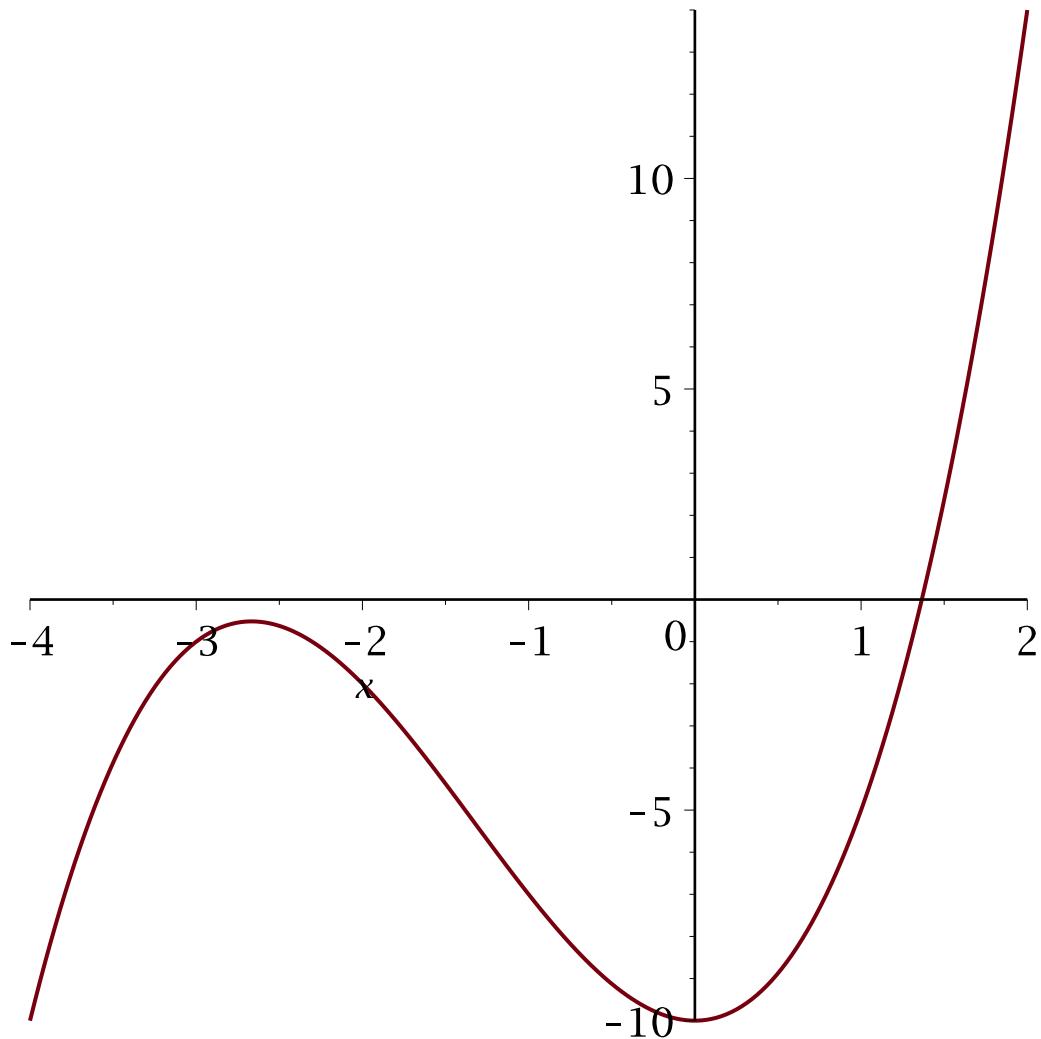


Fixed point iteration for $x^3 + 4x^2 - 10 = 0$, with $g(x) = \left(\frac{10}{x+4}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$.

```
> restart;
> Digits:=15;
Digits:= 15
> plot(x^3+4*x^2-10,x=-4..2);
```



(1)

```
> g:=x->(10/(x+4))^(1/2);
g := x →  $\sqrt{\frac{10}{x+4}}$ 
```

(2)

```
> p0:=1.5;
p0 := 1.5
> for n from 1 to 100 do
p[n]:=evalf(g(p0));
err:=abs(p[n]-p0);
if err>10^(-10) then
p0:=p[n];
```

