

Program-3 Infix to postfix conversion

WAP to convert a given Prefix arithmetic expression to postfix expression. The expression consists of single character operands and binary operators.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <string.h>
#define N 100
int stack[N];
int top = -1;

void push(char c)
{
    if (top == N-1)
    {
        printf("Overflow Stack overflow\n");
        return;
    }
    stack[++top] = c;
    return;
}

char pop()
{
    if (top == -1)
    {
        printf("Stack Underflow\n");
        return -1;
    }
    return stack[top--];
}

char peek()
{
    if (top == -1)
    {
        printf("Stack Underflow\n");
        return -1;
    }
    return stack[top];
}
```

Pseudocode

int is_operator(char c)

{ return (c == '^' || c == '*' || c == '/' || c == '+' ||
c == '-' || c == '%'); }

}

int precedence(char c)

{ switch(c)

{ case '^': return 3;

case '*':

case '/':

case '+': return 2;

case '-':

case '-': return 1;

default: return 0;

}

}

void infix_to_postfix(char *infix, char *postfix)

{ int k = 0;

char symbol;

push('(');

int len = strlen(infix);

infix[len] = '\0';

infix[len+1] = '\0';

for (int i = 0; i < len; i++)

{ char symbol = infix[i];

if (isalnum(symbol))

postfix[k++] = symbol;

```

else if (symbol == '(')
{
    push('(');
}
else if (isOperator(symbol))
{
    while (top != 0 && precedence(peek()) > precedence(symbol))
    {
        postfix[k++] = pop();
    }
    push(symbol);
}
else if (symbol == ')')
{
    while (top != 1 && peek() != '(')
    {
        postfix[k++] = pop();
    }
    pop();
}
postfix[k] = '\0';
}

```

int main()

{ char infix[N], postfix[N];

printf("Enter an infix expression

Output :

Enter an infix expression

(a+b) * (c-d)

The postfix expression is : ab+cd-*

See