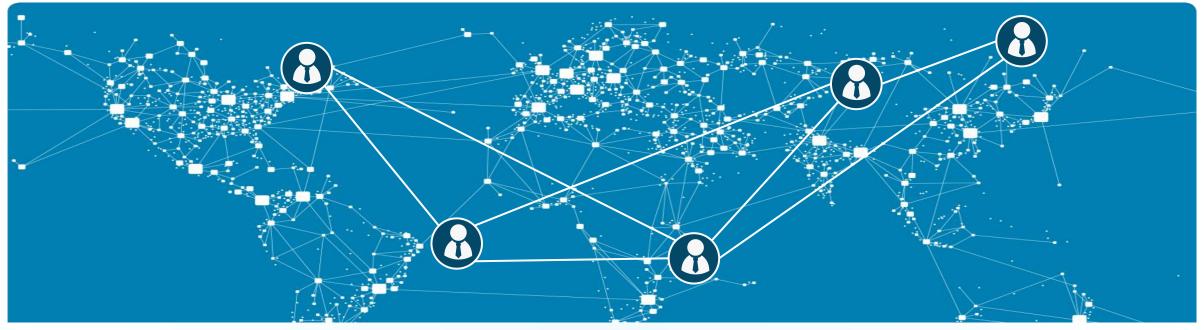
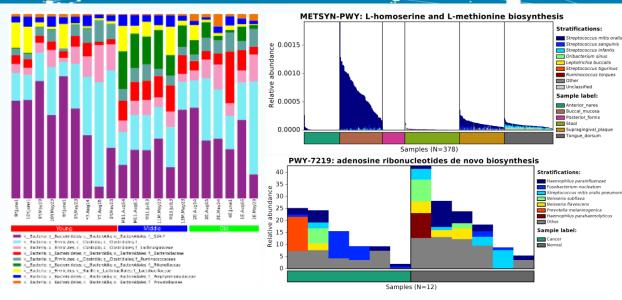
#### 微生物组—宏基因组分析专题研讨会第22期





### 23HUMAnN3物种 和功能组成

易生信 2024年11月9日



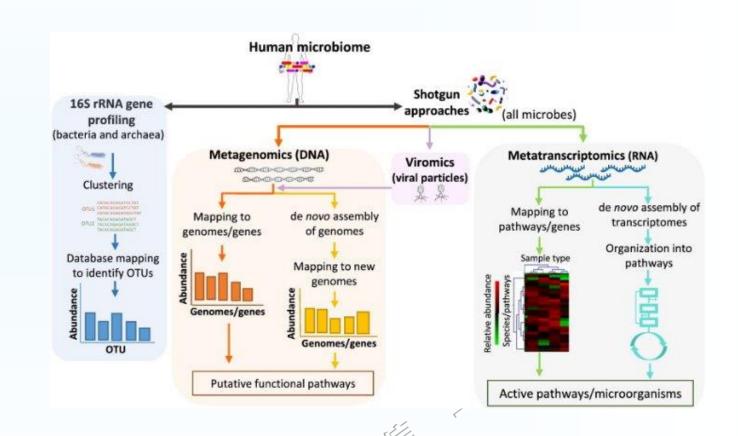
# 宏基因组基于读长(Read-based)的分析流程



- -. 软件安装和数据库部署
- KneadData质控
- ≡. MetaPhIAn4物种组成
- 四. HUMAnN3功能组成
- 五. GraPhlAn可视化物种
- 六. LEfSe分析物种差异

EHBIO Gene Technology (Beijing) co., LTD

t. STAMP功能组成分析



# MetaPhlAn4 (metagenomic phylogenetic analysis,是宏基因组系统发育分析, 2012-2023)

- MetaPhIAn4是分析微生物群落(细菌、古菌、真核生物和病毒)组成的工具,只需一条完命令即可获得微生物的物种丰度信息。同时提供脚本可进一步统计和可视化。
- o 主页: http://segatalab.cibio.unitn.it/tools/MetaPhlAn4/
- Nicola Segata, Levi Waldron, Annalisa Ballarini, Vagheesh Narasimhan, Olivier Jousson, Curtis Huttenhower. 2012.
   Metagenomic microbial community profiling using unique clade-specific marker genes. *Nature Methods* 9: 811.
   <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/nmeth.2066">https://doi.org/10.1038/nmeth.2066</a>
- O Duy Tin Truong, Eric A. Franzosa, Timothy L. Tickle, Matthias Scholz, George Weingart, Edoardo Pasolli, Adrian Tett, Curtis Huttenhower, Nicola Segata. 2015. MetaPhlAn2 for enhanced metagenomic taxonomic profiling. *Nature Methods* 12: 902-903. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/nmeth.3589">https://doi.org/10.1038/nmeth.3589</a>
- Aitor Blanco-Míguez, et al. 2023. Extending and improving metagenomic taxonomic profiling with uncharacterized species using MetaPhlAn 4. *Nature Biotechnology* <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/s415875023-01688-w">https://doi.org/10.1038/s415875023-01688-w</a>

