EXP1: SCIKIT LEARN

```
import matplotlib
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import sklearn.linear model
def prepare country stats(oecd bli,gdp per capita):
  oecd bli=oecd bli[oecd bli["INEQUALITY"]=="TOT"]
  oecd_bli=oecd_bli.pivot(index="Country",columns="Indicator",values="Value")
  gdp_per_capita.rename(columns={"2015":"GDP per capita"},inplace=True)
  gdp_per_capita.set_index("Country",inplace=True)
full_country_stats=pd.merge(left=oecd_bli,right=gdp_per_capita,left_index=True,right_index=Tr
ue)
  full country stats.sort values(by="GDP per capita",inplace=True)
  remove_indices=[0,1,6,8,33,34,35]
  keep_indices=list(set(range(36))-set(remove_indices))
  return full_country_stats[["GDP per capita",'Life satisfaction']].iloc[keep_indices]
oecd bli=pd.read csv("C:/Users/CC-220/Desktop/datasets/oecd bli 2015.csv",thousands=",")
gdp_per_capita=pd.read_csv("C:/Users/CC-220/Desktop/datasets/gdp_per_capita.csv",thousan
ds=",",delimiter='\t',encoding='latin1',na_values="n/a")
country stats=prepare country stats(oecd bli,gdp per capita)
x=np.c_[country_stats["GDP per capita"]]
y=np.c_[country_stats["Life satisfaction"]]
country_stats.plot(kind='scatter',x="GDP per capita",y="Life satisfaction")
plt.show()
linear_reg_model=sklearn.linear_model.LinearRegression()
linear_reg_model.fit(x,y)
x new=[[22587]]
print(linear reg model.predict(x new))
OUTPUT:-----
<IMG>
[[5.96242338]]
```

EXP2:K-NEAREST NEIGHBOR

import matplotlib import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import numpy as np import pandas as pd

```
import sklearn.neighbors
def prepare_country_stats(oecd_bli,gdp_per_capita):
  oecd_bli=oecd_bli[oecd_bli["INEQUALITY"]=="TOT"]
  oecd bli=oecd bli.pivot(index="Country",columns="Indicator",values="Value")
  gdp_per_capita.rename(columns={"2015":"GDP per capita"},inplace=True)
  gdp_per_capita.set_index("Country",inplace=True)
full country stats=pd.merge(left=oecd bli,right=qdp per capita,left index=True,right index=Tr
ue)
  full_country_stats.sort_values(by="GDP per capita",inplace=True)
  remove indices=[0,1,6,8,33,34,35]
  keep indices=list(set(range(36))-set(remove indices))
  return full_country_stats[["GDP per capita",'Life satisfaction']].iloc[keep_indices]
oecd_bli=pd.read_csv("C:/Users/CC-220/Desktop/datasets/oecd_bli_2015.csv",thousands=",")
gdp_per_capita=pd.read_csv("C:/Users/CC-220/Desktop/datasets/gdp_per_capita.csv",thousan
ds=",",delimiter='\t',encoding='latin1',na values="n/a")
country_stats=prepare_country_stats(oecd_bli,gdp_per_capita)
x=np.c_[country_stats["GDP per capita"]]
y=np.c_[country_stats["Life satisfaction"]]
country stats.plot(kind='scatter',x="GDP per capita",y="Life satisfaction")
plt.show()
knn=sklearn.neighbors.KNeighborsRegressor(n_neighbors=3)
knn.fit(x,y)
x new=[[22587]]
print(knn.predict(x_new))
OUTPUT:----
<IMG>
[[5.76666667]]
EXP3:DIGIT IMAGE CLASSIFIER
from sklearn.datasets import fetch openml
mnist=fetch_openml('mnist_784',version=1,cache=True)
x,y=mnist["data"],mnist["target"]
print(x.shape)
#% matplotlib inline
import matplotlib
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
some digit=x[26000]
some digit image=some digit.reshape(28,28)
plt.imshow(some_digit_image,cmap=matplotlib.cm.binary,interpolation="nearest")
```

```
plt.axis("off")
plt.show()
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=x[:60000],x[60000:],y[:60000],y[60000:]
print(y_train)
import numpy as np
y_train=y_train.astype(np.int8)
print(y_train)
y_train_4=(y_train==4)
print(y_train_4)
y_test_4=(y_test==4)
from sklearn.linear_model import SGDClassifier
sgd_clf=SGDClassifier(random_state=42)
sgd_clf.fit(x_train,y_train_4)
sgd_clf.predict([some_digit])
OUTPUT:----
(70000, 784)
<IMG>
['5' '0' '4' ... '5' '6' '8']
[5 0 4 ... 5 6 8]
[False False True ... False False False]
array([ True])
EXP4:LINEAR REGRESSION
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from sklearn import datasets,linear_model
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error,r2_score
diabetes=datasets.load diabetes()
diabetes_x=diabetes.data[:,np.newaxis,2]
diabetes_x_train=diabetes_x[:-20]
diabetes x test=diabetes x[-20:]
diabetes_y_train=diabetes.target[:-20]
diabetes_y_test=diabetes.target[-20:]
regr=linear_model.LinearRegression()
regr.fit(diabetes_x_train,diabetes_y_train)
diabetes_y_pred=regr.predict(diabetes_x_test)
print('Coefficients:\n',regr.coef_)
print('Intercept:\n',regr.intercept_)
print("Mean Squared Error:%.2f"%mean_squared_error(diabetes_y_test,diabetes_y_pred))
print("Variance score:%.2f"%r2_score(diabetes_y_test,diabetes_y_pred))
```

```
plt.scatter(diabetes_x_test,diabetes_y_test,color='black')
plt.plot(diabetes_x_test,diabetes_y_pred,color='blue',linewidth=3)
plt.show()
OUTPUT:----
Coefficients:
[938.23786125]
Intercept:
152.91886182616167
Mean Squared Error:2548.07
Variance score:0.47
<IMG>
EXP5:K-MEANS CLUSTER
from pandas import DataFrame
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
Data={'x':[25,34,22,27,33,33,31,22,35,34,67,54,57,43,50,57,59,52,65,47,49,48,35,33,44,45,38,4
3,51,46],
'y':[79,51,53,78,59,74,73,57,69,75,51,32,40,47,53,36,35,58,59,50,25,20,14,12,20,5,29,27,8,7]}
df=DataFrame(Data,columns=['x','y'])
kmeans=KMeans(n_clusters=3).fit(df)
centroids=kmeans.cluster_centers_
print(centroids)
plt.scatter(df['x'],df['y'],c=kmeans.labels_.astype(float))
plt.scatter(centroids[:,0],centroids[:,1],c='red')
OUTPUT:-----
[[55.1 46.1]
[43.2 16.7]
[29.6 66.8]]
<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1ed4290ea48>
?<IMG>
EXP6:SVM
```

