

# Template Week 6 – Networking

Student number:

## Assignment 6.1: Working from home

Screenshot installation openssh-server:

```
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ SUDO APT UPDATE
SUDO: command not found
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ sudo apt update

sudo apt inst
sudo apt install openssh-server -y

sudo systemctl enable --now ssh

Ign:1 cdrom://Ubuntu 24.04.3 LTS _Noble Numbat_ - Release amd64 (20250805.1) nob
le InRelease
Hit:2 cdrom://Ubuntu 24.04.3 LTS _Noble Numbat_ - Release amd64 (20250805.1) nob
le Release
Hit:3 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Get:4 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease [126 kB]
Get:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease [126 kB]
Get:6 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease [126 kB]
Get:8 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 Packages [1690 k
B]
Get:9 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security/main i386 Packages [366 k
B]
Get:10 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security/main amd64 Packages [139
9 kB]
Get:11 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main i386 Packages [568 kB
```

Screenshot successful SSH command execution:

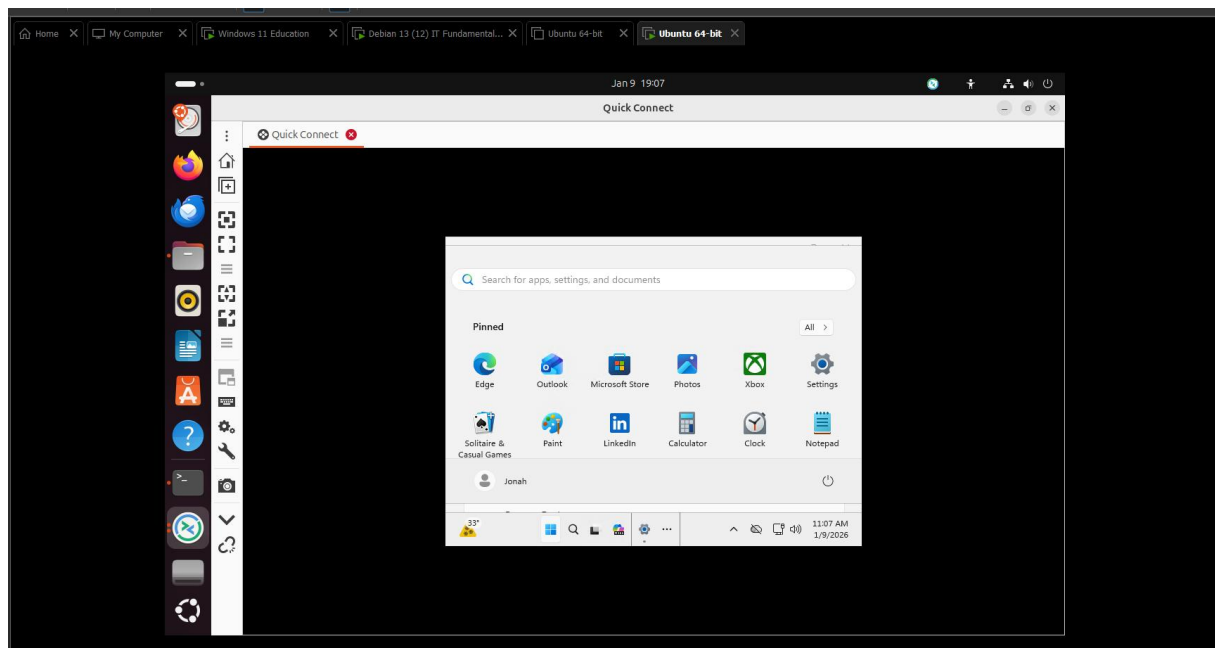
```
received disconnect from 192.168.139.139 port 22:2: Too many authentication failures
Disconnected from 192.168.139.139 port 22

C:\Windows\System32>ssh ubuntu@192.168.139.139
ubuntu@192.168.139.139's password:
Permission denied, please try again.
ubuntu@192.168.139.139's password:
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$
```

Screenshot successful execution SCP command:

```
C:\Windows\System32>ssh ubuntu@192.168.139.139
PS C:\Users\jonah\OneDrive - Saxion\Desktop> scp test.txt ubuntu@192.168.139.139:/home/ubuntu/
ubuntu@192.168.139.139's password:
test.txt 100% 0 0.0KB/s 00:00
PS C:\Users\jonah\OneDrive - Saxion\Desktop>
```

Screenshot remmina:



## Assignment 6.2: IP addresses websites

Relevant screenshots nslookup command:

```
Administrator: Command Prompt - nslookup

> amazon.com
Server:  dns.google
Address:  8.8.8.8

Non-authoritative answer:
Name:     amazon.com
Addresses: 98.87.170.74
           98.82.161.185
           98.87.170.71

> google.com
Server:  dns.google
Address:  8.8.8.8

Non-authoritative answer:
Name:     google.com
Addresses: 2a00:1450:400e:801::200e
           142.250.179.174

> one.one.one.one
Server:  dns.google
Address:  8.8.8.8

Non-authoritative answer:
Name:     one.one.one.one
Addresses: 2606:4700:4700::1001
           2606:4700:4700::1111
           1.0.0.1
           1.1.1.1

> bol.com
Server:  dns.google
Address:  8.8.8.8

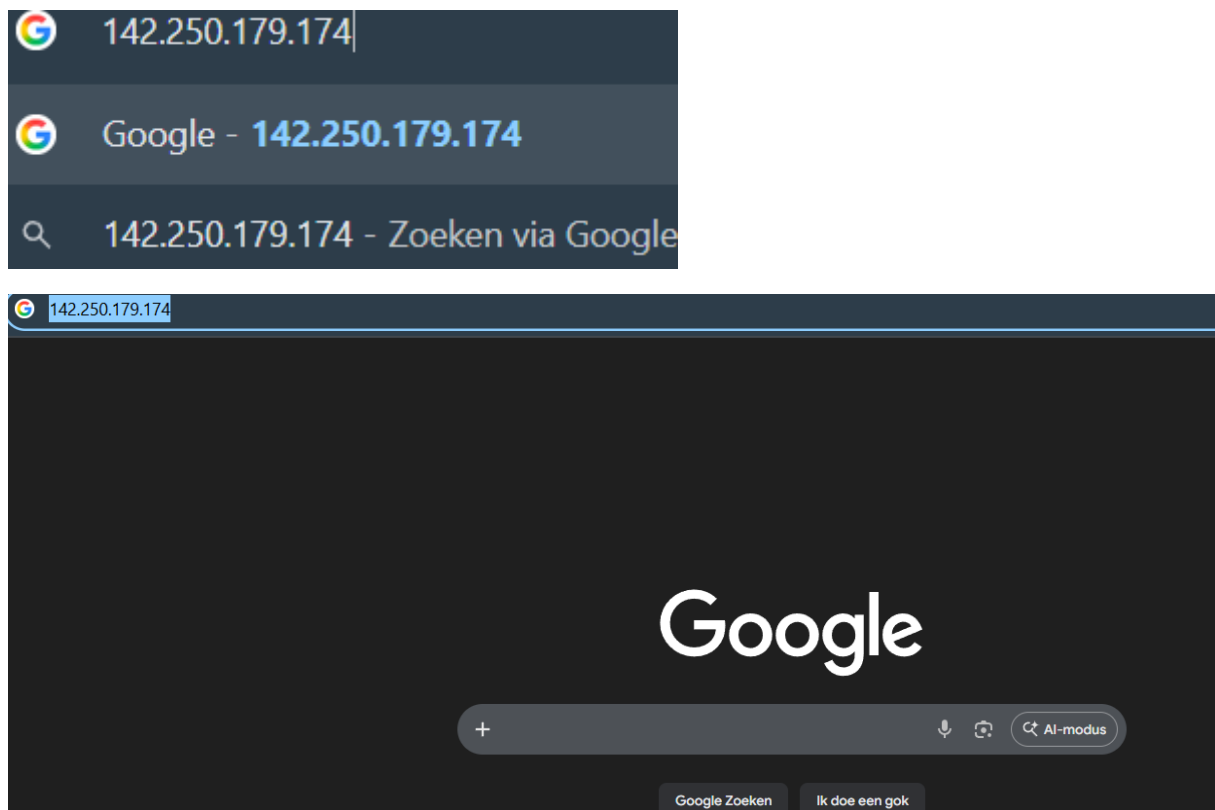
Non-authoritative answer:
Name:     bol.com
Address:  79.170.100.62

> w3schools.com
Server:  dns.google
Address:  8.8.8.8

Non-authoritative answer:
Name:     w3schools.com
Addresses: 13.248.240.135
           76.223.115.82

> _
```

Screenshot website visit via IP address:



### Assignment 6.3: subnetting

How many IP addresses are in this network configuration 192.168.110.128/25?

128, ipv4 adres heeft 32 bits, met /25 prefix  $32 - 25 = 7$ .  $2$  tot de macht  $7 = 128$

What is the usable IP range to hand out to the connected computers?

192.168.110.129 tot 192.168.110.254

Check your two previous answers with this Linux command: `ipcalc 192.168.110.128/25`

```
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ ipcalc 192.168.110.128/25
Address: 192.168.110.128 11000000.10101000.01101110.1 00000000
Netmask: 255.255.255.128 = 25 11111111.11111111.11111111.1 00000000
Wildcard: 0.0.0.127 00000000.00000000.00000000.0 11111111
=>
Network: 192.168.110.128/25 11000000.10101000.01101110.1 00000000
HostMin: 192.168.110.129 11000000.10101000.01101110.1 00000001
HostMax: 192.168.110.254 11000000.10101000.01101110.1 11111110
Broadcast: 192.168.110.255 11000000.10101000.01101110.1 11111111
Hosts/Net: 126 Class C, Private Internet

ubuntu@ubuntu:~$
```

Explain the above calculation in your own words.

Ipv4 adres = 32 bits, met /25 subnet mask gebruik je 25 bits voor netwerk, de rest 7 voor host adressen.  $2 \text{ tot de macht } 7 = 128$

Het netwerk adres is waar alle host bits 0 zijn, dus 192.168.110.128

Broadcast adres alle host bits 1, dus 192.168.110.255  
bruikbare ip adressen is alles daar tussen in.

Ipcalc command bevestigt dit:

