- 1. Write program to do the following:
 - a. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a digraph using BFS method.
 - b. Check whether a given graph is connected or not using DFS method.

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
int a[10][10],n,vis[10];
int dfs(int root){
  int j;
   vis[root]=1;
   for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
    if(a[root][j]==1&&vis[j]!=1)
    dfs(j);
   for(j=1;j<=n;j++) {
    if(vis[j]!=1)
    return 0;
   }
   return 1;
void main()
int i,j,root,ans;
for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
 vis[j]=0;
printf("\nEnter the no of nodes:\t");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("\nEnter the adjacency matrix:\n");
for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
 for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
 scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
printf("\nEnter the source node:\t");
scanf("%d",&root);
ans=dfs(root);
if(ans==1)
 printf("\nGraph is connected\n");
else
 printf("\nGraph is not connected\n");
getch();
}
```

Output:

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

PS D:\VS Code> cd "d:\VS Code\OS\" ; if ($?) { gcc ada.c -o ada } ; if ($?) { .\ada }

Enter the no of nodes: 4

Enter the adjacency matrix:
0 1 1 1
0 0 0 1
0 0 0 0
0 0 1 0

Enter the source node: 1

Graph is connected
```

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>

int a[15][15],n;
void bfs(int);

void main() {
   int i,j,root;

   printf("\nEnter the no of nodes:\t");

   scanf("%d",&n);

   printf("\nEnter the adjacency matrix:\n");

   for(i=1;i<=n;i++)

      for(j=1;j<=n;j++)

      scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);

   printf("\nEnter the source node:\t");

   scanf("%d",&root);</pre>
```

```
bfs(root);
}
void bfs(int root) {
int q[15],f=0,r=-1,vis[15],i,j;
for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
  vis[j]=0;
vis[root]=1;
r=r+1;
q[r]=root;
while(f<=r) {
 i=q[f];
 f=f+1;
 for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
 {
  if(a[i][j]==1&&vis[j]!=1) {
  vis[j]=1;
  r=r+1;
  q[r]=j;
  }
 }
}
for(j=1;j<=n;j++) \ \{
```

```
if(vis[j]!=1)
printf("\nNode %d is not reachable",j);
else
printf("\nNode %d is reachable",j);
}
```

Output:

Observation: