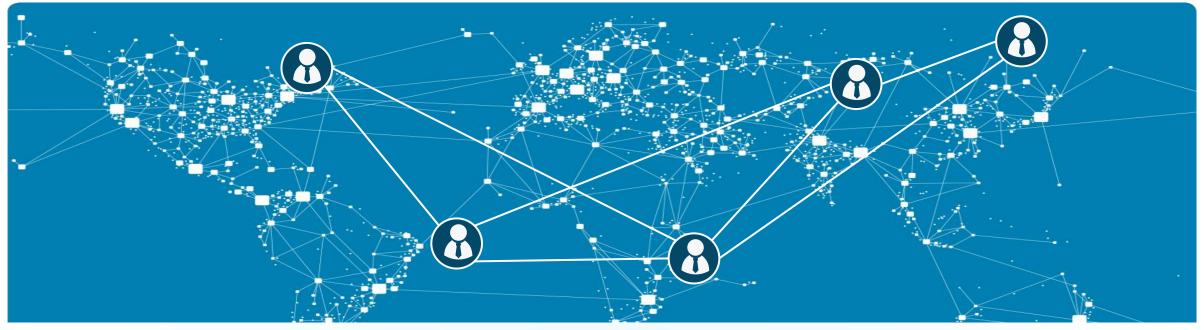
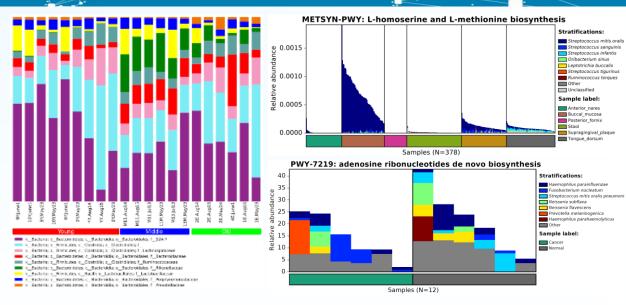
#### 微生物组—宏基因组分析专题研讨会第18期





## 23HUMAnN2物种 和功能组成

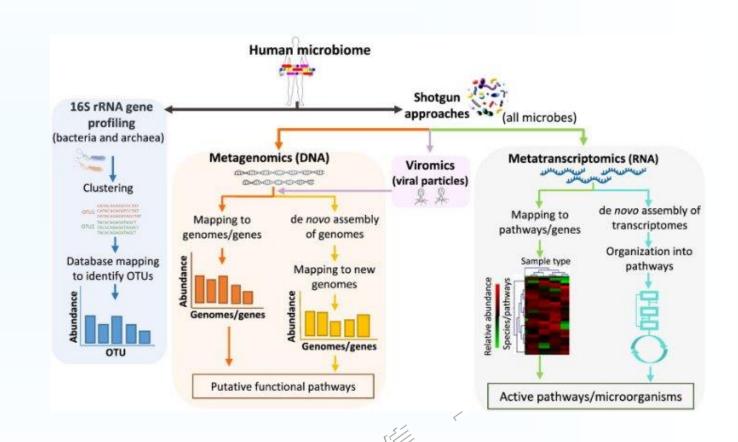
易生信 2023年4月8日



# 宏基因组基于读长(Read-based)的分析流程



- -. 软件安装和数据库部署
- KneadData质控
- ≡. MetaPhIAn2物种组成
- 四. HUMAnN2功能组成
- 五. GraPhIAn可视化物种
- 六. LEfSe分析物种差异
- 七. STAMP功能组成分析



## MetaPhlAn2 (metagenomic phylogenetic analysis, 宏基因组系统发育分析, 2015)

- MetaPhIAn2是分析微生物群落(细菌、古菌、真核生物和病毒)组成的工具,只需一条完命令即可获得微生物的物种丰度信息。同时提供脚本可进一步统计和可视化。
- o 主页: http://segatalab.cibio.unitn.it/tools/metaphlan2/
- Nicola Segata, Levi Waldron, Annalisa Ballarini, Vagheesh Narasimhan, Olivier Jousson, Curtis Huttenhower. 2012.
  Metagenomic microbial community profiling using unique clade-specific marker genes. *Nature Methods* 9: 811.
  <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/nmeth.2066 Cited by 1715">https://doi.org/10.1038/nmeth.2066 Cited by 1715</a>
- Duy Tin Truong, Eric A. Franzosa, Timothy L. Tickle, Matthias Scholz, George Weingart, Edoardo Pasolli, Adrian Tett, Curtis Huttenhower, Nicola Segata. 2015. MetaPhlAn2 for enhanced metagenomic taxonomic profiling. *Nature Methods* 12: 902-903. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/nmeth.3589">https://doi.org/10.1038/nmeth.3589</a> Cited by 1696
- Aitor Blanco-Míguez, et al. 2023. Extending and improving metagenomic taxonomic profiling with uncharacterized species using MetaPhlAn 4. *Nature Biotechnology* <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/s41587-023-01688-w">https://doi.org/10.1038/s41587-023-01688-w</a> Cited by 1



## 意大利特伦托大学Nicola Segata组——宏基因组软件 (10-12年哈佛公共卫生学院Huttenhower组博后)



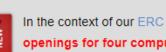
#### http://segatalab.cibio.unitn.it/ Segata lab Computational Metagenomics

Home

People

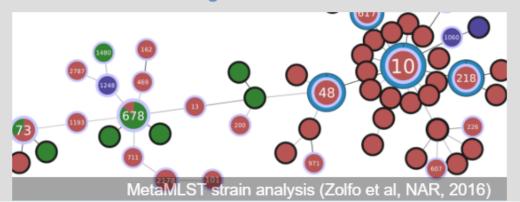
Publications

Contacts



In the context of our ERC Starting grant 2016 and other projects, we have openings for four computational scientists for human microbiome projects. Take a look at the call for expressions of interest!