import numpy as np from sklearn import datasets

```
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC
iris=datasets.load_iris()
x=iris["data"][:,(2,3)]
y=(iris["target"]==2).astype(np.float64)
svm_clf=Pipeline((
  ("scaler", StandardScaler()),
  ("linear_svc",LinearSVC(C=1,loss="hinge")),
  ))
svm_clf.fit(x,y)
svm_clf.predict([[5.5,1.7]])
OUTPUT:----
array([1.])
EXP7:DECISION TREE
from sklearn.datasets import load iris
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
iris=load_iris()
x=iris.data[:,2:]
y=iris.target
tree_clf= DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=2)
tree clf.fit(x,y)
from sklearn.tree import export graphviz
export_graphviz(
tree_clf,out_file="C:/Users/CC-220/Desktop/iris_tree.dot",feature_names=iris.feature_names[2:],
class_names=iris.target_names,rounded=True,
filled=True)
print(tree_clf.predict_proba([[5,1.5]]))
print(tree_clf.predict([[5,1.5]]))
OUTPUT:-----
[[0.
        0.90740741 0.09259259]]
[1]
                     IRIS_TREE_DOT::::::
digraph Tree {
node [shape=box, style="filled, rounded", color="black", fontname=helvetica];
```

```
edge [fontname=helvetica];
0 [label="petal length (cm) <= 2.45\ngini = 0.667\nsamples = 150\nvalue = [50, 50, 50]\nclass =
setosa", fillcolor="#ffffff"];
1 [label="gini = 0.0\nsamples = 50\nvalue = [50, 0, 0]\nclass = setosa", fillcolor="#e58139"];
0 -> 1 [labeldistance=2.5, labelangle=45, headlabel="True"];
2 [label="petal width (cm) <= 1.75\ngini = 0.5\nsamples = 100\nvalue = [0, 50, 50]\nclass =
versicolor", fillcolor="#ffffff"];
0 -> 2 [labeldistance=2.5, labelangle=-45, headlabel="False"];
3 [label="gini = 0.168\nsamples = 54\nvalue = [0, 49, 5]\nclass = versicolor", fillcolor="#4de88e"]
2 -> 3:
4 [label="gini = 0.043\nsamples = 46\nvalue = [0, 1, 45]\nclass = virginica", fillcolor="#843de6"];
2 -> 4;
}
              COPY PASTE IN WEBGRAPHVIZ.COM
OUTPUT:----
              petal length (cm) <= 2.45
              gini = 0.667
              samples = 150
              value = [50, 50, 50]
              class = setosa
       True
                             False
gini = 0.0
                                                    petal width (cm) <= 1.75
samples = 50
                                            gini=0.5
value = [50, 0, 0]
                                                    sample=100
class = setosa
                                            value=[0,50,50]
                                            class=versicolor
                             gini=0.168
                                                                          gini = 0.043
                             samples=54
                                                                  samples = 46
                             value=[0,49,5]
                                                                  value = [0, 1, 45]
                             class=versicolor
                                                                          class = virginica
```

