## VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



# LAB REPORT on

# **Artificial Intelligence**

Submitted by

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
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## B. M. S. College of Engineering,

**Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019** 

(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)

## **Department of Computer Science and Engineering**



## **CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "Artificial Intelligence" carried out by S Dhanush (1BM21CS053), who is bonafide student of B.M.S. College of Engineering. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the academic semester June-2023 to Sep-2023. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a Artificial Intelligence (22CS5PCAIN) work prescribed for the said degree.

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## **Course Outcome**

CO1	Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.
CO2	Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.
CO3	Design a reasoning system for a given requirement.
CO4	Conduct practical experiments for demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing.

## 1. Implement Tic -Tac -Toe Game.

```
import math
import copy
X = "X"
O = "O"
EMPTY = None
def initial_state():
  return [[EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY],
      [EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY],
      [EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY]]
def player(board):
  countO = 0
  countX = 0
  for y in [0, 1, 2]:
    for x in board[y]:
      if x == "O":
         countO = countO + 1
      elif x == "X":
         countX = countX + 1
  if countO >= countX:
    return X
  elif countX > countO:
    return O
```

def actions(board):

```
freeboxes = set()
  for i in [0, 1, 2]:
    for j in [0, 1, 2]:
     if board[i][j] == EMPTY:
        freeboxes.add((i, j))
  return freeboxes
def result(board, action):
 i = action[0]
 j = action[1]
 if type(action) == list:
    action = (i, j)
 if action in actions(board):
   if player(board) == X:
     board[i][j] = X
    elif player(board) == O:
      board[i][j] = O
  return board
def winner(board):
 board[1][2] == X \text{ or } board[2][0] == board[2][1] == board[2][2] == X):
   return X
 board[1][2] == O \text{ or } board[2][0] == board[2][1] == board[2][2] == O):
   return O
  for i in [0, 1, 2]:
   s2 = []
   for j in [0, 1, 2]:
```

```
s2.append(board[j][i])
     if (s2[0] == s2[1] == s2[2]):
       return s2[0]
  strikeD = []
  for i in [0, 1, 2]:
     strikeD.append(board[i][i])
  if (strikeD[0] == strikeD[1] == strikeD[2]):
     return strikeD[0]
  if (board[0][2] == board[1][1] == board[2][0]):
     return board[0][2]
  return None
def terminal(board):
  Full = True
  for i in [0, 1, 2]:
     for j in board[i]:
       if j is None:
          Full = False
  if Full:
     return True
  if (winner(board) is not None):
     return True
  return False
def utility(board):
  if (winner(board) == X):
     return 1
  elif winner(board) == O:
```

```
return -1
  else:
    return 0
def minimax helper(board):
  isMaxTurn = True if player(board) == X else False
  if terminal(board):
    return utility(board)
  scores = []
  for move in actions(board):
    result(board, move)
    scores.append(minimax helper(board))
    board[move[0]][move[1]] = EMPTY
  return max(scores) if isMaxTurn else min(scores)
def minimax(board):
  isMaxTurn = True if player(board) == X else False
  bestMove = None
  if isMaxTurn:
    bestScore = -math.inf
    for move in actions(board):
       result(board, move)
       score = minimax_helper(board)
       board[move[0]][move[1]] = EMPTY
       if (score > bestScore):
         bestScore = score
         bestMove = move
```

```
return bestMove
  else:
     bestScore = +math.inf
     for move in actions(board):
       result(board, move)
       score = minimax helper(board)
       board[move[0]][move[1]] = EMPTY
       if (score < bestScore):</pre>
         bestScore = score
         bestMove = move
    return bestMove
def print board(board):
  for row in board:
    print(row)
# Example usage:
game_board = initial_state()
print("Initial Board:")
print_board(game_board)
while not terminal(game_board):
  if player(game board) == X:
    user_input = input("\nEnter your move (row, column): ")
    row, col = map(int, user input.split(','))
    result(game board, (row, col))
  else:
     print("\nAI is making a move...")
```

```
move = minimax(copy.deepcopy(game_board))
result(game_board, move)

print("\nCurrent Board:")
print_board(game_board)

# Determine the winner
if winner(game_board) is not None:
    print(f"\nThe winner is: {winner(game_board)}")
else:
    print("\nIt's a tie!")
```

```
Initial Board:
[None, None, None]
[None, None, None]
[None, None, None]
Enter your move (row, column): 1,2
Current Board:
[None, None, None]
[None, None, 'X']
[None, None, None]
AI is making a move...
Current Board:
[None, None, None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
[None, None, None]
Enter your move (row, column): 0,0
Current Board:
['X', None, None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
[None, None, None]
AI is making a move...
Current Board:
['X', 'O', None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
[None, None, None]
Enter your move (row, column): 2,1
```

```
Current Board:
['X', '0', None]
[None, '0', 'X']
[None, 'X', None]

AI is making a move...

Current Board:
['X', '0', None]
[None, '0', 'X']
['0', 'X', None]

Enter your move (row, column): 1,0

Current Board:
['X', '0', None]
['X', '0', 'X']
['0', 'X', None]

AI is making a move...

Current Board:
['X', '0', '0']
['X', '0', '0']
['X', '0', 'X']
['0', 'X', None]

The winner is: 0
```