#### Meta'omics for hacking the human microbiome





UNIVERSITY

#### 开发维护和参与的软件

- •curatedMD (2017) 发表人类微生物组物种和 功能组成整理数据库R包
- •MetaMLST (2016)宏基因组多位点序列分型
- •StrainPhIAN (2016)菌株水平群体基因组分析
- MetAML (2016) 3000 个宏基因组数据微生物 与表型关联预测
- •PanPhIAn (2016)预测菌株水平基因组成和转 录活性
- Meta PhIAn 2 (2015) 宏基因组物种组成。
- •GraPhIAn (2015) 物种或进化树圈图美化
- •ShortBRED (2015)蛋白归类基因家族和宏基 因组功能定量
- MicroPITA (2014) 宏基因样本挑选
- MetaRef (2014) 微生物类特异基因数据库
- •PhyloPhIAn (2013)新微生物基因组分类和进 化关系鉴定
- •HUMAn以 (2012) 宏基因组功能组成定量
- •LEfSe (2011)生物标志物挖掘

Cell: 宏基因组分箱15万人体微生物基因组





#### Nicola Segata



Department CIBIO, <u>University of Trento</u>
Verified email at unitn.it - <u>Homepage</u>

Human Microbiome Computational Biology Metagenomics Microbial Genomics Machine Learning

TITLE		CITED BY	YEAR
Metagenomic biomarker discovery and explanation N Segata, J Izard, L Waldron, D Gevers, L Miropolsky, WS Garrett, Genome biology 12 (6), R60	LEfSe	9674	2011
Reproducible, interactive, scalable and extensible microbiome data science us E Bolyen, JR Rideout, MR Dillon, NA Bokulich, CC Abnet, GA Al-Ghalith, Nature biotechnology 37 (8), 852-857	sing QIIME 2 QIIME 2	9411	2019
Structure, function and diversity of the healthy human microbiome nature 486 (7402), 207-214		8947	2012
A framework for human microbiome research nature 486 (7402), 215-221		2262	2012
Metagenomic microbial community profiling using unique clade-specific marke N Segata, L Waldron, A Ballarini, V Narasimhan, O Jousson, Nature methods 9 (8), 811-814	r genes MetaPhIAn	1715	2012
MetaPhlAn2 for enhanced metagenomic taxonomic profiling DT Truong, EA Franzosa, TL Tickle, M Scholz, G Weingart, E Pasolli, Nature methods 12 (10), 902-903	MetaPhIAn2	1696	2015

Cited by		VIEW ALL		
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		15000		
		11250		
		7500		
- 11		3750		
2016 2017 2018 2	2019 2020 2021 2	022 2023		
Public access		VIEW ALL		
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not available		available		

Based on funding mandates



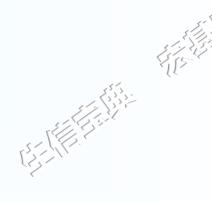


#### MetaPhIAn2的数据量和特征



MetaPhlAn2整理了超过17000个参考基因组,包括13500个细菌和古菌, 3500个病毒和110种真核生物,汇编整理了100万+类群特异的标记基因, 可以实现:

- 。 精确的分类群分配
- 。 准确估计物种的相对丰度
- o 种水平精度
- 株鉴定与追踪
- 。 超快的分析速度





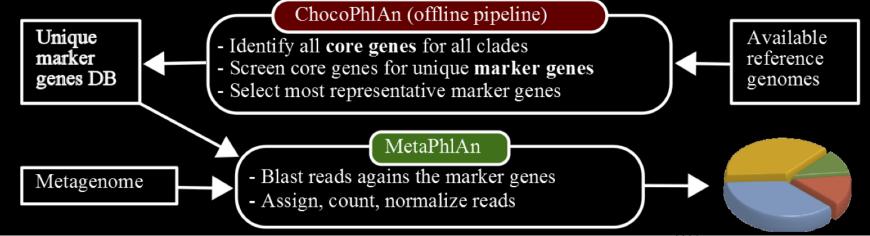


## MetaPhIAn Marker的选择(核心算法)



A is a core gene for clade Y A is a unique marker gene for clade Y Gene A ChocoPhlAn (offline pipeline) Unique Available - Identify all core genes for all clades marker reference - Screen core genes for unique marker genes genes DB genomes - Select most representative marker genes

