

Cycle II

LAB 17:

Aim : Tool Exploration -Wireshark.

Wireshark

- Wireshark, a powerful open-source network protocol analyzer, or packet analyzer.
- It is used for network troubleshooting, analysis, software and communications protocol development and education.
- It is used to track packets so that each one is filtered to meet our specific needs. It is also used by network security engineers to examine security problems.

Functionality of Wireshark :-

- It lets the user put network interface controller that support promiscuous mode into that mode, so they can see all the traffic visible on that interface.
- Packet capture and filtering:
Primary function of Wireshark lies in capturing network packets from various interfaces. Its flexible filtering options enable users to capture specific types of traffic based on protocol, source/destination addresses and even keywords within packet payloads.
- Real time Analysis:
Wireshark's real time monitoring capability is invaluable for observing ongoing network activities.

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- This feature helps in detecting sudden traffic spikes, unusual protocol behaviour, and unauthorized network usage.
 - Protocol Analysis:
It decrypts encrypted protocols offering insights into secure communication methods.
 - Packet Reconstruction: Allows reassembling of fragmented packets.
 - Statistical Information: Presents statistical analysis of captured data.
 - Color-coded visualization: Employs color-coded packets to indicate various aspects such as errors.
 - Customizable Display: This tool offers a customizable interface where users can choose which fields to display & how to arrange them.

Procedure:

- 1) In the 1st window, select ethernet.
- 2) Filter TCP or any required protocol.
- 3) Click on it, new window opens.
- 4) Dropdown: Transmission Control Protocol.

Src Port: 62148, Dst Port: 443, Seq: 2,
Ack: 65, Len: 6

- 5) This is available in the previous window in the left split of screen.
- 6) Clicking on dropdown of it, clicking on any of them highlights its counterpart in right split side of screen.

7) In cmd, type > ipconfig
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Result:-

Windows IP configuration

Ethernet adapter Ethernet:

connection-specific DNS suffix:

link-local IPv6 Address . . . : fe80::he78:f1a7:
ed25:e329:83

IPv4 Address . . . : 10.129.2.83

Subnet Mask . . . : 255.255.0.0

Default-Gateway . . : 10.127.0.11