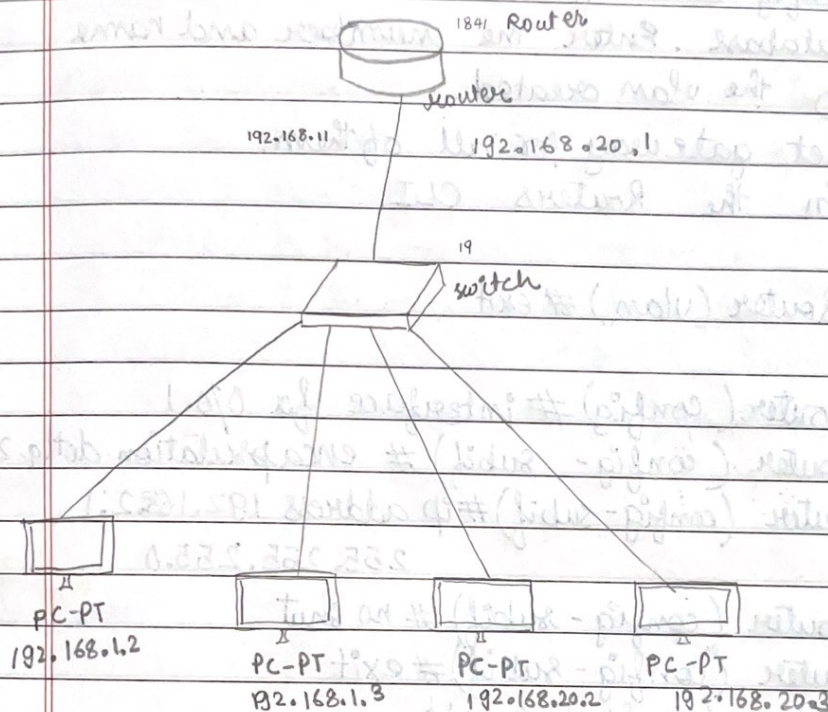


VIRTUAL LAN

Aim: To create a VLAN using class C type addresses.

Topology:



Procedure:

- Create a topology of a 1841 router, a switch, and 4 PT-PC's.
- IP address is assigned to all the devices.
- In switch, go to config tab and select VLAN Database.
- Give any VLAN number say 2 here & include any name.
- Then add.
- Select the interface near the switch from router and make it Trunk.

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- VLAN trunking allows switches to forward frames from different VLAN's over a single link called trunk.
- This makes the switch understand NEWVLAN
- Next the router is to understand NEWVLAN
- Config tab of router select VLAN database. Enter the number and name of the vlan created
- Set gateway for all of them.
- In the Routers CLI.

Router (vlan) # exit

Router (config) # interface fa 0/0.1

Router (config-subif) # encapsulation dot1q 2

Router (config-subif) # ip address 192.168.2.1
255.255.255.0

Router (config-subif) # no shut

Router (config-subif) # exit

Router (config) # exit

Ping message from PC to another VLAN PC

Ping Output.

Packet Tracer PC command line 1.0

PC > Ping 192.168.20.3

Pinging 192.168.20.3 with 32 bytes of data:
Request timed out.

Reply from 192.168.20.3: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=127