Network: 192.168.110.128/25

HostMin: 192.168.110.129

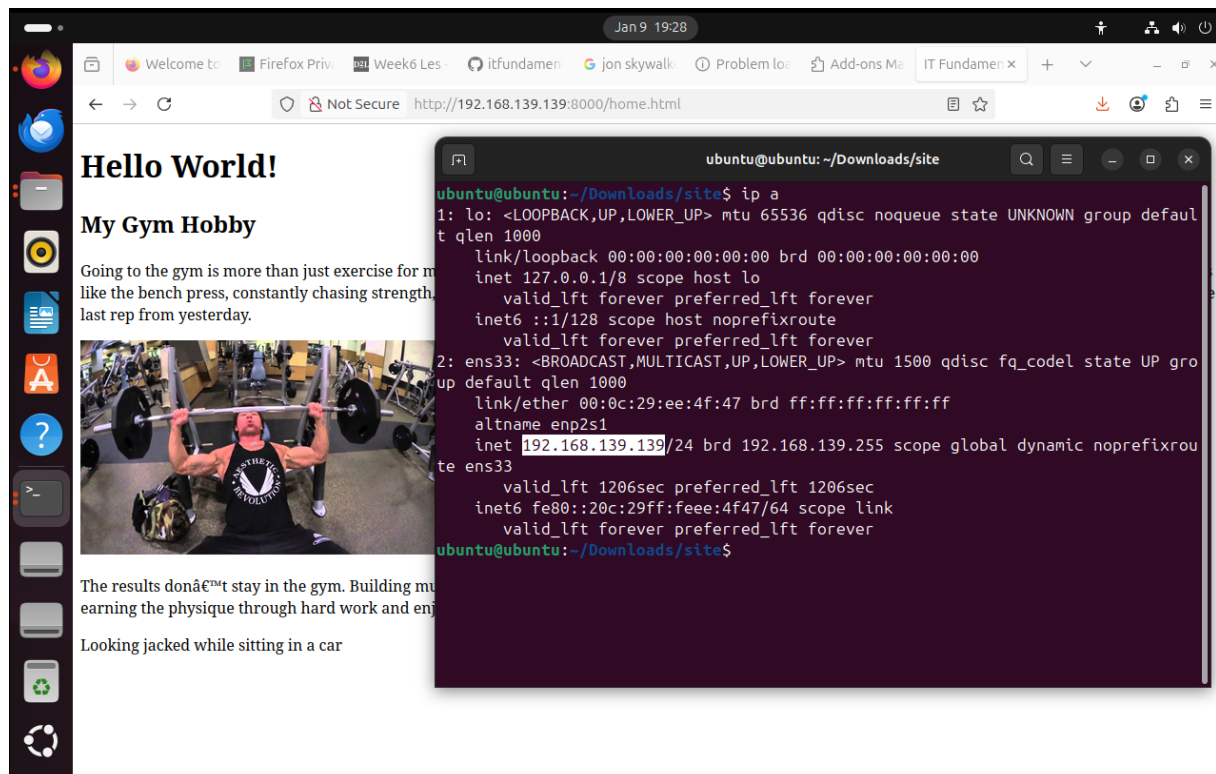
HostMax: 192.168.110.254

Broadcast: 192.168.110.255

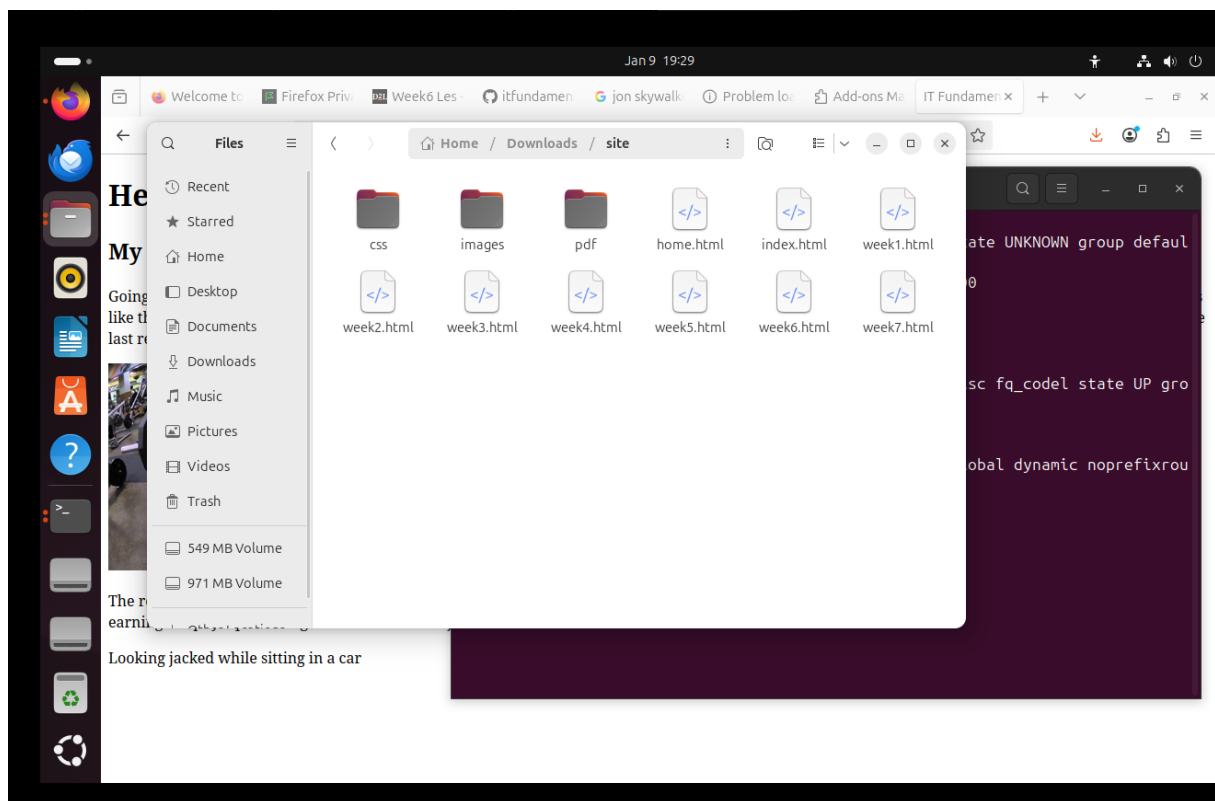
Hosts/Net: 126 bruikbare hosts

## Assignment 6.4: HTML

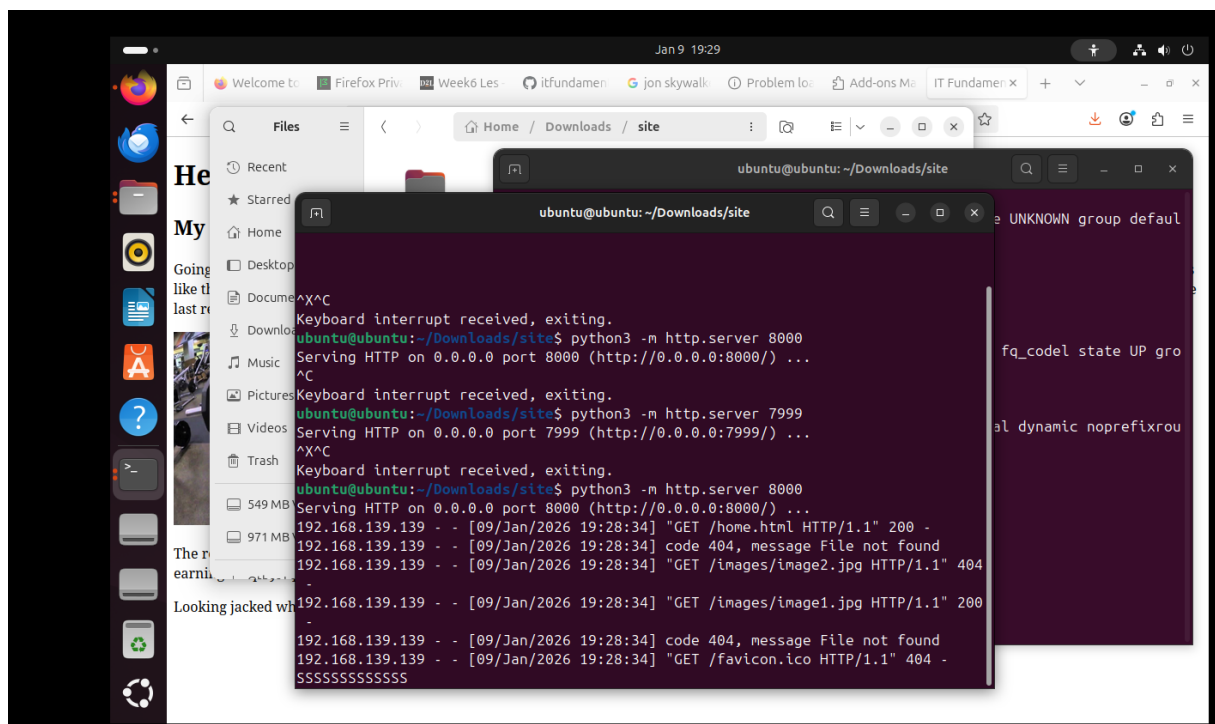
Screenshot IP address Ubuntu VM:



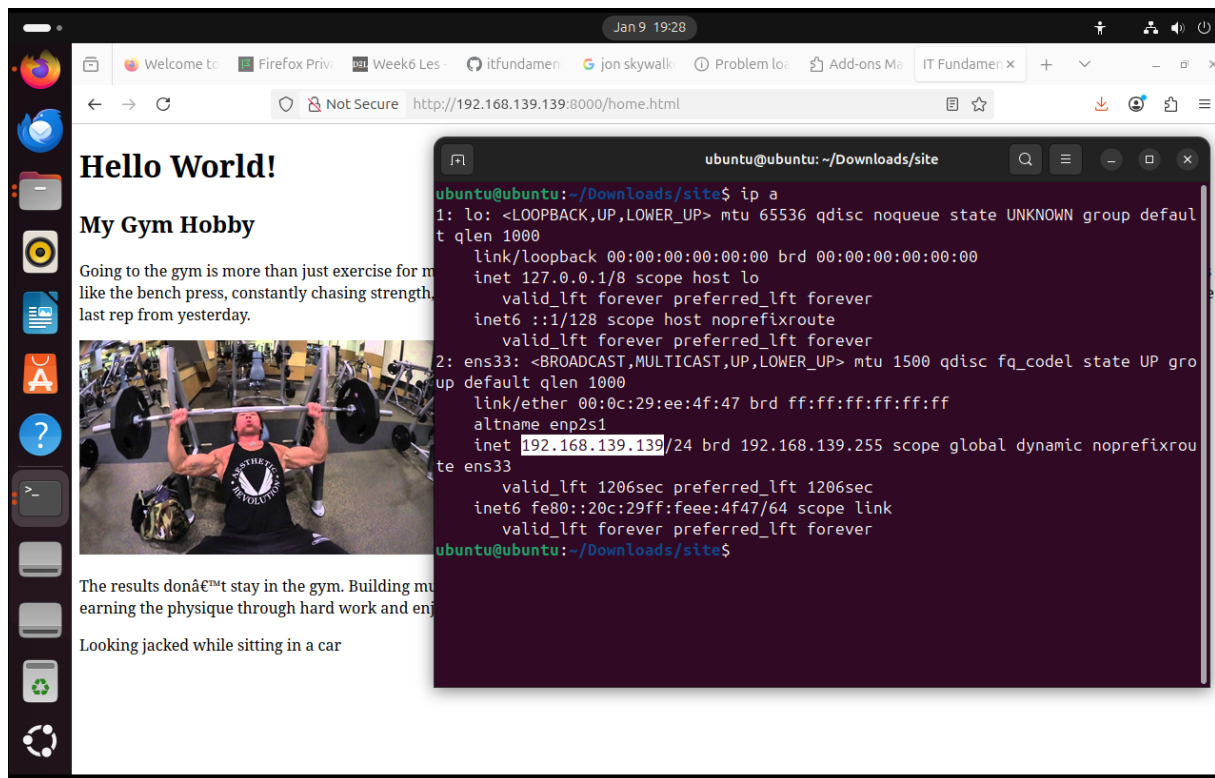
Screenshot of Site directory contents:



Screenshot python3 webserver command:



### Screenshot web browser visits your site



### Assignment 6.5: Network segment

Remember that bitwise java application you've made in week 2? Expand that application so that you can also calculate a network segment as explained in the PowerPoint slides of week 6. Use the bitwise & AND operator. You need to be able to input two Strings. An IP address and a subnet.

IP: 192.168.1.100 and subnet: 255.255.255.224 for /27

Example: 192.168.1.100/27

Calculate the network segment

IP Address: 11000000.10101000.00000001.01100100

Subnet Mask: 11111111.11111111.11111111.11100000

-----  
Network Addr: 11000000.10101000.00000001.01100000

This gives 192.168.1.96 in decimal as the network address.

For a /27 subnet, each segment (or subnet) has 32 IP addresses ( $2^5$ ).

The range of this network segment is from 192.168.1.96 to 192.168.1.127.

