

## 1. Check if a Number is Positive, Negative, or Zero

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class NumberCheck
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
        int num = sc.nextInt();

        if (num > 0)
        {
            System.out.println("Positive number.");
        }
        else if (num < 0)
        {
            System.out.println("Negative number.");
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("Zero.");
        }
    }
}
```

### Output:

```
Enter a number: -5
Negative number.
```

## 2. Check if a Number is Even or Odd

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class EvenOdd
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```

        System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
        int num = sc.nextInt();

        if (num % 2 == 0)
        {
            System.out.println("Even number.");
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("Odd number.");
        }
    }
}

```

#### **Output:**

Enter a number: 4  
Even number.

### **3. Print Numbers from 1 to 10 Using a For Loop**

```

public class PrintNumbers
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
        {
            System.out.print(i + " ");
        }
    }
}

```

#### **Output:**

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

### **4. Print "Hello, World!" 5 Times**

```

public class HelloWorld
{

```

```
public static void main(String[] args)
{
    for (int i = 1; i <= 5; i++)
    {
        System.out.println("Hello, World!");
    }
}
```

**Output:**

Hello, World!  
Hello, World!  
Hello, World!  
Hello, World!  
Hello, World!

## 5. Find the Sum of First N Natural Numbers

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class SumNaturalNumbers
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        int sum = 0;

        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
        {
            sum += i;
        }

        System.out.println("Sum: " + sum);
    }
}
```

**Output:**

Enter a number: 5  
Sum: 15

## 6. Print Multiplication Table of a Number

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class MultiplicationTable
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
        int num = sc.nextInt();

        for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(num + " x " + i + " = " + (num * i));
        }
    }
}
```

### Output:

Enter a number: 3  
3 x 1 = 3  
3 x 2 = 6  
...  
3 x 10 = 30

## 7. Find the Factorial of a Number

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Factorial
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
        int num = sc.nextInt();
```

```

        int fact = 1;

        for (int i = 1; i <= num; i++)
        {
            fact *= i;
        }

        System.out.println("Factorial: " + fact);
    }
}

```

### Output:

Enter a number: 4  
Factorial: 24

## 8. Find the Largest of Two Numbers

```

import java.util.Scanner;

public class LargestNumber
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter two numbers: ");
        int a = sc.nextInt();
        int b = sc.nextInt();

        if (a > b)
        {
            System.out.println("Largest: " + a);
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("Largest: " + b);
        }
    }
}

```

### Output:

Enter two numbers: 7 10  
Largest: 10

## 9. Check if a Year is Leap Year

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class LeapYear
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a year: ");
        int year = sc.nextInt();

        if (year % 4 == 0 && (year % 100 != 0 || year % 400 == 0))
        {
            System.out.println("Leap Year.");
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("Not a Leap Year.");
        }
    }
}
```

### Output:

Enter a year: 2024  
Leap Year.

## 10. Print Even Numbers from 1 to 20

```
public class EvenNumbers
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        for (int i = 2; i <= 20; i += 2)
        {
            System.out.print(i + " ");
        }
    }
}
```

```
}
```

### Output:

2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20

## 11. Reverse a Number

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class ReverseNumber
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
        int num = sc.nextInt();
        int rev = 0;

        while (num != 0)
        {
            rev = rev * 10 + num % 10;
            num /= 10;
        }

        System.out.println("Reversed: " + rev);
    }
}
```

### Output:

Enter a number: 1234  
Reversed: 4321

Here are **5 more simple Java programs** to complete the set of **15** programs with **proper formatting** and `{ }` brackets on new lines.

## 12. Print the Fibonacci Series

```

import java.util.Scanner;

public class FibonacciSeries
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter number of terms: ");
        int n = sc.nextInt();

        int a = 0, b = 1, c;

        System.out.print(a + " " + b + " ");

        for (int i = 2; i < n; i++)
        {
            c = a + b;
            System.out.print(c + " ");
            a = b;
            b = c;
        }
    }
}

```

### Output:

Enter number of terms: 7  
0 1 1 2 3 5 8

## 13. Find the Sum of Digits of a Number

```

import java.util.Scanner;

public class SumOfDigits
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
        int num = sc.nextInt();
        int sum = 0;

        while (num != 0)

```



```

        {
            sum += num % 10;
            num /= 10;
        }

        System.out.println("Sum of digits: " + sum);
    }
}

```

### Output:

Enter a number: 1234  
Sum of digits: 10

## 14. Print a Right-Angled Triangle Pattern

```

import java.util.Scanner;

public class TrianglePattern
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter number of rows: ");
        int rows = sc.nextInt();

        for (int i = 1; i <= rows; i++)
        {
            for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++)
            {
                System.out.print("* ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}

```

### Output:

Enter number of rows: 5  
\*  
\* \*

```
* * *  
* * * *  
* * * * *
```

Sure! Here is a **very simple Java program** using control statements.

## 15. Check if a Person is Eligible to Vote

```
import java.util.Scanner;  
  
public class VotingEligibility  
{  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);  
        System.out.print("Enter your age: ");  
        int age = sc.nextInt();  
  
        if (age >= 18)  
        {  
            System.out.println("You are eligible to vote.");  
        }  
        else  
        {  
            System.out.println("You are not eligible to vote.");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Output:

```
Enter your age: 20  
You are eligible to vote.
```

```
Enter your age: 16  
You are not eligible to vote.
```