(3)

```

else
break
end if;
end do;

 $p_1 := 1.34839972492648$ 
 $err := 0.15160027507352$ 
 $p_2 := 1.36737637199128$ 
 $err := 0.01897664706480$ 
 $p_3 := 1.36495701540249$ 
 $err := 0.00241935658879$ 
 $p_4 := 1.36526474811344$ 
 $err := 0.00030773271095$ 
 $p_5 := 1.36522559416053$ 
 $err := 0.00003915395291$ 
 $p_6 := 1.36523057567343$ 
 $err := 0.00000498151290$ 
 $p_7 := 1.36522994187819$ 
 $err := 6.3379524 \cdot 10^{-7}$ 
 $p_8 := 1.36523002251557$ 
 $err := 8.063738 \cdot 10^{-8}$ 
 $p_9 := 1.36523001225612$ 
 $err := 1.025945 \cdot 10^{-8}$ 
 $p_{10} := 1.36523001356143$ 
 $err := 1.30531 \cdot 10^{-9}$ 
 $p_{11} := 1.36523001339535$ 
 $err := 1.6608 \cdot 10^{-10}$ 
 $p_{12} := 1.36523001341648$ 
 $err := 2.113 \cdot 10^{-11}$ 
(4)

```

Aitken's accelerated method

```

> p[0]:=1.5; p[1]:=evalf(g(p[0])); p[2]:=evalf(g(p[1])); q[0]:=evalf
  (p[0]-(p[1]-p[0])^2/(p[2]-2*p[1]+p[0]));
 $p_0 := 1.5$ 
 $p_1 := 1.34839972492648$ 
 $p_2 := 1.36737637199128$ 
 $q_0 := 1.36526522395726$ 
(5)
> for n from 3 to 100 do
  p[n]:=evalf(g(p[2]));
  q[n-2]:=evalf(p[n-2]-(p[n-1]-p[n-2])^2/(p[n]-2*p[n-1]+p[n-2]));
  err:=evalf(abs(p[n]-p[2]));
  err1:=evalf(abs(q[n-2]-p[2]));
  if err1>10^(-10) then
    p[2]:=p[n];
  else

```

```

break
end if;
end do;

```

(6)

$$\begin{aligned}
p_3 &:= 1.36495701540249 \\
q_1 &:= 1.36523058454178 \\
err &:= 0.00241935658879 \\
err1 &:= 0.00214578744950 \\
p_4 &:= 1.36526474811344 \\
q_2 &:= 1.36495701540249 \\
err &:= 0.00030773271095 \\
err1 &:= 0.
\end{aligned}$$

```

> fsolve({g(x)=x},{x});

```

(7)

$$\{x = 1.36523001341410\}$$

Aitken-Steffensen's accelerated method

```

> g:=x->(10/(x+4))^(1/2);

```

(8)

$$g := x \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{1}{x+4}}$$

```

> p0:=1.5;

```

(9)

$$p0 := 1.5$$

```

> for n from 1 to 10 do
  p1:=evalf(g(p0));
  p2:=evalf(g(p1));
  q[n]:=evalf(p0-(p1-p0)^2/(p2-2*p1+p0));
  err:=evalf(abs(q[n]-p0));
  if err>10^(-10) then
    p0:=q[n]
  else
    break
  end if
end do;

```

(10)

$$\begin{aligned}
p1 &:= 1.34839972492648 \\
p2 &:= 1.36737637199128 \\
q_1 &:= 1.36526522395726 \\
err &:= 0.13473477604274 \\
p1 &:= 1.36522553361979 \\
p2 &:= 1.36523058337601 \\
q_2 &:= 1.36523001341659 \\
err &:= 0.00003521054067 \\
p1 &:= 1.36523001341378 \\
p2 &:= 1.36523001341414 \\
q_3 &:= 1.36523001341410 \\
err &:= 2.49 \cdot 10^{-12}
\end{aligned}$$

```

> fsolve({g(x)=x},{x});

```

(11)

```
{x = 1.36523001341410} (11)
```

```
> Digits:=15; Digits:= 15 (12)
```

