Library reals_uniqueness

reals_uniqueness

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Require Export reals axioms.
Section real_numbers_uniqueness.
Variable R_str1 : Real_Struct.
Variable RA1: Real Axioms R strl.
Variable R str2: Real Struct.
Variable RA2: Real Axioms R str2.
Let R1 := @R R str1.
Let R2 := @R R str2.
Let N1 := N R_str1.
Let N2 := N R str2.
Let Z1 := Z R_str1.
Let Z2 := Z R str2.
Let Q1 := Q R_str1.
Let Q2 := Q R_str2.
Let Supla := Supl R strl.
Let Sup1b := Sup1 R str2.
Delimit Scope R1 scope with r1.
Delimit Scope R2 scope with r2.
Notation "0" := (@zeroR R_str1).
Notation "0 '" := (@zeroR R str2).
Notation "1" := (@oneR R_str1).
Notation "1'" := (@oneR R_str2).
Notation "x + y" := ((@fp R_str1)[[x, y]])
     (at level 50, left associativity): R1_scope.
Notation "x + y" := ((@fp R_str2)[[x, y]])
     (at level 50, left associativity): R2_scope.
Notation "x • y" := ((@fm R_str1)[[x, y]]) (at level 40) : R1_scope. Notation "x • y" := ((@fm R_str2)[[x, y]]) (at level 40) : R2_scope.
Notation "- a" := (\cap (\setminus \{ \lambda u, u \in R1 /\setminus (u + a)\%r1 = 0 \setminus \}))
     (at level 35, right associativity): R1 scope.
Notation "- a" := (\cap (\setminus \{ \lambda u, u \in \mathbb{R}2 /\setminus (u + a)\%r2 = 0' \setminus \}))
     (at level 35, right associativity) : R2_scope.
Notation "x - y" := (x + (-y)) r1 : R1_scope.
Notation "x - y" := (x + (-y))%r2 : R2_scope.
Notation "a -" := (\cap (\setminus \{ \lambda u, u \in (R1 \sim [0]) /\setminus (u \cdot a)\%r1 = 1 \setminus \}))
     (at level 30) : R1_scope.
Notation "a -" := (\cap (\setminus \{ \lambda u, u \in (R2 \sim [0']) /\setminus (u \cdot a) \%r2 = 1' \setminus \}))
     (at level 30) : R2 scope.
Notation "m / n" := (m \cdot (n^-))%r1 : R1_scope.
Notation "m / n" := (m • (n-))%r2 : R2 scope.
Notation "x \le y" := ([x, y] \in (@Leq R_str1)) (at level 60) : R1_scope.
Notation "x \le y" := ([x, y] \in (@Leq R str2)) (at level 60) : R2 scope.
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Notation "x < y" := (x \le y / x <> y) %r1 : R1_scope.
Notation "x \langle y" := (x \leq y / \langle x \rangle y) %r^2 : R2\_scope.
Let zero_in_R_str1 := @zero_in_R R_str1 RA1.
Let zero in R str2 := @zero in R R str2 RA2.
Let one_in_R_Co_str1 := @one_in_R_Co R_str1 RA1.
Let one_in_R_Co_str2 := @one_in_R_Co R_str2 RA2.
Let Plus_close_str1 := @Plus_close R_str1 RA1.
Let Plus close str2 := @Plus close R str2 RA2.
Let Mult_close_str1 := @Mult_close R_str1 RA1.
Let Mult_close_str2 := @Mult_close R_str2 RA2.
Let Plus_negla_str1 := @Plus_negla R_str1 RA1.
Let Plus_negla_str2 := @Plus_negla R_str2 RA2.
Let Plus_neg1b_str1 := @Plus_neg1b R_str1 RA1.
Let Plus_neg1b_str2 := @Plus_neg1b R_str2 RA2.
Let Plus neg2 str1 := @Plus neg2 R str1 RA1.
Let Plus neg2 str2 := @Plus neg2 R str2 RA2.
Let Minus P1 str1 := @Minus P1 R str1 RA1.
Let Minus P1 str2 := @Minus P1 R str2 RA2.
Let Minus P2 str1 := @Minus P2 R str1 RA1.
Let Minus_P2_str2 := @Minus_P2 R_str2 RA2.
Let Mult_inv1_str1 := @Mult_inv1 R_str1 RA1.
Let Mult inv1 str2 := @Mult inv1 R str2 RA2.
Let Mult inv2 str1 := @Mult inv2 R str1 RA1.
Let Mult inv2 str2 := @Mult inv2 R str2 RA2.
Let Divide P1 str1 := @Divide P1 R str1 RA1.
Let Divide_P1_str2 := @Divide_P1 R_str2 RA2.
Let Divide_P2_str1 := @Divide_P2 R_str1 RA1.
Let Divide P2 str2 := @Divide P2 R str2 RA2.
Let OrderPM Co9 str1 := @OrderPM Co9 R str1 RA1.
Let OrderPM_Co9_str2 := @OrderPM_Co9 R_str2 RA2.
Let OrderPM_Co10_str1 := @OrderPM_Co10 R_str1 RA1.
Let OrderPM_Co10_str2 := @OrderPM_Co10 R_str2 RA2.
Let N Subset R str1 := @N Subset R R str1 RA1.
Let N_Subset_R_str2 := @N_Subset_R R_str2 RA2.
Let one_in_N_str1 := @one_in_N R_str1 RA1.
Let one in N str2 := @one in N R str2 RA2.
Let Nat Pla strl := @Nat Pla R strl RA1.
Let Nat_Pla_str2 := @Nat_Pla R_str2 RA2.
Let Nat_P1b_str1 := @Nat_P1b R_str1 RA1.
Let Nat_P1b_str2 := @Nat_P1b R_str2 RA2.
Let N_Subset_Z_str1 := @N_Subset_Z R_str1.
Let N_Subset_Z_str2 := @N_Subset_Z R_str2.
Let Z_Subset_R_str1 := @Z_Subset_R R_str1 RA1.
Let Z Subset R str2 := @Z Subset R R str2 RA2.
Let Int Pla strl := @Int Pla R strl RA1.
Let Int_Pla_str2 := @Int_Pla R_str2 RA2.
Let Int P1b str1 := @Int P1b R str1 RA1.
Let Int_P1b_str2 := @Int_P1b R_str2 RA2.
Let Z_Subset_Q_str1 := @Z_Subset_Q R_str1 RA1.
Let Z_Subset_Q_str2 := @Z_Subset_Q R_str2 RA2.
Let Q Subset R str1 := @Q Subset R R str1 RA1.
Let Q_Subset_R_str2 := @Q_Subset_R R_str2 RA2.
Let Rat Pla strl := @Rat Pla R strl RAl.
Let Rat Pla str2 := @Rat Pla R str2 RA2.
Let Rat Plb strl := @Rat Plb R strl RA1.
Let Rat P1b str2 := @Rat P1b R str2 RA2.
Let Abs in R strl := @Abs in R R strl RA1.
Let Abs in R str2 := @Abs in R R str2 RA2.
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Local Hint Resolve

zero_in_R_str1 zero_in_R_str2 one_in_R_Co_str1 one_in_R_Co_str2 Plus_close_str1 Plus_close_str2 Mult_close_str1 Mult_close_str2 Plus_neg1a_str1 Plus_neg1a_str2 Plus_neg1b_str1 Plus_neg1b_str2

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Minus_P2_str1 Minus_P2_str2 Mult_inv1_str1 Mult_inv1_str2
     Mult inv2 str1 Mult inv2 str2 Divide P1 str1 Divide P1 str2
     Divide_P2_str1 Divide_P2_str2 OrderPM_Co9_str1 OrderPM_Co9_str2
     OrderPM_Co10_str1 OrderPM_Co10_str2 N_Subset_R_str1 N_Subset_R_str2
     one in N strl one in N str2 Nat Pla strl Nat Pla str2
     Nat_Plb_str1 Nat_Plb_str2 N_Subset_Z_str1 N_Subset_Z_str2
     Z_Subset_R_str1 Z_Subset_R_str2 Int_Pla_str1 Int_Pla_str2
     Int_Plb_str1 Int_Plb_str2 Z_Subset_Q_str1 Z_Subset_Q_str2
     Q Subset R strl Q Subset R str2 Rat Pla strl Rat Pla str2
     Rat_Plb_str1 Rat_Plb_str2 Abs_in_R_str1 Abs_in_R_str2 : real.
Theorem UniqueT1 : \forall f, Function f \rightarrow dom(f) = R1 \rightarrow ran(f) \subset R2
     -> (∀ x y, x ∈ R1 -> y ∈ R1 -> f[(x + y)%r1] = (f[x] + f[y])%r2
          /\ f[(x \cdot y)\%r1] = (f[x] \cdot f[y])\%r2)
     - f[0] = 0' / (ran(f) <> [0'] -> f[1] = 1').
Lemma UniqueT2 Lemma1 : \forall f, Function f \rightarrow dom(f) = R1 \rightarrow ran(f) \subset R2
     \rightarrow (\forall x y, x \in R1 \rightarrow y \in R1 \rightarrow f[(x + y)%r1] = (f[x] + f[y])%r2
          /\ f[(x \cdot y)\%r1] = (f[x] \cdot f[y])\%r2)
     \rightarrow ran(f) \leftrightarrow [0']
     \rightarrow (\forall m, m \in N1 \rightarrow f[m] \in N2).
Lemma UniqueT2 Lemma2 : \forall f, Function f \rightarrow dom(f) = R1 \rightarrow ran(f) \subset R2
     \rightarrow (\forall x y, x \in R1 \rightarrow y \in R1 \rightarrow f[(x + y)\%r1] = (f[x] + f[y])\%r2
           / f[(x \cdot y)\%r1] = (f[x] \cdot f[y])\%r2)
     \rightarrow ran(f) \langle \rangle [0']
     \rightarrow f[(-(1))\%r1] = (-f[1\%r1])\%r2.
Lemma UniqueT2_Lemma3 : \forall f, Function f → dom(f) = R1 → ran(f) \subset R2
     \rightarrow (\forall x y, x \in R1 \rightarrow y \in R1 \rightarrow f[(x + y)\%r1] = (f[x] + f[y])\%r2
          / f[(x \cdot y)\%r1] = (f[x] \cdot f[y])\%r2)
     \rightarrow ran(f) \Leftrightarrow [0']
     \rightarrow (\forall r, r \in R1 \rightarrow f[(-r)%r1] = (-f[r])%r2).
Lemma UniqueT2_Lemma4 : \forall f, Function f \rightarrow dom(f) = R1 \rightarrow ran(f) \subset R2
     \rightarrow (\forall x y, x \in R1 \rightarrow y \in R1 \rightarrow f[(x + y)\%r1] = (f[x] + f[y])\%r2
           / f[(x \cdot y)\%r1] = (f[x] \cdot f[y])\%r2)
     \rightarrow ran(f) \langle \rangle [0']
     \rightarrow (\forall m, m \in R1 \rightarrow m \leftrightarrow 0 \rightarrow f[m] \leftrightarrow 0').
Lemma UniqueT2_Lemma5 : \forall n, n \in Z1 \rightarrow (0 \langle n)%r1 \rightarrow n \in N1.
