // IER access, disable interrupt for available data 70 71 SetWord16(P04_MODE_REG, FUNC_UART1_TX); // set P0_4 to uart1 TX function 72 SetWord16(P05_MODE_REG, FUNC_UART1_RX); // set P0_5 to uart1 RX function 73 // SetWord16(P00_MODE_REG, FUNC_UART1_TX); // set P0_0 to uart1 TX function 74 // SetWord16(P01_MODE_REG, FUNC_UART1_RX); // set P0_1 to uart1 RX function 75 } 76 </pre>
6.2.5	<p>Compile and Debug the software. The blinking led D7 is visible and the TeraTerm screen is showing 'popping up' lines. Choose the right com-port via the Device Manager of your PC.</p>	 <p>COM26:115200baud - Tera Term VT</p> <p>File Edit Setup Control Window Help</p> <pre> *** start test *** *puls* *puls* *puls* *puls* *puls* *puls* *puls* *puls* *puls* *puls* *puls* *puls* </pre>

7 Power Management: measuring current

The design of this DA14580DEVKT –Basic is made in such a way that the microcontroller can be isolated completely from the rest of the board.

This is illustrated in the block diagram shown in Figure 10. Shown are the connections of the jumpers J4, J5 and J6. For extra info see the electrical schematic on Figure 4.

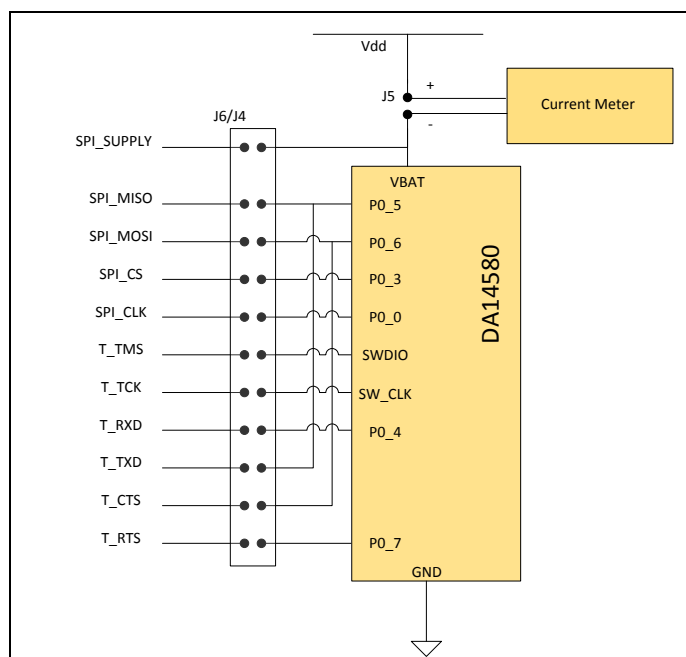


Figure 10: Setup of DA14580DEVKT –BASIC during power measurement

Steps how to do the power measurements:

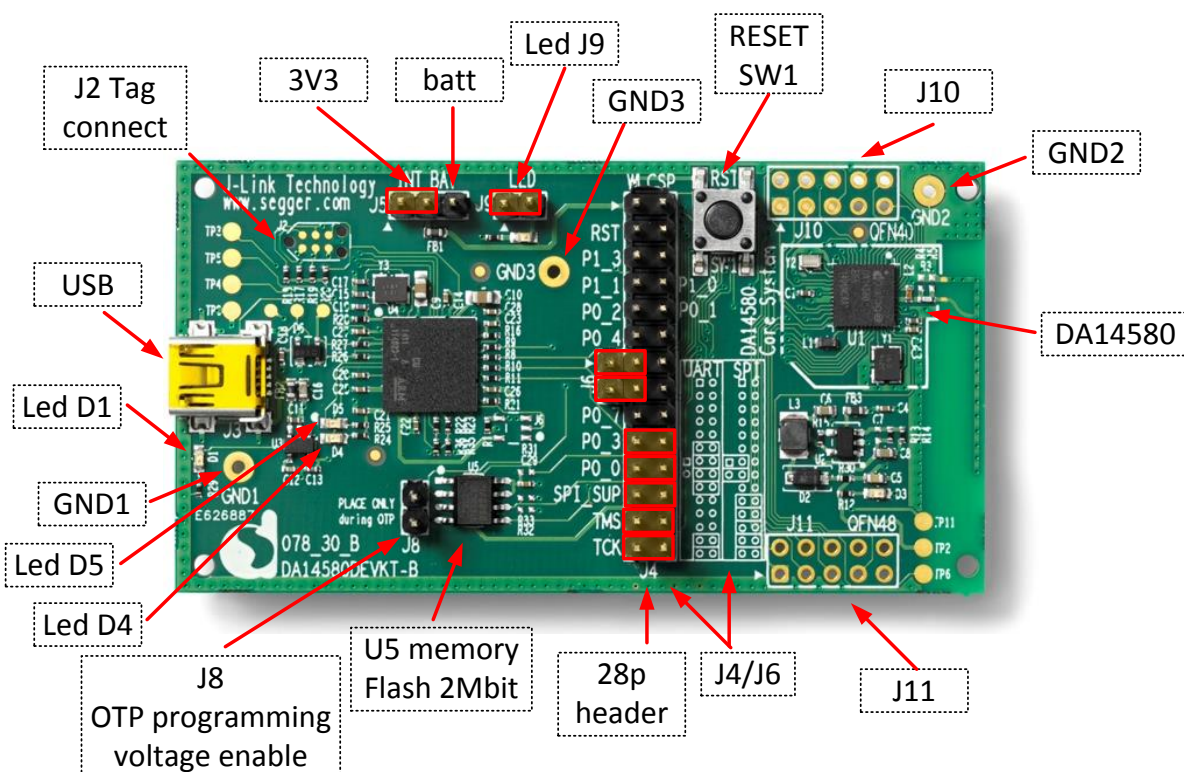
1. Connect the Current Meter to jumper J5.
2. Mount the jumpers needed for downloading the software (see chapter 3.3.3 and chapter 5).
3. Download the software.
4. Start the software.
5. Wait till software has reached 'Deep Sleep'.
6. Dismount **all** the jumpers.
Now almost all the DA14580 pins are isolated and only the current meter and GND are connected.
7. Read the current.