EXP8:ENSEMBLING LEARNING

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.datasets import make_moons
x,y=make_moons(n_samples=500,noise=0.30,random_state=42)
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,random_state=42)
```

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import VotingClassifier
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.svm import SVC
log clf=LogisticRegression(solver="liblinear",random state=42)
rnd_clf=RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=10,random_state=42)
svm_clf=SVC(gamma="auto",random_state=42)
voting clf=VotingClassifier(estimators=[('lr',log clf),('rf',rnd clf),('svc',svm clf)],voting='hard')
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
for clf in(log_clf,rnd_clf,svm_clf,voting_clf):
  clf.fit(x train,y train)
  y pred=clf.predict(x test)
  print(clf.__class__._name__,accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred))
OUTPUT:-----
LogisticRegression 0.864
RandomForestClassifier 0.872
SVC 0.888
VotingClassifier 0.896
EXP9:RANDOM FORESTS
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.datasets import make_moons
import numpy as np
x,y=make_moons(n_samples=500,noise=0.30,random_state=42)
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,random_state=42)
from sklearn.ensemble import BaggingClassifier
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
bag_clf=BaggingClassifier(
    DecisionTreeClassifier(splitter="random",max_leaf_nodes=16,random_state=42),
    n estimators=500,max samples=100,bootstrap=True,n jobs=-1,random state=42)
bag_clf.fit(x_train,y_train)
y_pred=bag_clf.predict(x_test)
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
rnd clf=RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=500,max leaf nodes=16,n jobs=-1,random stat
e = 42)
rnd_clf.fit(x_train,y_train)
y_pred_rf=rnd_clf.predict(x_test)
np.sum(y_pred==y_pred_rf)/len(y_pred)
```

```
OUTPUT:----
0.976
EXP10:PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ANALYSIS
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.datasets import fetch openml
mnist=fetch_openml('mnist_784',version=1,cache=True)
x,y=mnist["data"],mnist["target"]
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y)
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
import numpy as np
pca=PCA()
pca.fit(x_train)
cumsum=np.cumsum(pca.explained_variance_ratio_)
d=np.argmax(cumsum>=0.95)+1
print(d)
print(np.sum(pca.explained variance ratio ))
pca=PCA(n_components=154)
x_reduced=pca.fit_transform(x_train)
x_recovered=pca.inverse_transform(x_reduced)
print(x_reduced)
print(x_recovered)
OUTPUT:----
154
1.0
-50.03492705 14.97357795]
[1469.41314734 -233.51890486 608.55056023 ... 58.90450709
  14.97604655 -30.25324641]
[-302.78376958 543.14969473 -414.74979418 ... -25.62959597
 -25.84069167 3.864527 ]
[-697.52419736 531.51598096 -155.40705833 ... -11.41043906
  -9.34867903 27.5779096]
[-436.26921333 -459.43820068 498.38198557 ... -6.88277724
```

52.00848603 46.07475921]

-----ADDITIONAL ------

```
class Animal:
  def speak(self):
    print("Animal Speaking")
class Dog(Animal):
  def bark(self):
    print("dog barking")
class DogChild(Dog):
  def eat(self):
    print("Eating")
d=DogChild()
d.bark()
d.speak()
d.eat()
OUTPUT:-----
dog barking
Animal Speaking
Eating
```