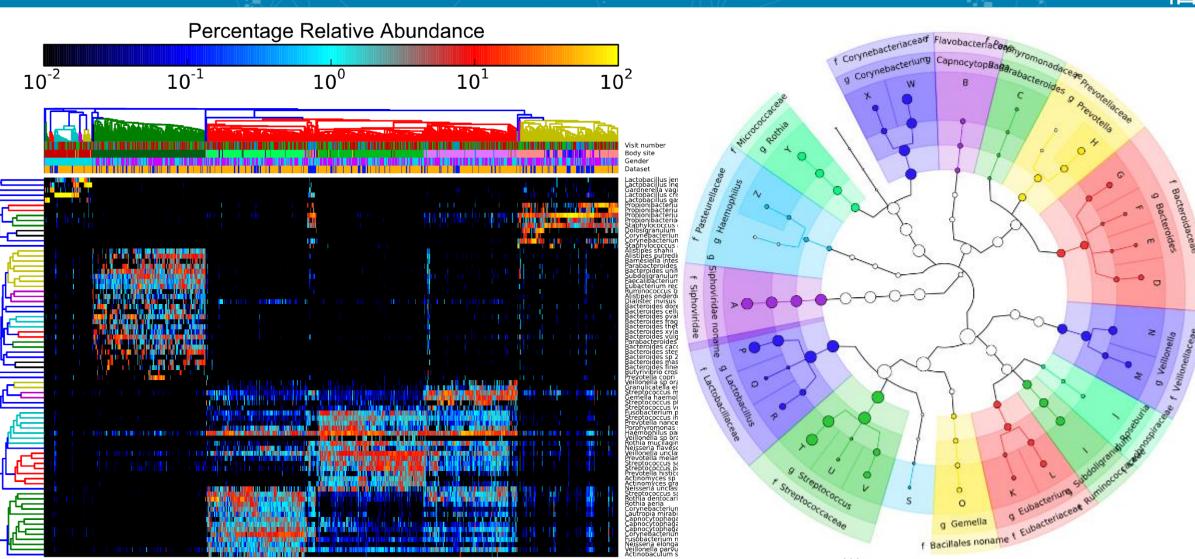
泛基因组 数据库





## MetaPhIAn2结果常用展示方式





#### MetaPhIAn2的使用



metaphlan2.py metagenome.fastq --bowtie2out metagenome.bowtie2.bz2 \
--nproc 9 --input\_type fastq > profiled\_metagenome.txt
输入fastq单个文件,输出物种组成表,可选bowtie2比对中间文件

- o 使用方法详见: MetaPhIAn2一条命令获得宏基因组物种组成
- o 软件安装代码见1soft\_db.sh或2pipeline.sh中附录metaphlan2部分
- o 除非只关注物种组成,否则MetaPhIAn很少单独使用
- 。 HUMAnN2整合了MetaPhlAn2软件,可实现一条命令完成物种、功能、以及功能对应物种组成三个文件,多角度挖掘宏基因组数据。



### 最新的MetaPhIAn4



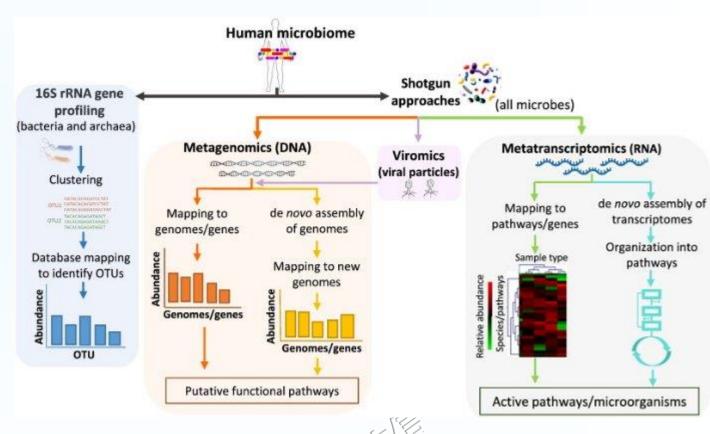
- o HUMANN3.6可基于MetaPhlAn4结果继续运行
- o 整合了分离培养基因组+1百万宏基因组组装基因组(MAGs)
- 。 26,970种水平MAGs, 其中4,992个未定义的种
- 。 默认移除低质量结果
- o 安装 conda install -c bioconda metaphlan=4.0.6
- o 使用 https://github.com/biobakery/biobakery/wiki/metaphlan4
- Aitor Blanco-Míguez, et al. 2023. Extending and improving metagenomic taxonomic profiling with uncharacterized species using MetaPhlAn 4. *Nature Biotechnology* <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/s41587-023-01688-w">https://doi.org/10.1038/s41587-023-01688-w</a> Cited by 1



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  - 功能组成统计分析



## HUMAnN2 http://www.huttenhower.org/humann2



o HUMAnN2: The HMP Unified Metabolic Analysis Network 2, HUMAnN是基于宏基因组、宏转录组数据分析微生物通路丰度的有效工具。这一过程称为功能谱,目的是描述群体成员的代谢潜能。可以回答微生物群体成员可能干什么,或在干什么的问题。

[HTML] Metabolic reconstruction for metagenomic data and its application to the human microbiome

S Abubucker, N Segata, J Goll... - PLoS computational ..., 2012 - journals.plos.org Microbial communities carry out the majority of the biochemical activity on the planet, and they play integral roles in processes including metabolism and immune homeostasis in the human microbiome. Shotgun sequencing of such communities' metagenomes provides information complementary to organismal abundances from taxonomic markers, but the resulting data typically comprise short reads from hundreds of different organisms and a best challenging to assemble comparably to single-organism genomes. Here, we described as Save Save Cited by 1059 Related articles All 33 versions saversions.