Another example

```
> Digits:=10; Digits:= 10 (13)
```

```
> p:=n->sum((-1)^(k-1)/k,k=1..n);  
p:= n->  $\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{(-1)^{k-1}}{k}$  (14)
```

```
> sum((-1)^(k-1)/k,k=1..infinity); ln(2) (15)
```

```
> evalf(sum((-1)^(k-1)/k,k=1..100)-ln(2)); -0.0049750013 (16)
```

```
> q:=n->p(n)-(p(n+1)-p(n))^2/(p(n+2)-2*p(n+1)+p(n));  
q:= n->  $p(n) - \frac{(p(n+1) - p(n))^2}{p(n+2) - 2p(n+1) + p(n)}$  (17)
```

```
> for n from 2 to 15 do  
s[n]:=evalf(abs(p(n)-ln(2))):  
aitken[n]:=evalf(abs(q(n)-ln(2)))  
end do;  
s2 := 0.1931471806  
aitken2 := 0.0026709901  
s3 := 0.1401861527  
aitken3 := 0.0012972638  
s4 := 0.1098138473  
aitken4 := 0.0007229382  
s5 := 0.0901861527  
aitken5 := 0.0004425630  
s6 := 0.0764805139  
aitken6 := 0.0002900377  
s7 := 0.0663766289  
aitken7 := 0.0002001583  
s8 := 0.0586233711  
aitken8 := 0.0001438389  
s9 := 0.0524877400  
aitken9 := 0.0001067877  
s10 := 0.0475122600  
aitken10 := 0.0000814299  
s11 := 0.0433968309
```

```

aitken11 := 0.0000634976
s12 := 0.0399365024
aitken12 := 0.0000504625
s13 := 0.0369865745
aitken13 := 0.0000407617
s14 := 0.0344419969
aitken14 := 0.0000333947
s15 := 0.0322246698
aitken15 := 0.0000277001

```

(18)

```

> evalf(abs(p(3)-ln(2)));
0.1401861527

```

(19)

```

> evalf(abs(q(3)-ln(2)));
0.0012972638

```

(20)

```
> restart;
```

Steffensen's method applied to fixed point iteration

```

> Digits:=15;
Digits:= 15

```

(21)

```

> g:=x->(10/(x+4))^(1/2);
g:= x-> $\sqrt{10} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x+4}}$ 

```

(22)

```

> #G:=x->(x*g(g(x))-(g(x))^2)/(g(g(x))-2*g(x)+x);
G:=x->x-(g(x)-x)^2/(g(g(x))-2*g(x)+x);
G:= x-> $x - \frac{(g(x) - x)^2}{g(g(x)) - 2 g(x) + x}$ 

```

(23)

```

> p0:=1.0;
p0:= 1.0

```

(24)

```

> for n from 1 to 100 do
p[n]:=evalf(G(p0));
err:=abs(p[n]-p0);
if err>10^(-10) then
p0:=p[n];
else
break
end if;
end do;
p1 := 1.36552548138721
err := 0.36552548138721
p2 := 1.36523001358933
err := 0.00029546779788
p3 := 1.36523001341410
err := 1.7523 10-10

```

$$p_4 := 1.36523001341410 \quad err := 0. \quad (25)$$

Steffensen's method combined with Newton's method

Newton's method

```
> Digits:=100;  
Digits:= 100  
-
```

$$> f:=x \rightarrow x^3 + 4 \cdot x^2 - 10; \quad f:= x \rightarrow x^3 + 4 \cdot x^2 - 10 \quad (27)$$

> **fp:=D(f);**

$$fp := x \rightarrow 3x^2 + 8x \quad (28)$$

```
> p0:=1.5;
          p0 := 1.5
```

```
> for n from 1 to 20 do
p[n]:=evalf(p0-f(p0)/fp(p0));
err:=abs(p[n]-p0);
if err>=10^(-96) then
p0:=p[n]
else
break
end if
end do;
```

$$p_2 := 1.3652620148746266212381755974950245833644853158455004076459 \backslash \\ 42587786286719286815412932879048422641617$$

err:=

$$0.0080713184587067120951577358383087499688480174878329256873\backslash$$

$$90745547046614046517920400454284910691716$$

$$p_3 := 1.3652300139161466492910961528563044690908152151648048029545 \backslash \\ 34183821212745811822506811491951603025372$$

```

err:=
0.0000320009584799719470794446387201142736701006806956046914\
08403965073973474992906121387096819616245

