WEEK 5 - SQL Exercises

1) Walkthrough

What is SQL Explorer?

SQL Explorer is a reliable and effective tool used to execute and create SQL queries and manage multiple database connections and provides a simple and intuitive interface.

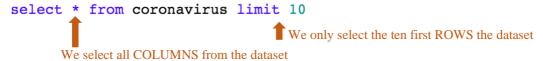
Access: https://hec.unil.ch/info1ere/sqlexplorer



Today we will use the **coronavirus** and **temperatures** datasets.

Let's start with **coronavirus**:

Have an overview of the **coronavirus** table:



province	country	last_update	confirmed	deaths	recovered	latitude	longitude
Hubei	Mainland China	2020-03-05 14:53:03	67466	2902	40592	30.9756	112.2707
	South Korea	2020-03-05 09:03:09	6088	35	41	36	128
	Italy	2020-03-05 17:43:03	3858	148	414	43	12
	Iran	2020-03-05 13:43:04	3513	107	739	32	53
Guangdong	Mainland China	2020-03-05 09:23:03	1351	7	1181	23.3417	113.4244
Henan	Mainland China	2020-03-05 01:48:26	1272	22	1239	33.882	113.614
Zhejiang	Mainland China	2020-03-05 09:43:03	1215	1	1124	29.1832	120.0934
Hunan	Mainland China	2020-03-05 08:43:03	1018	4	938	27.6104	111.7088
Anhui	Mainland China	2020-03-05 04:33:02	990	6	970	31.8257	117.2264
Jiangxi	Mainland China	2020-03-05 01:16:58	935	1	901	27.614	115.7221

Showing 1 to 10 of 10 entries



Select all columns and all rows:

select * from coronavirus

▼ RÉSULTAT

province	country	last_update	confirmed	deaths	recovered	latitude	longitude
Hubei	Mainland China	2020-03-05 14:53:03	67466	2902	40592	30.9756	112.2707
	South Korea	2020-03-05 09:03:09	6088	35	41	36	128
	Italy	2020-03-05 17:43:03	3858	148	414	43	12
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Showing 1 to 10 of 73 entries

Select specific columns, for example **country**, **last_update**, **confirmed**:

Select country, last_update, confirmed from
coronavirus

▼ RÉSULTAT

country	last_update	confirmed
Mainland China	2020-03-05 14:53:03	67466
South Korea	2020-03-05 09:03:09	6088
Italy	2020-03-05 17:43:03	3858
Iran	2020-03-05 13:43:04	3513
Mainland China	2020-03-05 09:23:03	1351
Mainland China	2020-03-05 01:48:26	1272
Mainland China	2020-03-05 09:43:03	1215
Mainland China	2020-03-05 08:43:03	1018
Mainland China	2020-03-05 04:33:02	990
Mainland China	2020-03-05 01:16:58	935

Showing 1 to 10 of 173 entries

Key word **WHERE** is used to add a condition to your request. For example:

select country, last_update, confirmed
from coronavirus
where country = 'Mainland China'

country	last_update	confirmed
Mainland China	2020-03-05 14:53:03	67466
Mainland China	2020-03-05 09:23:03	1351
Mainland China	2020-03-05 01:48:26	1272
Mainland China	2020-03-05 09:43:03	1215
Mainland China	2020-03-05 08:43:03	1018
Mainland China	2020-03-05 04:33:02	990
Mainland China	2020-03-05 01:16:58	935
Mainland China	2020-03-05 14:53:03	758
Mainland China	2020-03-05 14:53:03	631
Mainland China	2020-03-05 23:23:02	576

Showing 1 to 10 of 31 entries



Key word $ORDER\ BY$ is used to order the results of a request by a column in an ascending (ASC) or descending (DESC) manner.

