

22.5

27 pts

${}_nC_u$ to take this quiz: Michi Tanaka
Date 9/13/23 period 6

No calculators. Leave answers in factorial, exponent, or "choose" form.

1. The 8 letters of the word REMEMBER are arranged in a line.

a) Find the number of different arrangements if there are no restrictions. As a hint: one possible arrangement is BEEEMMRR [2 pts]

$$\frac{8!}{3!2!2!} \checkmark$$

b) Find the number of different arrangements which start and finish with the letter M. [2 pts]

$$\underline{M} \quad \dots \quad \underline{M} \quad \frac{6!}{3!2!} \checkmark$$

2. A committee of 6 animals is to be chosen from 8 different frogs and 5 different bunnies. In how many ways can the committee be selected if...

a) ...there must be more frogs than bunnies on the committee? (all frogs and no bunnies is ok) [2 pts]

at least 4 frogs
no more than 2 bunnies

$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B)$$

$$\binom{8}{4}\binom{5}{2} + \binom{8}{5}\binom{5}{1} + \binom{8}{6}\binom{5}{0}$$

$$\boxed{\binom{8}{4}\binom{5}{2} + \binom{8}{5}\binom{5}{1} + \binom{8}{6}\binom{5}{0}} \checkmark$$

b) ...the committee consists of 3 frogs and 3 bunnies, but two particular bunnies refuse to be on the committee together? [2 pts]

$$\binom{8}{3} \cdot \binom{5}{3} - 3$$

↑ refuse ↑ others

$$\binom{5}{3} - \binom{5}{2}\binom{2}{1}$$

bunny combo

$$\boxed{\binom{8}{3} \cdot \binom{5}{3} - \binom{5}{2}\binom{2}{1}} \checkmark$$

3. Find the number of positive integers greater than 6000 and less than 7000 which are divisible by 5, provided that no digit is to be repeated. [2 pts]

$$\frac{6}{1} \frac{8}{8} \frac{7}{7} \frac{2}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$8 \cdot 7 \cdot 2 = 112 \checkmark$$

4. If ${}_nP_r = 840$ and ${}_nC_r = 35$, then solve for r (your answer is a single number). [3 pts]

$$\frac{n!}{(n-r)!} = 840$$

$$\frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!} = 35$$

$$\frac{840}{r!} = 35$$

$$r! = \frac{168}{35} = 4.8$$

$$r! = 24$$

$$r = 4 \checkmark$$

5. My son's baseball team plays 11 games in the regular season. How many ways are there for the team to win 6 games, lose 3 and tie 2? (they only care about final standings, and not who they beat) [2pts]

WWWWWW LLL TT

$$\frac{11!}{6!3!2!}$$

ways

✓

6. Tomorrow, 3 fathers are taking their 3 daughters (each father has 1 daughter) to the movies.

- a) They want to sit in a row of 6 seats. If each father is sitting next to his own daughter, in how many ways can they be seated? [2pts]

-1

FFF DDD $(F, D, F, D, F, D) \times 2$
 $\boxed{3! \cdot 2^3}$

- b) They still want to sit in a row of 6 seats. How many ways can they be seated if all the daughters sit together? [2pts]

FFF DDD FDD DFF DDD FFF ...
 $4! \cdot 3!$
 $\boxed{4! \cdot 3!}$ ✓

- c) Now they want to sit in a row having 8 seats. With no other restrictions, in how many ways can they all be seated? [2pts]

-1

empty o. people
 $8! / 2$

7. In the expansion of $(a - 3b)^{16}$, the sum of the 9th and 10th term is zero. Find the value of $\frac{a}{b}$.

-0.5 (your answer should be a number) [3 pts]

$$\binom{16}{8} a^8 (-3b)^8 + \binom{16}{9} a^9 (-3b)^9 = 0$$

$$\binom{16}{8} a^8 3^8 b^8 - \binom{16}{9} a^9 3^9 b^9 = 0$$

$$\binom{16}{8} a^8 3^8 b^8 = \binom{16}{9} a^9 3^9 b^9$$

$$\frac{9}{8} a = 3b$$

$$\frac{9a}{8b} = 3$$

$$\frac{24}{9} = \frac{a}{b}$$

$$\frac{24}{9} = \frac{a}{b}$$

simplify $\frac{8}{3}$

$$\frac{16!}{8!(8!)} = \frac{16 \cdot 15 \cdot 14 \cdot 13 \cdot 12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9}{1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1}$$

$$\frac{16!}{8!(8!)} = 13 \cdot 10 \cdot 9$$

$$\frac{16!}{8!(8!)} = 1170$$

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8. If all permutations of the letters of the word MANGA are arranged in the order as in a dictionary. What is the 49th word? [3pts]

-2

$$\begin{array}{r} A - 24 \\ G - 18 \\ M - 18 \\ N \end{array}$$

A < G < M < N

M < A < G < N

$$49 = 24 + 25$$

$$= 24 + 18 + 7$$

MANGA

MGAAN

$$\binom{8}{3} \quad \binom{5}{3}$$

4 frogs $\binom{8}{4} \binom{5}{2} +$
 5 frogs $\binom{8}{5} \binom{5}{1} +$
 6 frogs $\binom{8}{6} \binom{5}{0}$