## 意大利特伦托大学Nicola Segata组——宏基因组软件 (10-12年哈佛公共卫生学院Huttenhower组博后)



#### http://segatalab.cibio.unitn.it/ Segata lab Computational Metagenomics

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People

**Publications** 

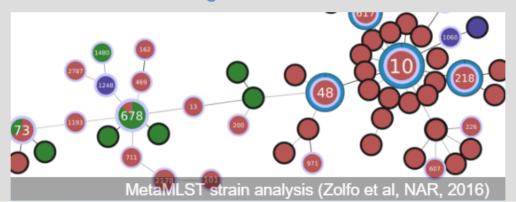
Tools

Contacts



In the context of our ERC Starting grant 2016 and other projects, we have openings for four computational scientists for human microbiome projects. Take a look at the call for expressions of interest!

#### Meta'omics for hacking the human microbiome







#### 开发维护和参与的软件

- •MetaPhIAn4 (2023) 宏基因组物种组成
- •curatedMD (2017) 人类微生物组数据库R包
- •MetaMLST (2016)宏基因组多位点序列分型
- •StrainPhIAN (2016)菌株水平群体基因组分析
- •MetAML (2016)微生物与表型关联预测
- •PanPhIAn (2016)泛基因组和转录活性
- •MetaPhIAn2 (2015) 宏基因组物种组成
- •GraPhIAn (2015) 物种或进化树圈图美化
- •ShortBRED (2015)蛋白聚类和功能定量
- •MicroPITA (2014)宏基因样本挑选
- MetaRef (2014) 微生物类特异基因数据库
- •PhyloPhIAn (2013)微生物基因建树
- •HUMAnN (2012) 宏基图组功能组成定量
- •LEfSe (2011)生物标志物挖掘

Cell: 宏基因组分箱15万人体微生物基因组







#### Nicola Segata

FOLLOW

Department CIBIO, <u>University of Trento</u> Verified email at unitn.it - <u>Homepage</u>

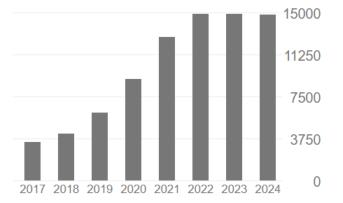
Human Microbiome Computational Biology Metagenomics Microbial Genomics Machine Learning

TITLE	CITED BY	YEAR	
Reproducible, interactive, scalable and extensible microbiome data science using QIIME 2 E Bolyen, JR Rideout, MR Dillon, NA Bokulich, CC Abnet, GA Al-Ghalith, Nature biotechnology 37 (8), 852-857  QIIME 2	16830	2019	
Metagenomic biomarker discovery and explanation N Segata, J Izard, L Waldron, D Gevers, L Miropolsky, WS Garrett, Genome biology 12 (6), R60	13140	2011	
Structure, function and diversity of the healthy human microbiome nature 486 (7402), 207-214	10619	2012	
A framework for human microbiome research nature 486 (7402), 215-221	2622	2012	
MetaPhlAn2 for enhanced metagenomic taxonomic profiling DT Truong, EA Franzosa, TL Tickle, M Scholz, G Weingart, E Pasolli, Nature methods 12 (10), 902-903  MetaPhlAn 2	2101	2015	
Expansion of intestinal <i>Prevotella copri</i> correlates with enhanced susceptibility to arthritis JU Scher, A Sczesnak, RS Longman, N Segata, C Ubeda, C Bielski, elife 2, e01202	2006	2013	
Metagenomic microbial community profiling using unique clade-specific marker genes N Segata, L Waldron, A Ballarini, V Narasimhan, O Jousson,	1937	2012	
Nature methods 9 (8), 811-814 MetaPhIAn 1			
Shotgun metagenomics, from sampling to analysis	1794	2017	

Cited by		VIEW ALL
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Citations	89107	73130
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194

186



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0 articles	216 articles
not available	available
Based on funding mandates	

Co-authors VIEW ALL



i10-index

Curtis Huttenhower 5
Department of Biostatistics, Harv...

