# SPECIFICATION OF THE PROJECT "ORBITS IN COXETER GROUPS"

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#### 1. Input

The input to your program consists of

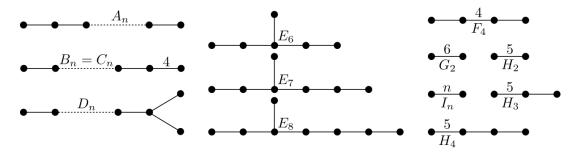
- a string of length 2 of the form Xn, where X is a letter and n a number
- A vector v of length n

You should read this data from a file that contains the string on the first line and the vector on the second.

Your code for processing this data should be in a separate function that is called from the function responsible for reading the input. This also makes it possible to test your program from the testsuite.

#### 2. Validation

• The input string must refer to a Coxeter arrangement of hyperplanes, i.e., be one of An, Bn, Dn, E6, E7, E8, F4, G2, H3, H4, In.



• The vector v should really have length n

#### 3. Processing

(1) First, you must determine a set of reflecting linear hyperplanes corresponding to the selected Coxeter group. These should be represented by their normal vectors, and these in turn should be hard-coded in your program.

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For example, a standard set of normal vectors for the Coxeter arrangement of type  $A_n$  is formed by the rows of the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & \dots & 0 & 0 \\ \dots & & & & & & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix},$$

and for type  $B_n$  by the rows of the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & \dots & 0 & 0 \\ \dots & & & & & & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Notice that the matrix for  $A_n$  has size  $n \times (n+1)$ , so it specifies n normal vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{n+1}$ . This is the only Coxeter group for which this happens, all the others (for example the group  $B_n$  in the second example) are generated by n vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

Also, you should check that the relation

$$\cos \frac{\pi}{p_{i,j}} = -\frac{\langle w_i, w_j \rangle}{\|w_i\| \|w_j\|}$$

holds for any pair of vectors  $w_i$ ,  $w_j$  of  $A_n$  and  $B_n$ , where  $\frac{\pi}{p_{i,j}}$  is the angle between the hyperplanes with normal vectors  $w_i$  and  $w_j$ , and  $p_{i,j}$  is encoded by the Coxeter-Dynkin diagram: Two nodes not connected by an edge have  $p_{i,j} = 2$ , an undecorated edge between two nodes represents  $p_{i,j} = 3$ , and in all other cases the edge is labeled with  $p_{i,j}$ .

Can you find representative matrices for other Coxeter diagrams?

### 4. Output

By default, you should output the size of the orbit of v that is obtained by repeatedly reflecting v in the hyperplanes given by the  $w_i$ . Via a flag on the command line, you should be able to specify whether to additionally output the orbit itself.