

Master's Thesis

Missing spatial-temporal multimodal traffic data flow imputation and prediction

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Agenda

- Introduction
- · Problem statement
- · Literature Review
- Methodology
- Dataset and Feature Engineering
- · Experiment Design
- · Results and Discussion
- · Conclusion and Future Work

Introduction

Introduction

- Traffic flow data is critical for urban planning and intelligent transportation.
- Missing data from sensor failures and transmission errors is a significant challenge.
- · Thesis Goal:
 - To address missing data imputation in spatial-temporal multimodal traffic datasets.

Problem Statement

Formal Definition:

- Graph G = (V, E) where V =nodes, E =edges:
- Neighnourhood of a node $v : N_v(u) = \{u \in V \mid (v, u) \in E\}$
- · Adjasecency matrix

$$A_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } e_{ij} \in E, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- Node representation: $X \in \mathbb{R}^{V \times F}$
- · Spatio-temporal graph: $G(t) = (V, E, X_t)$

Problem Statement

Thesis goal

- Learn prediction function: $f: \{G(t-T), G(t-T+1), \ldots, G(t)\} \to Y_{t+\tau}$ with T as timestamp and $\tau = 15min$.
- · Input data and labels are sparse.
- · Geospatial Influence on Traffic Patterns: Building footprints, water bodies, POIs.
- · Congestion Classes: Green (uncongested), Yellow (moderate), Red (heavy).

Literature Review

Literature Review

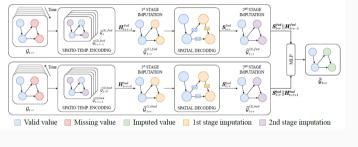
- · Classical Imputation Models:
 - · Temporal: HA, ARIMA, PPCA.
 - · Spatial: Regression, Kriging.
 - · Spatial-Temporal: Kernel PPCA, KNN.
- · Deep Learning Models: LSTM, RNN, CNN, GAN.
- · Graph Neural Networks (GNNs): GCN, STGCN, DSTGCN, GAT.
- · Limitations of Existing Models: Incorporation of multimodality features.

Methodology

Methodology

- · Graph Recurrent Imputation Network (GRIN):
 - · Integrates Graph Neural Networks (GNNs) and Recurrent Neural Networks (RNNs).
 - Uses GCNs for spatial relations, GRUs for time-series imputation.
 - · Imputates in both forward and backward directions.
- Encoder Architecture: Message Passing Graph Recurrent Network (MPNN + GRU).
- Decoder Architecture: Spatio-Temporal Graph Convolution.

Graph recurrent imputation network (Cini et al. [2021])



• Sequence of graphs G_t with nodes N_t at time step t.

$$G_t = \langle X_t, W_t \rangle$$

• Binary mask for the missing values. $M_t \in \{0,1\}N_t \times d$

Dataset and Feature Engineering

- · Dataset:
 - Traffic4cast 2022 NeurIPS competition (London).
 - · Loop counter data, building footprints.
 - · Data Points:
 - · Nodes: 59,110.
 - · Edges: 132,414.
 - · Loop Counters: 3,751.
 - Time Period: 2019-07-01 to 2020-01-31.
 - · Sampling Rate: 15-minute intervals.
- · Temporal Features: Speed, Vehicle counts.
- Multimodal spatial features: Building density, building diversity, building type encoding, geographic locations of loop counters and buildings.

Road_graph

- Nodes node_id, counter_info, num_assigned, longitude (x), latitude (y).
- Edges node_id (start), node_id (end), speed_kph, parsed_maxspeed, importance, highway, oneway, lanes, tunnel.

speed_classes

node_id (start), node_id (end), day, t,
volume_class, median_speed_kph,
free flow kph.

	node_id	counter_info	num_assigned	х	у
0	78112			-0.145792	51.526976
1	99936			-0.152791	51.523611
2	99937			-0.152024	51.523018
3	101818	01/285	1	-0.148104	51.535179
4	101831	02/065	1	-0.147044	51.535612

59105	4595139612105786518			-0.299336	51.588589
59106	8230831116681660864			-0.037311	51.680737

	u	٧	day	t	volume_class	$median_speed_kph$	free_flow_kph
0	78112	25508583	2020-01-31	29	3	40.941176	36.352941
1	78112	25508583	2020-01-31	30	5	10.823529	36.352941
2	78112	25508583	2020-01-31	31	5	41.647059	36.352941
3	78112	25508583	2020-01-31	32	5	22.901961	36.352941
4	78112	25508583	2020-01-31	34	5	48.000000	36.352941
3756047	4890701424133264627	27596189	2020-01-31	86	5	22.352941	29.882353
3756048	4890701424133264627	27596189	2020-01-31	87	1	35.764706	29.882353
3756049	4890701424133264627	27596189	2020-01-31	89	1	29.647059	29.882353
3756050	4890701424133264627	27596189	2020-01-31	90	5	21.411765	29.882353
3756051	4890701424133264627	27596189	2020-01-31	92	5	25.647059	29.882353

