

Smart Contract Security Audit Report



The SlowMist Security Team received the StakeStone team's application for smart contract security audit of the StakeStone DAO on 2025.03.28. The following are the details and results of this smart contract security audit:

Token Name:

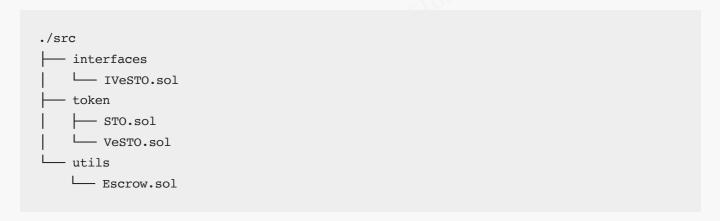
StakeStone DAO

The contract address:

https://github.com/stakestone/dao

commit: 3e44df31c6c24705db5614429f6a9cfcc5fc5c02

Audit Scope:



The audit items and results:

(Other unknown security vulnerabilities are not included in the audit responsibility scope)

NO.	Audit Items	Result
1	Replay Vulnerability	Passed
2	Denial of Service Vulnerability	Passed
3	Race Conditions Vulnerability	Passed
4	Authority Control Vulnerability Audit	Some Risks
5	Integer Overflow and Underflow Vulnerability	Passed
6	Gas Optimization Audit	Passed
7	Design Logic Audit	Passed
8	Uninitialized Storage Pointers Vulnerability	Passed



NO.	Audit Items	Result
9	Arithmetic Accuracy Deviation Vulnerability	Passed
10	"False top-up" Vulnerability	Passed
11	Malicious Event Log Audit	Passed
12	Scoping and Declarations Audit	Passed
13	Safety Design Audit	Passed
14	Non-privacy/Non-dark Coin Audit	Passed

Audit Result: Medium Risk

Audit Number: 0X002504010001

Audit Date: 2025.03.28 - 2025.04.01

Audit Team: SlowMist Security Team

Summary conclusion: This is the DAO contract for the StakeStone protocol, with an audit covering STO tokens, veSTO tokens, and Escrow contract. The total supply of STO tokens is fixed, while veSTO tokens have a transferRestricted function. When in transferRestricted state, token transfers are only allowed from addresses with allowedFrom status set to true, or to addresses with allowedTo status set to true. Regarding veSTO tokens, the following excessive privilege risks should be noted:

- 1. The MINTER_ROLE can mint unlimited tokens through the mint function.
- 2. The BURNER_ROLE can burn any user's tokens through the burn function.

The source code:

STO.sol

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
pragma solidity 0.8.26;
import {ERC20} from "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol";
/// @title STO: StakeStone Token for Omnichain Liquidity
contract STO is ERC20 {
```