For additional info see: AN B – 015 DA14580 Supply current measurement. [12]

See chapter 4.4 Deep Sleep current measurement.

Web-link: http://support.dialog-semiconductor.com/system/files/AN-B-015_DA14580_Current_Measurement.pdf

Appendix A Layout



Appendix B Connections of J10 and J11

QFN48
QFN40

J10

p21	p23	p25	p27	p29
○	○	○	○	○
○	○	○	○	○
p20	p22	p24	p26	p28

QFN48

J11

p31	p33	p35	p37
○	○	○	○
○	○	○	○
p30	p32	p34	p36



Appendix C Using the SmartSnippets CLI

All the information/syntaxes about the CLI can be found from the **HELP** tab in the SmartSnippets GUI or by written **SmartSnippets –help** in the CLI.

In this example, it is supposed that the SPI memory is using P0_0 as SCK, P0_3 as CS, P0_5 as MISO and P0_6 as MOSI.

First of all, the CLI can send the commands either via UART or JTAG according to the binary file which has to be loaded.

On the one hand, if the commands are going to be sent via UART, the following binary file which can be found from the resources folder of SmartSnippets has to be downloaded into the DA14580:

- *flash_programmer.bin*

On the other hand, if the commands are going to be sent via JTAG, the following binary file which can be found from the resources folder of SmartSnippets has to be downloaded into the DA14580:

- *jtag_programmer.bin*

Secondly, open the CLI by pushing the Shift button and right click on the '**bin**' folder of the SmartSnippet and select '**Open command window here**' as follow:

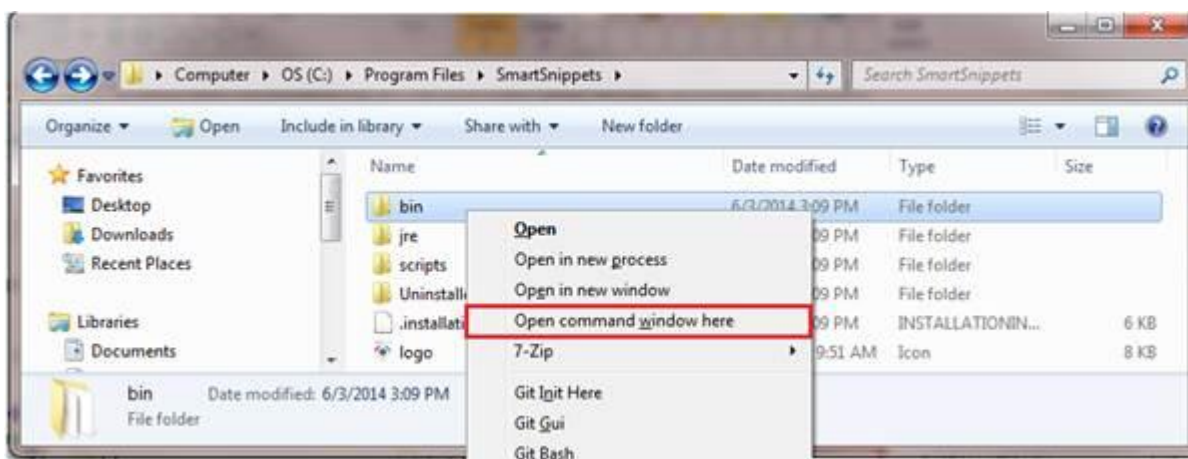


Figure 11: Open the CLI of SmartSnippets

Finally, in order to write a value 0x1347 (example of a bluetooth device address) at the address 0x93 for instance, the following command line can be written:

```
SmartSnippets.exe -type spi -chip DA14580-01 -jtag 228202458 -cmd write_field -offset 0x93 -data 1347 -firmware "D:\SmartSnippets\resources\jtag_programmer.bin"
```

The answers should be as follow:

```
Found SWD-DP with ID 0x0BB11477
FPUnit: 4 code <BP> slots and 0 literal slots
Found Cortex-M0 r0p0, Little endian.
BTL device DA14580 selected.
Using default GPIO pin Id: P1_2.
File c:\users\glagnieu\smartsnippets\ressources\jtag_programmer.bin could not been found.
Using default baudrate: 57600 Bd.
Burned 2 bytes to address 0x00093.
```


8 Web-Links

- Support Dialog Semiconductors e.g. datasheets and software:
<http://support.dialog-semiconductor.com/resources#tools>
- SmartBond DA14580:
<http://www.dialog-semiconductor.com/products/bluetooth-smart/smartbond-da14580>
- datasheet DA14580:
<http://support.dialog-semiconductor.com>
- SmartBond Reference Designs
<http://www.dialog-semiconductor.com/products/bluetooth-smart/smartbond-reference-designs>

9 Revision history

Revision	Date	Description
1.0	10-Jun-2014	Initial version for DA14580-01.

Status definitions

Status	Definition
DRAFT	The content of this document is under review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions.
APPROVED or unmarked	The content of this document has been approved for publication.

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