**Experiment 4 and 5**

The DDL commands in SQL are used to create database schema and to define the type and structure of the data that will be stored in a database. SQL DDL commands are further divided into the following major categories:

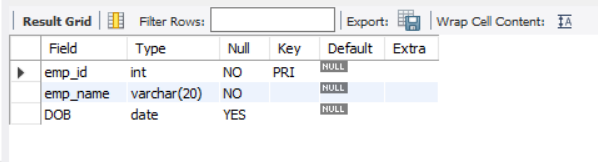
* CREATE
* ALTER
* DROP
* TRUNCATE

create database db;

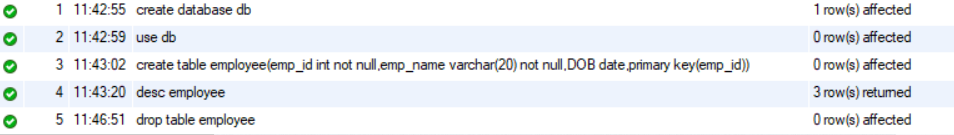
use db;

create table employee(emp\_id int not null,emp\_name varchar(20) not null,DOB date,primary key(emp\_id));

desc employee;



drop table employee;



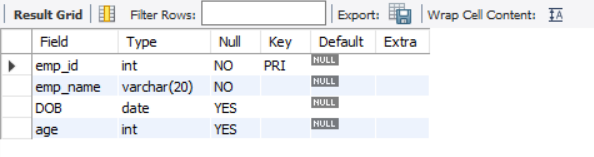
create table employee(emp\_id int not null,emp\_name varchar(20) not null,DOB date,age int,primary key(emp\_id));



rename table employee to employees;



desc employees;



alter table employees add email varchar(20);



truncate employees;

