

Installation of Hadoop 3.1.3 in ubuntu 18.04/19.04/19.10

Step 1: Installation of openJDK-8

```
$ Sudo apt install openjdk-8-jdk openjdk-8-jre
```

```
$ java -version
```

```
$ sudo apt install vim openssh-server openssh-client
```

Step 2: Adding the Jdk path to the path variable

Open ~/.bashrc and add

```
$ sudo vim ~/.bashrc
```

#go to the last line and add the following

```
export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-8-openjdk-amd64
```

```
export PATH=$PATH:$JAVA_HOME
```

```
##save and exit
```

Inform the OS about the modification

```
$ source ~/.bashrc
```

Type

```
$ echo $JAVA_HOME
```

```
$ echo $PATH
```

Step 3: Add a dedicated user for the HADOOP

```
$ sudo adduser hadoop
```

```
$ sudo usermod -aG sudo hadoop
```

(Just in case)

```
$sudo visudo
```

```
# User privilege specification
```

```
root  ALL=(ALL:ALL) ALL
```

```
hadoop ALL=(ALL:ALL) ALL
```

(to get out , Ctlr+x , Y, enter)

Step 4: Once the user is added, login to the user “Hadoop” to generate the ssh key for passwordless login (hadoop@machinename)

```
$ sudo su - hadoop
```

```
$ ssh-keygen -t rsa
```

```
$ cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub >> ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

```
$ chmod 0600 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

Check the login to localhost using ssh is valid

```
$ ssh localhost
```

IMPORTANT

Once the connection is made, logout from ssh

```
$ exit
```

Step 5: Download the latest binary from Hadoop site

“hadoop-3.1.3.tar.gz “

```
$ tar -xvzf hadoop-3.1.3.tar.gz
```

```
$ mv hadoop-3.1.3 /usr/local/hadoop
```

Step 6: Setup the path variables for hadoop

```
$ sudo vim /etc/profile.d/hadoop_java.sh
```

Add the following lines to it

```
export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-8-openjdk-amd64
```

```
export HADOOP_HOME=/usr/local/hadoop
```

```
export HADOOP_HDFS_HOME=$HADOOP_HOME
```

```
export HADOOP_MAPRED_HOME=$HADOOP_HOME
```

```
export YARN_HOME=$HADOOP_HOME
```

```
export HADOOP_COMMON_HOME=$HADOOP_HOME
```

```
export HADOOP_COMMON_LIB_NATIVE_DIR=$HADOOP_HOME/lib/native
```

```
export PATH=$PATH:$JAVA_HOME/bin:$HADOOP_HOME/bin:$HADOOP_HOME/sbin
export HADOOP_OPTS="$HADOOP_OPTS -Djava.library.path=$HADOOP_HOME/lib/native"
```

Save and exit. Then source the file

```
$ source /etc/profile.d/hadoop_java.sh
```

Confirm your hadoop and hdfs version

```
$ hadoop version
```

```
$ hdfs version
```

Step 7: Configuring Hadoop

Navigate to /usr/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop and type ls

```
$ cd /usr/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop
```

```
$ hadoop@machine: /usr/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop: ls
```

Give the permission for the hadoop folder to hadoop user

```
$ sudo chown -R hadoop:hadoop /usr/local/hadoop
```

Step 7a: Specify JAVA_HOME in hadoop-env.sh (/usr/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop)

```
$ vim hadoop-env.sh
```

Add the following line in java implementation

```
export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-8-openjdk-amd64 (54 line)
```

Save and exit

Step 7b: Modify core-site.xml to setup web portal for hadoop

Add the following lines to it

```
<configuration>
  <property>
    <name>fs.default.name</name>
    <value>hdfs://localhost:9000</value>
    <description>The default file system URI</description>
  </property>
  <property>
```

```
    <name>hadoop.tmp.dir</name>
    <value>/usr/local/hadoop/htemp</value>
</property>
</configuration>
```

Step 7c: Modify hdfs-site.xml to setup namenode and datanode path and replication factor

Create a folder for namenode and datanode usage

```
$ ls
```

Give the permission for the hdfs and htemp folder to hadoop user

```
$ sudo chown -R hadoop:hadoop /usr/local/hadoop/hdfs
```

```
sudo chown -R hadoop:hadoop /usr/local/hadoop/htemp
```

Modify hdfs-site.xml and add the following lines inside

```
<configuration>
  <property>
    <name>dfs.replication</name>
    <value>1</value>
  </property>

  <property>
    <name>dfs.name.dir</name>
    <value>file:/usr/local/hadoop/hdfs/namenode</value>
  </property>

  <property>
    <name>dfs.data.dir</name>
    <value>file:/usr/local/hadoop/hdfs/datanode</value>
  </property>
</configuration>
```

Step 7d: Configure the mapreduce framework by editing the mapred-site.xml

Modify the mapred-site.xml and add the following lines

```
<configuration>
  <property>
    <name>mapreduce.framework.name</name>
```

```

        <value>yarn</value>
      </property>
    </property>
    <name>mapreduce.application.classpath</name>
    <value>${HADOOP_MAPRED_HOME}/share/hadoop/mapreduce/*:${HADOOP_MAPRED_HOME}/share/hadoop/mapreduce/lib/*</value>
  </property>
</configuration>

```

Step 7c: Configure the YARN resource manager by editing the yarn-site.xml

```

<configuration>
  <property>
    <name>yarn.nodemanager.aux-services</name>
    <value>mapreduce_shuffle</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>yarn.nodemanager.env-whitelist</name>
    <value>JAVA_HOME,HADOOP_COMMON_HOME,HADOOP_HDFS_HOME,HADOOP_CONF_DIR,CLASSPATH_PREPEND_DISTCACHE,HADOOP_YARN_HOME,HADOOP_MAPRED_HOME</value>
  </property>
</configuration>

```

Step 8: Format the namenode using the command

```
$ hdfs namenode -format
```

Test HDFS configuration (/usr/local/hadoop/sbin/)

```
$ ./start-dfs.sh
```

```
$ ./start-yarn.sh
```

```
$ ./start-all.sh
```

Check the availability of all the nodes by typing

```
$ jps
```

```

12293 Jps
9877 NameNode
10085 DataNode
10953 NodeManager

```

10590 ResourceManager
10335 SecondaryNameNode

Step 9: Access the Web portal for hadoop management by typing in the following IP address in the browser

<http://localhost:9870>

Step 10: Check the hadoop cluster overview at

<http://localhost:8088>

Execute `$HADOOP_HOME/sbin - ./stop-all.sh`