



Discrete vs Continuous data



Discrete distribution

A statistical distribution used for Discrete data

Continuous distribution

A statistical distribution used for Continuous data



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Continuous distribution

A statistical distribution used for Continuous data

Normal Distribution (the Bell curve)



Discrete distribution

A statistical distribution used for Discrete data

Continuous distribution

A statistical distribution used for Continuous data

Normal Distribution (the Bell curve)

... a continuous distribution



What is it?



What is it?

It is a rule that assigns probabilities to various possible values that a random variable takes when it is being approximated by a particular statistical distribution.



is called the

Probability Mass Function (pmf)

... in the context of discrete data





Outcome of toss	Probability
Heads	0.5
Tails	0.5



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Tails	0.5
Heads	0.5
Outcome of toss	Probability



Random variable	Outcome of toss	Probability
	Heads	0.5
	Tails	0.5
		 Total = 1.0





Outcome of roll	Probability
1	1/6
2	1/6
3	1/6
4	1/6
5	1/6
6	1/6

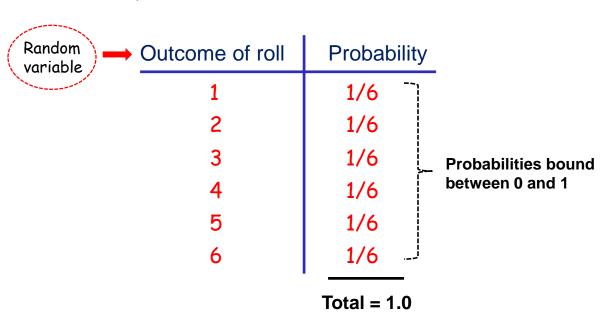


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Random variable	Outcome of roll	Probabil	ility
	1	1/6]
	2	1/6	
	3	1/6	Probabilities bound
	4	1/6	between 0 and 1
	5	1/6	
	6	1/6	ل







It is easy to write down the pmf of,

... a Coin toss

... roll of a Dice



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Number of customers arriving at the checkout counter of a grocery store in an hour



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- approximate this process using a statistical distribution
- use the pmf of that statistical distribution