## MetaPhIAn Marker的选择(核心算法)

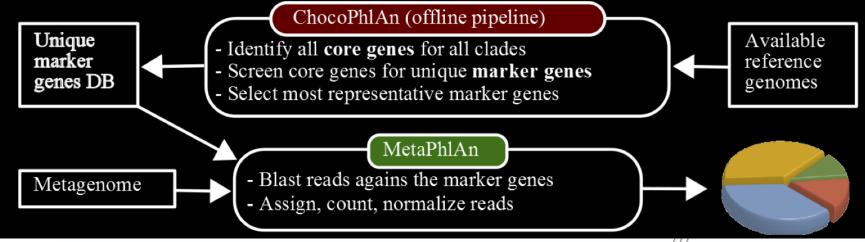


类核心 基因

A is a core gene for clade Y A is a unique marker gene for clade Y Gene A ChocoPhlAn (offline pipeline) Unique Available - Identify all core genes for all clades marker reference - Screen core genes for unique marker genes genes DB genomes - Select most representative marker genes

类特异 基因

泛基因组 数据库





#### 最新的MetaPhIAn4



- o HUMAnN3.6+可基于MetaPhIAn4结果继续运行
- o 整合了分离培养基因组+1百万宏基因组组装基因组(MAGs)
- 。 26,970种水平MAGs, 其中4,992个未定义的种
- 。 默认移除低质量结果
- o 安装 conda install -c bioconda metaphlan=4.0.6
- o 使用 https://github.com/biobakery/biobakery/wiki/metaphlan4
- Aitor Blanco-Míguez, et al. 2023. Extending and improving metagenomic taxonomic profiling with uncharacterized species using MetaPhlAn 4. *Nature Biotechnology* <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/s41587-023-01688-w">https://doi.org/10.1038/s41587-023-01688-w</a>



#### MetaPhlAn4的使用



# 设置数据库位置,再运行程序 DEFAULT\_DB\_FOLDER=~/db/metaphlan4 time metaphlan --input\_type fastq temp/concat/C1.fq \ temp/metaphlan4/C1.txt --nproc 4 --bowtie2db /db/metaphlan4 --index mpa\_vOct22\_CHOCOPhlAnSGB\_202212 --offline 输入fastq单个文件,输出物种组成表,可选bowtie2比对中间文件

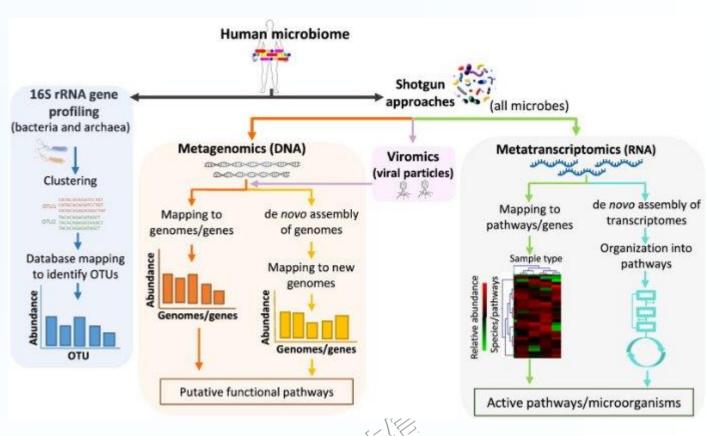
- o 软件安装代码见1soft\_db.sh或2pipeline.sh
- o 除非只关注物种组成,否则MetaPhIAn很少单独使用
- o HUMAnN3整合了MetaPhlAn4软件,可实现一条命令完成物种、功能、以及功能对应物种组成三个文件,多角度挖掘宏基因组数据。



# 宏基因组基于读长(Reads-based)的分析流程



- 软件安装和数据库部署
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- 六. LEfSe分析物种差异
  - 功能组成统计分析



#### **HUMAnN3** http://www.huttenhower.org/humann



HUMAnN3: The HMP Unified Metabolic Analysis Network 3, HUMAnN是基于宏基因组、宏转录组数据分析微生物通路丰度的有效 工具。这一过程称为功能谱,目的是描述群体成员的代谢潜能。 回答微生物群体成员可能干什么,或在干什么的问题。

[HTML] Metabolic reconstruction for metagenomic data and its application to the human microbiome

S Abubucker, N Segata, J Goll... - PLoS computational ..., 2012 - journals.plos.org Microbial communities carry out the majority of the biochemical activity on the planet, an they play integral roles in processes including metabolism and immune homeostasis in t human microbiome. Shotgun sequencing of such communities' metagenomes provides information complementary to organismal abundances from taxonomic markers, but the resulting data typically comprise short reads from hundreds of different organisms and a best challenging to assemble comparably to single-organism genomes. Here, we descri ☆ Save 57 Cite Cited by 1059 Related articles All 33 versions >>>

Species-level functional profiling of metagenomes and metatranscriptomes

EA Franzosa, LJ McIver, G Rahnavard, LR Thompson... - Nature ..., 2018 - nature.com Functional profiles of microbial communities are typically generated using comprehensive metagenomic or metatranscriptomic sequence read searches, which are time-consuming, prone to spurious mapping, and often limited to community-level quantification. We developed HUMAnN2, a tiered search strategy that enables fast, accurate, and speciesresolved functional profiling of host-associated and environmental communities. HUMAnN2 identifies a community's known species, aligns reads to their pangenomes, performs ...