Species-level functional profiling of metagenomes and metatranscriptomes

EA Franzosa, LJ McIver, <u>G Rahnavard</u>, <u>LR Thompson</u>... - Nature ..., 2018 - nature.com
Functional profiles of microbial communities are typically generated using comprehensive
metagenomic or metatranscriptomic sequence read searches, which are time-consuming,
prone to spurious mapping, and often limited to community-level quantification. We
developed HUMAnN2, a tiered search strategy that enables fast, accurate, and speciesresolved functional profiling of host-associated and environmental communities. HUMAnN2
identifies a community's known species, aligns reads to their pangenomes, performs ...

Save 99 Cite Cited by 1050 Related articles All 12 versions

Abubucker, S. *et al.* Metabolic Reconstruction for Metagenomic Data and Its Application to the Human Microbiome. *PLOS Computational Biology* **8**, e1002358, doi:10.1371/journal.pcbi.1002358 (2012).

Franzosa, E. A. *et al.* Species-level functional profiling of metagenomes and metatranscriptomes. *Nature Methods* **15**, 962-968, doi:10.1038/s41592-018-0176-y (2018).

易汉博基因科技(北京)有限公司 EHBIO Gene Technology (Beijing) co., LTD Nature Methods: HUMAnN2实现宏基因组和宏转录组种水平功能组成分析 HUMAnN2: 人类微生物组统一代谢网络分析2 宏基因组有参流程 (HUMAnN2)

## HUMAnN2的特点



- o 可对已知和末知生物分析群体功能谱 MetaPhlAn2和ChocoPhlAn泛基因组数据库
- o 可获得基因组、基因和通路层面的结果 UniRef基因家族, MetaCyc基因通路, MinPath定义最小通路集
- 简单的使用界面(单行命令实现全部工作流程)用户只需提供质控后的宏基因组或宏转录组数据
- 加速序列比对 采用Bowtie2加速核酸水平比对 采用Diamond加速核酸翻译蛋白水平比对



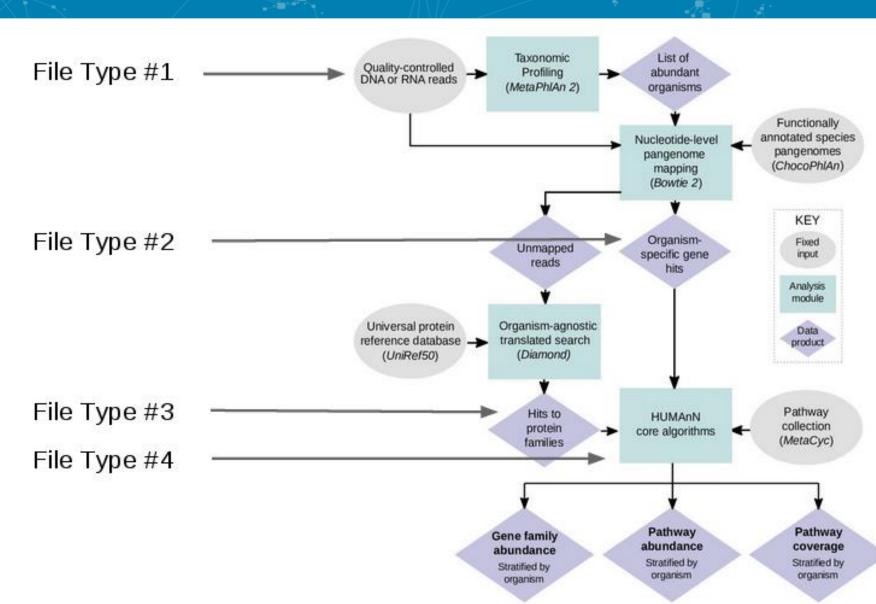


## HUMAnN2工作原理

易 生 信

- •File Type 1 (a qualitycontrolled metagenome or metatranscriptome)
  - fastq (fastq.gz)
  - fasta (fasta.gz)
- •File Type 2 (alignment results type 1)
  - sam
  - Bam
- •File Type 3 (alignment results type 2)
  - blast-like tsv
- •File Type 4 (gene table)
  - tsv

