Numpy Assignment no #02, AIC_Quarter #02, PIAIC

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In [1]: import numpy as np
```

Task 01

```
In [26]: #Task 02
         def function2():
             #create 3D array (3,3,3)
             #must data type should have float64
             #array value should be satart from 10 and end with 36 (both included)
             # Hint: dtype, reshape
             x = np.arange(10,37,dtype=np.float64).reshape((3,3,3))
         function2()
Out[26]: array([[[10., 11., 12.],
                  [13., 14., 15.],
                  [16., 17., 18.]],
                 [[19., 20., 21.],
                  [22., 23., 24.],
                  [25., 26., 27.]],
                [[28., 29., 30.],
                  [31., 32., 33.],
                  [34., 35., 36.]]])
```

[35 70 105 140 175 210 245 280 315 350 385 420 455 490 525 560 595 630 665 700 735 770 805 840 875 910 945 980]

```
In [23]: #Task 06
def function6():
    # Create a null vector of size 10 but the fifth and eighth value which is 10,
    a= np.zeros(10,dtype=int)
    print(a)
    a[4]=10
    a[7]=20
    return a

function6()

Out[23]: array([ 0,  0,  0,  10,  0,  0,  20,  0,  0])
```

```
In [22]: #Task 07
def function7():
    # Create an array of zeros with the same shape and type as X. Dont use reshot
    #x = np.arange(4, dtype=np.int64)
#x = np.zeros(4, dtype=np.int64)

#or
    x = np.zeros(4, dtype="int64")
    return x

function7()
Out[22]: array([0, 0, 0, 0])
```

Task 08

Task 09

```
In [20]: #Task 09
        def function9():
            # Create an array of 2, 4, 6, 8, ..., 100.
            a=np.arange(2,101,2)
            return a
        function9()
Out[20]: array([ 2,
                     4,
                         6,
                                  10, 12, 14,
                                               16,
                                                     18,
                                                              22,
                                                                   24,
                              8,
                                                          20,
                                                                        26,
                                           40, 42,
                28, 30, 32, 34,
                                  36, 38,
                                                     44,
                                                          46, 48,
                                                                   50,
                                                                        52,
                54,
                    56, 58,
                              60,
                                  62,
                                       64, 66,
                                                68,
                                                     70,
                                                          72, 74,
                                                                   76,
                                                                        78,
                                                     96,
                80, 82,
                        84,
                              86,
                                  88, 90, 92,
                                                94,
                                                          98, 100])
```

```
In [13]: #Task12
         def function12():
             # Create the following pattern without hardcoding. Use only numpy functions of
             # HINT: use stacking concept
             arr = np.array([1,2,3])
             ans=np.hstack((arr.repeat(3), np.tile(arr,3)))
             return ans
             #or
             #ans=np.r_[np.repeat(arr,3), np.tile(arr,3)]
         #or, we can use this, but ans is without commas
             #arr1=np.repeat(arr,3)
             #print(arr1)
             #arr2=np.tile(arr,3)
             #print(arr2)
             #ans=np.concatenate((arr1,arr2),axis=0)
             #print(ans)
         function12()
```

Out[13]: array([1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3])

Out[14]: array([6, 9])

Task 14

```
In [17]: #Task 14
         def function14():
             # Create an 8X3 integer array from a range between 10 to 34 such that the dij
             # Hint use split method
             arr= np.arange(10, 34, 1).reshape(8,3)
             a=np.split(arr, 4, axis=0)
             return a
         function14()
Out[17]: [array([[10, 11, 12],
                  [13, 14, 15]]),
          array([[16, 17, 18],
                  [19, 20, 21]]),
          array([[22, 23, 24],
                  [25, 26, 27]]),
          array([[28, 29, 30],
                  [31, 32, 33]])]
```

```
In [18]: #Task 15
    def function15():
        #Sort following NumPy array by the second column

        arr = np.array([[ 8,  2, -2],[-4,  1,  7],[ 6,  3,  9]])
        sorted_array = arr[np.argsort(arr[:, 1])]
        return sorted_array