Paste source code here, with a screenshot of a working application.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class test {
```

```

public static boolean isOdd(int number) {
    return (number & 1) == 1;
}

public static boolean isPowerOfTwo(int number) {
    if (number <= 0) return false;
    return (number & (number - 1)) == 0;
}

public static int twosComplement(int number) {
    return ~number + 1;
}

private static int[] parseIPv4(String s) {
    String[] parts = s.trim().split("\\.");
    if (parts.length != 4) throw new IllegalArgumentException("Invalid IPv4 format");
    int[] out = new int[4];
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
        out[i] = Integer.parseInt(parts[i]);
        if (out[i] < 0 || out[i] > 255) throw new IllegalArgumentException("IPv4 number out of range");
    }
    return out;
}

private static String toBinary8(int n) {
    String b = Integer.toBinaryString(n);
    while (b.length() < 8) b = "0" + b;
    return b;
}

public static void calcNetworkSegment(String ipStr, String maskStr) {
    int[] ip = parseIPv4(ipStr);
    int[] mask = parseIPv4(maskStr);

    int[] net = new int[4];
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
        net[i] = ip[i] & mask[i];
    }

    String ipBin = toBinary8(ip[0]) + "." + toBinary8(ip[1]) + "." + toBinary8(ip[2]) + "." +
toBinary8(ip[3]);
    String maskBin = toBinary8(mask[0]) + "." + toBinary8(mask[1]) + "." + toBinary8(mask[2]) + "." +
toBinary8(mask[3]);
    String netBin = toBinary8(net[0]) + "." + toBinary8(net[1]) + "." + toBinary8(net[2]) + "." +
toBinary8(net[3]);

    String networkAddr = net[0] + "." + net[1] + "." + net[2] + "." + net[3];
}

```



```

int blockSize = 256 - mask[3];
int start = net[3];
int end = start + (blockSize - 1);

String rangeStart = net[0] + "." + net[1] + "." + net[2] + "." + start;
String rangeEnd = net[0] + "." + net[1] + "." + net[2] + "." + end;

System.out.println("IP Address: " + ipBin);
System.out.println("Subnet Mask: " + maskBin);
System.out.println("-----");
System.out.println("Network Addr: " + netBin);
System.out.println();
System.out.println("Network address (decimal): " + networkAddr);
System.out.println("Range: " + rangeStart + " to " + rangeEnd);
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
    boolean running = true;

    while (running) {
        System.out.println("==== Bit Calculations =====");
        System.out.println("1. Is number odd?");
        System.out.println("2. Is number a power of 2?");
        System.out.println("3. Two's complement of number");
        System.out.println("4. Calculate network segment (IP + subnet mask)");
        System.out.println("0. Exit");
        System.out.print("Choose an option: ");

        int choice = input.nextInt();
        input.nextLine(); // flush newline

        if (choice == 0) {
            running = false;
            System.out.println("Exiting program...");
        } else if (choice >= 1 && choice <= 3) {
            System.out.print("Enter an integer number: ");
            int number = input.nextInt();
            input.nextLine();

            if (choice == 1) {
                if (isOdd(number)) System.out.println(number + " is odd");
                else System.out.println(number + " is even");
            } else if (choice == 2) {
                if (isPowerOfTwo(number)) System.out.println(number + " is a power of 2");
                else System.out.println(number + " is NOT a power of 2");
            } else {

```

```

        int result = twosComplement(number);
        System.out.println("Two's complement of " + number + " = " + result);
    }
    System.out.println();
} else if (choice == 4) {
    try {
        System.out.print("Enter IP address (e.g. 192.168.1.100): ");
        String ipStr = input.nextLine();

        System.out.print("Enter subnet mask (e.g. 255.255.255.224): ");
        String maskStr = input.nextLine();

        System.out.println();
        calcNetworkSegment(ipStr, maskStr);
        System.out.println();
    } catch (Exception e) {
        System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
        System.out.println();
    }
} else {
    System.out.println("Unknown option, please try again.\n");
}
}

input.close();
}
}

```

Ready? Save this file and export it as a pdf file with the name: [week6.pdf](#)