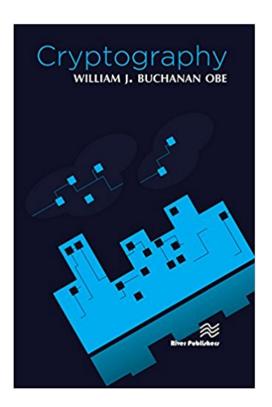
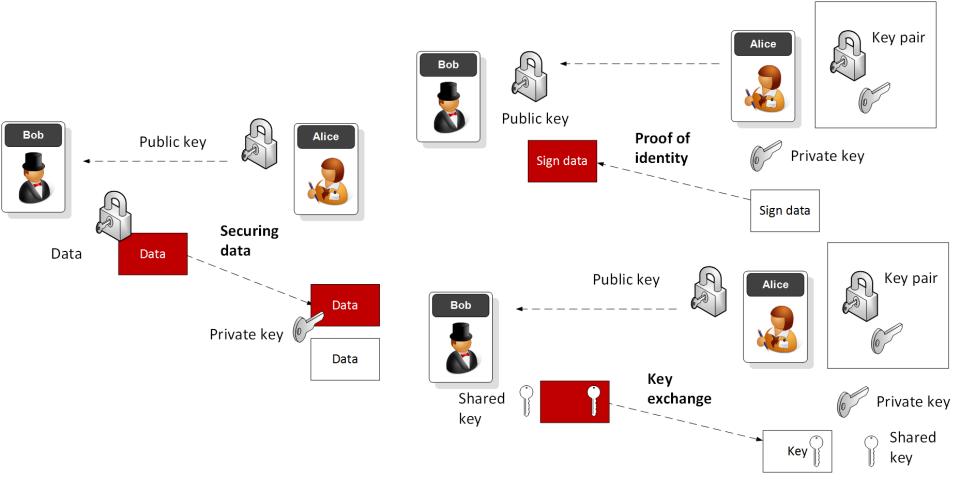
Chapter 4: Public Key

Basics RSA (Factorizing Primes) Elliptic Curve (Elliptic Curves) ElGamal (Discrete Logs)

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- Integer Factorization. Using prime numbers. Example: RSA. Digital Certs/SSL.
- **Discrete Logarithms**. Y = G^x mod P. Example: ElGamal.
- Elliptic Curve Relationships. Example: Elliptic Curve. Smart Cards, IoT, Tor, Bitcoin.

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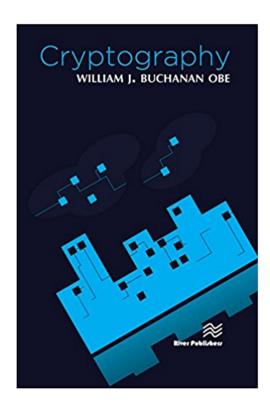
security level	ore rengeno			
	volume of water to bring to a boil	symmetric key	cryptographic hash	RSA modulus
shower security	80 liter	50	100	453
pool security	2500000 liter	65	130	745
rain security	$0.082 \mathrm{km}^3$	80	160	1130
lake security	$89 \mathrm{km}^3$	90	180	1440
sea security	$3750000 \mathrm{km}^3$	105	210	1990
global security	$1400000000\mathrm{km^3}$	114	228	2380
solar security	-	140	280	3730

Chapter 4: Public Key

RSA

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р

9,137,187,070,061,098,912,312,979,400,361,251,189,847,923,809,497,258,114,688,790,849,334,008,324,856,676,348,809,151,285,118,821,829,375,998,699,013,311,467,364,662,378,853,216,263,996,490,005,611,058,805

p

9,885,919,140,818,765,444,174,626,190,703,294,219,553,850,295,249,705,938,896,539,634,343,302,401,155,295,752,383,276,739,584,190,165,200,823,122,225,274,427,125,934,163,475,191,779,288,529,189,149,818,011

(p-1)*(q-1)