#or

#arr_sort = arr[arr[:,1].argsort()]
#arr_sort

function15()
Out[18]: array([[-4,  1,  7],
        [ 8,  2, -2],
        [ 6,  3,  9]])
```

```
In [32]: #Task 16
         def function16():
             #Write a NumPy program to join a sequence of arrays along depth.
             \#x = np.array([[1], [2], [3]])
             #y = np.array([[2], [3], [4]])
              Expected Output:
                          [[[1 2]]
                           [[2 3]]
                           [[3 4]]]
              ....
             x = np.array([[1], [2], [3]])
             y = np.array([[2], [3], [4]])
             ans = np.concatenate((x,y)).reshape((3,1,-1)), order="F")
             return ans
         #or
         \#z=np.dstack((x,y)) (Ans with commas)
         #z
         #or
         \#z=np.concatenate([x,y],axis=1) (Ans with commas)
         #z
         print(function16())
         [[[1 2]]
          [[2 3]]
          [[3 4]]]
```

```
In [33]: #Task 17
          def function17():
               #replace numbers with "YES" if it divided by 3 and 5
               # otherwise it will be replaced with "NO"
               # Hint: np.where
               arr = np.arange(1,10*10+1).reshape((10,10))
               #print(arr)
               b=arr[(arr%3==0) & (arr%5==0)]
               print(b)
               c=np.where(arr%15 == 0, "Yes", "No")
          function17()
          [15 30 45 60 75 90]
Out[33]: array([['No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No'],
                  ['No', 'No', 'No', 'Yes', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No'],
                  ['No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'Yes'],
                  ['No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No'],
                  ['No', 'No', 'No', 'Yes', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No'], ['No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'Yes'],
                  ['No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No'],
['No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'Yes', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No'],
                  ['No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'Yes'],
                  ['No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No']],
                 dtype='<U3')
```

```
In [34]: #Task 18
         def function18():
            #count values of "students" are exist in "piaic"
             piaic = np.arange(100)
              students = np.array([5,20,50,200,301,7001])
         #1
                       to know which values are present
         #values_present=piaic[np.in1d(piaic, students)]
         #print(values_present)
         #2
                       to count how many values are present?
         #a=np.count_nonzero(students < 100)</pre>
         #a
         #3
                      we can also use these
         #b=piaic[np.in1d(piaic, students)].size
         #b
         #4
             c=np.intersect1d(piaic,students).size
             return c
         #or
         #5
         #x=np.count_nonzero(np.isin(students, piaic))
         function18()
```

Out[34]: 3

```
In [36]: #Task19
         def function19():
             #Create variable "X" from 1,25 (both are included) range values
             #Convert "X" variable dimension into 5 rows and 5 columns
             #Create one more variable "W" copy of "X"
             #Swap "W" row and column axis (like transpose)
             # then create variable "b" with value equal to 5
             # Now return output as "(X*W)+b:
                 np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
             print(X)
             W=X.T
             print(w)
             b=5
             output=(X*w)+b
             return output
             #or may be
                 \#w = np.array(X).swapaxes(1,0)
                 #or
                 \#w = np.copy(X).T
                 #or
                 \#w = X.copy().transpose()
         function19()
         [[1 2 3 4 5]
          [678910]
```

```
[11 12 13 14 15]
        [16 17 18 19 20]
        [21 22 23 24 25]]
        [[ 1 6 11 16 21]
        [ 2 7 12 17 22]
        [ 3 8 13 18 23]
        [ 4 9 14 19 24]
        [ 5 10 15 20 25]]

Out[36]: array([[ 6, 17, 38, 69, 110],
        [ 17, 54, 101, 158, 225],
        [ 38, 101, 174, 257, 350],
        [ 69, 158, 257, 366, 485],
        [ 110, 225, 350, 485, 630]])
```

```
In [39]: #Task20
    def function20():
        #apply fuction "abc" on each value of Array "X"
        x = np.arange(1,11)
        def abc(x):
            return x*2+3-2
        return abc(x)
    function20()

Out[39]: array([ 3,  5,  7,  9,  11,  13,  15,  17,  19,  21])
In [ ]:
```