

PRML-Assignment 2

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1 Problem Statement

In Figure 1, $ABCD$ is a parallelogram, $AE \perp DC$ and $CF \perp AD$. If $AB = 16 \text{ cm}$, $AE = 8 \text{ cm}$ and $CF = 10 \text{ cm}$, find AD . Construct the parallelogram.

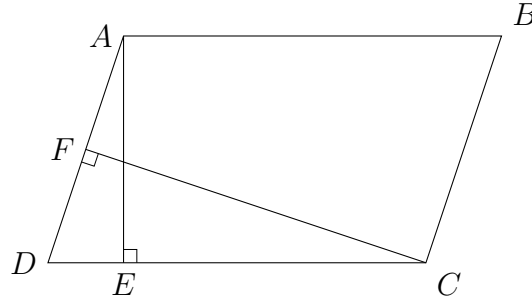


Figure 1: Parallelogram ABCD

2 Solution

Given,

LHS	RHS
$A - B$	$C - D$
$(A - E)^T(C - D)$	0
$(C - F)^T(A - D)$	0
$\ A - B\ $	16 cm
$\ A - E\ $	8 cm
$\ C - F\ $	10 cm

To find: $\|AD\|$

We know that,

$$Ar(ABCD) = \|A - D\| \times \|C - F\| = \|A - E\| \times \|C - D\|$$

$$\|A - D\| \times 10 = 8 \times 16 = 128$$

$$\|A - D\| = 12.8 \text{ cm}$$

$$\|A - D\| = \|A\| = 12.8 \text{ cm}$$

To find: A

Let $\theta = \angle ADE$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\|A-E\|}{\|A-D\|}$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{\|A - E\|}{\|A - D\|} \right) \quad (1)$$

$$A = \|A - D\| \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

Substituting $\|AE\|$ and $\|AD\|$ in (1) and (2)

$$A \approx \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3)$$

To find: F

Equation of line passing through AD:

$$\text{Direction vector, } \mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

Normal vector,

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$$

Equation of line passing through D with normal vector n is

$$\mathbf{n}^T(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{D}) = 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x} = 0 \tag{4}$$

Since \mathbf{F} is foot of perpendicular from \mathbf{C} to line \mathbf{AD}

$$\begin{pmatrix} m & n \end{pmatrix}^T \mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} m^T \mathbf{C} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 8 \\ 8 & -10 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 160 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} 9.75 \\ 7.8 \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

3 Code

<https://github.com/1ROH1TH/PRML/blob/main/9.9.2.1/codes/9.9.2.1.py>

4 Plot

The above code plots Figure 2. .

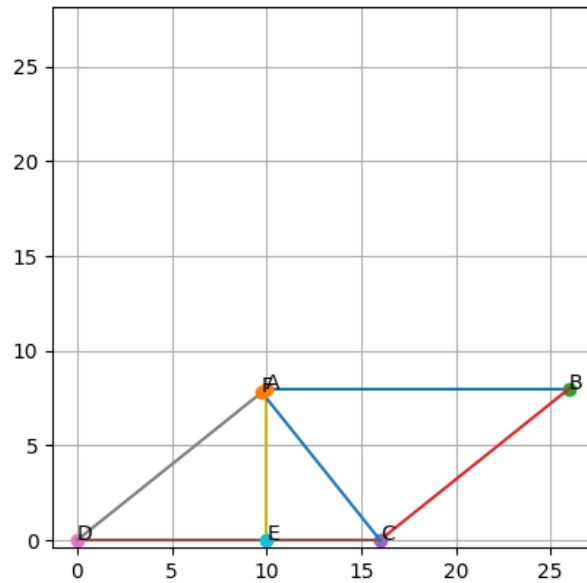


Figure 2: Parallelogram ABCD