90,329,492,549,158,751,736,593,291,654,313,033,317,391,509,546,977,632,830,551,342,194,781,230,803,832,847,247,315,213,556,011,813,523,182,777,529,551,800,128,685,586,665,697,818,108,995,125,892,738,489,085,065,564,398,419,119,705,178,003,889,155,415,914,402,310,708,147,858,313,669,176,692,847,865,236,706,085,105,432,191,429,510,583,595,108,030,256,069,207,938,161,732,170,083,525,341,774,967,620,008,260,040



With Diffie-Hellman we need the other side to be active before we send data. Can we generate a special one-way function which allows is to distribute an encryption key, while we have the decryption key?



Encryption/ Decryption Communications Channel

Encryption/ Decryption





Solved in 1977, By Ron Rivest, Adi Shamir, and Len Aldeman created the RSA algorithm for public-key encryption.

RSA



- Two primes p, q.
- Calculate N (modulus) as p x q eg 3 and 11. n=33.
- Calculate PHI as (p-1)x(q-1). PHI=20
- Select e for no common factor with PHI. e=3.
- Encryption key [e,n] or [3,33].
- $(d \times e) \mod 20 = 1$
- $(d \times 3) \mod 20 = 1$
- d= 7
- Decryption key [d,n] or [7,33]

RSA

Calc

Example



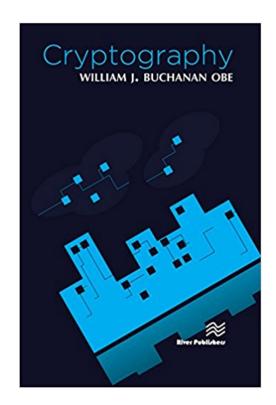
- Encryption key [e,n] or [3,33].
- Decryption key [d,n] or [7,33]
- Cipher = Me mod N
 eg M=5.
- Cipher = $5^3 \mod 33 = 26$
- Decipher = Cd mod N
- Decipher = $(26)^7 \mod 33 = 5$

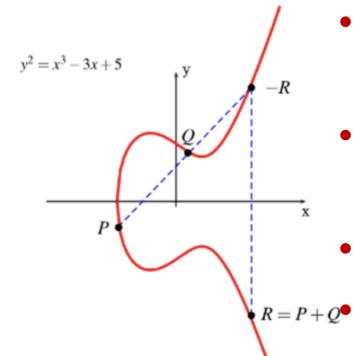
Chapter 4: Public Key

Elliptic Curve

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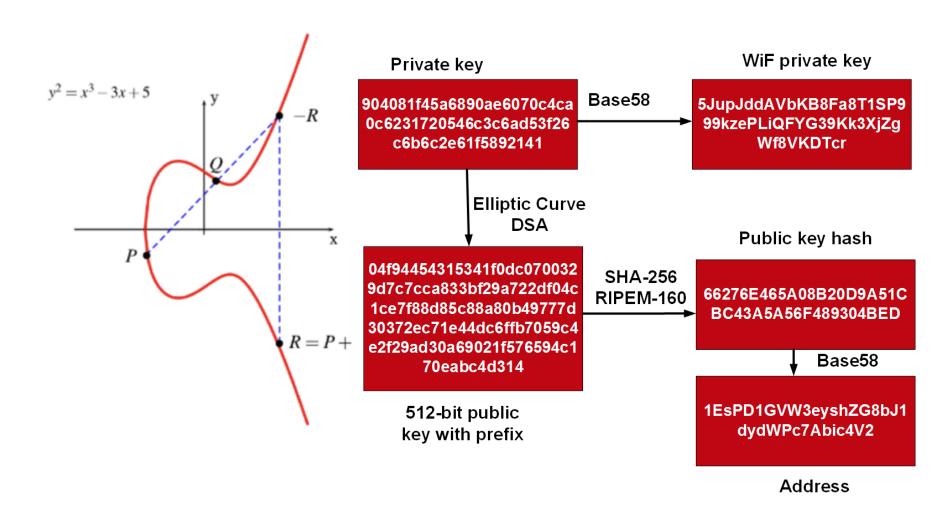
http://asecuritysite.com/crypto04 http://asecuritysite.com/encryption



