

Student Satellite Project Indian Institute of Technology, Bombay Powai, Mumbai - 400076, INDIA



Website: www.aero.iitb.ac.in/satlab

README - Star Catalogue Pre-Processing

Guidance, Navigation and Controls Subsystem

cat_preprocessing.m

Code Type: MATLAB - Script Code author: KT Prajwal Prathiksh

Created on: 25/04/2020 **Last modified:** -/-/---

Reviewed by: NOT YET REVIEWED!

Description:

This script converts the SKY2000 Catalogue, into the Master-Star Catalogue, and the SSP-Star Catalogue.

The following data fields of the SKY2000 Catalogue are used:

- 1. SKY2000 Identifier based on J2000 position
- 2. RAJ2000 Right ascension (J2000) hours ("h:m:s")
- 3. DEJ2000 Declination degrees (J2000) ("d:m:s")
- 4. pmRA Proper motion in RA (J2000) second per year
- 5. pmDE Proper motion in Dec (J2000) second of arc per year
- 6. Vmag Photometric magnitude (Optical V band between 500 and 600 nm)
- 7. B-V Color index or magnitude difference (Optical V band between 500 and 600 nm; Optical B band between 400 and 500 nm)

The catalogues, which are classified as follows, is created by this script.

- 1. **SKY2000.csv**: Comprises of all the aforementioned data fields (unaltered), downloaded from VizieR.
- 2. Master_Star_Catalogue.csv: Same as SKY2000.csv except for the following changes:
 - (a) RAJ2000 is split into RA_h, RA_m, and RA_s
 - (b) DEJ2000 is split into DE_d, DE_m and DE_s
- 3. **SSP_Star_Catalogue.csv**: Same as *Master_Star_Catalogue.csv*, which has been sorted based on '*Vmag*' field, in addition to the following changes:

- (a) RA_h, RA_m, and RA_s is merged to create RA field degrees
- (b) **DE_d**, **DE_m**, and **DE_s** is merged to create **DE** field degrees
- (c) **SSP_ID** Fictitious identifier created for stars, which is essentially the position of the stars after being sorted according to 'Vmag'

Formula & References:

References:

- SKY2000 Catalogue http://tdc-www.harvard.edu/software/catalogs/ sky2k.html
- 2. SKY2000.csv, obtained from http://vizier.u-strasbg.fr/viz-bin/VizieR-3? -source=V/145
- Detailed README of SKY200 http://data.bao.ac.cn/ftp/cats/5/109/ sky2kv4.pdf

Input parameters:

1. **skip**: (Integer) Skips the first *n* rows of SKY2000 Catalogue, to avoid header rows.

Output:

Writes Master_Star_Catalogue.csv, and SSP_Star_Catalogue.csv in ./Catalogue/SKY2000/Catalogues directory

cat_guide_star_catalogue.m

Code Type: MATLAB - Script **Code author:** KT Prajwal Prathiksh

Created on: 25/04/2020 **Last modified:** -/-/---

Reviewed by: NOT YET REVIEWED!

Description:

This script converts the SSP Star Catalogue, into the Guide Catalogue.

Guide_Star_Catalogue.csv: This Catalogue has been generated specifically for the purpose of Star Matching. It contains the following data fields:

- 1. **SSP_ID** The fictitious identifier of all those stars which satisfy the condition, that their **Vmag** is \leq the Limiting Magnitude (= 6)
- 2. [X, Y, Z] The Cartesian unit vector representation of each star generated from its Right-Ascension and Declination coordinate. The (X, Y, Z) coordinate system definition corresponds to the projection of the Earth' North Pole onto the celestial sphere as the Z-axis, and the vernal equinox as the X-axis, at epoch ICRS2000, with the Y-axis completing the right-handed orthonormal coordinate system: $Z = X \times Y$

Formula & References:

References:

1. Guide Star Catalogue, Section 1.1 - Dong, Ying Xing, Fei You, Zheng. (2006). *Brightness Independent 4-Star Matching Algorithm for Lost-in-Space 3-Axis Attitude Acquisition*. Tsinghua Science Technology. 11. 543-548. 10.1016/S1007-0214(06)70232-2.