## 2. Solve 8 puzzle problems.

```
def bfs(src,target):
  queue = []
  queue.append(src)
  exp = []
  while len(queue) > 0:
    source = queue.pop(0)
    exp.append(source)
    print(source)
    if source==target:
       print("Success")
       return
    poss_moves_to_do = []
    poss_moves_to_do = possible_moves(source,exp)
    for move in poss_moves_to_do:
       if move not in exp and move not in queue:
         queue.append(move)
def possible_moves(state,visited_states):
  #index of empty spot
  b = state.index(0)
  #directions array
```

```
d = []
  #Add all the possible directions
  if b not in [0,1,2]:
    d.append('u')
  if b not in [6,7,8]:
    d.append('d')
  if b not in [0,3,6]:
    d.append('l')
  if b not in [2,5,8]:
    d.append('r')
  # If direction is possible then add state to move
  pos moves it can = []
  # for all possible directions find the state if that move is played
  ### Jump to gen function to generate all possible moves in the given directions
  for i in d:
    pos moves it can.append(gen(state,i,b))
  return [move it can for move it can in pos moves it can if move it can not in
visited states]
def gen(state, m, b):
  temp = state.copy()
  if m=='d':
     temp[b+3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+3]
  if m=='u':
```

```
temp[b-3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-3]
  if m=='l':
     temp[b-1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-1]
  if m=='r':
     temp[b+1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+1]
  # return new state with tested move to later check if "src == target"
  return temp
print("Example 1")
src = [2,0,3,1,8,4,7,6,5]
target=[1,2,3,8,0,4,7,6,5]
print("Source: " , src)
print("Goal State: " , target)
bfs(src, target)
print("\nExample 2")
src = [1,2,3,0,4,5,6,7,8]
target = [1,2,3,4,5,0,6,7,8]
print("Source: " , src)
print("Goal State: " , target)
bfs(src, target)
```

```
Example 1
Source: [2, 0, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 8, 0, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 0, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 0, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[0, 2, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 3, 0, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7, 0, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 0, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, 0, 7, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 0, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 3, 4, 1, 8, 0, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 0, 7, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7, 5, 0]
[0, 8, 3, 2, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 7, 1, 4, 0, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 0, 1, 4, 3, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, 5, 7, 6, 0]
[1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 4, 0, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 8, 0, 4, 7, 6, 5]
Success
Example 2
Source: [1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[0, 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 0, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 0, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[2, 0, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 7, 0, 8]
[1, 0, 3, 4, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 5, 6, 0, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8]
Success
```

## 3. Implement Iterative deepening search algorithm.

```
def iterative_deepening_search(src, target):
  depth limit = 0
  while True:
     result = depth limited search(src, target, depth limit, [])
    if result is not None:
       print("Success")
       return
     depth limit += 1
     if depth limit > 30: # Set a reasonable depth limit to avoid an infinite loop
       print("Solution not found within depth limit.")
       return
def depth limited search(src, target, depth_limit, visited_states):
  if src == target:
    print state(src)
    return src
  if depth \lim_{t\to 0}:
    return None
  visited states.append(src)
  poss_moves_to_do = possible_moves(src, visited_states)
  for move in poss moves to do:
     if move not in visited states:
       print state(move)
       result = depth limited search(move, target, depth limit - 1, visited states)
       if result is not None:
```

