

WEEK 7

Write a program that demonstrates handling of exceptions in inheritance tree. Create a base class called "Father" and derived class called "Son" which extends the base class. In Father class, implement a constructor which takes the age and throws the exception WrongAge() when the input age<0. In Son class, implement a constructor that takes both father and son's age and throws an exception if son's age is >=father's age.

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class WrongAgeException extends Exception {
    public String toString() {
        return ("Negative age can't be accepted");
    }
}

class AgeException extends Exception {
    public String toString() {
        return ("Son can't be older than father");
    }
}

class Father {
    int father_age;

    Father(int x) throws WrongAgeException {
        father_age = x;
        if (father_age < 0) {
            throw new WrongAgeException();
        }
    }
}

class Son extends Father {
    int son_age;

    Son(int x, int y) throws AgeException, WrongAgeException {
        super(x);
        son_age = y;
        if (son_age < 0) {
```

```
        throw new WrongAgeException();
    }
    if (son_age >= father_age) {
        throw new AgeException();
    }
}
}

class Lab_7 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.println("Enter father's and son's ages");
            int x = s.nextInt();
            int y = s.nextInt();
            Son so = new Son(x, y);
            System.out.printf("Father is %d years old and son is %d years old", so.father_age,
so.son_age);
        } catch (WrongAgeException wa) {
            System.out.println(wa);
        } catch (AgeException a) {
            System.out.println(a);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.out.println("Enter valid values");
        }
    }
}
```

```
Enter father's and son's ages
35 15
Father is 35 years old and son is 15 years old
```

```
Enter father's and son's ages
-98 90
Negative age can't be accepted
```

```
Enter father's and son's ages
34 -9
Negative age can't be accepted
```

```
Enter father's and son's ages  
23 32  
Son can't be older than father
```

6. WAP that demonstrates handling of exceptions in inheritance tree. Create a base class called "Father" and derive class "Son" from "Father". In Father class, implement a constructor which takes the age and throws the exception WrongAge() when input age < 0. In Son class, implement a constructor that calls both Father and Son's age and throws an exception if son's age >= father's age.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class WrongAgeException extends Exception {
    public String toString() {
        return "Negative age can't be accepted";
    }
}
```

```
class AgeException extends Exception {
    public String toString() {
        return "Son can't be older than father";
    }
}
```

```
class Father {
    int father-age;
    Father (int x) throws WrongAgeException {
        father-age = x;
        if (father-age < 0) {
            throw new WrongAgeException();
        }
    }
}
```

class Son extends Father {
 int son-age;
 Son(int x, int y) throws AgeException, WrongAgeException {
 super(x);
 son-age = y;
 if (son-age < 0) {
 throw new WrongAgeException();
 }
 if (son-age >= father-age) {
 throw new AgeException();
 }
 }
 }

class Lab-7 {
 public static void main (String args[]) {
 try {
 Scanner s = new Scanner (System.in);
 System.out.println ("Enter father's and son's age");
 int x = s.nextInt();
 int y = s.nextInt();
 Son so = new Son(x, y);
 System.out.printf ("Father is %d years old and son is %d years old", so.father-age, so.fat son-age);
 }
 catch (WrongAgeException wa) {
 System.out.println (a);
 }
 catch (AgeException a) {
 System.out.println (a);
 }
 }
 }

