

Section 8.7

Product-to-Sum and Sum-to-Product Formulas

1 Express Products as Sums

THEOREM

Product-to-Sum Formulas

$$\sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$\cos \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$\sin \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2}[\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)]$$

EXAMPLE**Expressing Products as Sums**

Express each of the following products as a sum containing only sines or cosines.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{(a)} \quad \sin(3\theta)\sin(7\theta) &= \frac{1}{2}[\cos(3\theta - 7\theta) - \cos(3\theta + 7\theta)] \\ &= \frac{1}{2}[\cos(-4\theta) - \cos(10\theta)] = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(4\theta) - \cos(10\theta)]\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{(b)} \quad \cos\theta\cos(5\theta) &= \frac{1}{2}[\cos(\theta - 5\theta) + \cos(\theta + 5\theta)] \\ &= \frac{1}{2}[\cos(-4\theta) + \cos(6\theta)] = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(4\theta) + \cos(6\theta)]\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{(c)} \quad \sin(2\theta)\cos(7\theta) = \frac{1}{2}[\sin(2\theta + 7\theta) + \sin(2\theta - 7\theta)]$$

$$\sin\alpha\sin\beta = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$\cos\alpha\cos\beta = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$\sin\alpha\cos\beta = \frac{1}{2}[\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}[\sin(9\theta) + \sin(-5\theta)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}[\sin(9\theta) - \sin(5\theta)]$$

2 Express Sums as Products

THEOREM

Sum-to-Product Formulas

$$\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2 \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}$$

$$\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

EXAMPLE**Expressing Sums (or Differences) as a Product**

Express each sum or difference as a product of sines and/or cosines.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{(a)} \quad \sin(4\theta) - \sin(6\theta) &= 2 \sin \frac{4\theta - 6\theta}{2} \cos \frac{4\theta + 6\theta}{2} \\ &= 2 \sin \frac{-2\theta}{2} \cos \frac{10\theta}{2} = -2 \sin \theta \cos 5\theta\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{(b)} \quad \cos(2\theta) + \cos(8\theta) &= 2 \cos \frac{2\theta + 8\theta}{2} \cos \frac{2\theta - 8\theta}{2} \\ &= 2 \cos \frac{10\theta}{2} \cos \frac{-6\theta}{2} \\ &= 2 \cos 5\theta \cos 3\theta\end{aligned}$$

$$\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2 \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}$$

$$\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$