1

Random Numbers

*Govinda Rohith Y

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Abstract—This manual provides solutions to the Assignment on Random Numbers

1 Uniform Random Numbers

Let U be a uniform random variable between 0 and 1.

1.1 Generate 10^6 samples of U using a C program and save into a file called uni.dat .

Solution: Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/1.1.c

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/source.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands

1.2 Load the uni.dat file into python and plot the empirical CDF of *U* using the samples in uni.dat. The CDF is defined as

$$F_U(x) = \Pr\left(U \le x\right) \tag{1.1}$$

Solution: The following code plots Fig. 1.2

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/1.2.py Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.1.2

\$ python3 1.2.py

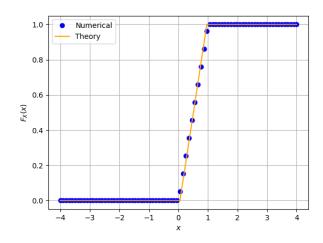


Fig. 1.2: The CDF of U

1.3 Find a theoretical expression for $F_U(x)$. **Solution:** Given U is a uniform Random Variable

$$p_U(x) = 1$$
 for (1.2)

$$F_U(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p_U(x) dx \qquad (1.3)$$

$$\implies F_U(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x \le 0 \\ x & 0 < x < 1 \\ 1 & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$
 (1.4)

1.4 The mean of U is defined as

$$E[U] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} U_i$$
 (1.5)

and its variance as

$$var[U] = E[U - E[U]]^2$$
 (1.6)

Write a C program to find the mean and variance of U.

Solution: Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/1.4.c

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/source.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands

\$ gcc 1.4.c \$./a.out

1.5 Verify your result theoretically given that

$$E\left[U^{k}\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{k} dF_{U}(x) \tag{1.7}$$

Solution:

$$\operatorname{var}[U] = E\left[U - E\left[U\right]\right]^{2}$$

$$(1.8)$$

$$\Rightarrow \operatorname{var}[U] = E\left[U^{2}\right] - E\left[U\right]^{2}$$

$$(1.9)$$

$$E\left[U\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x dF_{U}(x)$$

$$(1.10)$$

$$E\left[U\right] = \int_{0}^{1} x \qquad (1.11)$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[E\left[U\right] = \frac{1}{2}\right] \qquad (1.12)$$

$$E\left[U^{2}\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{2} dF_{U}(x)$$

$$(1.13)$$

$$E[U^{2}] = \int_{0}^{1} x^{2} dF_{U}(x)$$
 (1.14)

$$\implies E\left[U^2\right] = \frac{1}{3} \tag{1.15}$$

$$\implies \text{var}[U] = \frac{1}{12} = 0.0833$$
 (1.16)

2 Central Limit Theorem

2.1 Generate 10⁶ samples of the random variable

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{12} U_i - 6 \tag{2.1}$$

using a C program, where U_i , i = 1, 2, ..., 12 are a set of independent uniform random variables between 0 and 1 and save in a file called gau.dat

Solution: Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/2.1.c

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/source.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands

\$ gcc 2.1.c \$./a.out

2.2 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical CDF of *X* using the samples in gau.dat. What properties does a CDF have?

Solution: The CDF of X is plotted in Fig. 2.2 using the code below

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/2.2.py

Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.2.2

\$ python3 2.2.py

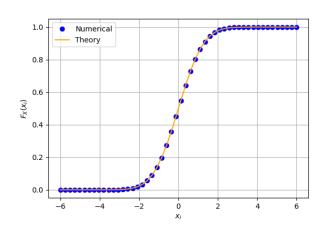


Fig. 2.2: The CDF of X

Some of the properties of CDF

a) $\lim_{x\to\infty} F_X(x) = 1$

- b) $F_X(x)$ is non decreasing function.
- c) Symmetric about one point.
- 2.3 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical PDF of *X* using the samples in gau.dat. The PDF of *X* is defined as

$$p_X(x) = \frac{d}{dx} F_X(x) \tag{2.2}$$

What properties does the PDF have?

Solution: The PDF of *X* is plotted in Fig. 2.3 using the code below

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/2.3.py

Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.2.3

\$ python3 2.3.py

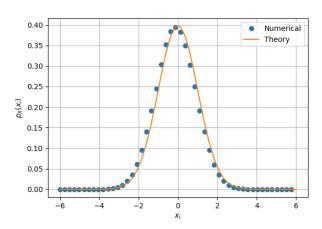


Fig. 2.3: The PDF of X

Some of the properties of the PDF:

- a) Symmetric about $x = \mu$ in this case
- b) Decreasing function for $x > \mu$ and increasing for $x < \mu$ and attains maximum at $x = \mu$
- c) Area under the curve is unity.
- 2.4 Find the mean and variance of *X* by writing a C program.

