GRADE 100%

## **Optional Not Graded Quiz on Constraints**

TOTAL POINTS 4	
1.	Which Relational Constraint prevents duplicate rows in a table?  Check constraint  Semantic Integrity Constraint  Entity Integrity constraint  All of the above  Correct  Correct. A primary key uniquely identifies each row in a table. The Entity Integrity Constraint does not allow for Primary key to have NULL or duplicate values. If primary keys could have NULL values, you could end up with duplicate rows in a table.
2.	Which Relational Constraint ensures the validity of the data using a combination of Primary Keys and Foreign Keys.  Semantic Integrity Constraint  Referential Integrity Constraint  Domain Constraint  None of the above
3.	Which of the following statement(s) are correct about primary keys?  The value of the Primary Key must be unique for each instance of the entity.  Correct This statement is true. If you only selected this response, note that one or more of the other responses are also correct.  The Primary Key is immutable.i.e., once created the value of the Primary Key cannot be changed.  Correct This statement is true. If you only selected this response, note that one or more of the other responses are also correct.  Primary keys can not have missing values (or NULL) values.  Correct This statement is true. If you only selected this response, note that one or more of the other responses are also correct.  None of the above.
4.	Which of the following statements is true?  A Foreign Key uniquely identifies each row in a dependent table  A Foreign Key refers to a primary key of another table  A table can have either a primary key or a foreign key, but not both  None of the above  Correct  Correct A foreign key is a column or set of columns referring to a primary key of another table.