☆ Save ☑ Cite Cited by 1050 Related articles All 12 versions

Abubucker, S. et al. Metabolic Reconstruction for Metagenomic Data and Its Application to the Human Microbiome. PLOS Computational Biology 8, e1002358, https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pcbi.1002358 (2012).

Franzosa, E. A. et al. Species-level functional profiling of metagenomes and metatranscriptomes. Nature Methods 15, 962-968, https://doi.org/10.1038/s41592-018-

urnal.pcbi.1002358 (2012). 0176-y (2018). Nature Methods: HUMAnN3实现宏基因组和宏转录组种水平功能组成分析 HUMAnN2人类微牛物组统 弋谢网络分析2

宏基因组有参流程 (HUMAnN2)

# HUMAnN3的特点



- o 可对已知和末知生物分析群体功能谱 MetaPhlAn4和ChocoPhlAn泛基因组数据库
- o 可获得基因组、基因和通路层面的结果 UniRef基因家族,MetaCyc基因通路,MinPath定义最小通路集
- 简单的使用界面(单行命令实现全部工作流程)用户只需提供质控后的宏基因组或宏转录组数据
- 加速序列比对 采用Bowtie2加速核酸水平比对 采用Diamond加速核酸翻译蛋白水平比对

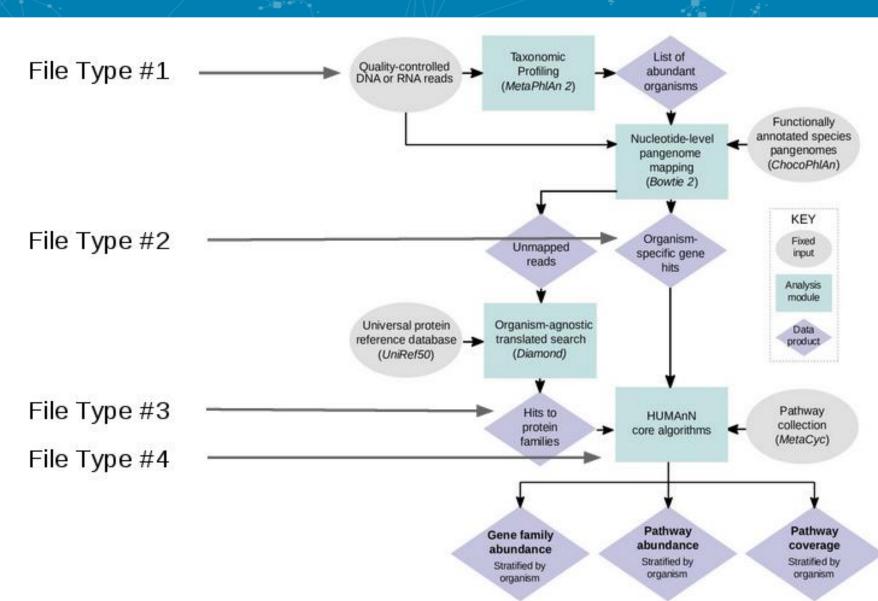


### HUMAnN3工作原理

易 生 値

- •File Type 1 (a qualitycontrolled metagenome or metatranscriptome)
  - fastq (fastq.gz)
  - fasta (fasta.gz)
- •File Type 2 (alignment results type 1)
  - sam
  - Bam
- •File Type 3 (alignment results type 2)
  - blast-like tsv
- •File Type 4 (gene table)
  - tsv

• biom 易汉博基因科技(北京)有限公司 EHBIO Gene Technology (Beijing) co., LTD



#### 软件安装和数据库下载



- o humann有参宏基因组物种和功能定量流程 conda install humann
- o 查看可用数据库并设置下载位置 humann\_databases # 显示可用数据库
- 输助比对数据库 2.6G
   humann\_databases --download utility\_mapping full ~/db/humann3
- 微生物物种核心基因 16G
   humann\_databases --download chocophlan full ~/db/humann3
- o 功能基因diamond索引 20G

