

# COMPSCI 527 Homework 5

Cody Lieu, Yixin Lin

November 18, 2015

## Problem 1(a)

Points tracked well: 1, 3, 4, 5

Points lost during tracking: 2

Points tracked but don't correspond to fixed points in the world: 6

Point 2 was lost during tracking, which is clearly not satisfactory because during reconstruction, that point cannot be found in the point cloud and the 3d information is lost.

Point 6 was tracked but don't correspond to a fixed point in the world, which would be problematic in reconstruction because the point cloud would be constructed incorrectly.

## Problem 1(b)

The last frame in which all features are present is frame 5.

Feature	cond(H)	$\sigma_{min}(H)$
1	3.19	49.82
2	7.14	0.14
3	5.06	55.04
4	7.54	41.91
5	3.45	161.35
6	10.88	11.20

## Problem 1(c)

The  $\sigma_{min}(H)$  of feature 2 is very close to 0.

TODO: explain why

## Problem 1(d)

	Newton	gradient descent	grid
ssd evals	169	837	5124

## Problem 1(e)

TODO

## Problem 1(f)

The camera moved forward, since the tracking points look like they got closer (the image got slightly larger, and the points “expanded”).

## Problem 2(a)

Gradient:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2a + 4bx_1^3 - 4bx_1x_2 + 2x_1 \\ 2b(x_2 - x_1^2) \end{bmatrix}$$

Hessian:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 12bx_1^2 - 4bx_2 + 2 & -4bx_1 \\ -4bx_1 & 2b \end{bmatrix}$$

## Problem 2(b)

$\mathbf{x}^* =$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ a^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$f(\mathbf{x}^*) = 0$$

## Problem 2(c)

```
function cost = bananaCost(a, b)

cost.f = @banana;
cost.OK = @OK;
cost.a = a;
cost.b = b;
```

```

function point = banana(x, cost, order)
    % YOUR CODE HERE

    if order > 0 && ~isvector(x)
        error('if order is nonzero, x must be a column vector')
    end

    x = double(x);
    cost.a = double(cost.a);
    cost.b = double(cost.b);

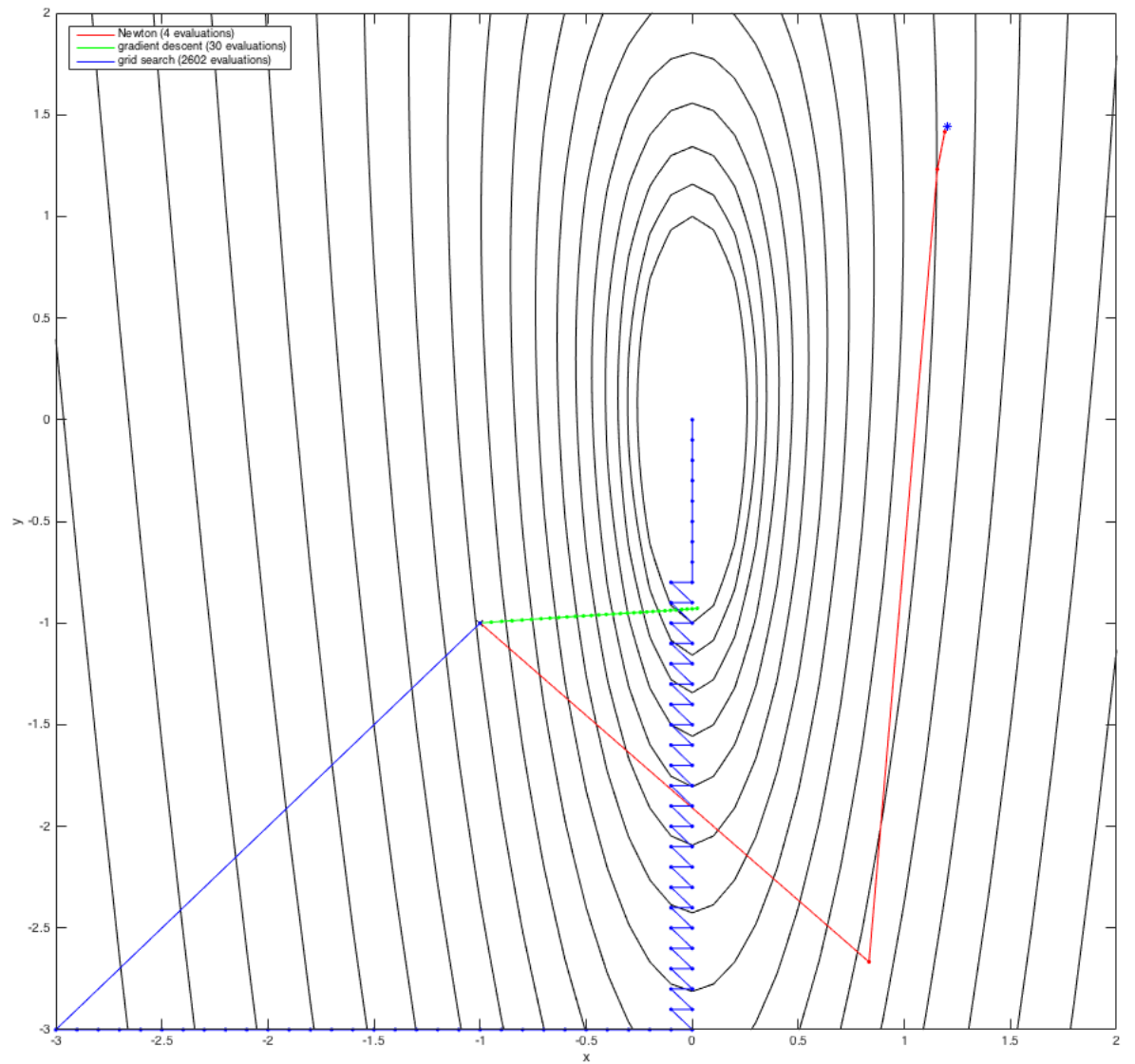
    point.x = x;
    point.y = (cost.a * - x(1, :)).^2 + cost.b * (x(2, :) - x(1, :).^2).^2;

    if order>=1
        point.g(1,1) = -2 * cost.a + 4 * cost.b * x(1)^3 - 4 * cost.b * x(1) * x(2) + 2 *
        point.g(2,1) = 2 * cost.b * (x(2) - x(1)^2);
        if order>=2
            point.H(1,1) = 12 * cost.b * x(1)^2 + 2;
            point.H(1,2) = -4 * cost.b * x(1);
            point.H(2,1) = point.H(1,2);
            point.H(2,2) = 2 * cost.b;
        end
    end

end

function good = OK(~, ~, ~)
    % YOUR CODE HERE
    good = true;
end
end

```



## Problem 2(d)

The grid search method failed to converge in the maximum number of iterations allowed; it converged in 2602 iterations.

## Problem 2(e)

Newton's method took the fewest iterations (4 iterations).

### **Problem 2(f)**

TODO

### **Problem 2(g)**

TODO

### **Problem 2(h)**

TODO