#### return result

return None def possible\_moves(state, visited\_states): b = state.index(0)d = []if b not in [0, 1, 2]: d.append('u') if b not in [6, 7, 8]: d.append('d') if b not in [0, 3, 6]: d.append('l') if b not in [2, 5, 8]: d.append('r') pos\_moves\_it\_can = [] for i in d: pos moves it can.append(gen(state, i, b)) return [move\_it\_can for move\_it\_can in pos\_moves\_it\_can if move\_it\_can not in visited states] def gen(state, m, b): temp = state.copy() if m == 'd': temp[b + 3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b + 3]elif m == 'u':

```
temp[b - 3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b - 3]
elif m == 'l':
    temp[b - 1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b - 1]
elif m == 'r':
    temp[b + 1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b + 1]

return temp

def print_state(state):
    print(f"{state[0]} {state[1]} {state[2]}\n{state[3]} {state[4]} {state[5]}\n{state[6]} {state[7]} {state[8]}\n")

print("Example 1")
src = [1,2,3,0,4,5,6,7,8]
target = [1,2,3,4,5,0,6,7,8]
print("Source: ", src)
print("Goal State: ", target)
iterative_deepening_search(src, target)
```

```
Example 1
Source: [1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8]
0 2 3
1 4 5
6 7 8
1 2 3
6 4 5
0 7 8
1 2 3
4 0 5
6 7 8
0 2 3
1 4 5
6 7 8
2 0 3
1 4 5
6 7 8
1 2 3
6 4 5
0 7 8
1 2 3
6 4 5
7 0 8
1 2 3
4 0 5
6 7 8
```

```
1 0 3
4 2 5
6 7 8

1 2 3
4 7 5
6 0 8

1 2 3
4 5 0
6 7 8

1 2 3
4 5 0
6 7 8

Success
```

## 4. Implement A\* search algorithm.

```
def print_grid(src):
  state = src.copy()
  state[state.index(-1)] = ' '
  print(
{state[0]} {state[1]} {state[2]}
{state[3]} {state[4]} {state[5]}
{state[6]} {state[7]} {state[8]}
     ,,,,,
  )
def h(state, target):
  #Manhattan distance
  dist = 0
  for i in state:
     d1, d2 = state.index(i), target.index(i)
     x1, y1 = d1 \% 3, d1 // 3
     x2, y2 = d2 \% 3, d2 // 3
```

```
dist += abs(x1-x2) + abs(y1-y2)
  return dist
def astar(src, target):
  states = [src]
  g = 0
  visited_states = set()
  while len(states):
     moves = []
     for state in states:
       visited_states.add(tuple(state))
       print_grid(state)
       if state == target:
          print("Success")
          return
       moves += [move for move in possible_moves(state, visited_states) if move not in
moves]
     costs = [g + h(move, target) for move in moves]
     states = [moves[i] for i in range(len(moves)) if costs[i] == min(costs)]
     g += 1
  print("Fail")
def possible moves(state, visited states):
  b = state.index(-1)
  d = []
  if 9 > b - 3 >= 0:
     d += 'u'
  if 9 > b + 3 >= 0:
     d += 'd'
  if b not in [2,5,8]:
     d += 'r'
```

```
if b not in [0,3,6]:
    d += 'l'
  pos_moves = []
  for move in d:
     pos moves.append(gen(state,move,b))
  return [move for move in pos moves if tuple(move) not in visited states]
def gen(state, direction, b):
  temp = state.copy()
  if direction == 'u':
     temp[b-3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-3]
  if direction == 'd':
     temp[b+3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+3]
  if direction == 'r':
    temp[b+1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+1]
  if direction == 'l':
     temp[b-1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-1]
  return temp
#Test 1
print("Example 1")
src = [1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]
target = [1,2,3,4,5,-1,6,7,8]
print("Source: ", src)
print("Goal State: " , target)
astar(src, target)
# Test 2
print("Example 2")
```

```
src = [1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]
target=[1,2,3,6,4,5,-1,7,8]
print("Source: " , src)
print("Goal State: " , target)
astar(src, target)

# Test 3
print("Example 3")
src = [1,2,3,7,4,5,6,-1,8]
target=[1,2,3,6,4,5,-1,7,8]
print("Source: " , src)
print("Goal State: " , target)
astar(src, target)
```

```
Example 1
Source: [1, 2, 3, -1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, -1, 6, 7, 8]
1 2 3
 4 5
6 7 8
1 2 3
4 5
6 7 8
1 2 3
4 5
6 7 8
Success
Example 2
Source: [1, 2, 3, -1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8]
1 2 3
 4 5
6 7 8
1 2 3
6 4 5
 7 8
Success
```

```
1 2 3
Example 3
                                                                               6 5
4 7 8
Source: [1, 2, 3, 7, 4, 5, 6, -1, 8]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8]
1 2 3
                                                                               1 2 3
7 4 5
                                                                               6 5
6 8
                                                                               4 7 8
1 2 3
                                                                               1 2 3
6 7 5
7 4 5
  6 8
                                                                               4 8
1 2 3
                                                                               1 2 3
6 7 5
 4 5
7 6 8
                                                                                 4 8
 2 3
                                                                               1 2 3
1 4 5
                                                                                7 5
7 6 8
                                                                               6 4 8
1 2 3
                                                                               2 3
1 7 5
4 5
7 6 8
                                                                               6 4 8
1 2 3
                                                                               1 2 3
4 6 5
                                                                               7 5
6 4 8
   8
```

```
7 1 3
4 6 5
  2 8
7 1 3
4 6 5
2 8
7 1 3
2 6 8
7 1 3
4 6 5
2 8
7 1 3
4 5
2 6 8
7 1 3
2 4 5
  6 8
Fail
```