humann\_databases --download uniref uniref90\_diamond ~/db/humann3



#### 配置数据库配置



查看参数和数据库位置是否正确

humann\_config --print

常用修改线程数、核酸、蛋白库和多种功能注释数据库位置

humann\_config --update run\_modes threads 8

humann\_config --update database\_folders utility\_mapping

~/db/humann3/utility\_mapping

humann\_config --update database\_folders nucleotide ~/db/humann3/chocophlan

humann\_config --update database\_folders protein ~/db/humann3/uniref



# (可选)HUMAnN3物种和功能数据库手动下载



# humann3数据库无法自动下载,备用链接下载安装

wget -c ftp://download.nmdc.cn/tools/meta/humann3/full\_chocophlan.v201901\_v31.tar.gz

wget -c ftp://download.nmdc.cn/tools/meta/humann3/uniref90\_annotated\_v201901b\_full.tar.gz

wget -c ftp://download.nmdc.cn/tools/meta/humann3/full\_mapping\_v201901b.tar.gz

#安装、解压

mkdir -p \${db}/humann3/chocophlan

tar xvzf full\_chocophlan.v201901\_v31.tar.gz -C \${db}/humann3/chocophlan

mkdir -p \${db}/humann3/uniref

tar xvzf uniref90\_annotated\_v201901b\_full.tar.gz -C \${db}/humann3/uniref

mkdir -p \${db}/humann3/utility\_mapping

tar xvzf full\_mapping\_v201901b.tar.gz -C \${db}/humann3/utility\_mapping







#### 2.1 合并双端文件



。 有参宏基因组不考虑双端,将双端文件直接合并为一个文件

# 创建目录存放合并后的序列

mkdir -p temp/concat

# for循环调用cat合并每一个样品

for i in `tail -n+2 result/metadata.txt | cut -f 1`;do \

cat temp/qc/\${i}\*\_?.fastq > temp/concat/\${i}.fq; done

# 查看样品数量和大小

Is -sh temp/concat/\*.fq







## 大文件加速(只用单端和/或截取, 牺牲精度换速度)



- o 方法1. 仅链接左端为输入文件(提速50%, 节省1倍文件空间)
  - for i in `tail -n+2 result/metadata.txt|cut -f1`;do In -sf `pwd`/temp/qc/\${i}\_1.fastq temp/concat/\${i}.fq done
- 方法2. 控制标准样比对时间。测序数据量通常为6~50G,同一样本分析时间可达10h~100h,严重浪费时间而浪费硬盘空间。可用head对单端分析截取20M序列,即3G,则为80M行

for i in `tail -n+2 result/metadata.txt|cut -f1`;do head -n80000000 temp/qc/\${i}\_1.fastq > temp/concat/\${i}.fq done



#### 2.2 HUMAnN3计算物种和功能组成



mkdir -p temp/humann3

如果数据库位置正确,只需输入文件和输出目录,经rush管理批量任务队列

tail -n+2 result/metadata.txt|cut -f1|rush -j 2 \

'humann --input temp/concat/\${i}.fq --output temp/humann3/ --threads 3

metaphlan-options '--bowtie2db /db/metaphlan4 --index

mpa\_vOct22\_CHOCOPhlAnSGB\_202212 --offline'"

#核心步骤,测序数据2 X 8 = 16线程,用时1h,真实数据可能要几小时至几天



#### 2.3 物种组成分析



mkdir -p result/metaphlan4

- o # 样品结果合并
  - merge\_metaphlan\_tables.py
    temp/humann/\*\_humann\_temp/\*\_metaphlan\_bugs\_list.tsv | \
    sed 's/\_metaphlan\_bugs\_list//g' > result/metaphlan4/taxonomy.tsv
- # 转换为spf格式方便stamp分析 metaphlan\_to\_stamp.pl result/metaphlan4/taxonomy.tsv \ > result/metaphlan4/taxonomy.spf
- o metaphlan\_to\_stamp.pl脚本来自<u>microbiome helper</u>项度,整合至 <u>EasyMicrobiome</u>



# 筛选样本中某一丰度的分类(2StatPlot.sh)



。 # (可选)筛选>0.5%的分类, 绘制维恩图

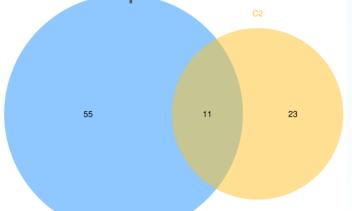
awk 'BEGIN{OFS=FS="\t"}{if(FNR==1) {for(i=2;i<=NF;i++) a[i]=\$i;} \

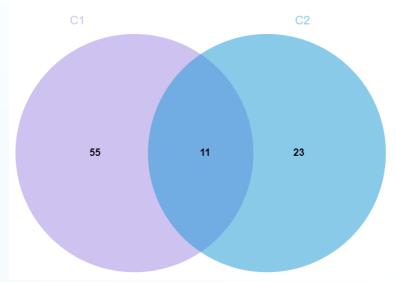
else {for(i=2;i<=NF;i++) if(\$i>0.5) print \$1, a[i];}}' \

