

EXPERIMENT-2

Configure IP address to routers in packet tracer. Explore the following messages: ping responses, destination unreachable, request timed out, reply.

Observation:

Experiment-2 (a)
Network connection using
Single Router

Aim:
Configuring IP address to routers, explore
ping responses, destination unreachable, request
timed out and reply.

Topology:

```
graph TD
    Router[Router] --- PC0[PC-0]
    Router --- PC1[PC-1]
    subgraph Router
        I1[10.0.0.10]
        I2[20.0.0.10]
    end
    subgraph PC0_Box [PC-0]
        IP0[10.0.0.1]
    end
    subgraph PC1_Box [PC-1]
        IP1[20.0.0.1]
    end
```

Procedure:

- 1) Connect two end devices to a router through copper cross-over cable.
- 2) Assign IP addresses to end devices.
- 3) Configure gateways in router through CLI using the following commands
 - a) enable
 - b) config t
 - c) interface <port>
 - d) ip address <ip address> <subnet mask>
 - e) no shut
 - f) exit
- 4) Set the respective gateways in the end

Devices.

⑤ Ping from one end user to another

Result:

Pinging 20.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out

Reply from 20.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=127

Reply from 20.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=127

Reply from 20.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=127

Ping statistics from 20.0.0.1:

Packets: Sent=4, Received=3, Lost=1 (25% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum=0ms, Maximum=1ms, Average=0ms

Observation:

Router is a device used to connect multiple networks. Router is capable of transferring packets from one network to another.

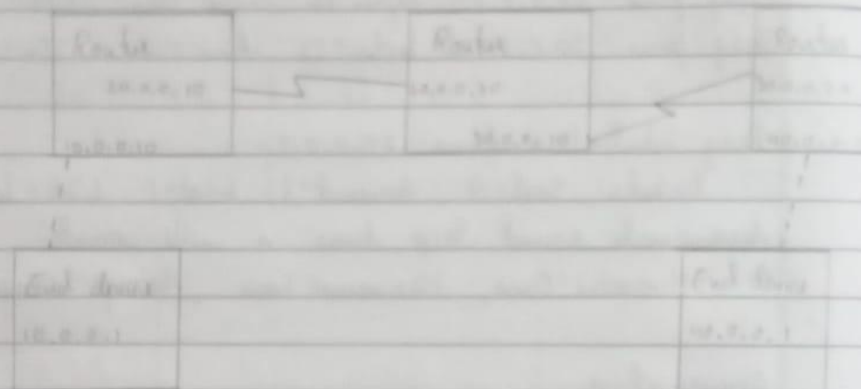
End device ~~sends~~ data packet to router. The destination IP address is noted by the router. The ~~packet~~ is redirected towards the concerned network by the router.

Experiment - 2 (b) Network with multiple routers

Aim:

Configuring IP address of multiple routers, exploring ping responses, destination unreachable, request timed out and reply.

Topology:



Procedure:

- ① Add two end devices and three routers to workspace.
- ② Connect routers to through serial DTE cable and end devices to routers through ~~copper~~ copper cross-over cable.
- ③ Assign IP addresses to all devices and gateways.
- ④ Configure gateways through CLI using following commands.
 - (a) enable
 - (b) config t
 - (c) interface <port>
 - (d) ip address <ip address> <subnet mask>

② no shut

③ exit

⑤ Using command `ip route <destination ip> <source ip>`, set path for each router.

⑥ Ping from one end device to another.

Result:

Pinging 40.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=12ms TTL=127

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=12ms TTL=127

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=127

Ping statistics from 40.0.0.1:

Packets: Sent=4, Received=3, Lost=1 (25% loss)

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds

Minimum=12ms Maximum=14ms Average=12ms

Observation:

Destination host Unreachable:

For each router, we need to define a route for packets to be moved to different networks.