## 5. Implement vacuum cleaner agent.

```
def clean(floor, row, col):
  i, j, m, n = row, col, len(floor), len(floor[0])
  goRight = goDown = True
  cleaned = [not any(f) for f in floor]
  while not all(cleaned):
     while any(floor[i]):
       print_floor(floor, i, j)
       if floor[i][j]:
          floor[i][j] = 0
          print_floor(floor, i, j)
       if not any(floor[i]):
          cleaned[i] = True
          break
       if j == n - 1:
          j = 1
          goRight = False
       elif j == 0:
         i += 1
          goRight = True
       else:
          j += 1 if goRight else -1
     if all(cleaned):
       break
    if i == m - 1:
       i = 1
       goDown = False
     elif i == 0:
       i += 1
```

```
goDown = True
     else:
        i += 1 if goDown else -1
     if cleaned[i]:
        print_floor(floor, i, j)
def print_floor(floor, row, col): # row, col represent the current vacuum cleaner position
  for r in range(len(floor)):
     for c in range(len(floor[r])):
        if r == row and c == col:
          print(f'' > \{floor[r][c]\} < ", end = ")
        else:
          print(f'' \{floor[r][c]\} ", end = ")
     print(end = '\n')
  print(end = '\n')
# Test 1
floor = [[1, 0, 0, 0],
     [0, 1, 0, 1],
      [1, 0, 1, 1]]
print("Room Condition: ")
for row in floor:
  print(row)
print("\n")
clean(floor, 1, 2)
```

```
Room Condition:
                                                           1
                                                                 0
                                                                       0
                                                                             0
[1, 0, 0, 0]
                                                           0
                                                                 0
                                                                       0
                                                                             0
[0, 1, 0, 1]
[1, 0, 1, 1]
                                                          >1<
                                                                 0
                                                                       1
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                                                                             0
  1
       >0<
              1
                    1
```

```
0
            >0<
                    0
 1
 0
       0
             0
                    0
0
       0
             0
                    0
1
      >0<
             0
                    0
       0
             0
                    0
0
0
       0
             0
                    0
>1<
       0
             0
                    0
0
       0
             0
                    0
0
             0
       0
                    0
>0<
       0
             0
                    0
0
       0
             0
                    0
0
       0
             0
                    0
```

6. Create a knowledge base using prepositional logic and show that the given query entails the knowledge base or not.

```
def evaluate expression(p, q, r):
  expression result = (p \text{ or } q) and (not r \text{ or } p)
  return expression result
def generate truth table():
  print(" p | q | r | Expression (KB) | Query (p^r)")
  print("---|---|")
  for p in [True, False]:
     for q in [True, False]:
       for r in [True, False]:
          expression result = evaluate expression(p, q, r)
          query result = p and r
          print(f'' \{p\} | \{q\} | \{r\} | \{expression result\}
                                                                | {query result}")
def query entails knowledge():
  for p in [True, False]:
     for q in [True, False]:
       for r in [True, False]:
          expression result = evaluate expression(p, q, r)
          query result = p and r
          if expression result and not query result:
            return False
```

return True

```
def main():
    generate_truth_table()

if query_entails_knowledge():
    print("\nQuery entails the knowledge.")

else:
    print("\nQuery does not entail the knowledge.")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

```
KB: (p or q) and (not r or p)
             Expression (KB)
                               Query (p^r)
       True | True | True
                                           True
        False
                True
 True
       False
                False | True
                                             False
 False
         True
                True | False
                                              False
 False
         True
                False
                                              False
 False
         False | True | False
 False | False | False | False
                                               False
Query does not entail the knowledge.
```

# 7. Create a knowledge base using prepositional logic and prove the given query using resolution

import re def main(rules, goal): rules = rules.split(' ') steps = resolve(rules, goal) print('\nStep\t|Clause\t|Derivation\t') print('-' \* 30) i = 1for step in steps: print(f' {i}.\t| {step}\t| {steps[step]}\t') i += 1def negate(term): return  $f \sim \{\text{term}\}' \text{ if } \text{term}[0] != '\sim' \text{ else } \text{term}[1]$ def reverse(clause): if len(clause) > 2: t = split terms(clause) return  $f'\{t[1]\}v\{t[0]\}'$ return " def split terms(rule):  $\exp = '(\sim *[PQRS])'$ terms = re.findall(exp, rule) return terms split terms('~PvR') def contradiction(goal, clause): contradictions = [ f'{goal}v{negate(goal)}', f'{negate(goal)}v{goal}'] return clause in contradictions or reverse(clause) in contradictions def resolve(rules, goal):

```
temp = rules.copy()
  temp += [negate(goal)]
  steps = dict()
  for rule in temp:
     steps[rule] = 'Given.'
  steps[negate(goal)] = 'Negated conclusion.'
  i = 0
  while i < len(temp):
     n = len(temp)
     j = (i + 1) \% n
     clauses = []
     while i != i:
        terms1 = split terms(temp[i])
        terms2 = split terms(temp[j])
        for c in terms1:
           if negate(c) in terms2:
              t1 = [t \text{ for } t \text{ in terms } 1 \text{ if } t != c]
              t2 = [t \text{ for } t \text{ in terms } 2 \text{ if } t != \text{negate}(c)]
              gen = t1 + t2
              if len(gen) == 2:
                if gen[0] != negate(gen[1]):
                   clauses += [f'\{gen[0]\}v\{gen[1]\}']
                else:
                   if contradiction(goal,f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}'):
                      temp.append(f'\{gen[0]\}v\{gen[1]\}')
                      steps["] = f"Resolved \{temp[i]\} and \{temp[j]\} to \{temp[-1]\}, which is in
turn null. \
                      \nA contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true.
Hence, {goal} is true."
                      return steps
              elif len(gen) == 1:
```