For example:

```
select country, last_update, confirmed
from coronavirus
order by confirmed DESC
```

country	last_update	confirmed
Mainland China	2020-03-05 14:53:03	67466
South Korea	2020-03-05 09:03:09	6088
Italy	2020-03-05 17:43:03	3858
Iran	2020-03-05 13:43:04	3513
Mainland China	2020-03-05 09:23:03	1351
Mainland China	2020-03-05 01:48:26	1272
Mainland China	2020-03-05 09:43:03	1215
Mainland China	2020-03-05 08:43:03	1018
Mainland China	2020-03-05 04:33:02	990
Mainland China	2020-03-05 01:16:58	935

Showing 1 to 10 of 173 entries

Key word **GROUP BY** is used to group the results of a request by a column. For example:

select country, confirmed
from coronavirus
group by country, confirmed

country	confirmed
Mainland China	133
Australia	1
US	18
United Arab Emirates	29
Russia	4
Mainland China	758
Mexico	5
North Macedonia	1
Argentina	1
Poland	1

Showing 1 to 10 of 138 entries



Key word **DISTINCT** is used to display distinct (different) values. For example:

select distinct country from coronavirus order by country ASC

country

Afghanistan

Algeria

Andorra

Argentina

Armenia

Australia

Austria

Azerbaijan

Bahrain

Belarus

Showing 1 to 10 of 90 entries



Other conditions:

Comparison of values : **=, >, <, >=, <=, <>**

Ex:

Select country, last_update, confirmed
from coronavirus
where confirmed > 1000

Interval: [NOT] BETWEEN ... AND ...

EX:

Select country, last_update, confirmed from coronavirus where confirmed between 2000 and 10000

List of values : **[NOT] IN** (list of values)

EX:

```
Select country, last_update, confirmed from coronavirus where confirmed not in (1,2,3,6088,67466)
```

List of values: **[NOT] LIKE** (partial value chaine) EX:

```
Select country, last_update, confirmed
from coronavirus
where country like 'I%'
```

/!\ 'I%' means all the words that start with 'I'

Undetermination: **IS [NOT] NULL** EX:

```
Select country, last_update, confirmed
from coronavirus
where confirmed is not null
```

/!\ NULL is different from zéro

Arithmetic expressions:

To multiply: *
To divide: /
To add: +
To subtract: -

/!\ only usable on variables of type date or time

Key word AS is used to give a new name to a column when extracting. For example:

```
select country AS pays
from coronavirus
order by country ASC
```

pays
Afghanistan
Algeria
Andorra
Argentina
Armenia
Australia

Logical operators:

AND: TRUE if the two conditions are true

OR: TRUE if at least one of the conditions is true

NOT: if none of the conditions are true

2) Exercises to do

A)Using Covid dataset

You can access it here:

https://hec.unil.ch/info1ere/sqlexplorer/Coronavirus

- 1. Find the total number of confirmed cases worldwide.
- 2. Find the total number of deaths in China.
- 3. How many confirmed cases in USA in California, Colorado and Conneticut?

[look at the data, to see how you can formulate this query] (see how the data are)

4. Show all the provinces and confirmed cases in the USA ordered by number of confirmed cases (descending)

- 5.How many will be the estimated cases next week for Switzerland if each week the cases multiply by 4?
- 6. Find all the records not in USA where confirmed cases are more than 100 (order in descending manner).
- 7. Find all the records not about USA and China that have between 10 and 20 deaths
- B) Using Temperatures dataset

Now, let's use the **temperatures** datasets: https://hec.unil.ch/info1ere/sqlexplorer/Temperatures

- 1. Find all cities with temperature between 15 and 25, return city, country, temperature
- 2. Find all temperature records that contain a country whose name starts from A or a
- 3. What is the maximum temperature in Austria?
- 4. What is the average temperature in records that are from Italy or Greece?
- 5. Find all the countries and their population without coastline and with population more than 9 million (population column is in millions).
- 6. Find all cities with latitude more than 45, no coastline and population more than 9 million.
- 7. **How many** countries have latitude more than 45, no coastline and population more than 9 million.
- 8. **How many** cities have latitude more than 45, no coastline and population more than 9 million, AND what is the maximum and minimum latitude of those cities?

- 9. Find the cities and countries without coastline. Sort them by descending longitude and return just 5 results.
- 10. What are the countries without coastline?
- 11. Find all pairs of cities that are close together, i.e., longitude and latitude are less than 0.5 apart (self-join: join a table with itself), do not include a city with itself!
- 12. What is the maximum latitude for all counties in EU? (we have maximum, which hints it may be a "group by" if it is for all entities, which it is. If it was for one entity, then we wouldn't need a group by.)