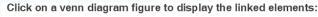
result/metaphlan4/taxonomy.tsv \

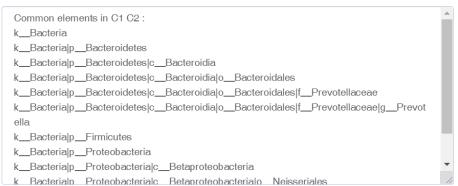
> result/metaphlan4/taxonomy\_high.tsv

wc -l result/metaphlan4/taxonomy\_high.tsv









#### http://www.ehbio.com/test/venn/#/



Mei Yang, Tong Chen, Yong-Xin Liu, *et al.* 2024. Visualizing set relationships: EVenn's comprehensive approach to Venn diagrams. *iMeta* 3: e184. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1002/imt2.184">https://doi.org/10.1002/imt2.184</a>

#### 评估样本物种组成和分组聚类——更灵活绘制热图



- o 方法1. metaphlan\_hclust\_heatmap.py 脚本服务器绘制热图,依赖关系和环境变量复杂
- o 方法2. Excel筛选 metaphlan4/taxonomy.tsv 并在线绘制热图
- o 方法3. R数据筛选taxonomy.spf并用pheatmap绘制热图,可指定分类

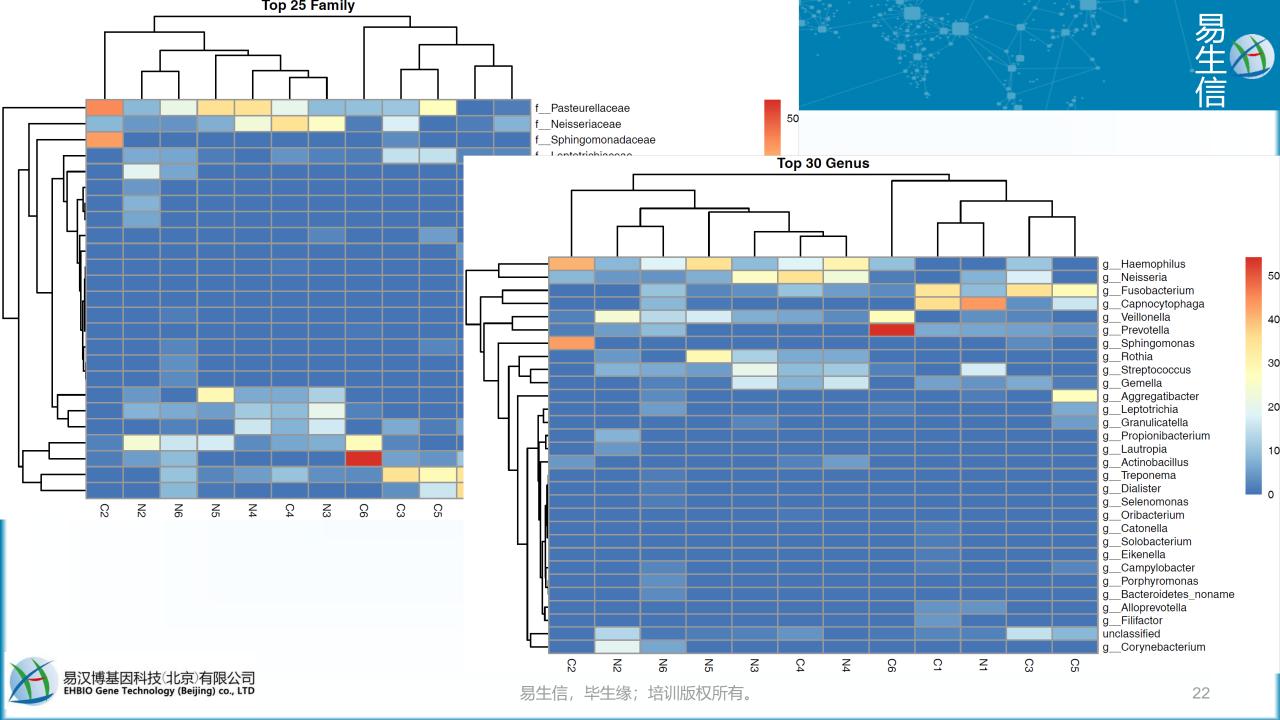
级别、物种数量

Rscript \$sd/metaphlan\_hclust\_heatmap.R \

- -i result/metaphlan4/taxonomy.spf \
- -t Order \
- -n 25 \
- -o result/metaphlan4/heatmap\_Order