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

```
x=[1,2.0,2.25,3.0,4.0]
y=[8,8.5,9.5,10.5,11.5]
x1=[9,10.5,11.5,12.5,13.5]
y1=[9.5,10,11,12.5,14]
plt.scatter(x,y,label='high in c,low save')
plt.scatter(x1,y1,label='low in c,low save',color='b')
plt.xlabel("sav")
plt.ylabel("inc")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
OUTPUT:----
<IMG>
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
pop=[22,55,67,45,21,42]
bins=[0,10,20,30,40,50,60]
plt.hist(pop,bins,histtype='bar',rwidth=0.8)
plt.xlabel("agegroup")
plt.ylabel("noofpeople")
plt.title("histogram")
plt.show()
OUTPUT:----
<IMG>
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv("http://rcs.bu.edu/examples/python/data_analysis/Salaries.csv")
print(df[10:12])
df_rank=df.groupby(['rank'])
print(df_rank.mean())
df_sorted=df.sort_values(by='service')
print(df_sorted)
OUTPUT:----
 rank discipline phd service sex salary
10 Prof
             B 39
                       33 Male 128250
11 Prof
             B 23 23 Male 134778
          phd service
                            salary
```

```
rank
AssocProf 15.076923 11.307692 91786.230769
AsstProf 5.052632 2.210526 81362.789474
Prof
      27.065217 21.413043 123624.804348
   rank discipline phd service sex salary
55 AsstProf
              A 2
                      0 Female 72500
              A 2
23 AsstProf
                      0 Male 85000
43 AsstProf B 5 0 Female 77000
17 AsstProf
            B 4
                     0 Male 92000
12 AsstProf B 1
                      0 Male 88000
40
    Prof
         A 39
                     36 Female 137000
         A 45 43 Male 155865
27
    Prof
36
   Prof
           B 45
                     45 Male 146856
0
    Prof
            B 56
                    49 Male 186960
9
    Prof
            A 51
                     51 Male 57800
[78 rows x 6 columns]
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv("http://rcs.bu.edu/examples/python/data_analysis/Salaries.csv")
print(df.head())
df['salary'].dtype
print(df['salary'])
OUTPUT:-----
rank discipline phd service sex salary
         B 56
0 Prof
                  49 Male 186960
        A 12
1 Prof
                 6 Male 93000
        A 23 20 Male 110515
2 Prof
3 Prof
        A 40 31 Male 131205
          B 20 18 Male 104800
4 Prof
0
  186960
1
   93000
2
  110515
3
  131205
4
  104800
73 105450
```

74 104542

```
75 124312
76 109954
77 109646
Name: salary, Length: 78, dtype: int64
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x=np.arange(0,3*np.pi,0.1)
y=np.sin(x)
#plt.plot(x,y)
yy=np.sin(x)
y1=np.cos(x)
plt.plot(x,yy)
plt.plot(x,y1)
plt.show()
OUTPUT:----
<IMG>
import numpy as np
from scipy.spatial.distance import pdist,squareform
x=np.array([(0,1),(1,0),(2,0)])
print(x)
d=squareform(pdist(x,'euclidean'))
print(d)
OUTPUT:----
[[0 1]
[1 0]
[2 0]]
        1.41421356 2.23606798]
[1.41421356 0.
                  1.
[2.23606798 1.
                    0.
                          ]]
class A:
  def __init__(self,a,b,c):
    self.a=a
```

```
self.b=b
     self.c=c
  def summ(self):
     self.x=self.a+self.b+self.c
     print("sum is:",self.x)
  def area(self):
     self.s=self.x**2
    print("area %d"%self.s)
b=A(2,3,4)
b.summ()
b.area()
OUTPUT:----
sum is: 9
area 81
m=[]
n=int(input("enter n"))
for i in range (n):
  m.append(int(input()))
s=int(input("enter search"))
t=0
for i in range(n):
  if(s==m[i]):
    print("element {} found at {} position".format(s,i))
if(t==0):
  print("element not found")
OUTPUT:----
enter n5
4
5
5
6
enter search6
```

```
n=int(input())
for i in range(1,n+1):
  j=1
  c=0
  while(j<=i):
    if(i%j==0):
      c=c+1
    j=j+1
  if(c==2):
    print(i)
OUTPUT:----
9
2
3
5
7
def rev(n):
  r=0
  c=0
  while(n>0):
    c=(n%10)
    r=(10*r+c)
    n=int(n/10)
  print(r)
rev(1234)
OUTPUT:----
```

4321