```
clauses += [f'\{gen[0]\}']
             else:
                if contradiction(goal,f'{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}'):
                   temp.append(f'\{terms1[0]\}v\{terms2[0]\}')
                   steps["] = f"Resolved \{temp[i]\} and \{temp[j]\} to \{temp[-1]\}, which is in
turn null. \
                   \nA contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true. Hence,
{goal} is true."
                   return steps
        for clause in clauses:
          if clause not in temp and clause != reverse(clause) and reverse(clause) not in temp:
             temp.append(clause)
             steps[clause] = f'Resolved from {temp[i]} and {temp[i]}.'
       j = (j + 1) \% n
     i += 1
  return steps
rules = 'Rv\sim P Rv\sim Q \sim RvP \sim RvQ' \#(P^{\wedge}Q) \le >R : (Rv\sim P)v(Rv\sim Q)^{\wedge}(\sim RvP)^{\wedge}(\sim RvQ)
goal = 'R'
print('Rules: ',rules)
print("Goal: ",goal)
main(rules, goal)
rules = 'PvQ \simPvR \simQvR' #P=vQ, P=>Q : \simPvQ, Q=>R, \simQvR
goal = 'R'
print('Rules: ',rules)
print("Goal: ",goal)
main(rules, goal)
rules = 'PvQ PvR \simPvR RvS Rv\simQ \simSv\simQ' # (P=>Q)=>Q, (P=>P)=>R, (R=>S)=>\sim(S=>Q)
goal = 'R'
print('Rules: ',rules)
```

```
print("Goal: ",goal)
main(rules, goal)
```

```
Example 1
Rules: Rv~P Rv~Q ~RvP ~RvQ
Goal: R
Step
        |Clause |Derivation
1.
         Rv~P
                  Given.
2.
          Rv~Q
                  Given.
         ~RvP
                  Given.
3.
4.
          ~Rv0
                  Given.
5.
          ~R
                  Negated conclusion.
                  Resolved Rv~P and ~RvP to Rv~R, which is in turn null.
6.
A contradiction is found when ~R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.
Example 2
Rules: PvQ ~PvR ~QvR
Goal: R
        |Clause |Derivation
Step
          PvQ
1.
                  Given.
          ~PvR
                  Given.
2.
          ~QvR
                  Given.
3.
          ~R
                  Negated conclusion.
4.
                  Resolved from PvQ and ~PvR.
5.
          QvR
                  Resolved from PvQ and ~QvR.
6.
          PvR
                  Resolved from ~PvR and ~R.
7.
          ~P
8.
          ~Q
                  Resolved from ~QvR and ~R.
9.
          Q
                  Resolved from ~R and QvR.
          Р
                  Resolved from ~R and PvR.
10.
          R
                  Resolved from QvR and ~Q.
11.
                  Resolved R and \simR to Rv\simR, which is in turn null.
A contradiction is found when ~R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.
```

```
Example 3
Rules: PvQ PvR ~PvR RvS Rv~Q ~Sv~Q
Goal: R
Step
        |Clause |Derivation
1.
         PvQ
                 Given.
                 Given.
2.
         PvR
         ~PvR
                 Given.
3.
                 Given.
4.
         RvS
         Rv~Q
                 Given.
 5.
         ~Sv~Q
                 Given.
 6.
                 Negated conclusion.
 7.
         ~R
8.
         QvR
                 Resolved from PvQ and ~PvR.
         Pv~S
                 Resolved from PvQ and ~Sv~Q.
 9.
 10.
         Р
                 Resolved from PvR and ~R.
         ~P
                 Resolved from ~PvR and ~R.
11.
12.
         Rv~S
                 Resolved from ~PvR and Pv~S.
13.
         R
                 Resolved from ~PvR and P.
                 Resolved from RvS and ~R.
 14.
         S
15.
                 Resolved from Rv~Q and ~R.
         ~Q
16.
         Q
                 Resolved from ~R and QvR.
17.
         ~S
                 Resolved from ~R and Rv~S.
                 Resolved ~R and R to ~RvR, which is in turn null.
18.
A contradiction is found when ~R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.
```

## 8. Implement unification in first order logic

```
import re
def getAttributes(expression):
  expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
  expression = "(".join(expression)
  expression = expression[:-1]
  expression = re.split("(?<!\(.),(?!.\))", expression)
  return expression
def getInitialPredicate(expression):
  return expression.split("(")[0]
def isConstant(char):
  return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1
def isVariable(char):
  return char.islower() and len(char) == 1
def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):
  attributes = getAttributes(exp)
  for index, val in enumerate(attributes):
     if val == old:
       attributes[index] = new
  predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)
  return predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes) + ")"
def apply(exp, substitutions):
  for substitution in substitutions:
```

