

876. Middle of the Linked list

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

struct ListNode {
    int val;
    struct ListNode *next;
};

struct ListNode* createNode(int value) {
    struct ListNode* newNode = (struct ListNode*)malloc(sizeof(struct ListNode));
    newNode->val = value;
    newNode->next = NULL;
    return newNode;
}

void appendNode(struct ListNode** head, int value) {
    struct ListNode* newNode = createNode(value);

    if (*head == NULL) {
        *head = newNode;
        return;
    }

    struct ListNode* temp = *head;
    while (temp->next != NULL) {
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    temp->next = newNode;
}
```

```
}
```

```
struct ListNode* middleNode(struct ListNode* head) {
```

```
    struct ListNode* slow = head;
```

```
    struct ListNode* fast = head;
```

```
    while (fast != NULL && fast->next != NULL) {
```

```
        slow = slow->next;
```

```
        fast = fast->next->next;
```

```
    }
```

```
    return slow; // middle node
```

```
}
```

```
void printList(struct ListNode* head) {
```

```
    struct ListNode* temp = head;
```

```
    while (temp != NULL) {
```

```
        printf("%d -> ", temp->val);
```

```
        temp = temp->next;
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("NULL\n");
```

```
}
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    struct ListNode* head = NULL;
```

```
    int n, value;
```

```
    printf("Enter number of nodes: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
printf("Enter the values:\n");  
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
    scanf("%d", &value);  
    appendNode(&head, value);  
}  
  
printf("\nLinked List: ");  
printList(head);  
  
struct ListNode* mid = middleNode(head);  
printf("Middle node value = %d\n", mid->val);  
  
return 0;  
}
```

```
Enter number of nodes: 4  
Enter the values:  
1  
2  
3  
4  
  
Linked List: 1 -> 2 -> 3 -> 4 -> NULL  
Middle node value = 3
```