• biom 易汉博基因科技(北京)有限公司 EHBIO Gene Technology (Beijing) co., LTD



#### 软件安装和数据库下载



- o HUMAnN2有参宏基因组物种和功能定量流程 conda install humann2
- o 查看可用数据库并设置下载位置 humann2\_databases # 显示可用数据库
- 输助比对数据库
   humann2\_databases --download utility\_mapping full ~/db/humann2
- 微生物物种核心基因 5.37G
   humann2\_databases --download chocophlan full ~/db/humann2
- o 功能基因diamond索引 10.3G

humann2\_databases --download uniref uniref90\_diamond ~/db/humann2



## 配置数据库配置



查看参数和数据库位置是否正确

humann2\_config --print

常用修改线程数、核酸、蛋白库和多种功能注释数据库位置

humann2\_config --update run\_modes threads 8

humann2\_config --update database\_folders utility\_mapping

~/db/humann2/utility\_mapping

humann2\_config --update database\_folders nucleotide ~/db/humann2/chocophlan

humann2\_config --update database\_folders protein ~/db/humann2



#### HUMAnN3.5+MetaPhlAn3; HUMAnN3.6+MetaPhlAn4



- o 支持pip, conda和github源码3种安装方式
- 数据库更新2016版为201901版
- 。 微生物泛基因组数据库从1.7万增加至10万个, 5.37G增加为15.3G
- 。蛋白功能注释数据库,5.87G增加为19.31G,增大3倍多
- o 安装 conda install -c biobakery humann

数据库较大,有时下载缓慢,

国家微生物组科学数据中心-工具资源下载 http://nmdc.cn/datadownload

百度云备份链接详见: https://github.com/YongxinLiu/EasyMicrobiome/blob/master/DownlandList.md

主页: http://huttenhower.sph.harvard.edu/humann3

代码: <a href="https://github.com/biobakery/humann">https://github.com/biobakery/humann</a>

教程: <a href="https://github.com/biobakery/biobakery/wiki/humann3">https://github.com/biobakery/biobakery/wiki/humann3</a>



### 2.1 合并双端文件



。 有参宏基因组不考虑双端,将双端文件直接合并为一个文件

# 创建目录存放合并后的序列

mkdir -p temp/concat

# for循环调用cat合并每一个样品

for i in `tail -n+2 result/metadata.txt | cut -f 1`;do \

cat temp/qc/\${i}\*\_?.fastq > temp/concat/\${i}.fq; done

# 查看样品数量和大小

Is -sh temp/concat/\*.fq







## 大文件加速(只用单端和/或截取, 牺牲精度换速度)



- o 方法1. 仅链接左端为输入文件(提速50%, 节省1倍文件空间)
  - for i in `tail -n+2 result/metadata.txt|cut -f1`;do In -sf `pwd`/temp/qc/\${i}\_1.fastq temp/concat/\${i}.fq done
- o 方法2. 控制标准样比对时间。测序数据量通常为6~50G,同一样本分析时间可达10h~100h,严重浪费时间而浪费硬盘空间。可用head对单端分析截取20M序列,即3G,则为80M行

for i in `tail -n+2 result/metadata.txt|cut -f1`;do head -n80000000 temp/qc/\${i}\_1.fastq > temp/concat/\${i}.fq done



## 2.2 HUMAnN2计算物种和功能组成



mkdir -p temp/humann2

如果数据库位置正确,只需输入文件和输出目录,经rush管理批量任务队列

tail -n+2 result/metadata.txt|cut -f1|rush -j 2 \

'humann2 --input temp/concat/{1}.fq \

--output temp/humann2/'

#核心步骤,测序数据2 X 8 = 16线程,用时1h,真实数据可能要几小时至几天





# 2.3 物种组成分析



mkdir -p result/metaphlan2

。 # 样品结果合并

merge\_metaphlan\_tables.py temp/humann2/\*\_humann2\_temp/\*\_metaphlan\_bugs\_list.tsv | \ sed 's/\_metaphlan\_bugs\_list//g' > result/metaphlan2/taxonomy.tsv

- 。 # 转换为spf格式方便stamp分析
  - metaphlan\_to\_stamp.pl result/metaphlan2/taxonomy.tsv \
    - > result/metaphlan2/taxonomy.spf
- o metaphlan\_to\_stamp.pl 脚本来自 <u>microbiome helper</u>域目, 整合至 <u>EasyMicrobiome</u>



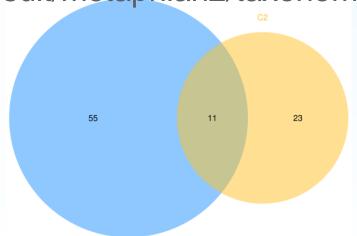
### 筛选样本中某一丰度的分类(2StatPlot.sh)

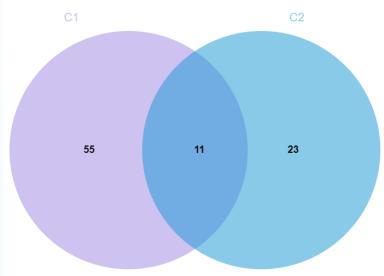


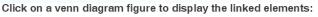
。 # (可选)筛选>0.5%的分类, 绘制维恩图

result/metaphlan2/taxonomy.tsv \

> result/metaphlan2/taxonomy\_high.tsv wc -l result/metaphlan2/taxonomy\_high.tsv