Unless route is defined, packet will not reach destination. Following result is obtained when gateway isn't set

Reply from 10.0.0.10: Destination host unreachable

Reply from 10.0.0.10: Destination host unreachable

Reply from 10.0.0.10: Destination host unreachable

Reply from 10.0.0.10: Destination host unreachable

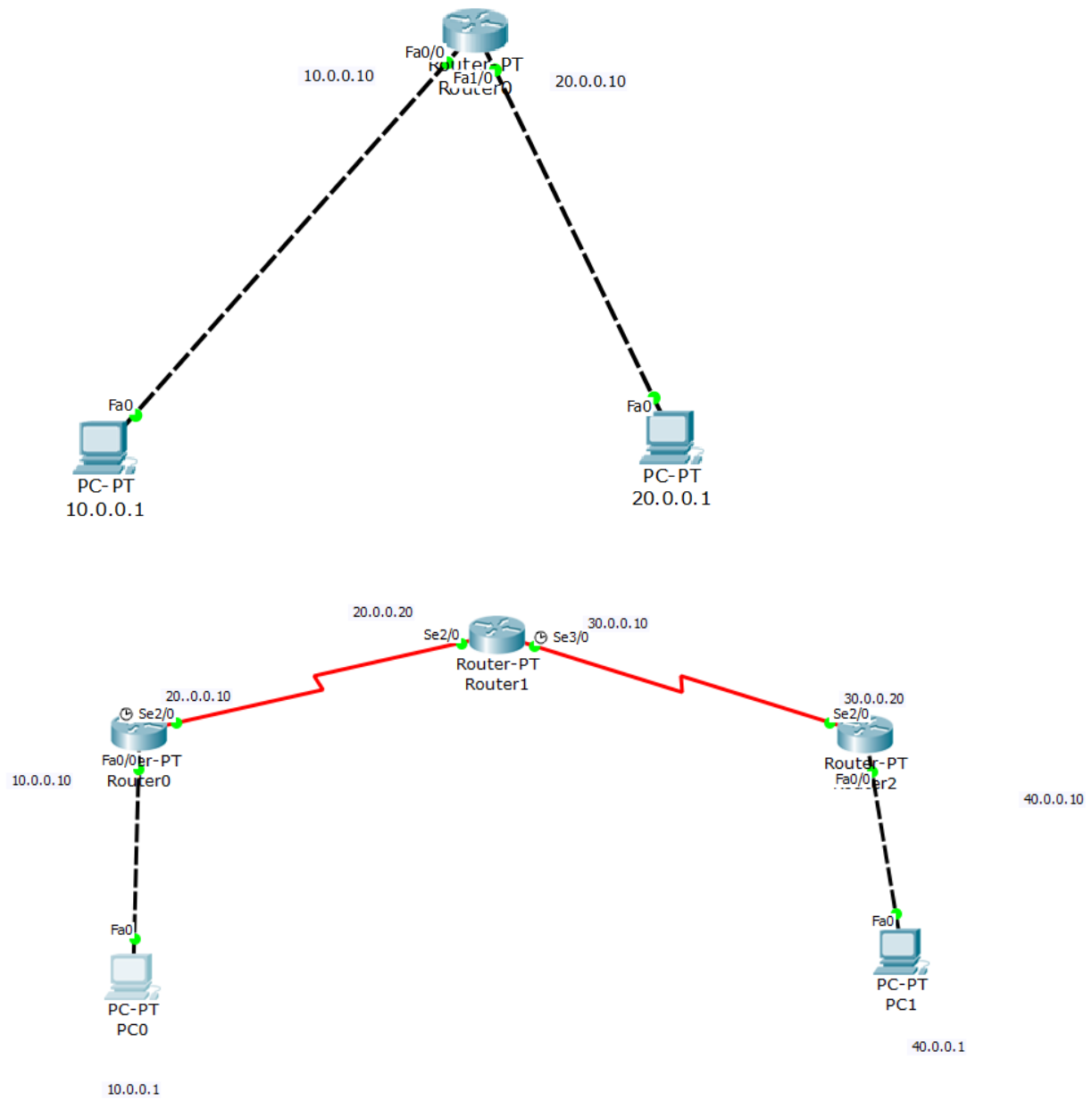
The above message signifies gateway 10.0.0.10 does not know where to redirect the packet to.

Request timed out:

On successful transmission from source to destination, an acknowledgement is sent from destination host to source host in the form of ICMP packets. If the acknowledgement ICMP message does not reach source, a 'request timed out' message is shown. It may be due to packet loss, physical issue in transmission or incorrect gateway assignment.

Since I am
replying from
and static routing
command
24/6/23

Topology:



Result:

