



Question - 1
Question 1

SCORE: 5 points

If several elements are competing for the same bucket in the hash table, what is it called?

- ☐ Diffusion
- ☐ Replication
- ☒ Collision
- ☐ None of the mentioned

Question - 2
Question 2

SCORE: 5 points

A hash table of length 10 uses open addressing with hash function $h(k)=k \bmod 10$, and linear probing. After inserting 6 values into an empty hash table, the table is as shown below. Which one of the following choices gives a possible order in which the key values could have been inserted in the table?

0	
1	
2	42
3	23
4	34
5	52
6	46
7	33
8	
9	

- ☐ 46, 42, 34, 52, 23, 33
- ☒ 46, 34, 42, 23, 52, 33
- ☐ 42, 46, 33, 23, 34, 52
- ☐ 34, 42, 23, 52, 33, 46

Question - 3
Question 3

SCORE: 5 points

A hash table can store a maximum of 10 records, currently there are records in location 1, 3,4,6,7,8,9,10. The probability of a new record going

into location 2, with hash functions resolving collisions by linear probing is

- ☐ 0.1
- ☒ 0.7
- ☐ 0.2
- ☐ 0.6

Question - 4
Question 4

SCORE: 5 points

An advantage of separate chaining as an implementation of a hash table over the linear probing scheme is:

- ☐ Space used is less
- ☒ Deletion is easier
- ☐ Worst case complexity of search operations is less
- ☐ None of the above

Question - 5
Linear Probing Hash Table

SCORE: 30 points

Please implement the *put* and *get* methods for a linear probing hash table.