

## OS LAB-6

Q) a) Write a C program to simulate the concept of Dining-Philosophers problem.

b) Write a C program to simulate Bankers algorithm for the purpose of deadlock avoidance.

CODE-

Write a program to implement dining philosophers problem

Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>

#define num-philosophers 5
#define num-chopsticks 5

void clear (int n);

pthread_t *philosophers[num-philosophers];
pthread_mutex_t *chopsticks[num-chopsticks];

int main()
{
    int i, status;
    void *res;
    for (i = 1; i <= num-chopsticks; i++)
    {
        status = pthread_mutex_init (&chopsticks[i], NULL);
        if (status == -1)
        {
            printf ("Mutex initialization failed");
            exit(1);
        }
    }

    for (i = 1; i <= num-philosophers; i++)
    {
        status = pthread_create (&philosophers[i],
                                NULL, (void *) clear, (void *) i);
    }
}
```

if (slab != 0)

{  
printf("1st thread

reaches 1st")

exit(0);  
}

for (i = 1; i < num - philosophers; i++)

{  
state = pthread\_join(philosophers[i], &my)

~~if (state != 0)~~ if (slab != 0)

~~pthread\_mutex\_lock(&mutex)~~

printf("1st thread you failed 1st")  
exit(0);  
}

for (i = 1; i < num - chopsticks; i++)

{  
state = pthread\_mutex\_destroy(&chopsticks[i])

if (state != 0)

printf("Mutex destroyed 1st")

exit(0);  
}

return 0;

void dine (int n)

```
pthread_mutex_t mutex = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
pthread_t t1, t2, t3, t4, t5;

pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
printf("Philosopher %d is thinking", n);
sleep(3);

pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
printf("Philosopher %d is eating", n);
sleep(3);

pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
printf("Philosopher %d finished eating", n);
```

}

Output

Philosopher 1 is thinking  
Philosopher 1 is eating  
Philosopher 2 is thinking  
Philosopher 3 is thinking  
Philosopher 3 is eating  
Philosopher 4 is thinking  
Philosopher 5 is thinking  
Philosopher 3 finished eating  
Philosopher 1 finished eating  
Philosopher 2 is eating  
Philosopher 4 is eating  
Philosopher 5 is eating  
Philosopher 2 finished eating  
Philosopher 5 finished eating  
Philosopher 4 finished eating

10/10

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• Write a C program to implement banker's problem using deadlock avoidance system

Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
void main()
{
    int alloc[10][10], max[10][10], avail[10], work[10],
    int total[10], i, j, k, n, need[10][10];
    int m, count = 0, c = 0;
    char finish[10];
    printf("Enter the no of processes & resources\n");
    scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
        finish[i] = 'n';
    printf("Enter the claim matrix:\n");
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
        for(j = 0; j < m; j++)
            scanf("%d", &alloc[i][j]);
    printf("Enter the resource vector:\n");
    for(i = 0; i < m; i++)
        scanf("%d", &total[i]);
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
        avail[i] = 0;
    for(k = 0; k < n; k++)
        for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
            for(j = 0; j < m; j++)
                for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
                    avail[j] += alloc[i][j];
}
```

```
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)  
    work[i] = avail[i];
```

```
for (j = 0; j < m; j++)  
    need[j] = total[j] - work[j];
```

```
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)  
    for (j = 0; j < m; j++)  
        need[i][j] = max(0, need[i][j] - alloc[i][j]);  
    printf("%d\t", need[i][0]);  
    printf("\n");  
    j = 0;
```

```
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
{  
    C = 0;
```

```
    for (j = 0; j < m; j++)
```

```
        if (need[i][j] <= work[j] && finish[i] == 'n')  
            C++;
```

```
    if (C == m)
```

```
    {  
        printf("all the resources can be  
        allocated to process %d", i+1);
```

```
        printf("\n\n Available resources are: ");  
        for (k = 0; k < m; k++)
```

```
        {  
            work[k] += alloc[i][k];  
            printf("%d\t", work[k]);
```

```
        }
```

```
        printf("\n\n");  
        finish[i] = 'y';
```

```
        printf("\n\n Process %d is not allocated? : %d",  
        i+1, i+1, finish[i] == 'y');
```

```

}
{
if (count != n) goto A;
else
print ("In System is in safe mode");
print ("In the given state is safe state");
goto B;
}

```

Output:

Enter the no of processes and resources: 4 3

Enter the claim matrix:

3	2	2
---	---	---

6	1	3
---	---	---

3	1	4
---	---	---

4	2	2
---	---	---

Enter the allocated matrix:

1	0	0
---	---	---

6	1	2
---	---	---

<del>2</del>	1	1
--------------	---	---

0	0	2
---	---	---

## OUTPUT-

### Dining-philosopher

```
Philosopher 1 is Hungry
Philosopher 5 putting fork 4 and 5 down
Philosopher 5 is thinking
Philosopher 4 takes fork 3 and 4
Philosopher 4 is Eating
Philosopher 3 is Hungry
Philosopher 2 putting fork 1 and 2 down
Philosopher 2 is thinking
Philosopher 1 takes fork 5 and 1
Philosopher 1 is Eating
Philosopher 5 is Hungry
Philosopher 4 putting fork 3 and 4 down
Philosopher 4 is thinking
Philosopher 3 takes fork 2 and 3
Philosopher 3 is Eating
Philosopher 2 is Hungry
Philosopher 1 putting fork 5 and 1 down
Philosopher 1 is thinking
Philosopher 5 takes fork 4 and 5
Philosopher 5 is Eating
Philosopher 4 is Hungry
Philosopher 3 putting fork 2 and 3 down
Philosopher 3 is thinking
Philosopher 2 takes fork 1 and 2
Philosopher 2 is Eating
Philosopher 1 is Hungry
Philosopher 5 putting fork 4 and 5 down
Philosopher 5 is thinking
Philosopher 4 takes fork 3 and 4
Philosopher 4 is Eating
Philosopher 3 is Hungry
```

### Deadlock avoidance

```
Enter number of processes and number of resources required
4 3
Enter the max matrix for all process
3 2 2
6 1 3
3 1 4
4 2 2
Enter number of allocated resources 4 for each process
1 0 0
6 1 2
2 1 1
0 0 2
Enter number of available resources
9 3 6
Resources can be allocated to Process:1 and available resources are: 9 3 6
Resources can be allocated to Process:2 and available resources are: 10 3 6
Resources can be allocated to Process:3 and available resources are: 16 4 8
Resources can be allocated to Process:4 and available resources are: 18 5 9

Need Matrix:
2 2 2
0 0 1
1 0 3
4 2 0

System is in safe mode
<P1 P2 P3 P4 >
```