Theorem UniqueT2 : \forall f, Function f \rightarrow dom(f) = R1 \rightarrow ran(f) \subset R2
     \rightarrow (\forall x y, x \in R1 \rightarrow y \in R1 \rightarrow f[(x + y)\%r1] = (f[x] + f[y])\%r2
          / f[(x \cdot y)\%r1] = (f[x] \cdot f[y])\%r2)
     \rightarrow ran(f) \Leftrightarrow [0']
     \rightarrow (\forall m, m \in Z1 \rightarrow f[m] \in Z2)
           \land Function1_1 (f | (Z1)) \land dom(f | (Z1)) = Z1 \land ran(f | (Z1)) = Z2
           \land (\forall x y, x \in Z1 \rightarrow y \in Z1 \rightarrow (x \leqslant y)\%r1 \rightarrow (f[x] \leqslant f[y])\%r2).
Lemma UniqueT3_Lemma1 : \forall f, Function f \rightarrow dom(f) = R1 \rightarrow ran(f) \subset R2
     -> (\forall x y, x \in R1 -> y \in R1 -> f[(x + y)\%r1] = (f[x] + f[y])\%r2
           /\ f[(x \cdot y)\%r1] = (f[x] \cdot f[y])\%r2)
     \rightarrow ran(f) \leftrightarrow [0']
     \rightarrow (\forall r, r \in (R1^{\circ} [0]) \rightarrow f[(r^{\circ})\%r1] = ((f[r])^{\circ})\%r2).
Lemma UniqueT3 Lemma2 : \forall f, Function f \rightarrow dom(f) = R1 \rightarrow ran(f) \subset R2
     \rightarrow (\forall x y, x \in R1 \rightarrow y \in R1 \rightarrow f[(x + y)\%r1] = (f[x] + f[y])\%r2
          / f[(x \cdot y)\%r1] = (f[x] \cdot f[y])\%r2)
     \rightarrow ran(f) \leftrightarrow [0']
     \rightarrow (\forall r, r \in Q1 \rightarrow (0 \langle r)%r1 \rightarrow (0' \langle f[r])%r2).
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Theorem UniqueT3 : \forall f, Function f \rightarrow dom(f) = R1 \rightarrow ran(f) \subset R2

 \rightarrow ($\forall x y, x \in R1 \rightarrow y \in R1 \rightarrow f[(x + y)\%r1] = (f[x] + f[y])\%r2$

Plus_neg2_str1 Plus_neg2_str2 Minus_P1_str1 Minus_P1_str2

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/\ f[(x \cdot y)\%r1] = (f[x] \cdot f[y])\%r2)
     \rightarrow ran(f) \Leftrightarrow [0']
     \rightarrow (\forall m n, m \in Z1 \rightarrow n \in (Z1 ^{\sim} [0]) \rightarrow f[(m/n)%r1] = (f[m]/f[n])%r2)
           \ Function1_1 (f | (Q1)) \ dom(f | (Q1)) = Q1 \ ran(f | (Q1)) = Q2
           \land (\forall x y, x \in Q1 \rightarrow y \in Q1 \rightarrow (x \leqslant y)\%r1 \rightarrow (f[x] \leqslant f[y])\%r2).
Lemma UniqueT4 Lemma1 : \forall r, r ∈ R2 -> Sup1b \{ \lambda u, u ∈ Q2 /\ (u ≤ r)%r2 \} r.
Lemma UniqueT4_Lemma2 : \forall f, Function f \rightarrow dom(f) = R1 \rightarrow ran(f) \subset R2
     - > (\forall x y, x \in R1 -> y \in R1 -> f[(x + y)\%r1] = (f[x] + f[y])\%r2
           / f[(x \cdot y)\%r1] = (f[x] \cdot f[y])\%r2)
     \rightarrow ran(f) \leftrightarrow [0']
     \rightarrow (\forall x y, x \in R1 \rightarrow y \in R1 \rightarrow (x \langle y)%r1 \langle \rightarrow (f[x] \langle f[y])%r2).
Lemma UniqueT4_Lemma3 : \forall f, Function f → dom(f) = R1 → ran(f) \subset R2
     \rightarrow (\forall x y, x \in R1 \rightarrow y \in R1 \rightarrow f[(x + y)\%r1] = (f[x] + f[y])\%r2
           / f[(x \cdot y)\%r1] = (f[x] \cdot f[y])\%r2)
     \rightarrow ran(f) \leftrightarrow [0']
     \rightarrow (\forall A r, A \subset Q1 \rightarrow r \in R1 \rightarrow Supla A r \rightarrow Suplb ran(f (A)) f[r]).