Reply from 192.168.20.3: bytes=32 time=5ms TTL=127

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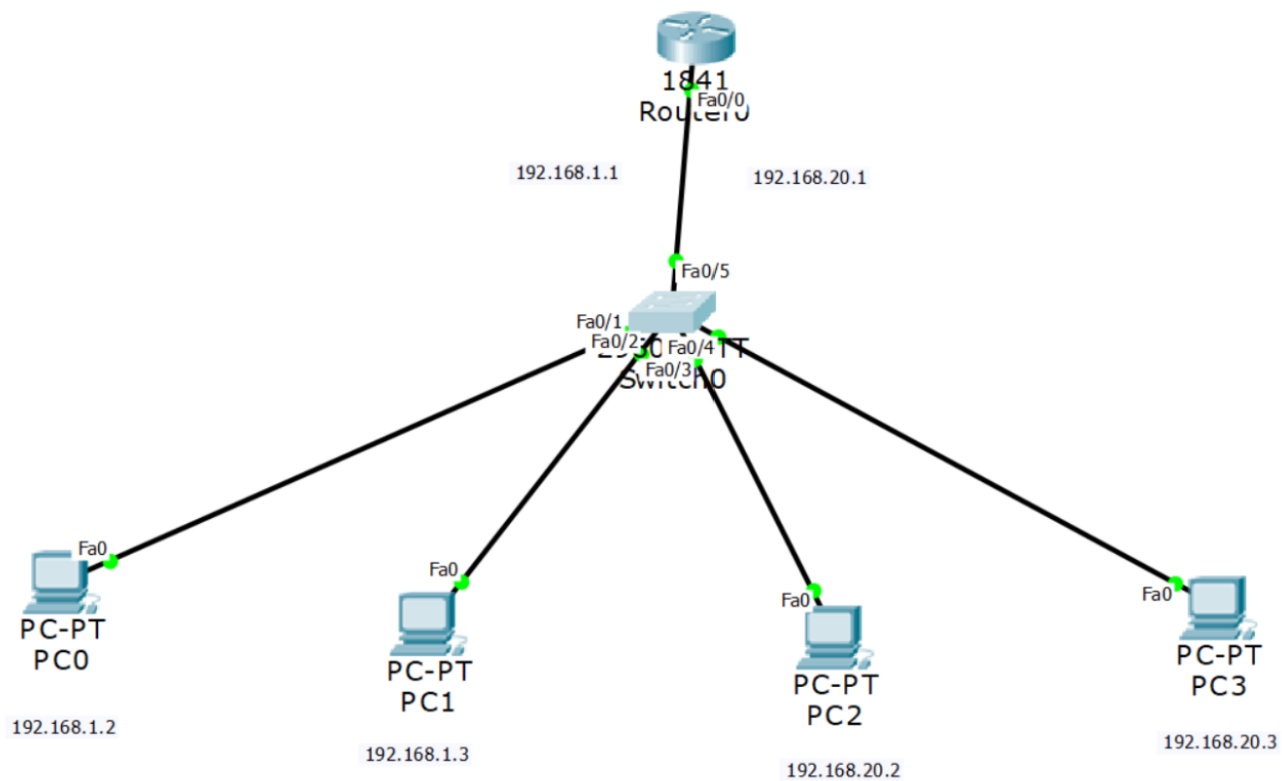
Reply from 192.168.20.3: bytes=32 time:0ms TTL=127
Ping statistics for 192.168.20.3.

Packets: sent=4, Received=3, lost=1 (25% loss)
Approximate round trip times in milliseconds:
minimum=0ms, Maximum=5ms, Average=1ms

Observation:

VLAN is a custom network which is created from one or more local area networks. It enables a group of devices available in multiple networks to be combined into one logical network. The result becomes a virtual LAN this is administered exactly like a physical VLAN. It is a virtual extension of LAN.

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--- System Configuration Dialog ---

Continue with configuration dialog? [yes/no]: n

Press RETURN to get started!

Router>enable

Router#vlan database

% Warning: It is recommended to configure VLAN from config mode,
as VLAN database mode is being deprecated. Please consult user
documentation for configuring VTP/VLAN in config mode.

Router(vlan)#vlan 20 name NEWVLAN

VLAN 20 modified:

Name: NEWVLAN

Router(vlan)#exit

APPLY completed.

Exiting....

Router#config t

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

Router(config)#int fa0/5

%Invalid interface type and number

Router(config)#int fa0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shut

Router(config-if)#

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
exit

Router(config)#int fa 0/0.1

Router(config-subif)#

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0.1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0.1, changed state to up

Router(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1q 20

Router(config-subif)#ip address 192.168.20.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-subif)#no shut

Router(config-subif)#exit

Router(config)#



PC0

Physical

Config

Desktop

Custom Interface

Command Prompt

```
PC>ping 192.168.20.2
```

```
Pinging 192.168.20.2 with 32 bytes of data:
```

```
Request timed out.
```

```
Request timed out.
```

```
Request timed out.
```

```
Request timed out.
```

```
Ping statistics for 192.168.20.2:
```

```
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

```
PC>ping 192.168.20.2
```

```
Pinging 192.168.20.2 with 32 bytes of data:
```

```
Request timed out.
```

```
Reply from 192.168.20.2: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=127
```

```
Reply from 192.168.20.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=127
```

```
Reply from 192.168.20.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=127
```

```
Ping statistics for 192.168.20.2:
```

```
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
```

```
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
```

```
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

```
PC>
```