http://www.ehbio.com/test/venn/#/



#### 物种组成热图

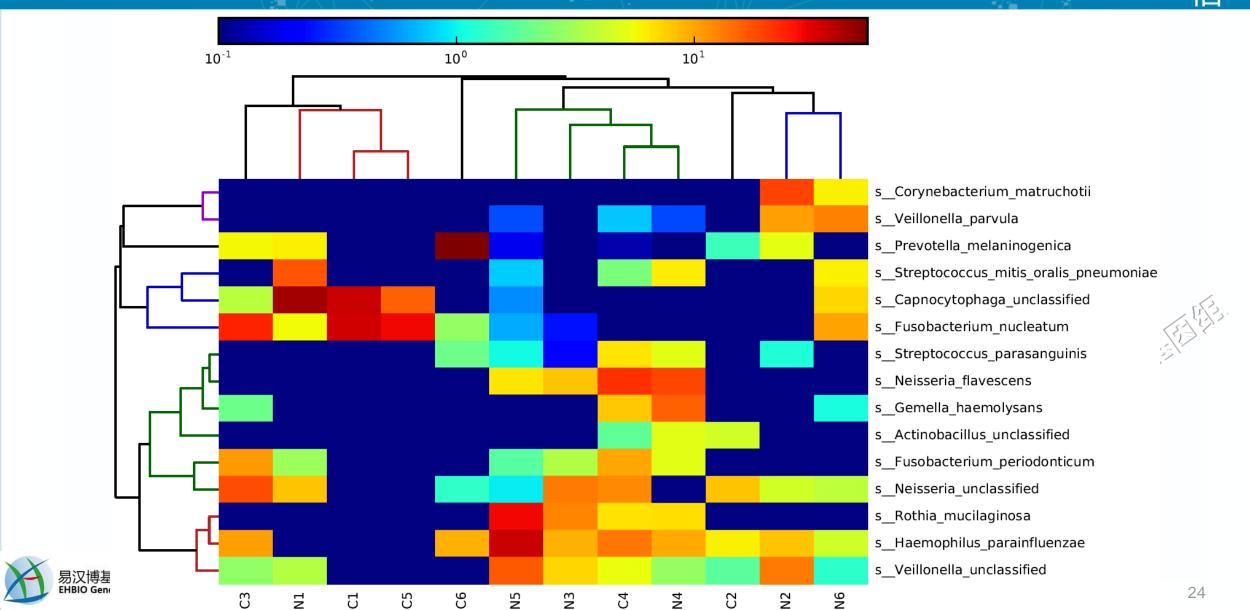


- o MetaPhlAn2提供了很多脚本,常用的有聚类热图
  - metaphlan\_hclust\_heatmap.py --in result/metaphlan2/taxonomy.tsv \
    - --out result/metaphlan2/heatmap.pdf \
    - -c bbcry --top 15 --minv 0.1 -s log -x 0.4 -y 0.2
- # c设置颜色方案, top设置物种数量, minv最小相对丰度, s标准化方法, log为取10为底对数, 文件名结尾可先pdf/png/svg三种图片格式。 更多说明详见 metaphlan\_hclust\_heatmap.py -h
- 科研结果有时要服从人类可读性,选择合适数据的结果展示,读者容易懂你是关键



## 前15个物种丰度对数聚类热图





## 评估样本物种组成和分组聚类——更灵活绘制热图



- o 方法1. metaphlan\_hclust\_heatmap.py 脚本服务器绘制热图,依赖关系和环境变量复杂
- o 方法2. Excel筛选 metaphlan2/taxonomy.tsv 并在线绘制热图
- o 方法3. R数据筛选taxonomy.spf并用pheatmap绘制热图,可指定分类

