

LAB 3

Configure default route to the Router.

OBSERVATION:

Lab - 3

⇒ configure default route, static route to the router

Topology :-

Procedure :-

- connect 3 Routers & 2 PC's using copper cross over cable for pc to router & a serial DCE cable to connect router to router.
- set the IP addresses of both PC's & respective gateway number.
- For all 3 routers set the respective 2 IP addresses in CLI mode by using these commands

Step 1: Enable
Step 2: config T

Shot by Honey
realme 9 Pro 5G 2023 08 25 21:37

step 3: interface fastEthernet 0/0

step 4: IP address 10.0.0.10 255.0.0.0

step 5: No shut

step 6: Exit

step 7: Interface se 2/0

step 8: IP address 20.0.0.10 255.0.0.0

step 9: no shut

step 10: Exit

step 11: Exit

→ Repeat these commands for other two routers with their respective IP addresses.

→ For Router 1, set the IP route of other IP address statically by using following steps

Step 1:- config T

Step 2: IP route 10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 20.0.0.1

Step 3: IP route 40.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 30.0.0.1

Step 4: Exit

Step 5: Exit

Step 6: show IP route

→ For Router 0 & Router 2 we set default IP route which means it can access any IP address with any subnet mask.

→ Set the default IP route by following these commands

Step 1: config T

Step 2: IP route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 20.0.0.20

Step 3: IP route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 30.0.0.10

→ step 2 is given for Router 0 & step 3 command for Router 1

→ Go to PC's command prompt & type ping message to send packets across.

PING Output:-

Packet Tracer PC command line 1.0

PC> Ping 40.0.0.1

Pinging 40.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out:

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes = 32 time = 2ms TTL = 125

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes = 32 time = 16ms TTL = 125

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes = 32 time = 2ms TTL = 125

Ping Statistics for 40.0.0.1:

Packets: sent=4, received=3 lost=1 (25% loss)

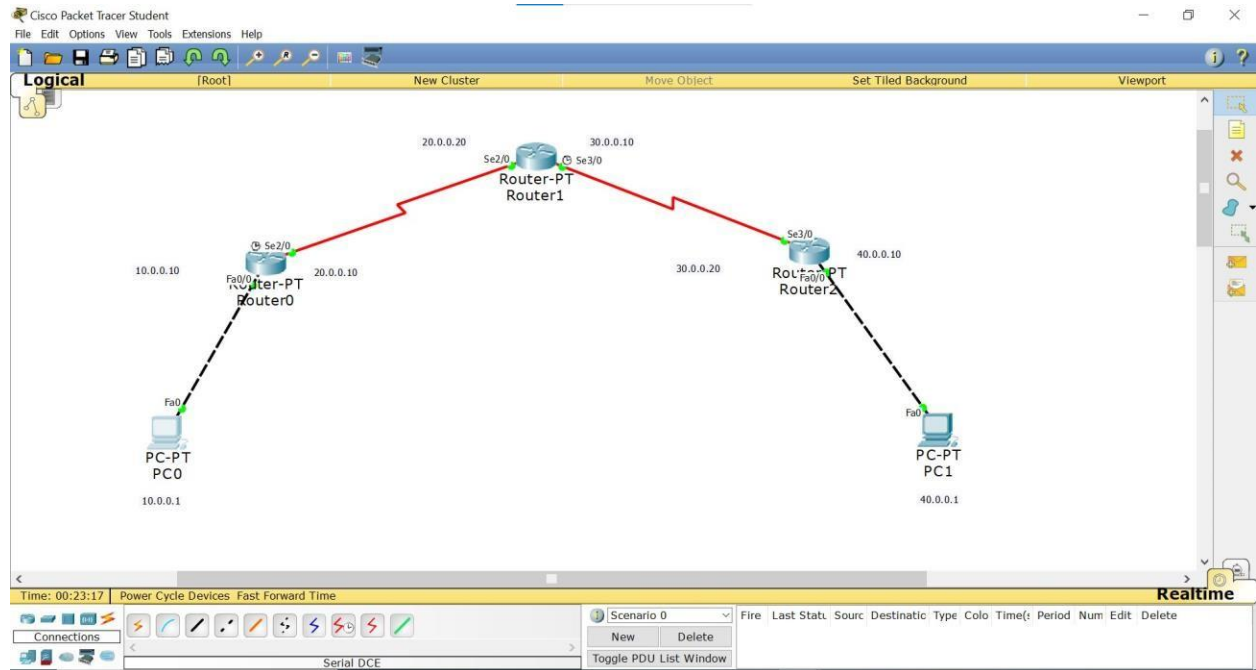
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds

minimum = 2ms, maximum = 16ms, Average = 6ms

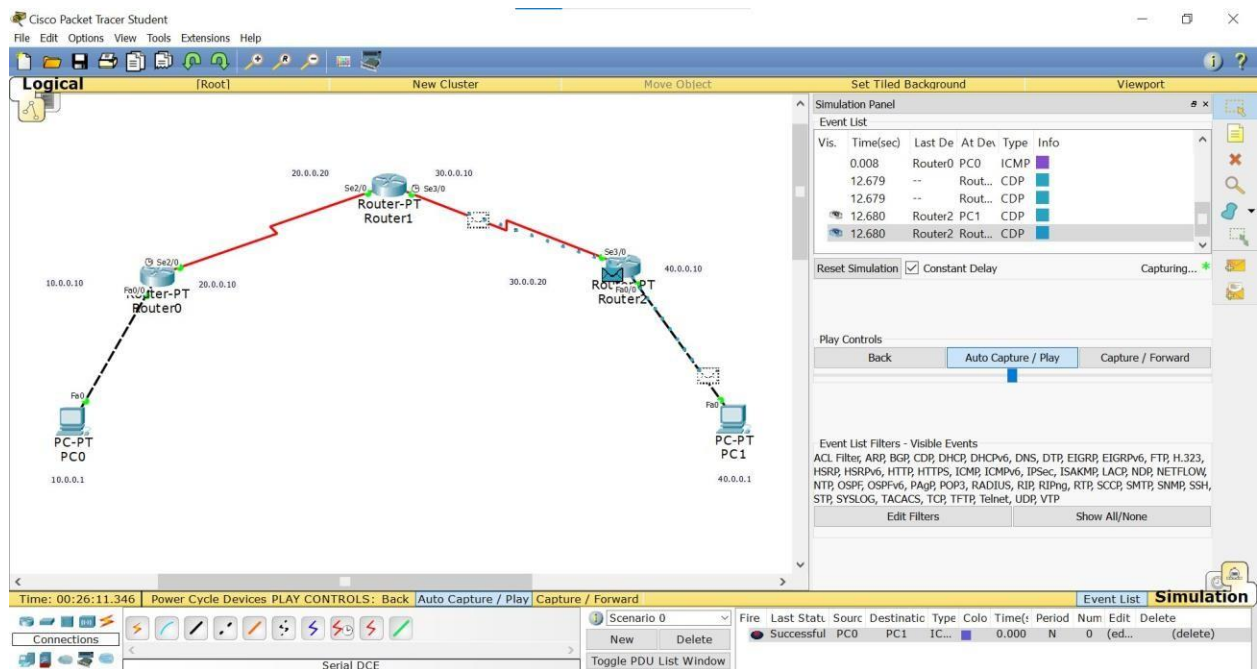
Observation:

- A default route is the route which takes effect when no other route is available for an IP address destination.
- If a packet is received, the device first checks the IP destination address, if the destination address is not local to the device checks its routing table.
- If the remote destination subnet is not listed then the packet is forwarded to the next hop toward the destination using the default route.
- The process repeats until the packet is delivered.

TOPOLOGY:



OUTPUT:



Command Prompt

```
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
PC>ping 40.0.0.1

Pinging 40.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125
Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=16ms TTL=125
Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 40.0.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 16ms, Average = 6ms

PC>ping 40.0.0.1

Pinging 40.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=21ms TTL=125
Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=9ms TTL=125
Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125
Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=4ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 40.0.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 21ms, Average = 9ms

PC>|
```