Due Wednesday of Week 3 at the start of class

Complete the following problems and submit them as a pdf to Canvas. 8 points are awarded for thoroughly attempting every problem, and I'll select three problems to grade on correctness for 4 points each. Enough work should be shown that there is no question about the mathematical process used to obtain your answers.

Section 1

1. Suppose every 5 years, an average of 5

Section 2

In problems 2–7, find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A and the algebraic and geometric multiplicity of the eigenvalues. Then diagonalize A if possible, using block diagonalization with at most 2×2 blocks if necessary.

$$2. \ A = \begin{bmatrix} -8 & 10 \\ -5 & 7 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$3. \ A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ 10 & 5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$4. \ A = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -6 & 12 \\ 9 & 11 & -18 \\ 3 & 3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

5.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -10 & 4 & -4 \\ -13 & 4 & -10 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$6. \ A = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & -6 & -4 & -8 \\ -4 & 1 & -12 & -4 \\ -12 & 6 & 3 & 8 \\ 20 & -10 & 0 & -11 \end{bmatrix}.$$

7.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 6 & -7 & 12 \\ -4 & -3 & 4 & -12 \\ 7 & 6 & -4 & 12 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
.

- 8. Let $A = BDB^{-1}$ be a diagonalized $n \times n$ matrix, so that the columns of B are eigenvectors of A. Use this factorization to describe the eigenvectors of A^T (remember that transposing a product reverses the order of the factors).
- 9. Give an example of an invertible 3×3 matrix that is not diagonalizable, and an example of a diagonalizable 3×3 matrix that is not invertible.