Solution: Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/2.4.c

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/source.h Download the above files and execute the following commands

2.5 Given that

$$p_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right), -\infty < x < \infty, \quad (2.3)$$

repeat the above exercise theoretically.

Solution:

1) CDF is given by

$$F_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p_X(x) dx \qquad (2.4)$$

$$F_X(x) = 1 \tag{2.5}$$

2) Mean is given by

$$E(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x p_X(x) dx$$
 (2.6)

$$\Longrightarrow \boxed{E(x) = 0} \tag{2.7}$$

3) Variance is given by

$$var[U] = E(U^2) - (E(U))^2$$
 (2.8)

$$Ex^2 = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 p_X(x) dx \tag{2.9}$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} x^2 exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \qquad (2.10)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left(x \int x exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \right) \quad (2.11)$$

$$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}\int\int\left(xexp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right)\right)dx.dx$$
(2.12)

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \qquad (2.13)$$

$$=\frac{\sqrt{2\pi}}{\sqrt{2\pi}}\tag{2.14}$$

$$= 1 \implies \text{var}[U] = 1 \tag{2.15}$$

3 From Uniform to Other

3.1 Generate samples of

$$V = -2\ln(1 - U) \tag{3.1}$$

and plot its CDF.

Solution: Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/3.1.c

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/source.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands

The CDF of *V* is plotted in Fig. 3.1 using the code below

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/3.1pyth.py

Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.3.1

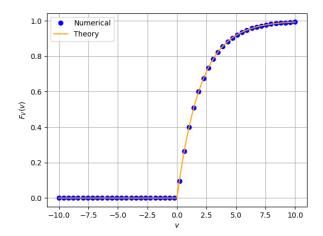


Fig. 3.1: The CDF of V

3.2 Find a theoretical expression for $F_V(x)$. **Solution:** If Y = g(X), we know that $F_Y(y) = F_X(g^{-1}(y))$, here

$$V = -2\ln(1 - U) \tag{3.2}$$

$$1 - U = e^{\frac{-V}{2}} \tag{3.3}$$

$$U = 1 - e^{\frac{-V}{2}} \tag{3.4}$$

$$F_V(x) = F_U(1 - e^{\frac{-x}{2}})$$
 (3.5)

$$\implies F_V(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 1 - e^{\frac{-x}{2}} & x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$
 (3.6)

4 Triangular Distribution

4.1 Generate

$$T = U_1 + U_2 (4.1)$$

Solution: Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/4.1.c

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/source.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands

4.2 Find the CDF of T.

Solution: The CDF of T is plotted in Fig. 4.2 using the code below

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/4.5cdf.py

Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.4.2

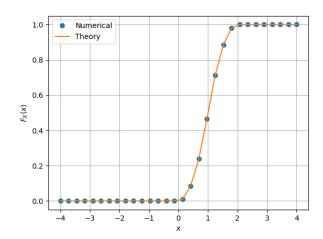


Fig. 4.2: The CDF of T

4.3 Find the PDF of T.

Solution: The PDF of T is plotted in Fig. 4.2 using the code below

wget https://github.com/GovindaRohith/ Assignments/blob/main/Randomnum/ codes/4.5pdf.py

Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.4.2

\$ python3 4.5pdf.py

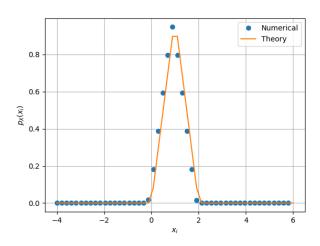


Fig. 4.3: The PDF of T

4.4 Find the Theoreotical Expression for the PDF and CDF of *T*

Solution:

$$T = U_1 + U_2 (4.2)$$

$$\implies p_T(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t p_{U1}(x) p_{U2}(y) dx \qquad (4.3)$$

$$As, p_{U1}(x) = p_{U1}(y) = p_U(u)$$
 (4.4)

$$\implies p_T(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t p_U(u) p_U(t-u) du \quad (4.5)$$

a) Theoretical PDF

i) $t \le 1$

$$p_T(t) = \int_0^t p_U(t - u) du$$
 (4.6)

$$\implies p_T(t) = \int_0^t du = t \tag{4.7}$$

ii) t > 1

$$p_T(t) = \int_0^1 p_U(t - u) du \qquad (4.8)$$

$$\implies p_T(t) = \int_{t-1}^1 du = 2 - t$$
 (4.9)

$$\implies P_T(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 \le t \le 1\\ 2 - t & 1 < t \le 2\\ 0 & t < 0 \text{ or } t > 2 \end{cases}$$

b) Theoretical CDF

$$F_T(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t p_T(u) du \tag{4.10}$$

$$\implies F_T(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ \frac{t^2}{2} & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 2t - 1 - \frac{t^2}{2} & 1 < t \le 2 \\ 1 & t > 2 \end{cases}$$

4.5 Verify your results through a plot **Solution:** The Results are verified in the plots Fig 4.2 and Fig 4.3