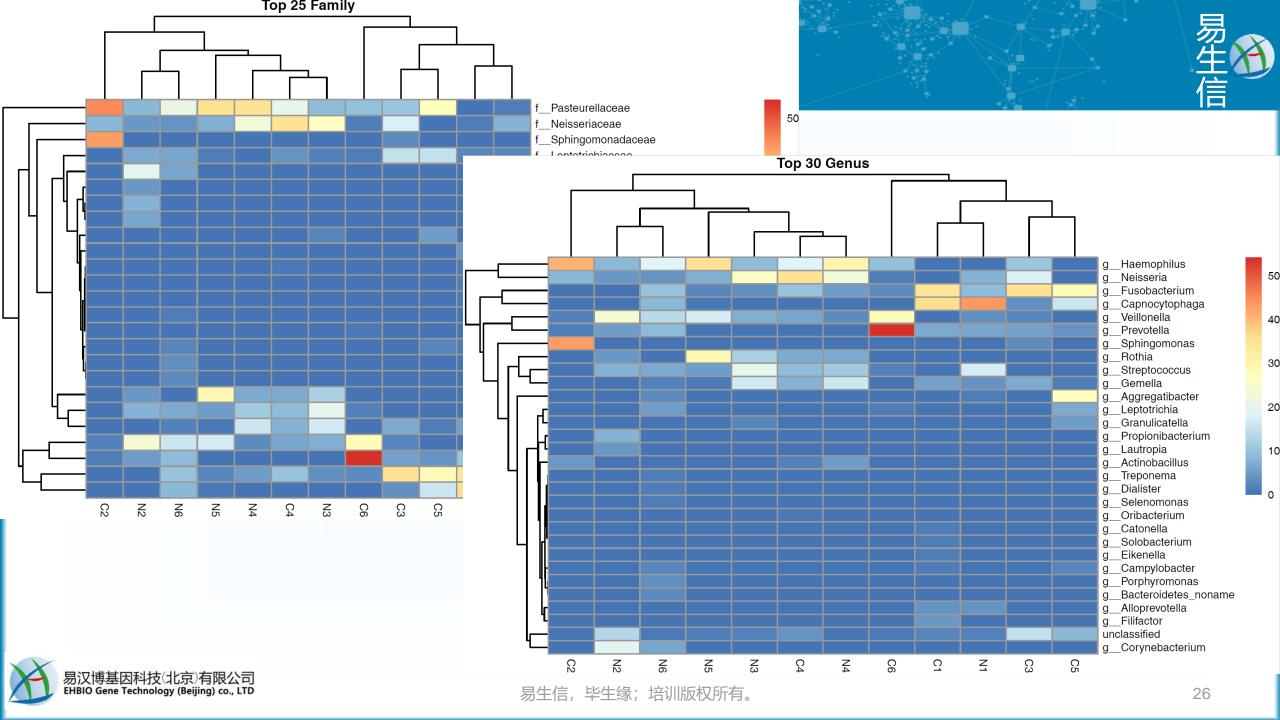
级别、物种数量

Rscript \$sd/metaphlan\_hclust\_heatmap.R \

- -i result/metaphlan2/taxonomy.spf \
- -t Order \
- -n 25 \
- -o result/metaphlan2/heatmap\_Order







### 2.4.1 功能组成合并、标准化和分层



#### 。 # 合并所有样品

humann2\_join\_tables --input temp/humann2 --file\_name pathabundance \
--output result/humann2/pathabundance.tsv
sed -i 's/\_Abundance//g' result/humann2/pathabundance.tsv

#### o #标准化为相对丰度relab或百万分数cpm

humann2\_renorm\_table --input result/humann2/pathabundance.tsv --units relab \ --output result/humann2/pathabundance\_relab.tsv

#### o #分层结果

humann2\_split\_stratified\_table --input result/humann2/pathabundance\_relab.tsv \
--output result/humann/



## 2.4.2 添加分组和差异比较



#### # 手动或用Shell有表头下面添加分组行

# Pathway	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	N1	N2	N3	N4	N5	N6
Group	Cancer	Cancer	Cancer	Cancer	Cancer	Cancer	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
ANAGLYCOLY	SIS-PWY: glyco	lysis III (from glud	cose)	12.7763613320	3.3803273747	3.4161087641	15.4265476544	12.7441068874	8.6332745611	0	3.5400735715	18.6514
ANAGLYCOLYSIS-PWY: glycolysis III (from glucose) gFusobacterium.sFusobacterium_nucleatum					5.0005085292	0	0	0	4.1457115522	0		
ANAGLYCOLYSIS-PWY: glycolysis III (from glucose) gHaemophilus.sHaemophilus_parainfluenzae					0	0	0	3.5541892578	0	2.0826450377		

# KW差异比较:输入input、分组focal、分组类型type、分组行结果、

FDR和输出output; 结果包括特征对应各组均值和统计值

humann2\_associate --input result/humann2/pathabundance.pcl \

- --focal-metadatum Group --focal-type categorical \
- --last-metadatum Group --fdr 0.05 \
- --output result/humann2/associate.txt

样本少无显著差异,改用HMP中每组各十个样本的数据集





### HMP数据——差异比较



#### #使用HMP示例数据,样本名下面有分组信息,需要手动制作

FEATURE \ SAMPLE SRS011086 SRS011090

Group Stool Stool Stool Stool Stool

1CMET2-PWY: N10-formyl-tetrahydrofolate biosynthesis 0.000498359 0.000628096 0.000304951 1CMET2-PWY: N10-formyl-tetrahydrofolate biosynthesis|g Acidovorax.s Acidovorax ebreus 0 0 0 0

humann2\_associate --input hmp\_pathabund.pcl --focal-metadatum

Group --focal-type categorical --last-metadatum Group --fdr 0.05 -

output associate.txt

# Feature Level means (led) P-value Q-value

P163-PWY: L-lysine fermentation to acetate and butanoate Stool:3.133e-08|Supragingival\_plaque:5.385e-05 1.253e-30 4.261e-28

PWY-3781: aerobic respiration I (cytochrome c) Stool:1.464e-07|Supragingival\_plaque:0.0002634 4.076e-30 4.62e-28

PWY66-409: superpathway of purine nucleotide salvage Stool:0|Supragingival\_plaque:0.000106 2.986e-30 4.62e-28

PWY1F-823: leucopelargonidin and leucocyanidin biosynthesis Stool:4.877e-09|Supragingival\_plaque:4.695e-05 1.402e-29 1.192e-27