```
new, old = substitution
     exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new)
  return exp
def checkOccurs(var, exp):
  if exp.find(var) == -1:
     return False
  return True
def getFirstPart(expression):
  attributes = getAttributes(expression)
  return attributes[0]
def getRemainingPart(expression):
  predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression)
  attributes = getAttributes(expression)
  newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"
  return newExpression
def unify(exp1, exp2):
  if exp1 == exp2:
     return []
  if isConstant(exp1) and isConstant(exp2):
     if exp1 != exp2:
       return False
  if isConstant(exp1):
```

```
return [(exp1, exp2)]
if isConstant(exp2):
  return [(exp2, exp1)]
if isVariable(exp1):
  if checkOccurs(exp1, exp2):
     return False
  else:
     return [(exp2, exp1)]
if is Variable(exp2):
  if checkOccurs(exp2, exp1):
     return False
  else:
     return [(exp1, exp2)]
if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2):
  print("Predicates do not match. Cannot be unified")
  return False
attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1))
attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2))
if attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
  return False
head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)
head2 = getFirstPart(exp2)
initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2)
if not initial Substitution:
```

```
return False
  if attributeCount1 == 1:
     return initialSubstitution
  tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1)
  tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)
  if initialSubstitution != []:
     tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution)
     tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)
  remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2)
  if not remainingSubstitution:
    return False
  initialSubstitution.extend(remainingSubstitution)
  return initialSubstitution
print("\nExample 1")
exp1 = "knows(f(x),y)"
\exp 2 = \text{"knows}(J,John)"
print("Expression 1: ",exp1)
print("Expression 2: ",exp2)
substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)
print("\nExample 2")
exp1 = "knows(John,x)"
```

```
exp2 = "knows(y,mother(y))"
print("Expression 1: ",exp1)
print("Expression 2: ",exp2)

substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)

print("\nExample 3")
exp1 = "Student(x)"
exp2 = "Teacher(Rose)"
print("Expression 1: ",exp1)
print("Expression 2: ",exp2)

substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)
```

```
Example 1
Expression 1: knows(f(x),y)
Expression 2: knows(J,John)
Substitutions:
[('J', 'f(x)'), ('John', 'y')]
Example 2
Expression 1: knows(John,x)
Expression 2: knows(y,mother(y))
Substitutions:
[('John', 'y'), ('mother(y)', 'x')]
Example 3
Expression 1: Student(x)
Expression 2: Teacher(Rose)
Predicates do not match. Cannot be unified
Substitutions:
False
```

### 9. Convert a given first order logic statement into Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF).

```
def getAttributes(string):
  expr = ' ([^{\wedge})] + )'
  matches = re.findall(expr, string)
  return [m for m in str(matches) if m.isalpha()]
def getPredicates(string):
  expr = '[a-z\sim]+\backslash([A-Za-z,]+\backslash)'
  return re.findall(expr, string)
def Skolemization(statement):
  SKOLEM CONSTANTS = [f(chr(c))'] for c in range(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)]
  matches = re.findall('[\exists].', statement)
  for match in matches[::-1]:
     statement = statement.replace(match, ")
     for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
        attributes = getAttributes(predicate)
        if ".join(attributes).islower():
           statement = statement.replace(match[1],SKOLEM CONSTANTS.pop(0))
  return statement
import re
def fol to cnf(fol):
  statement = fol.replace("=>", "-")
  expr = ' \setminus [([^{\wedge}]] + ) \setminus ]'
  statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
  for i, s in enumerate(statements):
     if '[' in s and ']' not in s:
        statements[i] += ']'
```

```
for s in statements:

statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))

while '-' in statement:

i = statement.index('-')

br = statement.index("['] if "[' in statement else 0

new_statement = '~' + statement[br:i] + '|' + statement[i+1:]

statement = statement[:br] + new_statement if br > 0 else new_statement

return Skolemization(statement)

print(fol_to_cnf("bird(x)=>~fly(x)"))

print(fol_to_cnf("dx[bird(x)=>~fly(x)]"))

print(Skolemization(fol_to_cnf("animal(y)<=>loves(x,y)")))

print(Skolemization(fol_to_cnf("dx[dy[animal(y)=>loves(x,y)]]=>[dz[loves(z,x)]]")))

print(fol_to_cnf("[american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)]=>criminal(x)"))
```