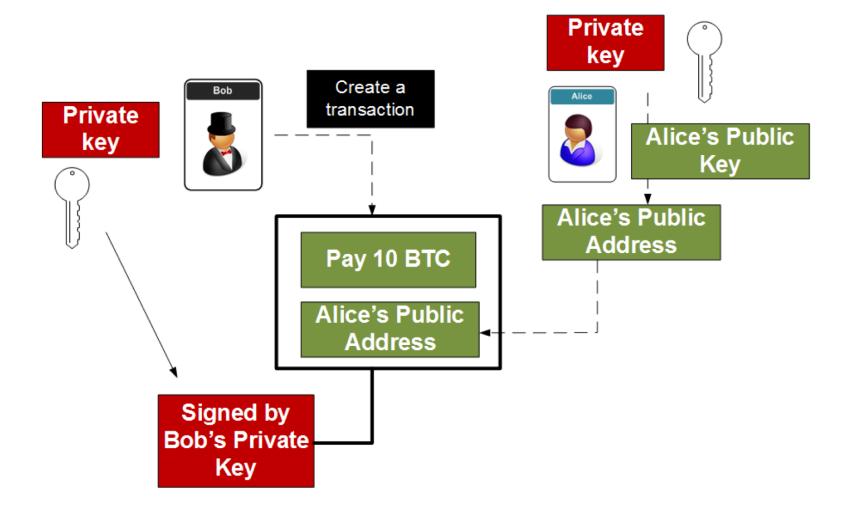


- Pick a point on the elliptic curve (G).
- Generate a random number (n)
 - this will be the private key.
- Public key is $P = n \times G$
- Bitcoin, IoT and Tor use Curve 55219 [here].

Bitcoin Key Generation



Bitcoin Transaction





```
C \ > openssl ecparam -name secp256k1 -genkey -out priv.pem
C \ > type ec-priv.pem
 ----BEGIN EC PARAMETERS-----
BgUrgQQACg==
----END EC PARAMETERS-----
----BEGIN EC PRIVATE KEY-----
MHQCAQEEIEa56GG2PTUJyIt4FydaMNItYsjNj6ZIbd7jXvDY4ElfoAcGBSuBBAAK
oUQDQgAEJQDn8/vd8oQpA/VE3ch0lM6VAprOTiV9VLp38rwfOog3qUYcTxxX/sxJ
I1M4HncqEopYIKkkovoFFi62Yph6nw==
----END EC PRIVATE KEY-----
```



```
C \ > openssl ecparam -name secp256k1 -genkey -out priv.pem
C \ > type ec-priv.pem
 ----BEGIN EC PARAMETERS-----
BgUrgQQACg==
----END EC PARAMETERS-----
----BEGIN EC PRIVATE KEY-----
MHQCAQEEIEa56GG2PTUJyIt4FydaMNItYsjNj6ZIbd7jXvDY4ElfoAcGBSuBBAAK
oUQDQgAEJQDn8/vd8oQpA/VE3ch0lM6VAprOTiV9VLp38rwfOog3qUYcTxxX/sxJ
I1M4HncqEopYIKkkovoFFi62Yph6nw==
----END EC PRIVATE KEY-----
```



```
anancel acnoram nama cach 756k1 gankay aut priy nam
     C \> openssl ec -in priv.pem -text -noout
C \ > read EC key
 ----B Private-Key(256 bit)
BgUr priv
       46 b9 e8 61 b6 3d 35 09 c8 8b 78 17 27 5a 30
       d2 2d 62 c8 cd 8f a6 48 6d de e3 5e f0 d8 e0
MHC
       49 5f
oUQ pub
11M4
       04 25 00 e7 f3 fb dd f2 84 29 03 f5 44 dd c8
       74 94 ce 95 02 9a ce 4e 25 7d 54 ba 77 f2 bc
       1f 3a 88 37 a9 46 1c 4f 1c 57 fe cc 49 97 53
       38 1e 77 2a 12 8a 58 20 a9 24 a2 fa 05 16 2e
       b6 62 98 7a 9f
     ASN1 OID secp256k1
```



```
C \ > openssl ecparam -name secp256k1 -genkey -out priv.pem
C \ > type ec-priv.pem
 ----BEGIN EC PARAMETERS-----
BgUrgQQACg==
----END EC PARAMETERS-----
----BEGIN EC PRIVATE KEY-----
MHQCAQEEIEa56GG2PTUJyIt4FydaMNItYsjNj6ZIbd7jXvDY4ElfoAcGBSuBBAAK
oUQDQgAEJQDn8/vd8oQpA/VE3ch0lM6VAprOTiV9VLp38rwfOog3qUYcTxxX/sxJ
I1M4HncqEopYIKkkovoFFi62Yph6nw==
----END EC PRIVATE KEY-----
```



```
anancel acnoram nama cach 756k1 gankay aut priy nam
     C \> openssl ec -in priv.pem -text -noout
C \ > read EC key
 ----B Private-Key(256 bit)
BgUr priv
       46 b9 e8 61 b6 3d 35 09 c8 8b 78 17 27 5a 30
       d2 2d 62 c8 cd 8f a6 48 6d de e3 5e f0 d8 e0
MHC
       49 5f
oUQ pub
11M4
       04 25 00 e7 f3 fb dd f2 84 29 03 f5 44 dd c8
       74 94 ce 95 02 9a ce 4e 25 7d 54 ba 77 f2 bc
       1f 3a 88 37 a9 46 1c 4f 1c 57 fe cc 49 97 53
       38 1e 77 2a 12 8a 58 20 a9 24 a2 fa 05 16 2e
       b6 62 98 7a 9f
     ASN1 OID secp256k1
```

```
Example
C \ > read
BgUr priv
```

