

WEEK 6

Write a C program to simulate the concept of Dining-Philosophers problem.

CODE :

```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <stdio.h>

#define N 5
#define THINKING 2
#define HUNGRY 1
#define EATING 0
#define LEFT (phnum + 4) % N
#define RIGHT (phnum + 1) % N

int state[N];
int phil[N] = { 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 };

sem_t mutex;
sem_t S[N];

void test(int phnum)
{
    if (state[phnum] == HUNGRY
```

```

    && state[LEFT] != EATING
    && state[RIGHT] != EATING) {

    state[phnum] = EATING;

    sleep(2);

    printf("Philosopher %d takes fork %d and %d\n",
           phnum + 1, LEFT + 1, phnum + 1);

    printf("Philosopher %d is Eating\n", phnum + 1);

    sem_post(&S[phnum]);
}
}

void take_fork(int phnum)
{

    sem_wait(&mutex);

    state[phnum] = HUNGRY;

```

```
printf("Philosopher %d is Hungry\n", phnum + 1);
```

```
test(phnum);
```

```
sem_post(&mutex);
```

```
sem_wait(&S[phnum]);
```

```
sleep(1);
```

```
}
```

```
void put_fork(int phnum)
```

```
{
```

```
sem_wait(&mutex);
```

```
state[phnum] = THINKING;
```

```
printf("Philosopher %d putting fork %d and %d down\n",
```

```
    phnum + 1, LEFT + 1, phnum + 1);
```

```
printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n", phnum + 1);
```

```
test(LEFT);
```

```
test(RIGHT);
```

```
sem_post(&mutex);
```

```
}
```

```
void* philosopher(void* num)
```

```
{
```

```
while (1) {
```

```
    int* i = num;
```

```
    sleep(1);
```

```
    take_fork(*i);
```

```
    sleep(0);
```

```
    put_fork(*i);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int i;
```

```
pthread_t thread_id[N];
```

```
sem_init(&mutex, 0, 1);
```

```
for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
```

```
    sem_init(&S[i], 0, 0);
```

```
for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
```

```
    pthread_create(&thread_id[i], NULL,  
                  philosopher, &phil[i]);
```

```
    printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n", i + 1);  
}
```

```
for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
```

```
    pthread_join(thread_id[i], NULL);  
}
```

OBSERVATION :

classmate
Date _____
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Week 7

Write a program to simulate concept of Dining-philosophers problem.

```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#define N 5
#define thinking 2
#define hungry 1
#define eating 0
#define left (phnum+4) % N
#define right (phnum+1) % N
int state[N];
int phil[N] = {0, 1, 2, 3, 4};
sem_t mutex;
sem_t s[N];
void test (int phnum)
{
    if (state[phnum] == hungry && state[left] != eating &&
        state[right] != eating)
    {
        state[phnum] = eating;
        sleep(2);
        printf("Philosopher %d takes fork %d and %d\n",
            phnum+1, left+1, phnum+1);
        printf("Philosopher %d is eating", phnum+1);
        sem_post(&s[phnum]);
    }
}
```

```

void take_fork(int phnum)
{
    sem_wait(&mutex);
    state[phnum] = hungry;
    printf("Philosopher %d is hungry", phnum+1);
    test(phnum);
    sem_post(&mutex);
    sem_wait(&S[phnum]);
    sleep(1);
}

void put_fork(int phnum)
{
    sem_wait(&mutex);
    state[phnum] = thinking;
    printf("Philosopher %d putting fork %d and %d",
           phnum+1, left, phnum+1);
    printf("Philosopher %d is thinking", phnum+1);
    test(left);
    test(right);
    sem_post(&mutex);
}

void *philosopher(void *num)
{
    while(1)
    {
        int *i = num;
        sleep(1);
        take_fork(*i);
        sleep(0);
        put_fork(*i);
    }
}

```

```

int main()
{
    int i;
    pthread_t thread_id[N];
    sem_init(&mutex, 0, 1);
    for(i=0; i<N; i++)
        sem_init(&S[i], 0, 0);
    for(i=0; i<N; i++)
        pthread_create(&thread_id[i], NULL, philosopher, &phil[i]);
    printf("Philosopher %d thinking", i+1);
    for(i=0; i<N; i++)
        pthread_join(thread_id[i], NULL);
}

```

Output:

Philosopher 1	thinking
Philosopher 2	thinking
Philosopher 3	thinking
Philosopher 4	thinking
Philosopher 5	thinking
Philosopher 1	hungry
Philosopher 2	hungry
Philosopher 3	hungry
Philosopher 5	hungry
Philosopher 5	take fork 4 and 5
Philosopher 5	eating
Philosopher 3	hungry

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OUTPUT :

```
Philosopher 1 is thinking
Philosopher 2 is thinking
Philosopher 3 is thinking
Philosopher 4 is thinking
Philosopher 5 is thinking
Philosopher 2 is Hungry
Philosopher 4 is Hungry
Philosopher 5 is Hungry
Philosopher 1 is Hungry
Philosopher 1 takes fork 5 and 1
Philosopher 1 is Eating
Philosopher 3 is Hungry
Philosopher 3 takes fork 2 and 3
Philosopher 3 is Eating
Philosopher 1 putting fork 5 and 1 down
Philosopher 1 is thinking
Philosopher 5 takes fork 4 and 5
Philosopher 5 is Eating
Philosopher 3 putting fork 2 and 3 down
Philosopher 3 is thinking
Philosopher 2 takes fork 1 and 2
Philosopher 2 is Eating
Philosopher 1 is Hungry
Philosopher 5 putting fork 4 and 5 down
Philosopher 5 is thinking
|
```