#### 2.4.1 功能组成合并、标准化和分层



#### 。 # 合并所有样品

humann\_join\_tables --input temp/humann --file\_name pathabundance \
--output result/humann3/pathabundance.tsv
sed -i 's/\_Abundance//g' result/humann3/pathabundance.tsv

#### o #标准化为相对丰度relab或百万分数cpm

humann\_renorm\_table --input result/humann3/pathabundance.tsv --units relab \ --output result/humann3/pathabundance\_relab.tsv

#### o #分层结果

humann\_split\_stratified\_table --input result/humann3/pathabundance\_relab.tsv \
--output result/humann3/



## 2.4.2 添加分组和差异比较



#### # 手动或用Shell有表头下面添加分组行

# Pathway	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	N1	N2	N3	N4	N5	N6
Group	Cancer	Cancer	Cancer	Cancer	Cancer	Cancer	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
ANAGLYCOLY	SIS-PWY: glycoly	ysis III (from gluc	ose)	12.7763613320	3.3803273747	3.4161087641	15.4265476544	12.7441068874	8.6332745611	0	3.5400735715	18.6514
ANAGLYCOLY	SIS-PWY: glycoly	ysis III (from gluc	ose) gFusobac	terium.sFusoba	acterium_nucleat	tum	5.0005085292	0	0	0	4.1457115522	0
ANAGLYCOLY	SIS-PWY: glycol	ysis III (from gluc	ose) gHaemopl	nilus.sHaemopl	hilus_parainfluer	nzae	0	0	0	3.5541892578	0	2.0826450377

# KW差异比较:输入input、分组focal、分组类型type、分组行结果、

FDR和输出output; 结果包括特征对应各组均值和统计值

humann\_associate --input result/humann/pathabundance.pcl \

- --focal-metadatum Group --focal-type categorical \
- --last-metadatum Group --fdr 0.05 \
- --output result/humann3/associate.txt

样本少无显著差异,改用HMP中每组各十个样本的数据集





#### HMP数据——差异比较



#### #使用HMP示例数据,样本名下面有分组信息,需要手动制作

FEATURE \ SAMPLE SRS011084 SRS011086 SRS011090 Stool Stool Stool

1CMET2-PWY: N10-formyl-tetrahydrofolate biosynthesis 0.000498359 0.000628096 0.000304951

1CMET2-PWY: N10-formyl-tetrahydrofolate biosynthesis|g\_\_Acidovorax.s\_\_Acidovorax\_ebreus 0 0 0

humann\_associate --input hmp\_pathabund.pcl --focal-metadatum Group --focal-type categorical --last-metadatum Group --fdr 0.05 --output associate.txt

# Feature Level means (|ed) P-value Q-value

P163-PWY: L-lysine fermentation to acetate and butanoate Stool:3.133e-08|Supragingival\_plaque:5.385e-05 1.253e-30 4.261e-28

PWY-3781: aerobic respiration I (cytochrome c) Stool:1.464e-07|Supragingival\_plaque:0.0002634 4.076e-30 4.62e-28 PWY66-409: superpathway of purine nucleotide salvage Stool:0|Supragingival\_plaque:0.000106 2.986e-30 4.62e-28

PWY1F-823: leucopelargonidin and leucocyanidin biosynthesis Stool:4.877e-09|Supragingival\_plaque:4.695e-05 1.402e-29 1.192e

PWY1F-823: leucopelargonidin and leucocyanidin biosynthesis Stool:4.877e-09|Supragingivai\_plaque:4.695e-05 1.402e-29 1.192e-27