```
constructor(
    address _receiver
) ERC20("StakeStone Token for Omnichain Liquidity", "STO") {
    _mint(_receiver, 1_000_000_000 * 1e18);
}
```

VeSTO.sol

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
pragma solidity 0.8.26;
import {ERC20} from "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol";
import {AccessControl} from "@openzeppelin/contracts/access/AccessControl.sol";
/// @title veSTO: Vote-Escrowed STO Token
contract VeSTO is ERC20, AccessControl {
   STATE VARIABLES
   /// @notice A role designated for minting veSTO.
   /// @dev Hash digests for `MINTER_ROLE`
   bytes32 public constant MINTER_ROLE = keccak256("MINTER_ROLE");
   /// @notice A role designated for burning veSTO.
   /// @dev Hash digests for `BURNER_ROLE`
   bytes32 public constant BURNER_ROLE = keccak256("BURNER_ROLE");
   /// @notice If veSTO can be transferred.
   bool public transferRestricted;
   /// @notice Mapping of addresses that are allowed to transfer tokens to any
address
   mapping(address => bool) public allowedFrom;
   /// @notice Mapping of addresses that are allowed to receive tokens from any
   mapping(address => bool) public allowedTo;
   EVENTS
   event SetAllowedFrom(address indexed from, bool isAllowedFrom);
   event SetAllowedTo(address indexed to, bool isAllowedTo);
   event TransferRestrictionsEnabled();
   event TransferRestrictionsDisabled();
```



```
CONSTRUCTOR
   constructor(address admin) ERC20("Vote-Escrowed STO", "veSTO") {
      _grantRole(DEFAULT_ADMIN_ROLE, _admin);
      transferRestricted = true;
      emit TransferRestrictionsEnabled();
   }
   ADMIN FUNCTIONS
   /// @notice This function allows the admin to set the allowedFrom status of an
address
   /// @param from The address whose allowedFrom status is being set
   /// @param isAllowedFrom The new allowedFrom status
   function setAllowedFrom(
      address from,
      bool isAllowedFrom
   ) external onlyRole(DEFAULT_ADMIN_ROLE) {
      allowedFrom[ from] = isAllowedFrom;
      emit SetAllowedFrom(_from, _isAllowedFrom);
   }
   /// @notice This function allows the admin to set the allowedTo status of an
address
   /// @param _to The address whose allowedFrom status is being set
   /// @param isAllowedTo The new allowedFrom status
   function setAllowedTo(
      address to,
      bool _isAllowedTo
   ) external onlyRole(DEFAULT ADMIN ROLE) {
      allowedTo[ to] = isAllowedTo;
      emit SetAllowedTo( to, isAllowedTo);
   }
   /// @notice This function allows the admin to disable transfer restrictions
   function disableTransferRestrictions()
      external
      onlyRole(DEFAULT ADMIN ROLE)
   {
      require(
         transferRestricted,
         "Transfer restrictions are already disabled"
      );
```



```
transferRestricted = false;
       emit TransferRestrictionsDisabled();
   }
   /// @notice This function allows the admin to enable transfer restrictions
   function enableTransferRestrictions()
       external
      onlyRole(DEFAULT ADMIN ROLE)
   {
       require(
          !transferRestricted,
          "Transfer restrictions are already enabled"
       );
       transferRestricted = true;
       emit TransferRestrictionsEnabled();
   }
   /// {\tt @notice} This function allows the MINTER_ROLE to mint veSTO to an address
   /// @param to The receiver address
   /// @param amount The amount of the token will be minted
   function mint(address to, uint256 amount) external onlyRole(MINTER ROLE) {
//SlowMist// The MINTER_ROLE can arbitrarily mint veSTO tokens through the mint
function.
       _mint(_to, _amount);
   }
   /// @notice This function allows the BURNER_ROLE to burn veSTO from an address
   /// @param _from The address which veSTO will be burned from
   /// @param _amount The amount of the token will be burned
   function burn(
       address _from,
       uint256 amount
   ) external onlyRole(BURNER_ROLE) { //SlowMist// The BURNER_ROLE can burn the
veSTO tokens of any user through the burn function.
       burn( from, amount);
   }
   INTERNAL FUNCTIONS
   * @notice Overrides the update function to enforce transfer restrictions
    * @param from the address tokens are being transferred from
    * @param to the address tokens are being transferred to
    * @param _amount the amount of tokens being transferred
    */
```



```
function update(
      address _from,
       address _to,
      uint256 _amount
   ) internal override {
       if (transferRestricted) {
          require(
              from == address(0) ||
                 _{to} == address(0) | |
                 status set to true can transfer tokens to any user.
                 allowedTo[_to], //SlowMist// Any user can transfer tokens to
addresses with the allowedTo status set to true.
              "not in whitelist"
          );
       }
       super._update(_from, _to, _amount);
   }
}
```

Escrow.sol

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
pragma solidity 0.8.26;
import {Ownable2Step, Ownable} from
"@openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable2Step.sol";
import {TransferHelper} from "@uniswap/v3-
periphery/contracts/libraries/TransferHelper.sol";
import {IVeSTO} from "../interfaces/IVeSTO.sol";
/// @title Voting Escrow for STO
contract Escrow is Ownable2Step {
  STATE VARIABLES
  address public immutable STO;
  address public immutable veSTO;
  uint256 public lockDuration = 30 days;
  mapping(address => LockInfo[]) public lockInfo;
  STRUCTS
```



