Implement Johnson Trotter to implement permutations

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int flag=0;
int swap (int* a, int * b)
{ int t = *a;
  * a = *b;
  *b = t;
}
int search (int arr[], int num, int mobile)
{
  int g;
  for (g=0; g<num; g++)
   { if (arr[g] == mobile)
    return g+1;
  else
  flag++;
  }
  return -1;
}
int find mobile (int arr[], int d[], int num)
{
  int mobile=0;
  int mobile_p=0;
int i;
for (i=0; i<num; i++)
  {
    if ((d[arr[i]-1]>=0) && (i!=0))
  {
```

```
if (arr[i] > arr[i-1] && arr[i] > mobile_p)
{
    mobile = arr[i];
    mobile_p = mobile;
}
else
{
    flag++
}
else if ((d[arr[i]-1] == 1) && i != num-1)
{
    if (arr[i] > arr[i+1] && arr[i] > mobile_p)
    {
        mobile = arr[i];
        mobile_p = mobile;
    }
    else
    flag++;
}
else
{
    flag++;
}
if (mobile_p == 0) || (mobile == 0))
return 0;
else
return mobile;
}
void permutation (int arr[], int d[],
                  int num)
{
int i;
int mobile = find_Mobile (arr, d, num);
int pos = search (arr, num, mobile);
```

```
if (d[ars[pos-1]-1] == 0)
swap (&ars[pos-1], &ars[pos-2]);
else
swap (&ars[pos-1], &ars[pos]);
for (int i=0; i<num; i++)
{
   if (ars(i) > mobile)
{
   if (d[ars[i]-1 == 0)
   d[ars[i]-1] = 1;
   else
   d[ars[i]-1] = 0;
}
}
for (i=0; i<num; i++)
{
   printf ("%d", ars[i]);
}
}
int factorial (int k)
{
   int f=1;
   int i=0;
   for (i=1; i<k+1; i++)
   f = f*i;
   return f;
}
int main ()
{
   int num 20;
   int a[1
```

```
int z=0;
printf ("Johnson Trotter algorithm - to find all
                permutations");
printf ("\nEnter the number");
printf ("%d", &num);
int ar[num], d[num];
z = factorial (num);
printf ("Total permutations = %d", z);
printf ("All possible permutations are :");
for (i=0; i<num; i++)
{
  d[i] = 0;
  ar[i] = i+1;
  printf ("%d", ar[i]);
}
printf ("\n");
for (j=1; d<z; j++)
  { permutations (ar, d, num);
  printf ("\n");
}
return 0;
}
```

Output

Enter the number
3
total permutations = 6
All possible permutations are:
1 2 3
1 3 2
3 1 2
3 2 1
2 3 1
2 1 3

```
Johnson trotter algorithm to find all permutations of given numbers
Enter the number
3
total permutations = 6
All possible permutations are:
 1  2  3
 1  3  2
 3  1  2
 3  2  1
 2  3  1
 2  1  3

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 5.505 s
Press any key to continue.
```