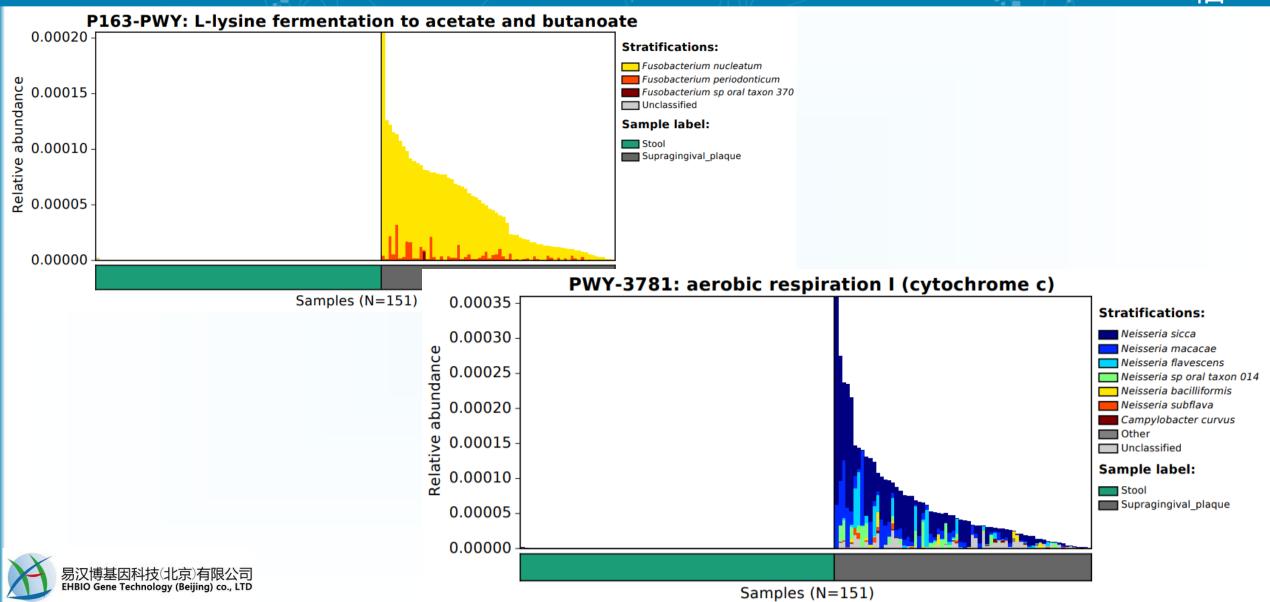
humann2\_barplot --sort sum metadata --input hmp\_pathabund.pcl --

focal-feature PWY-3781 --focal-metadatum Group -- last-metadatum

Group -- output barplot\_PWY-3781.pdf

### --sort sum metadata先按分组,再按丰度





## 2.4.3 转换为KEGG注释



# 转换基因家族为KO(uniref90\_ko),可选eggNOG(uniref90\_eggnog)或酶

(uniref90\_level4ec)

for i in `tail -n+2 result/metadata.txt|cut -f1`;do humann2\_regroup\_table \

-i temp/humann2/\${i}\_genefamilies.tsv \

-g uniref90\_ko \

-o temp/humann2/\${i}\_ko.tsv

done

#合并,并修正样本名

humann2\_join\_tables \

--input temp/humann2/\

--file\_name ko \

--output result/humann2/ko.tsv

# Gene Family	KO1	WT1
K00029	0	23.999
K00029 gPseudomonas.sPseudomon	0	23.999
K00031	8.81	7.018
K00031 g_Agrobacterium.s_Agrobacter	0	1.802
K00031 unclassified	8.81	5.215
K00032	0	8.48
K00032 gPseudomonas.sPseudomon	0	8.48
K00033	0	12.989
K00033 g_Bacillus.s_Bacillus_megateriu	0	3.454
K00033 gPseudomonas.sPseudomon	0	9.535
K00035	0	1.285
K00035 g_Agrobacterium.s_Agrobacter	0	1.285
K00036	0	46.161
K00036 gAgrobacterium.sAgrobacter	0	0.754
K00036 g_Bacillus.s_Bacillus_megateriu	0	5.084
K00036 gPseudomonas.sPseudomon	0	40.324





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#### 总结



- o HUMAnN2调用MetaPhlAn2基于bowtie2比对上万个物种的数据库,可快速、准确获得细菌、真菌、古菌、病毒、真核生物等的物种组成
- merge\_metaphlan\_tables.py合并、metaphlan\_hclust\_heatmap.py
   绘制丰度热图,metaphlan\_to\_stamp.pl生成STAMP输入文件
- HUMAnN2采用diamond比对UniRef数据库获得功能组成;注意数据库位置设置;了解其依赖关系以便解决依赖关系错误的问题
- 结果包括功能通路丰度组成和功能通路具体来源的物种,提供join, norm, stratified等脚本实现合并、标准化和分层
- o associate, barplot脚本实现组间KW检验和通路组成可视化
- o humann2\_regroup\_table脚本转换基因家族为KO/eggNOG/EC等注释



# 参考资源



- o <u>宏基因组公众号文章目录</u> 生信宝典公众号文章目录
- 科学出版社《微生物组数据分析》——50+篇
- o Bio-protocol《微生物组实验手册》——153篇
- o Protein Cell: 扩增子和宏基因组数据分析实用指南
- o CMJ: 人类微生物组研究设计、样本采集和生物信息分析指南
- o 加拿大生信网 https://bioinformatics.ca/ 宏基因组课程中文版
- o 美国高通量开源课程 https://github.com/ngs-docs
- Curtis Huttenhower <a href="http://huttenhower.sph.harvard.edu/">http://huttenhower.sph.harvard.edu/</a>
  - Nicola Segata <a href="http://segatalab.cibio.unitn.it/">http://segatalab.cibio.unitn.it/</a>







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