## Session 19 FLASHBACK VERSIONS / TABLE in SQL\*PLUS

The Oracle base remains unchanged with value /opt/oracle

[oracle@oracloud12c ~]\$ sqlplus / as sysdba

SQL\*Plus: Release 12.1.0.2.0 Production on Thu Apr 12 15:24:09 2018

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## Connected to:

Oracle Database 12c Enterprise Edition Release 12.1.0.2.0 - 64bit Production

With the Partitioning, OLAP, Advanced Analytics and Real Application Testing options

SQL> set pagesize 200

SQL> SELECT \* FROM V\$LOG;

GROUP#	THREAD# SEQUE	NCE# BYTES	BLOCKSIZE M	MEMBERS ARC
STATUS	FIRST_CHANG	E# FIRST_TIM NEX	T_CHANGE# NEXT_	TIME
1 CURRENT	<del>-</del>	1612 52428800 73 12-APR-18 2	512 .8147E+14	1 NO
2 INACTIVE	<del>-</del>	1610 52428800 39 12-APR-18	512 31937897 12-AF	1 YES PR-18
3 INACTIVE	<del>-</del>	1611 52428800 97 12-APR-18	512 31957373 12-AF	1 YES PR-18

← We will create a table for Tom, add more rows, and then by error will delete some of these rows, so that we would need to FLASHBACK (REVERT) this table to time in the past

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE tom.dept AS SELECT * FROM scott.dept;
```

Table created.

SQL> SELECT \* FROM tom.dept;

DEPTNO	DNAME	LOC
10	ACCOUNTING	NEW YORK
20	RESEARCH	DALLAS
30	SALES	CHICAGO
40	OPERATIONS	BOSTON

```
SQL> INSERT INTO tom.dept VALUES (71,'HR','TORONTO');
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO tom.dept VALUES (81,'TRAINING','OTTAWA');
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO tom.dept VALUES (91,'IT','BRAMPTON');
1 row created.
SQL> COMMIT;
Commit complete.
SQL> host date
Thu Apr 12 15:28:54 EDT 2018
SQL> select current scn FROM V$DATABASE;
CURRENT SCN
             ← we can always get the CURRENT SCN
  31964603
SQL> REM WAIT A MINUTE OR TWO
SQL> DELETE FROM tom.dept WHERE deptno > 50;
3 rows deleted.
SQL> commit;
Commit complete.
SQL> SELECT * FROM tom.dept;
   DEPTNO DNAME
                        LOC
-----
       1U ACCOUNTING NEW YORK
20 RESEARCH DALLAS
30 SALES
       10 ACCOUNTING
       30 SALES
                        CHICAGO
       40 OPERATIONS BOSTON
SQL> host date
Thu Apr 12 15:31:22 EDT 2018
SQL> select current scn FROM V$DATABASE;
CURRENT_SCN
  31965591
```

← In order to see what happened with certain columns of certain table in the specified time range, we should use VERSIONS BETWEEN TIMESTAMP syntax. Then we can see the exact time and SCN when the item changed the value and the operation (I,U,D) that caused it

```
SQL> SELECT versions xid, versions starttime, versions startscn,
          versions operation, deptno, dname
   FROM tom.dept
   VERSIONS BETWEEN TIMESTAMP MINVALUE AND MAXVALUE
   WHERE deptno > 50
   ORDER BY 2, 5;
VERSIONS XID
______
VERSIONS STARTTIME
VERSIONS STARTSCN V DEPTNO DNAME
0C001200AE130000
12-APR-18 03.28.35 PM
       31964577 I 71 HR
0C001200AE130000
12-APR-18 03.28.35 PM
       31964577 I 81 TRAINING
0C001200AE130000
12-APR-18 03.28.35 PM
      31964577 I 91 IT
07001C002F770000
12-APR-18 03.31.05 PM
                      71 HR
       31965572 D
07001C002F770000
12-APR-18 03.31.05 PM
       31965572 D 81 TRAINING
07001C002F770000
12-APR-18 03.31.05 PM
       31965572 D 91 IT
6 rows selected.
```

← In order to REVERT our Table, we need to enable row movement for it SQL> ALTER TABLE tom.dept ENABLE ROW MOVEMENT;

Table altered.

## METHOD 1 – FLASHBACK TO TIMESTAMP

Since the WRONG operation (delete of 3 departments) happened around 3:31pm, we will revert OUR TABLE to just before that time - 3:30 pm

```
SQL> FLASHBACK TABLE tom.dept TO TIMESTAMP
                  TO TIMESTAMP('2018-04-12 15:30','YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI');
Flashback complete.
SQL> SELECT * FROM tom.dept;
    DEPTNO DNAME LOC
          10 ACCOUNTING NEW YORK
20 RESEARCH DALLAS
30 SALES CHICAGO
40 OPERATIONS BOSTON
81 TRAINING OTTAWA
91 IT BRAMPTON
```

BRAMPTON TORONTO

7 rows selected.

← Great, we have our 3 departments back

## METHOD 2 – FLASHBACK TO SCN

71 HR

91 IT 71 HR

```
SQL> FLASHBACK TABLE tom.dept TO SCN 31965591;
Flashback complete.
SQL> SELECT * FROM tom.dept;
   DEPTNO DNAME
                   LOC
-----
```

10 ACCOUNTING NEW YORK
20 RESEARCH DALLAS
30 SALES CHICAGO 30 SALES CHICAGO 40 OPERATIONS BOSTON

← Ooops, that was wrong SCN, but we will repeat the process with an earlier one

```
QL> FLASHBACK TABLE tom.dept TO SCN 31964603;
Flashback complete.
SQL> select * from tom.dept;
```

DEPTNO	DNAI	ΜE	LOC	
	10	ACCOUNTING		NEW YORK
	20	RESEARCH		DALLAS
	30	SALES		CHICAGO
	40	OPERATIONS		BOSTON
	81	TRAINING		OTTAWA
	91	IT		BRAMPTON
	71	HR		TORONTO

<sup>7</sup> rows selected.

<sup>←</sup> Great, we have our 3 departments back