loop_counter

 index, node_id, day, counter_info, num_assigned, volume

cc_labels

· node_id (start), node_id (end), day, t, cc

	index	node_id	day	counter_info	num_assigned				vol	ume
0	0	10028711	2019-07-01	[17/116]	[1]	[56.0	0, 44.0, 40.0, 31.0, 2	8.0, 22.	0, 24.0,	16
- 1	- 1	10028711	2019-07-02	[17/116]	[1]	[42.0	0, 35.0, 26.0, 21.0, 3	7.0, 34.	0, 13.0,	20
2	2	10028711	2019-07-03	[17/116]	[1]	[36.0	0, 23.0, 33.0, 41.0, 3	2.0, 30.	0, 20.0,	9.0
3	3	10028711	2019-07-04	[17/116]	[1]		0, 32.0, 30.0, 18.0, 1			
4	4	10028711	2019-07-05	[17/116]	[1]	[49.0	0, 40.0, 42.0, 41.0, 2	8.0, 19.	0, 23.0,	18

734801	107666	996609828	2020-01-27	[09/376]	[1]		188.0, 155.0, 120.0			
734802	107667	996609828	2020-01-28	[09/376]	[1]	[157.0]	, 154.0, 137.0, 141.0	0, 114.0	103.0,	82
					u	v	di	ay	t	cc
								,		
	0			7811	2 25508	583	2020-01-	31	29	1
	1			7811	2 25508	583	2020-01-	31	30	3
	2			7811	2 25508	583	2020-01-	31	31	1
	3			7811	2 25508	583	2020-01-	31	32	2
	4			7811	2 25508	583	2020-01-3	31	34	1
375	6047	4890	7014241	3326462	7 27596	189	2020-01-3	31	86	2
375	6048	48907	7014241	3326462	7 27596	189	2020-01-	31	87	1

osm_buildings

 osm_id, code, fclass, name, type, geometry

	osm_id	code	fclass	name	type	geometry
0	2956186	1500	building	Laurence House	block	POLYGON ((-0.02169 51.44459, -0.02168 51.44464
- 1	2956187	1500	building	Lewisham Town Hall	None	POLYGON ((-0.02181 51.44498, -0.02161 51.44507
2	2956188	1500	building	Broadway Theatre	None	POLYGON ((-0.02067 51.44542, -0.02064 51.44544
3	2956192	1500	building	JD Sports	store	POLYGON ((-0.01903 51.44461, -0.01903 51.44462
4	2956193	1500	building	Air Thrill	store	POLYGON ((-0.01834 51.44500, -0.01815 51.44551
944003	1262637518	1500	building	None	school	POLYGON ((-0.36841 51.47726, -0.36839 51.47739
944004	1262637520	1500	building	None	school	POLYGON ((-0.36930 51.47734, -0.36923 51.47775

Exploratory Data Analysis

Exploratory Data Analysis: Congestion patterns, speed classes.

Feature Engineering

- · Spatial features:
 - Building density: Number of buildings per unit area.
 - Building type diversity: Number of unique building types.
 - · Location type: Residential, commercial, educational, etc.
- · Why are these features relevant to traffic flow?
- Temporal Features: Time of day, day of week.
- Multimodal Integration: How are spatial and temporal features combined in the model?

Experiment Design

Experiment Design

- · Train-Validation-Test Split:
 - Time series forecasting setup (Window-Horizon Approach).
 - · 70% Training, 15% Validation, 15% Testing.
- · Mask Generation: Training Mask, Evaluation Mask.
- Sequential Graph-Based Time Series Dataset Construction
- · Graph construction:
 - · Euclidean Distance Computation
 - · Adjacency Matrix Calculation
 - · Similarity Score: Gaussian Radial Basis Function RBF
- · Evaluation Metrics:
 - · RMSE (Root Mean Squared Error).
 - · MAE (Mean Absolute Error).
 - MAPE (Mean Absolute Percentage Error)
- · Model Parameters: 8a38982 trainable parameters, 300 epochs, batch size 32.

Conclusion and Future Work

Conclusion and Future Work

- Explore different instantiations of GNN.
- · Integrate additional modalities (weather, accidents, calendar holidays).
- · Generalize to other cities and datasets.
- Integrate with traffic forecasting models GAT.



Andrea Cini, Ivan Marisca, and Cesare Alippi. Filling the g_ap_s: Multivariate time series

imputation by graph neural networks. arXiv preprint arXiv:2108.00298, 2021.