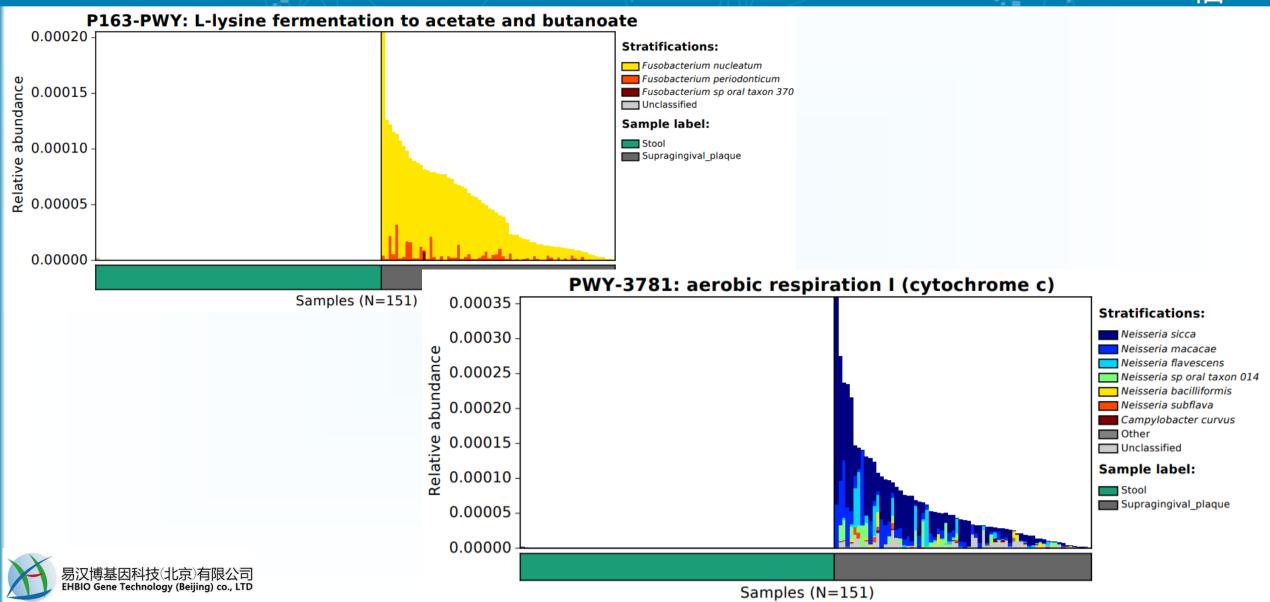
humann\_barplot --input hmp\_pathabund.pcl --focal-feature PWY-3781 -

-focal-metadata Group --last-metadata Group --output barplot\_PWY-

3781.pdf --sort sum metadata

#### --sort sum metadata先按分组,再按丰度





### 2.4.3 转换为KEGG注释



# 转换基因家族为KO(uniref90\_ko),可选eggNOG(uniref90\_eggnog)或酶

(uniref90\_level4ec)

for i in `tail -n+2 result/metadata.txt|cut -f1`;do humann\_regroup\_table \

- -i temp/humann3/\${i}\_genefamilies.tsv \
- -g uniref90\_ko \
- -o temp/humann3/\${i}\_ko.tsv

done

#合并,并修正样本名

humann\_join\_tables \

- --input temp/humann3/\
- --file\_name ko \
- --output result/humann3/ko.tsv

# Gene Family	KO1	WT1
K00029	0	23.999
K00029 g_Pseudomonas.s_Pseudomon	0	23.999
K00031	8.81	7.018
K00031 g_Agrobacterium.s_Agrobacter	0	1.802
K00031 unclassified	8.81	5.215
K00032	0	8.48
K00032 gPseudomonas.sPseudomon	0	8.48
K00033	0	12.989
K00033 g_Bacillus.s_Bacillus_megateriu	0	3.454
K00033 gPseudomonas.sPseudomon	0	9.535
K00035	0	1.285
K00035 g_Agrobacterium.s_Agrobacter	0	1.285
K00036	0	46.161
K00036 g_Agrobacterium.s_Agrobacter	0	0.754
K00036 g_Bacillus.s_Bacillus_megateriu	0	5.084
K00036 g_Pseudomonas.s_Pseudomon	0	40.324





#### 总结



- HUMAnN3调用MetaPhlAn4比对上万个物种的数据库,可快速、准确获得细菌、真菌、古菌、病毒、真核生物等的物种组成
- merge\_metaphlan\_tables.py合并、metaphlan\_hclust\_heatmap.py 绘制丰度热图,metaphlan\_to\_stamp.pl生成STAMP输入文件
- HUMAnN3比对UniRef数据库获得功能组成;注意数据库位置设置; 了解其依赖关系以便解决依赖关系错误的问题
- 结果包括功能通路丰度组成和功能通路具体来源的物种,提供join, norm, stratified等脚本实现合并、标准化和分层
- o associate, barplot脚本实现组间KW检验和通路组成可视化
- o humann\_regroup\_table脚本转换基因家族为KO/eggNOG/EC等注释



# 参考资源



- o <u>宏基因组公众号文章目录</u> <u>生信宝典公众号文章目录</u>
- 科学出版社《微生物组数据分析》——50+篇
- o Bio-protocol《微生物组实验手册》——153篇
- o Protein Cell: 扩增子和宏基因组数据分析实用指南
- o CMJ: 人类微生物组研究设计、样本采集和生物信息分析指南
- o 加拿大生信网 <a href="https://bioinformatics.ca/">https://bioinformatics.ca/</a> 宏基因组课程中文版
- 美国高通量开源课程 <a href="https://github.com/ngs-docs">https://github.com/ngs-docs</a>
- Curtis Huttenhower <a href="http://huttenhower.sph.harvard.edu/">http://huttenhower.sph.harvard.edu/</a>
  - Nicola Segata <a href="http://segatalab.cibio.unitn.it/">http://segatalab.cibio.unitn.it/</a>







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