MHC

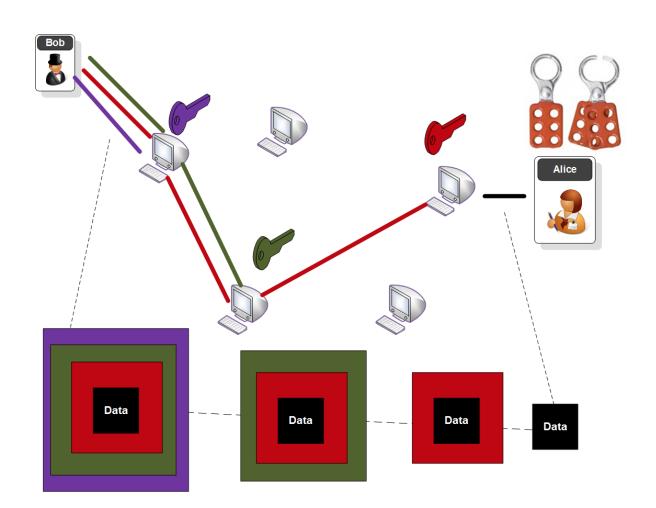
11M4

oUQ pub

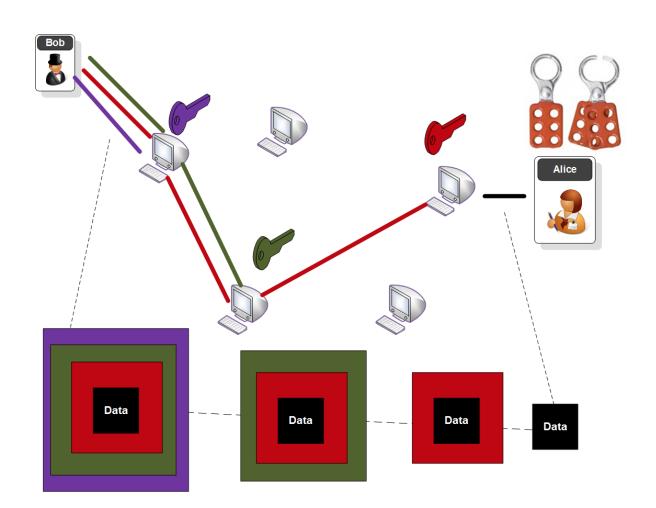
Cofactor: 1 (0x1)