Theorem UniqueT4 : \forall f, Function f \rightarrow dom(f) = R1 \rightarrow ran(f) \subset R2
     \rightarrow (\forall x y, x \in R1 \rightarrow y \in R1 \rightarrow f[(x + y)%r1] = (f[x] + f[y])%r2
           /\backslash f[(x \cdot y)\%r1] = (f[x] \cdot f[y])\%r2)
     \rightarrow ran(f) \Leftrightarrow [0']
     \rightarrow Function 1 f /\ dom(f) = R1 /\ ran(f) = R2
           \land (\forall x y, x \in R1 \rightarrow y \in R1 \rightarrow (x \leqslant y)\%r1 \rightarrow (f[x] \leqslant f[y])\%r2).
Lemma UniqueT5 Lemma1 : \exists f, Function1 1 f \setminus dom(f) = N1 \setminus ran(f) = N2
     \land \ (\forall m n, m \in \mathbb{N}1 \rightarrow n \in \mathbb{N}1 \rightarrow (m < n)\%r1 < \rightarrow (f[m] < f[n])\%r2).
Lemma UniqueT5 Lemma2 : \forall f, Function1 1 f \rightarrow dom(f) = N1 \rightarrow ran(f) = N2
     \rightarrow (\forall m n, m \in N1 \rightarrow n \in N1 \rightarrow (m \langle n)%r1 \langle-> (f[m] \langle f[n])%r2)
     \rightarrow (\forall m n, m \in N1 \rightarrow n \in N1
                    \rightarrow f[(m + n)%r1] = (f[m] + f[n])%r2 /\ f[(m • n)%r1] = (f[m] • f[n])%r2
                         /\ ((m < n)\%r1 -> f[(n - m)\%r1] = (f[n] - f[m])\%r2))
              / \ f[1] = 1'.
Lemma UniqueT5 Lemma3 : \exists f, Function f \land dom(f) = Z1 \land ran(f) \subset Z2
     / \setminus f[0] = 0' / \setminus f[1] = 1'
     /\setminus (\forall m n, m \in Z1 \rightarrow n \in Z1
              \rightarrow f[(m + n)\%r1] = (f[m] + f[n])\%r2 / f[(m \cdot n)\%r1] = (f[m] \cdot f[n])\%r2)
     /\ (\forall m, m \in Z1 \rightarrow m \Leftrightarrow 0 \rightarrow f[m] \Leftrightarrow 0')
     /\setminus (\forall m, m \in Z1 \rightarrow (0 < m)\%r1 \rightarrow (0' < f[m])\%r2).
Lemma UniqueT5_Lemma4 : \exists f, Function f \land dom(f) = Q1 \land ran(f) \subset Q2
     / \ f[0] = 0' / \ f[1] = 1'
     /\setminus (\forall a b, a \in Q1 \rightarrow b \in Q1
              \rightarrow f[(a + b)\%r1] = (f[a] + f[b])\%r2 / f[(a \cdot b)\%r1] = (f[a] \cdot f[b])\%r2)
     /\ (\forall a b, a \in Q1 \rightarrow b \in Q1 \rightarrow (a \langle b)%r1 \rightarrow (f[a] \langle f[b])%r2).
Lemma UniqueT5_Lemma5a : \forall a b c, a ∈ Q1 \rightarrow b ∈ R1 \rightarrow c ∈ R1
     \rightarrow (0 < a)%r1 \rightarrow (0 < b)%r1 \rightarrow (0 < c)%r1 \rightarrow (a < (b + c))%r1
     \rightarrow 3 al a2, al \in Q1 /\ a2 \in Q1 /\ (0 < a1)%r1 /\ (a1 < b)%r1
           /\ (0 < a2) %r1 /\ (a2 < c) %r1 /\ (a1 + a2) %r1 = a.