```
Example 1

FOL: bird(x)=>~fly(x)

CNF: ~bird(x)|~fly(x)

Example 2

FOL: ∃x[bird(x)=>~fly(x)]

CNF: [~bird(A)|~fly(A)]

Example 3

FOL: animal(y)<=>loves(x,y)

CNF: ~animal(y)<|loves(x,y)

Example 4

FOL: ∀x[∀y[animal(y)=>loves(x,y)]]=>[∃z[loves(z,x)]]

CNF: ∀x~[∀y[~animal(y)|loves(x,y)]]|[[loves(A,x)]]

Example 5

FOL: [american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)]=>criminal(x)

CNF: ~[american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)]|criminal(x)
```

10. Create a knowledge base consisting of first order logic statements and prove the given query using forward reasoning.

```
import re
def isVariable(x):
  return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()
def getAttributes(string):
  expr = ' ([^{\wedge})] + '
  matches = re.findall(expr, string)
  return matches
def getPredicates(string):
  expr = '([a-z\sim]+)\backslash([^{\&}]+\backslash)'
  return re.findall(expr, string)
class Fact:
  def __init__(self, expression):
     self.expression = expression
     predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)
     self.predicate = predicate
     self.params = params
     self.result = any(self.getConstants())
  def splitExpression(self, expression):
     predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
     params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip('()').split(',')
     return [predicate, params]
  def getResult(self):
```

#### return self.result

```
def getConstants(self):
     return [None if isVariable(c) else c for c in self.params]
  def getVariables(self):
     return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]
  def substitute(self, constants):
     c = constants.copy()
     f = f''\{self.predicate\}(\{','.join([constants.pop(0) if isVariable(p) else p for p in \})\}
self.params])})"
     return Fact(f)
class Implication:
  def __init__(self, expression):
     self.expression = expression
     l = expression.split('=>')
     self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in l[0].split('&')]
     self.rhs = Fact(1[1])
  def evaluate(self, facts):
     constants = \{\}
     new lhs = []
     for fact in facts:
        for val in self.lhs:
          if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
             for i, v in enumerate(val.getVariables()):
                if v:
                  constants[v] = fact.getConstants()[i]
             new_lhs.append(fact)
```

```
predicate, attributes = getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[0],
str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])
     for key in constants:
        if constants[key]:
          attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])
     expr = f'{predicate}{attributes}'
     return Fact(expr) if len(new lhs) and all([f.getResult() for f in new lhs]) else None
class KB:
  def __init__(self):
     self.facts = set()
     self.implications = set()
  def tell(self, e):
     if '=>' in e:
        self.implications.add(Implication(e))
     else:
        self.facts.add(Fact(e))
     for i in self.implications:
       res = i.evaluate(self.facts)
        if res:
          self.facts.add(res)
  def query(self, e):
     facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
     i = 1
     print(f'Querying {e}:')
     for f in facts:
        if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:
          print(f \setminus t\{i\}, \{f\}')
          i += 1
```

```
def display(self):
     print("All facts: ")
     for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):
       print(f'\setminus \{i+1\}, \{f\}')
kb = KB()
kb.tell('missile(x)=>weapon(x)')
kb.tell('missile(M1)')
kb.tell('enemy(x,America)=>hostile(x)')
kb.tell('american(West)')
kb.tell('enemy(Nono,America)')
kb.tell('owns(Nono,M1)')
kb.tell('missile(x)&owns(Nono,x)=>sells(West,x,Nono)')
kb.tell('american(x)\&weapon(y)\&sells(x,y,z)\&hostile(z)=>criminal(x)')
kb.query('criminal(x)')
kb.display()
kb = KB()
kb_{tell}(king(x)\&greedy(x)=>evil(x)')
kb_.tell('king(John)')
kb_.tell('greedy(John)')
kb_.tell('king(Richard)')
kb_.query('evil(x)')
```