

AKKA FRAMEWORK - 2 DAYS

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Introduction, environment Setup and a first application

- The Akka framework
 - The Actor model (definition & origins)
 - Fault tolerance
 - Location transparency
 - Scaling
 - Actors In Akka
- Setting up a Scala/Maven environment
- A first application in Akka
 - Create the project
 - Defining message Classes
 - Defining actor Classes
 - Defining the execution Class
- Architecture & configuration files

Actors & Typed Actors

- Anatomy of an Actor
- Creating Actors (default constructors, custom constructors, actor hierarchy)
- Messaging Models
 - Sending messages
 - ◆ Fire and forget
 - ◆ Send and receive
 - Receiving messages
 - Replying to messages
 - Forwarding messages
- Stop Actors
- Kill Actors

Fault Tolerance - Actor Lifecycle & State

- Let it crash
- Supervision & supervisor strategy
 - One for one
 - All for one
- Lifecycle callbacks
- Receiving Messages

- Online/Offline state
- Hotswap: Become / Unbecome (& stash)
- Finite State Machine FSM
 - States
 - Behaviour

Concurrency

- Blocking vs event driven API
- Using futures & promises

Dispatchers & Routes

- Dispatchers
 - Dispatcher as a pattern
 - Executor & Dispatchers
 - Types of dispatcher / Which to use when
 - ◆ Default dispatcher
 - ◆ Pinned dispatcher
 - ◆ CallingThread dispatcher
 - ◆ Balancing dispatcher
- Routers
 - Types of Routers
 - Router usage
 - Router usage via application.conf
 - Router usage for distributed actors
 - Dynamically resizing routers
 - Custom Router

Clustering

- About the Akka Cluster & the CAP theorem
- Defining a cluster
- Cluster Member Status
- Routing messages to the cluster
- Addressing remote actors

Mailboxes

- Types of mailboxes
- Durable mailboxes
- Circuit breakers

Transactions (time permitting)

Testing

- Writing unit test
- Access the actor reference
- Testing actor behaviour
- Testing exception scenarios

JMX and REST interfaces

- RESTful API

- JMX