WEEK 8

Find the minimum cost spanning tree of given undirected graph using prims and kruskal's algorithm.

```
PRIMS:
CODE:
#include<stdio.h>
float cost[10][10];
int vt[10],et[10][10],vis[10],j,n;
float sum=0;
int x=1;
int e=0;
void prims();
void main()
{
 int i;
  printf("enter the number of
  vertices\n"); scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("enter the cost of adjacency matrix\n");
 for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
  {
```

```
for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
    {
       scanf("%f",&cost[i][j]);
    }
    vis[i]=0;
  }
  prims();
  printf("edges of spanning tree\n");
  for(i=1;i\leq=e;i++)
  {
      printf("%d,%d\t",et[i][0],et[i][1]);
  printf("weight=%f\n",sum);
}
void prims()
  int s,m,k,u,v;
  float min;
  vt[x]=1;
  vis[x]=1;
  for(s=1;s<n;s++)
  {
```

```
j=x;
  min=999;
  while(j>0)
  {
     k=vt[j];
     for(m=2;m\leq=n;m++)
      if(vis[m]==0)
      {
          if(cost[k][m]<min)</pre>
            min=cost[k][m];
            u=k;
            v=m;
          }
       }
    j--;
}
vt[++x]=v;
et[s][0]=u;
et[s][1]=v;
e++;
vis[v]=1;
```

```
sum=sum+min;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
enter the number of vertices
6
enter the cost of adjacency matrix
0 3 999 999 6 5
3 0 1 999 999 4
999 1 0 6 999 4
999 999 6 0 8 5
6 999 999 8 0 2
5 4 4 5 2 0
edges of spanning tree
1,2 2,3 3,6 6,5 6,4 weight=15.000000

Process returned 17 (0x11) execution time: 73.031 s

Press any key to continue.
```

KRUSHKAL'S: CODE: #include <stdio.h> #include <conio.h> #include <stdlib.h> int i,j,k,a,b,u,v,n,ne=1; int min,mincost=0,cost[9][9],parent[9]; int find(int); int uni(int,int); void main() { printf("\nEnter the no. of vertices:"); scanf("%d",&n); printf("\nEnter the cost of adjacency matrix:\n"); $for(i=1;i \le n;i++)$ { for(j=1;j<=n;j++){ scanf("%d",&cost[i][j]); if(cost[i][j]==0)cost[i][j]=999; }

```
printf("The edges of Minimum Cost Spanning Tree are\n");
while(ne < n)
{
 for(i=1,min=999;i<=n;i++)
  for(j=1;j \le n;j++)
  {
   if(cost[i][j] < min)
   {
     min=cost[i][j];
     a=u=i;
     b=v=j;
 u=find(u);
 v=find(v);
 if(uni(u,v))
  printf("%d edge (%d,%d) =%d\n",ne++,a,b,min);
  mincost +=min;
 }
 cost[a][b]=cost[b][a]=999;
}
```

```
printf("\nMinimum cost =
   %d\n",mincost); getch();
}
int find(int i)
  while(parent[i])
  i=parent[i];
  return i;
}
int uni(int i,int j)
 if(i!=j)
  parent[j]=i;
  return 1;
 return 0;
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the cost of adjacency matrix:
0 5 999 6 999
5 0 1 3 999
0 1 0 4 6
6 3 4 0 2
0 0 6 2 0
The edges of Minimum Cost Spanning Tree are
1 edge (2,3) =1
2 edge (4,5) =2
3 edge (2,4) =3
4 edge (1,2) =5
Minimum cost = 11
```