

1. Identify each of the quadric surfaces by name. [1 pt each]

a) $4x^2 - z^2 = y - 2$

a) _____

b) $3x^2 + 4y^2 - 2y + 3z^2 = 8$

b) _____

c) $z^2 + z - 2 = 3y$

c) _____

d) $5x^2 + 2y^2 - 3z^2 = -4$

d) _____

2. For each of the following figures, (1) make a sketch, and (2), write an equation.

a) A elliptical paraboloid that hits the origin, opens along the negative z-axis. [3 pts]

equation: _____

b) A hyperboloid of 1 sheet that opens along the x-axis and goes through the points $(0, 4, 0)$ and $(0, 0, 3)$. [3 pts]

equation: _____

c) An elliptic cone that opens along the y-axis. [3 pts]

equation: _____

3. Sketch each of the following 3D surfaces. Then identify it by its correct name. There is no need to label specific points on your graph, but it should be accurate as far as orientation, and relation to the origin. [4 each]

a) $-x - 4y = 8$

b) $\frac{x^2}{3} + \frac{y^2}{3} - \frac{(z-2)^2}{2} = -4$

name: _____

name: _____

4. The **intersection** of the shown quadric and some plane results in a conic section.

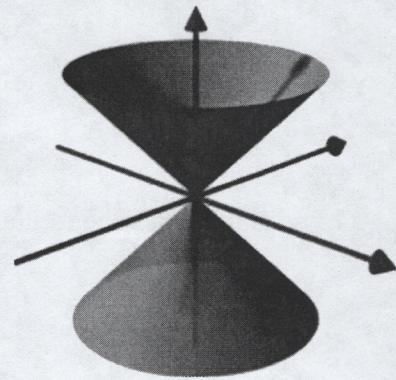
Find a possible equation of the plane for the given conic section.

[1 pt each]

a) hyperbola:

b) circle:

c) parabola:



7. Below is the graph of $y = \frac{1}{5}x^3$ in 2-d. Sketch the graph of $z = \frac{1}{5}x^3$ in 3-d, below. [3 pts]

