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sahilrao736@gmail.com v

NPTEL (https://swayam.gov.in/explorer?ncCode=NPTEL) » Programming in C++ (course)

Announcements (announcements) About the Course (preview) Ask a Question (forum)

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Unit 2 - Week 0

Course

How does an NPTEL online course work?

Week 0

• Quiz : Assignment 0 (assessment? name=120)

Week 1

- Module 1 : Recap of C (Lecture 01) (unit? unit=17&lesson=18)
- Module 1 : Recap of C (Lecture 02) (unit? unit=17&lesson=19)
- Module 1 : Recap of C (Lecture 03) (unit? unit=17&lesson=20)
- Module 2 : Programs with IO and Loop

Assignment 0

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2020-09-14, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2020-09-13, 23:54 IST

```
What is the output / Error of the following program?
Note: sizeof(int) = 4

#include <stdio.h>

main() {
    typedef int x[2];
    x myArray[3] = { 1, 2, 3, 4 }; // Line-1
    printf("%u", sizeof(myArray)); // Line-2
    printf(" %d", myArray[1][0]); // Line-3

    return 0;
}
```

- a) Error in Line-1: wrong typedef, mismatch of declared size and defined size.
- □ b) Output Line-2: 16
 - c) Output Line-2: 24
- d) Output Line-3: 3

Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1

1 point

```
Accepted Answers:
  (Lecture 04)
  (unit?
                          c) Output Line-2: 24
  unit=17&lesson=21)
                          d) Output Line-3: 3
 Module 3 :
  Arrays and
                        2)
                                                                                                           1 point
  Strings (Lecture
                         Which of the following is/are not a valid variable name/s in C-Language?
  05) (unit?
  unit=17&lesson=22)
                               a) int num;
 Module 4 :
  Sorting and
                           b) float rate@12;
  Searching
  (Lecture 06)
                           c) char* _123;
  (unit?
                           d) float main;
  unit=17&lesson=23)
 Module 5 : Stack
                         Yes, the answer is correct.
  and Its
                         Score: 1
  Applications
                         Accepted Answers:
  (Lecture 07)
                          b) float rate@12;
  (unit?
  unit=17&lesson=24)
                        3)
                                                                                                           1 point
                               Find out the output / Error in the following program.
 Lecture Materials
  (unit?
                               #include<stdio.h>
  unit=17&lesson=25)
 Quiz :
                               enum hello \{a, b, c = 20.1, d\};
  Assignment 1
  (assessment?
  name=123)
                               main() {
                                    enum hello m = c;
 W1_Programming-
  Qs1
                                    printf("%d", d);
  (/noc20_cs57/progassignment?
  name=126)
                                    return 0;
 W1_Programming-
                               }
  (/noc20_cs57/progassignment?
                              a) 21
  name=127)
                           b) 3
 W1 Programming-
  Qs3
  (/noc20_cs57/progassignment?
                              c) 21.1
  name=128)
                              d) Compilation Error: Non-integral constant not allowed in enum
Feedback For
                         Yes, the answer is correct.
  Week 1 (unit?
                         Score: 1
  unit=17&lesson=26)
                         Accepted Answers:
                          d) Compilation Error: Non-integral constant not allowed in enum
Week 2
                        4)
                                                                                                           1 point
Week 3
Week 4
Week 5
Week 6
Week 7
```

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Assignment Solution

Books

Live Interactive Session Consider the following program, identify the correct pair of truth statement if the program will be executed while it is saved with .c (Case-1) and .cpp (Case-2) extension.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
main() {
    struct emp {
        char name[10];
        unsigned int sal;
        void TestDisp() {
            printf("%s %u", name, sal);
        }
    };
    struct emp e1;
    strcpy(e1.name, "Employee-1");
    e1.sal = 20000;
    e1.TestDisp();
    return 0;
}
```

- a) Case-1: Error: function is not allowed inside structure. Case-2: Output: Employee-1 20000
- b) Case-1: Output: Employee-1 20000. Case-2: Error: function is not allowed inside structure.
- c) Case-1: Error: function is not allowed in structure. Case-2: Error: function is not allowed inside structure.
- d) Case-1: Output: Employee-1 20000. Case-2: Output: Employee-1 20000

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

a) Case-1: Error: function is not allowed inside structure. Case-2: Output: Employee-1 20000

```
5)
                                                                        1 point
    What will be the output of the following Program?
         #include <stdio.h>
         int main() {
             int i = 0:
             for(i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
                  switch (i) {
                      case 0: i += 2;
                      case 1: i += 5;
                      case 5: i += 5;
                      default: i += 3;
                      break ;
                  printf("%d", i);
             return 0;
         }
  a) 2 7 12 15 16 17 18 19 20
  b) 2 5 10 13 16 19
  © c) 15 19

    d) Compilation Error

 Yes, the answer is correct.
 Score: 1
 Accepted Answers:
 c) 15 19
6)
                                                                        1 point
Consider the following linked list:
                              I \to I \to T \to K \to G \to P
What is the output of following function when it is called with the head of the list?
void fun(struct node* start) {
    if (start == NULL)
        return;
    printf("%c ", start->data); // Considering data is of 'char' type
    if (start->next != NULL)
        fun(start->next->next);
    printf("%c ", start->data);
}
  a) ITGIG
  ○ b) I T G G
```

- © c) ITGGTI
- d) ITGITG

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

c) ITGGTI

7) 1 point

A single array A[1..MAXSIZE] is used to implement two stacks. The two stacks grow from opposite ends of the array. Variables top1 and top2 (top1 < top 2) point to the location of the topmost element in each of the stacks. If the space is to be used efficiently, the condition for stack full is:

- a) (top1 = MAXSIZE/2) and (top2 = MAXSIZE/2+1)
- b) top1 + top2 = MAXSIZE
- c) (top1 = MAXSIZE/2) or (top2 = MAXSIZE)
- d) top1 = top2 1

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

d) top1 = top2 - 1

B) 1 point

The seven elements A, B, C, D, E, F and G are pushed onto a stack in reverse order, i.e., starting from G. The stack is popped five times and each element is inserted into a queue. Two elements are deleted from the queue and pushed back onto the stack. Now, one element is popped from the stack. The popped item is:

- (a) A
- b) B
- 0 c) F
- (d) G

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

b) B

9) 1 point

Consider an array A[20][10], assume 4 words per memory cell and the base address of array A is 100. What is the address of A[11][5]? Assume row major storage and index starting with zero.

- a) 560
- b) 565
- o c) 570
- (d) 575

```
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 1
Accepted Answers:
  a) 560
10)
                                                                                  1 point
Consider the following code snippet and identify the correct declaration statement/s inside
function main(), associated with the definition of func().
void func(int a) {
    printf("Value of a is %d\n", a);
}
int main() {
    void (*fun_ptr1)(int) = func; // Statement-1
     void (*fun_ptr2)(int) = &func; // Statement-2
     void (*fun_ptr3)() = &func; // Statement-3
     void (*fun_ptr4)() = func;
                                     // Statement-4
    return 0;
}
  a) Statement-1
  b) Statement-2
  c) Statement-3
  d) Statement-4
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 1
Accepted Answers:
 a) Statement-1
 b) Statement-2
11)
                                                                                  1 point
 Consider an array
                          int num[] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\};
p1 and p2 are two pointers of type (int *). If p1 = num and p2 = p1 + 5 then what is the
 value of (char*)p2 - (char*)p1.
 Note: int and char takes 4 bytes and 1 byte respectively.
  (a) 5
  b) 16
  © c) 20
  O d) 24
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 1
Accepted Answers:
 c) 20
```