```
struct LockInfo {
  uint256 amount;
  uint256 unlockTime;
  bool claimed;
}
EVENTS
event Lock(address indexed owner, address indexed receiver, uint256 amount);
event Unlock(
  address indexed owner,
  address indexed receiver,
  uint256 amount
event Claim(address indexed receiver, uint256 amount);
event SetLockDuration(uint256 oldVal, uint256 newVal);
CONSTRUCTOR
constructor(address _sto, address _veSTO, address _admin) Ownable(_admin) {
  STO = _sto;
  veSTO = _veSTO;
}
PERMISSIONLESS FUNCTIONS
function lock(uint256 amount) external returns (uint256 minted) {
  minted = _lockFor(_amount, msg.sender);
}
function lockFor(
  uint256 amount,
  address receiver
) external returns (uint256 minted) {
  minted = _lockFor(_amount, _receiver);
}
function unlock(uint256 _amount) external {
  unlockFor( amount, msg.sender);
}
function unlockFor(uint256 _amount, address _receiver) external {
```



```
unlockFor( amount, receiver);
}
function claim(uint256 _index) external {
  _claim(_index);
}
function claimBatch(uint256[] memory indices) external {
  uint256 length = _indices.length;
  require(length != 0, "invalid indices");
  uint256 i;
  for (i; i < length; i++) {</pre>
     uint256 index = indices[i];
     claim(index);
  }
}
VIEW FUNCTIONS
function getUnlockInfo(
  address _user
) external view returns (LockInfo[] memory info) {
  info = lockInfo[_user];
}
function getUnlockInfoByIndex(
  address _user,
  uint256 _index
) external view returns (LockInfo memory info) {
  info = lockInfo[_user][_index];
}
ADMIN FUNCTIONS
function setLockDuration(uint256 _duration) external onlyOwner {
  emit SetLockDuration(lockDuration, duration);
  lockDuration = duration;
}
INTERNAL FUNCTIONS
function lockFor(
```



```
uint256 amount,
    address _receiver
) internal returns (uint256 minted) {
    require(_amount > 0, "zero amount");
    require(_receiver != address(0), "zero address");
   minted = _amount;
    TransferHelper.safeTransferFrom(STO, msg.sender, address(this), minted);
    IVeSTO(veSTO).mint(_receiver, minted);
   emit Lock(msg.sender, _receiver, minted);
}
function unlockFor(uint256 amount, address receiver) internal {
    require( amount > 0, "zero amount");
    require(_receiver != address(0), "zero address");
    TransferHelper.safeTransferFrom(
        veSTO,
        msg.sender,
        address(this),
        amount
    );
   LockInfo memory info;
    info.amount = _amount;
    info.unlockTime = block.timestamp + lockDuration;
    lockInfo[_receiver].push(info);
    emit Unlock(msg.sender, _receiver, _amount);
}
function _claim(uint256 _index) internal {
    require(_index < lockInfo[msg.sender].length, "invalid index");</pre>
   LockInfo storage info = lockInfo[msg.sender][ index];
    uint256 amount = info.amount;
    require(block.timestamp > info.unlockTime, "locked");
    require(!info.claimed, "claimed");
    info.claimed = true;
    IVeSTO(veSTO).burn(address(this), amount);
    TransferHelper.safeTransfer(STO, msg.sender, amount);
```



```
emit Claim(msg.sender, amount);
}
```

E STIMME

e: Stummer

C. Stilling



Statement

SlowMist issues this report with reference to the facts that have occurred or existed before the issuance of this report, and only assumes corresponding responsibility based on these.

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Official Website

www.slowmist.com



E-mail

team@slowmist.com



Twitter

@SlowMist_Team



Github

https://github.com/slowmist