Input parameters:

1. **Magnitude_limit**: (Float) A system parameter, that ascertains the magnitude of the dimmest star we are capable of detecting by our system

Output:

Writes Guide_Star_Catalogue.csv in ./Catalogue/SKY2000/Catalogues directory

cat_sm_preprocessing.m

Code Type: MATLAB - Script **Code author:** KT Prajwal Prathiksh

Created on: 25/04/2020 **Last modified:** -/-/---

Reviewed by: NOT YET REVIEWED!

Description:

This script uses the Guide Star Catalogue, to generate the Preprocessed Star Catalogue.

Preprocessed_Star_Catalogue.csv: This Catalogue has been generated specifically for the purpose of Star Matching. It contains the following data fields:

- 1. **SSP_ID_1** The SSP-ID of i^{th} star
- 2. **SSP_ID_2** The SSP-ID of j^{th} star
- 3. **AngDst_cos** The dot product of the Cartesian unit vector corresponding to the i^{th} and j^{th} star $(i \neq j, \forall i, j)$
- 4. AngDst_deg The cos inverse of the corresponding dot product value in degrees

This catalogue has only those pairs of stars whose **AngDst_deg** is \leq the circular Field-of-View (= 16°)

Formula & References:

_

Input parameters:

1. **FOV_Circular**: (Float) A system parameter, that ascertains the circular Field-of-View of the optic system

Output:

Writes Preprocessed_Star_Catalogue.csv in ./Catalogue/SKY2000/Catalogues directory

DMS2degrees.m

Code Type: MATLAB - Function **Code author:** KT Prajwal Prathiksh

Created on: 25/04/2020 Last modified: -/-/---

Reviewed by: NOT YET REVIEWED!

Description:

This function converts the angle from D:M:S to degrees format

Formula & References:

Conversion Formula - https://in.mathworks.com/help/map/ref/dms2degrees.
html

Formula: For input [DMS], output is:

$$deg = SGN \times \bigg(|D| + \frac{|M|}{60} + \frac{|S|}{3600}\bigg),$$

where SGN is 1 if $D \ge 0$, and -1 if D < 0

Input parameters:

1. **D**: (Float) - Degree component

2. M: (Float) - Minute component

3. **S**: (Float) - Second component

Output:

1. deg: (Float) - Angle in degrees

HMS2degrees.m

Code Type: MATLAB - Function **Code author:** KT Prajwal Prathiksh

Created on: 25/04/2020 **Last modified:** -/-/---

Reviewed by: NOT YET REVIEWED!

Description:

This function converts the angle from H:M:S to degrees format

Formula & References:

Formula: For input [HMS], output is:

$$T = H \times 3600 + M \times 60 + S$$

$$360^{\circ} = 24hr = 24 \times 3600s$$

$$deg = \frac{T \times 360^{\circ}}{24 \times 3600s}$$

Input parameters:

1. **H**: (Float) - Hour component

2. M: (Float) - Minute component

3. **S**: (Float) - Second component

Output:

1. deg: (Float) - Angle in degrees

RA_DE_2_CartVect.m

Code Type: MATLAB - Function **Code author:** KT Prajwal Prathiksh

Created on: 25/04/2020 **Last modified:** -/-/---

Reviewed by: NOT YET REVIEWED!

Description:

This function converts a given Right-Ascension and Declination coordinate to a unit vector in a rectilinear coordinate system - (X,Y,Z). The (X,Y,Z) coordinate system definition corresponds to the projection of the Earth' North Pole onto the celestial sphere as the Z-axis, and the vernal equinox as the X-axis, at epoch ICRS2000, with the Y-axis completing the right-handed orthonormal coordinate system:

$$Z = X \times Y$$

Formula & References:

Formula: For input [RA, DE], output is:

$$X = \cos(RA)\cos(DE)$$

$$Y = \sin(RA)\cos(DE)$$

$$Z = \sin(DE)$$

Reference:

1. Refer 4.1.1 - Computer Science Corporation, "SKYMAP Requirements, Functional, and Mathematical Specifications, Volume 3, Revision 3". (1999).

Input parameters:

1. RA: (Float) - Right-Ascension component - in degrees

2. **DE**: (Float) - Declination component - in degrees

Output:

1. **[X, Y, Z]**: ((3,1) - Matrix) - Cartesian unit vector