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```
customers \rightarrow 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
```



It is easy to write down the pmf of,
... a Coin toss
... roll of a Dice

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zero probability between 4 and 5





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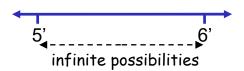




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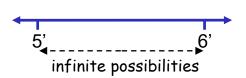


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It is a rule that assigns probabilities to various possible values that a random variable takes.

Probability of a particular outcome is always zero

(heights of men and women)



Probability(height = 5' 2") = ?

Probability Mass Function is called the **ProbabilityDensity Function**

It is a rule that assigns probabilities to various possible values that a random variable takes.

Probability of a particular outcome is always zero



Probability of a particular outcome is always **zero** ...

... hence we always consider ranges of outcomes



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• What is the probability that someone's height is **between 5' 2" and 5' 5"**?



When using a continuous distribution,

Probability of a particular outcome is always **zero** ...

... hence we always consider ranges of outcomes

- What is the probability that someone's height is **between 5' 2" and 5' 5"**?
- What is the probability that someone's height is less than 5' feet?



When using a continuous distribution,

Probability of a particular outcome is always **zero** ...

... hence we always consider ranges of outcomes

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- What is the probability that someone's height is less than 5' feet?
- What is the probability that someone's height is greater than 5' feet?



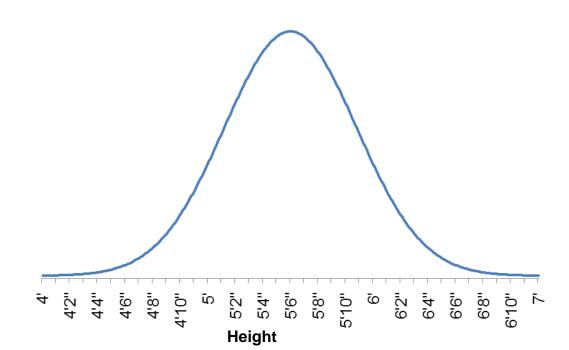
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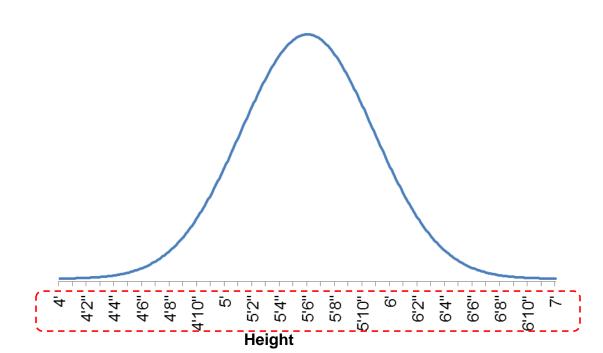
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- ...
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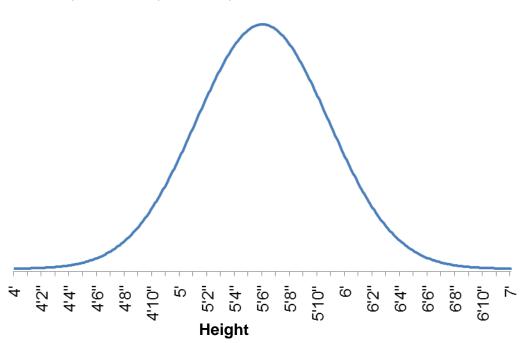






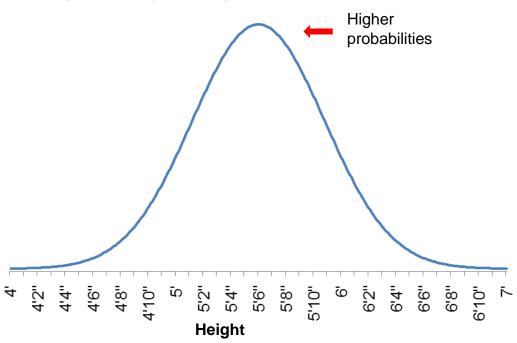


Plot of probability Density Function



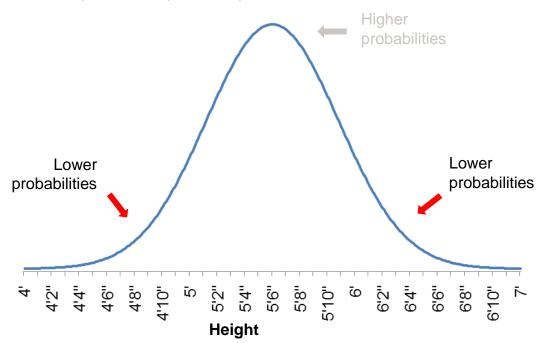


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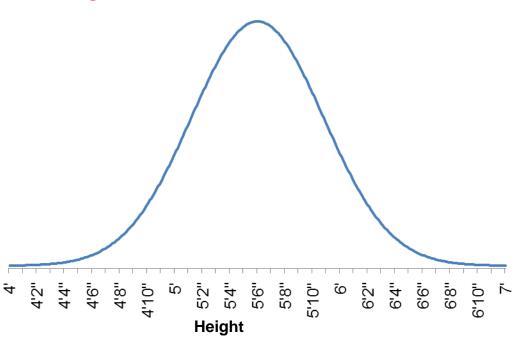




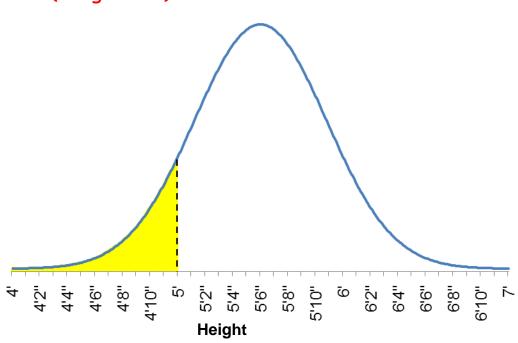
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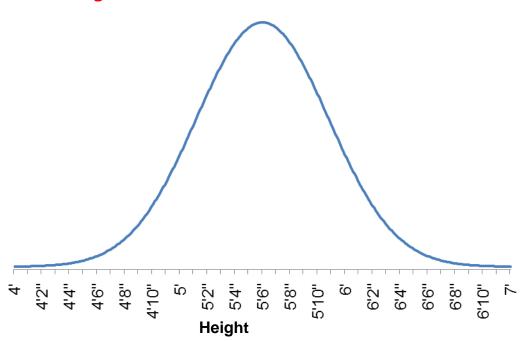






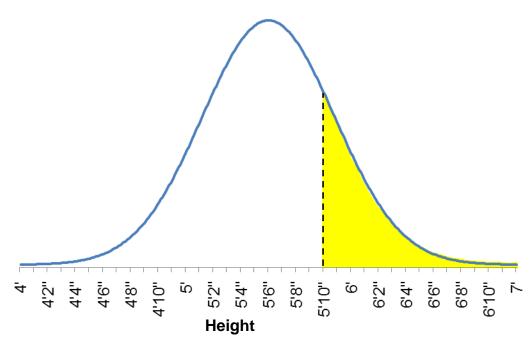




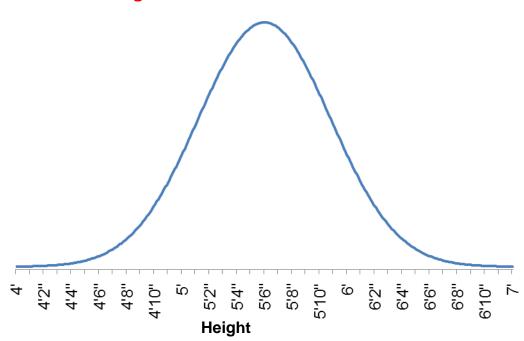




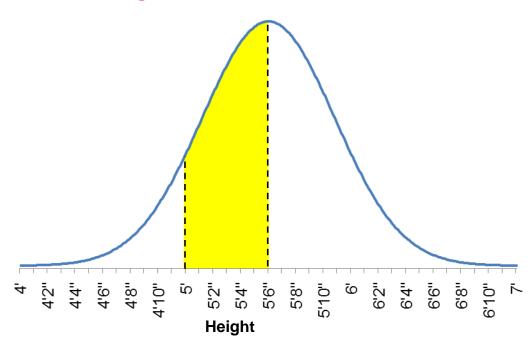
Prob(Height > 5' 10") = ?



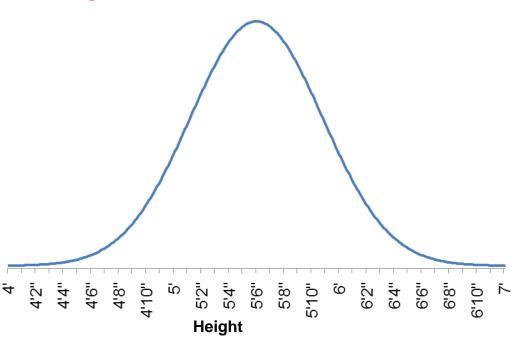














Prob(Height =
$$5'$$
) = 0