```

$$p_4 := 1.3652300134140968458843762461302611999366 \\ 06485688546788632488402327120488246964030$$

```

err:=
5.0204980340671990672604326915415985975040917872892769813266\
5957179334104484371463356061342 10-10

p5:=
1.3652300134140968457608068289816660783386505669739784001034\
0463329194935284379125521550044903677088

err:=
1.2356941714859512159800478844041722412220185239659743578869\
7147111570443343286942 10-19

p6:=
1.3652300134140968457608068289816660783311647467712650718237\
87354745502933196112029690934391982943952

err:=
7.4858202027133282796172785464464196476792255246156529207331\
36 10-39

p7:=
1.3652300134140968457608068289816660783311647467712650718237\
87354745502933196084557317633355389556551
err:= 2.7472373301036593387401 10-77

p8:=
1.3652300134140968457608068289816660783311647467712650718237\
87354745502933196084557317633355389556551
err:= 0.

```

Steffensen's combined with Newton's method

> Digits:=100;
Digits:= 100 (31)

> $p0 := 1.5;$ $p0 := 1.5$ (32)

```
> for n from 1 to 10 do
  p1:=p0-f(p0)/fp(p0);
  p2:=p1-f(p1)/fp(p1);
  q[n]:=evalf(p0-(p1-p0)^2/(p2-2*p1+p0));
  err:=evalf(abs(q[n]-p0));
  if err>=10^(-96) then
    p0:=q[n]
  else
    break
  end if
end do;
```

```

 $q_1 :=$ 
  1.3647127000604601818368487696923375275207903172448409212762\
  80215831441576071457090382268055349585335
 $err :=$ 
  0.1352872999395398181631512303076624724792096827551590787237\
  19784168558423928542909617731944650414665
 $p1 :=$ 
  1.3652301446611579934722988582433921834306048353006913200885\
  10231358284756414107465755623032121115678
 $p2 :=$ 
  1.3652300134141052907000379152128783693967873178289663194824\
  49107875927115557863004152264129012101426
 $q_2 :=$ 
  1.3652300134473869612378555467896083222582743522366720630745\
  88094532980866479788240567169610150617498
 $err :=$ 
  0.0005173133869267794010067770972707947374840349918311417983\
  07878701539290408331150184901554801032163
 $p1 :=$ 
  1.3652300134140968457613501393571246082094925461618983583783\
  57885232214087707176100070101866528572944
 $p2 :=$ 
  1.3652300134140968457608068289816660783311648914862130715761\
  91431540480731924893234017077353984127370
 $q_3 :=$ 
  1.3652300134140968457608068289816572112497546742477711589083\
  04297102156726195561662959603825364403379
 $err :=$ 
  3.329011547704871780795111008519677988900904166283797430824\
  140284226577607565784786214119  $10^{-11}$ 
 $p1 :=$ 
  1.3652300134140968457608068289816660783311647467712650718237\
  87354784048886155419826681571052785325000
 $p2 :=$ 
  1.3652300134140968457608068289816660783311647467712650718237\
  87354745502933196084557317633355389556552
 $q_4 :=$ 
  1.3652300134140968457608068289816660783311647467712650718237\
  87354745502933196084557317633355389556720
 $err :=$ 
  8.8670814100725234939129154830576433462070005228943580295300\
  25153341  $10^{-33}$ 
 $p1 :=$ 
  1.3652300134140968457608068289816660783311647467712650718237\
  87354745502933196084557317633355389556552
 $p2 :=$ 
  1.3652300134140968457608068289816660783311647467712650718237\

```

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} 87354745502933196084557317633355389556551 \\ q_5 := \\ 1.3652300134140968457608068289816660783311647467712650718237 \\ 87354745502933196084557317633355389556551 \\ err := 1.69 \cdot 10^{-97} \end{array} \right. \quad (33)$$