C:> openssl ecparam -in priv.pem -text -param enc explicit -noout Field Type: prime-field Prime: 00:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff: ff:fc:2f ·B Priva A: 0 7 (0x7) 46 Generator (uncompressed): d2 04:79:be:66:7e:f9:dc:bb:ac:55:a0:62:95:ce:87: 49 0b:07:02:9b:fc:db:2d:ce:28:d9:59:f2:81:5b:16: f8:17:98:48:3a:da:77:26:a3:c4:65:5d:a4:fb:fc: 0e:11:08:a8:fd:17:b4:48:a6:85:54:19:9c:47:d0: 74 8f:fb:10:d4:b8 1f Order: 38 00:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff: b6 ff:fe:ba:ae:dc:e6:af:48:a0:3b:bf:d2:5e:8c:d0: ASN1 36:41:41

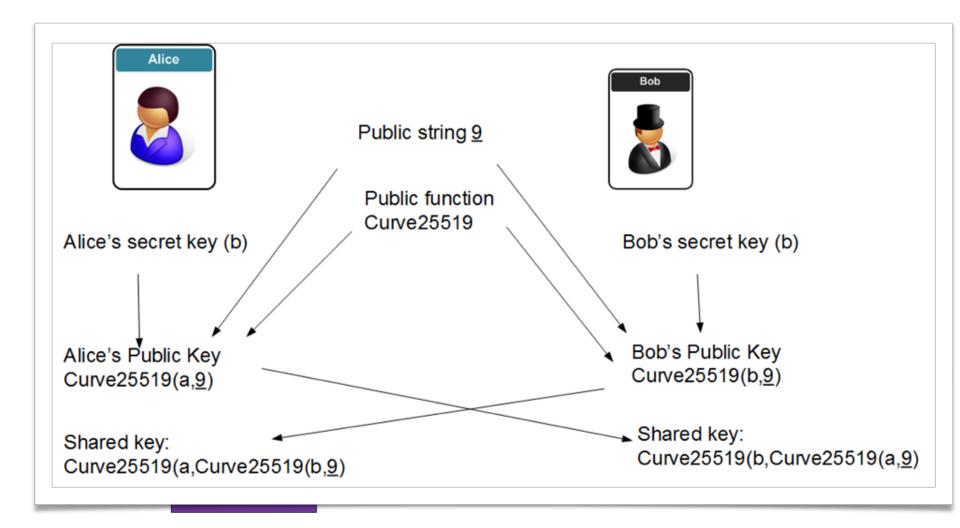
Elliptic Curve Diffie Hellman (ECDH)



Elliptic Curve Diffie Hellman (ECDH)



Elliptic Curve Diffie Hellman (ECDH)

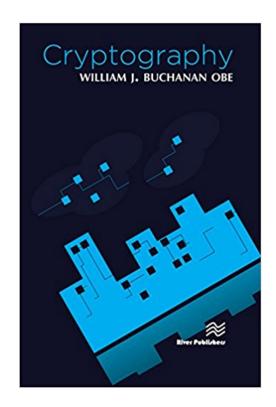


Chapter 4: Public Key

ElGamal

Prof Bill Buchanan OBE

http://asecuritysite.com/crypto04 http://asecuritysite.com/encryption



ElGamal



- $Y = G^x \mod p$
- G is picked from cyclic group (Explained in Key Handshaking section). <u>Here</u>.
- p is a prime number.
- Example <u>here</u>.

Chapter 4: Public Key

Basics RSA Elliptic Curve ElGamal

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