

# Data Structure



## Design ...

video-16 ✓✓

Leetcode  
- 641  
~~Medium~~  
Easy

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Something  
Big Coming on 100K :)



## 641. Design Circular Deque

→ "Deq"

Medium

Topics

Companies

Design your implementation of the circular double-ended queue (deque).

Implement the `MyCircularDeque` class:

- `MyCircularDeque(int k)` Initializes the deque with a maximum size of `k`.
- `boolean insertFront()` Adds an item at the front of Deque. Returns `true` if the operation is successful, or `false` otherwise.
- `boolean insertLast()` Adds an item at the rear of Deque. Returns `true` if the operation is successful, or `false` otherwise.
- `boolean deleteFront()` Deletes an item from the front of Deque. Returns `true` if the operation is successful, or `false` otherwise.
- `boolean deleteLast()` Deletes an item from the rear of Deque. Returns `true` if the operation is successful, or `false` otherwise.
- `int getFront()` Returns the front item from the Deque. Returns `-1` if the deque is empty.
- `int getRear()` Returns the last item from Deque. Returns `-1` if the deque is empty.
- `boolean isEmpty()` Returns `true` if the deque is empty, or `false` otherwise.
- `boolean isFull()` Returns `true` if the deque is full, or `false` otherwise.

### Example 1:

#### Input

`"MyCircularDeque"` `"insertLast"`, `"insertLast"`, `"insertFront"`, `"insertFront"`,  
`"getRear"`, `"isFull"`, `"deleteLast"`, `"insertFront"`, `"getFront"`  
`[3]`, `[1]`, `[2]`, `[3]`, `[4]`, `[]`, `[]`, `[]`, `[4]`, `[]`

#### Output

`[null, true, true, true, false, 2, true, true, true, 4]`

#### Explanation

```
MyCircularDeque myCircularDeque = new MyCircularDeque(3);
myCircularDeque.insertLast(1); // return True
myCircularDeque.insertLast(2); // return True
myCircularDeque.insertFront(3); // return True
myCircularDeque.insertFront(4); // return False, the queue is full.
myCircularDeque.getRear();      // return 2
myCircularDeque.isFull();       // return True
myCircularDeque.deleteLast();   // return True
myCircularDeque.insertFront(4); // return True
myCircularDeque.getFront();     // return 4
```

→ 4  
4, 3, 1

# Approach

College की याद आ गई।

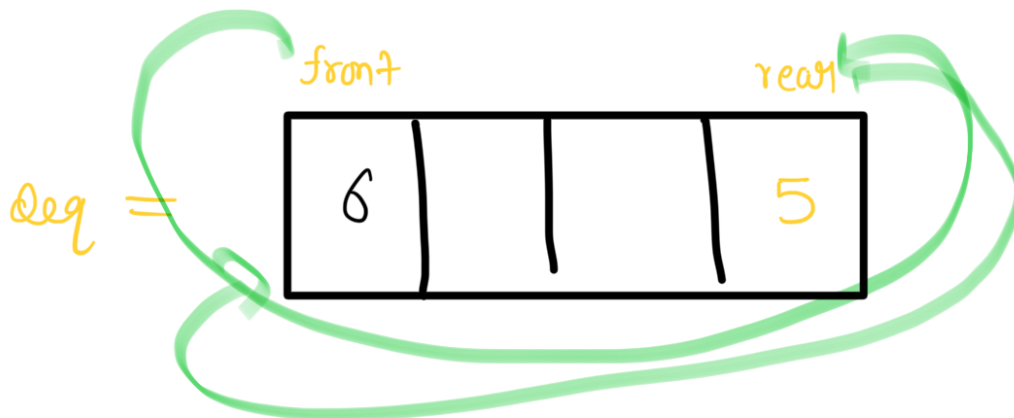
95.1-

Array

deque

"doubly linked list"  
↓  
list<int>

## Circular



deque[rear] = 5;

→  $\text{rear} = (\text{rear} + 1) \% K;$

deque[front] = 6;

$\text{front} = (\text{front} - 1 + K) \% K;$

# Circular

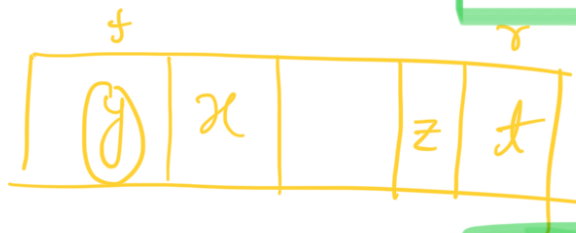
increment  $\rightarrow (+1) \% K$

↪ decrement  $\rightarrow (-1 + K) \% K$

front  
rear

insert front =  $(front - 1 + k) \% k$

insert Rear =  $(\text{rear} + 1) \% 10$



K  
CurrentSize

```
front = 0 ;
```

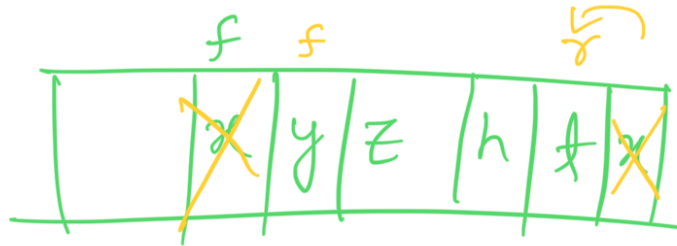
```
rear = k-1 ;
```

Current Count = 0;

L

K

Vector<int> deg(K);



$\text{delete front} = (\text{front} + 1) \% K;$

$\text{delete Rear} = (\text{rear} - 1 + K) \% K;$

// isFull()

i) (Current Count == K)

return True

// is Empty()

i) (Current Count == 0)

return True;

```
getFront() {
```

```
    if (cunCount == 0)  
        return -1;
```

```
    return deq[front];
```

```
}
```

```
getLast() {
```

```
    if (cun == 0) re - 1;
```

```
    return deq[rear];
```

```
}
```