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Codestorywith MIK

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Company :- Pony ai

You are given a sorted integer array arr containing 1 and **prime** numbers, where all the integers of arr are unique. You are also given an integer k.

For every i and j where $0 \le i \le j \le arr.length$, we consider the fraction arr[i] / arr[j].

Return the k^{th} smallest fraction considered. Return your answer as an array of integers of size 2, where answer[0] = arr[i] and answer[1] = arr[j].

Example: - Over =
$$\{1, 2, 3, 5\}$$
, $K = 3$
 $(n^2 + n\log n)$ output = $\{2, 5\}$
 $(1,2)$ $(1,3)$ $(1,5)$, $(2,3)$, $(2,5)$, $(3,5)$
 $(3,7)$ $(3,$

Epproach-1

(Kth Smallest,
Kth largest ...)

(HEAP)

$$w = \{1, 2, 3, 5\}, K = 3$$

Kt smallest

$$O(n^{2} * log(K))$$

$$|og(K)| \Rightarrow (o\cdot 4, (2, 5))$$

$$|og(K)| \Rightarrow (o\cdot 35, (1, 3))$$

$$|osighting (0.2, 1, 5)|$$

$$|fg(K)| \Rightarrow (2, 5)$$

$$|fg(K)| \Rightarrow (2, 5)$$

Approach-2

(using min-Heap)

$$\frac{(1,5)}{(2,3)_{0.363}} = \frac{(1,2)_{0.5}}{(2,3)_{0.666,3}} = \frac{(1,2)_{0.5}}{(2,3)_{0.666,3}}$$