Lemma UniqueT5 Lemma5b : \forall a b c, a \in R2 \rightarrow b \in R2 \rightarrow c \in R2
     -> (0' < a)%r2 → (0' < b)%r2 → (0' < c)%r2 → (a < (b + c))%r2 → ∃ a1 a2, a1 ∈ R2 /\ a2 ∈ R2 /\ (0' < a1)%r2 /\ (a1 < b)%r2
           /\ (0' < a2)\%r2 /\ (a2 < c)\%r2 /\ (a1 + a2)\%r2 = a.
Lemma UniqueT5_Lemma6a : ∀ a b c, a ∈ Q1 → b ∈ R1 → c ∈ R1
     -> (0 < a) \%r1 -> (0 < b) \%r1 -> (0 < c) \%r1 -> (a < (b • c)) \%r1
     \rightarrow 3 al a2, a1 \in Q1 /\ a2 \in Q1 /\ (0 < a1)%r1 /\ (a1 < b)%r1
           / (0 < a2) %r1 / (a2 < c) %r1 / (a1 • a2) %r1 = a.
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Lemma UniqueT5_Lemma6b : \forall a b c, a ∈ R2 \rightarrow b ∈ R2 \rightarrow c ∈ R2
     -> (0' < a)%r2 -> (0' < b)%r2 -> (0' < c)%r2 -> (a < (b • c))%r2
     \rightarrow 3 al a2, a1 \in R2 \land a2 \in R2 \land (0' < a1)%r2 \land (a1 < b)%r2
          /\ (0' < a2) %r2 /\ (a2 < c) %r2 /\ (a1 • a2) %r2 = a.
Lemma UniqueT5_Lemma7 : ∃ f, Function f
     /\setminus dom(f) = \setminus \{ \lambda u, u \in R1 /\setminus (0 \le u)\%r1 \setminus \} /\setminus ran(f) \subset R2
     /\ (\forall m n, m \in dom(f) \rightarrow n \in dom(f) \rightarrow f[(m + n)\%r1] = (f[m] + f[n])\%r2)
     /\setminus (\forall m n, m \in dom(f) \rightarrow n \in dom(f) \rightarrow f[(m \cdot n)\%r1] = (f[m] \cdot f[n])\%r2)
     /\setminus (\forall m n, m \in dom(f) \rightarrow n \in dom(f) \rightarrow (m < n)\%r1
          \rightarrow f[(n - m)\%r1] = (f[n] - f[m])\%r2)
     / \ f[1] = 1'.
Lemma UniqueT5_Lemma8 : ∃ f, Function f
     \land dom(f) = R1 \land ran(f) \subset R2 \land ran(f) \Leftrightarrow [0']
     /\setminus (\forall m n, m \in dom(f) \rightarrow n \in dom(f) \rightarrow f[(m + n)\%r1] = (f[m] + f[n])\%r2)
     /\setminus (\forall m \ n, m \in dom(f) \rightarrow n \in dom(f) \rightarrow f[(m \cdot n)\%r1] = (f[m] \cdot f[n])\%r2).
Definition Reals_Isomorphism := \exists f, Function1_1 f \land \land dom(f) = R1 \land \land ran(f) = R2
     /\ (\forall x y, x \in R1 \rightarrow y \in R1 \rightarrow f[(x + y)\%r1] = (f[x] + f[y])\%r2)
     /\ (\forall x y, x \in R1 \rightarrow y \in R1 \rightarrow f[(x \cdot y)\%r1] = (f[x] \cdot f[y])\%r2)
     /\ (\forall x y, x \in R1 \rightarrow y \in R1 \rightarrow (x \leqslant y)\%r1 \leftarrow (f[x] \leqslant f[y])\%r2).
Theorem UniqueT5: Reals_Isomorphism.
End real numbers uniqueness.
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Library Index A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z other (1 entry)
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Global Index

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