eBPF在MySQL性能分析的应用

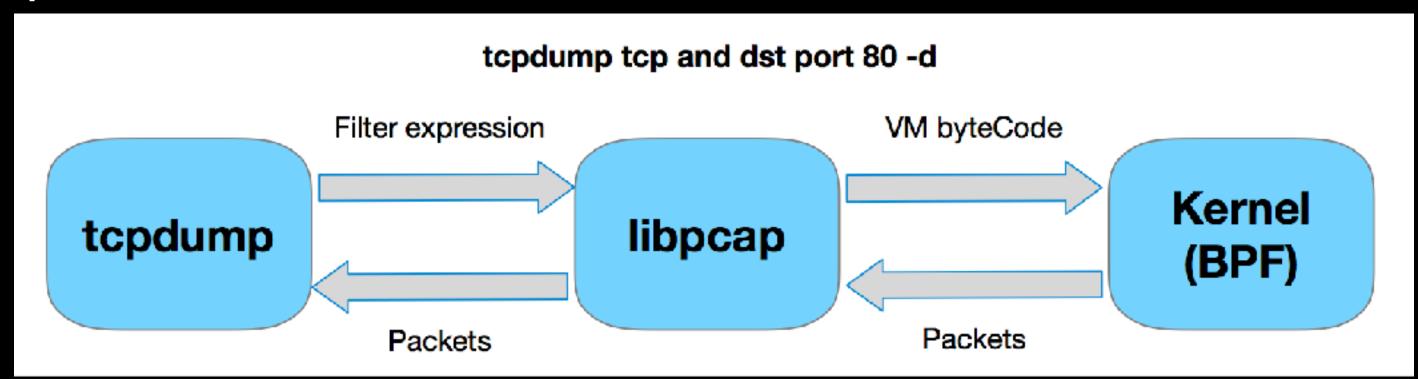
洪斌



- eBPF应用示例
- 观测工具的介绍
- eBPF 脚本/限制

BP层台丛

- BPF = Berkeley Packet Filter
- The Berkeley Packet Filter (BPF) provides a raw interface to data link layers, permitting raw link-layer packets to be sent and received.



• Since version 3.18, the Linux kernel includes an extended BPF virtual machine, termed extended BPF (eBPF). It can be used for non-networking purposes

http://www.tcpdump.org/papers/bpf-usenix93.pdf

Query延迟分布

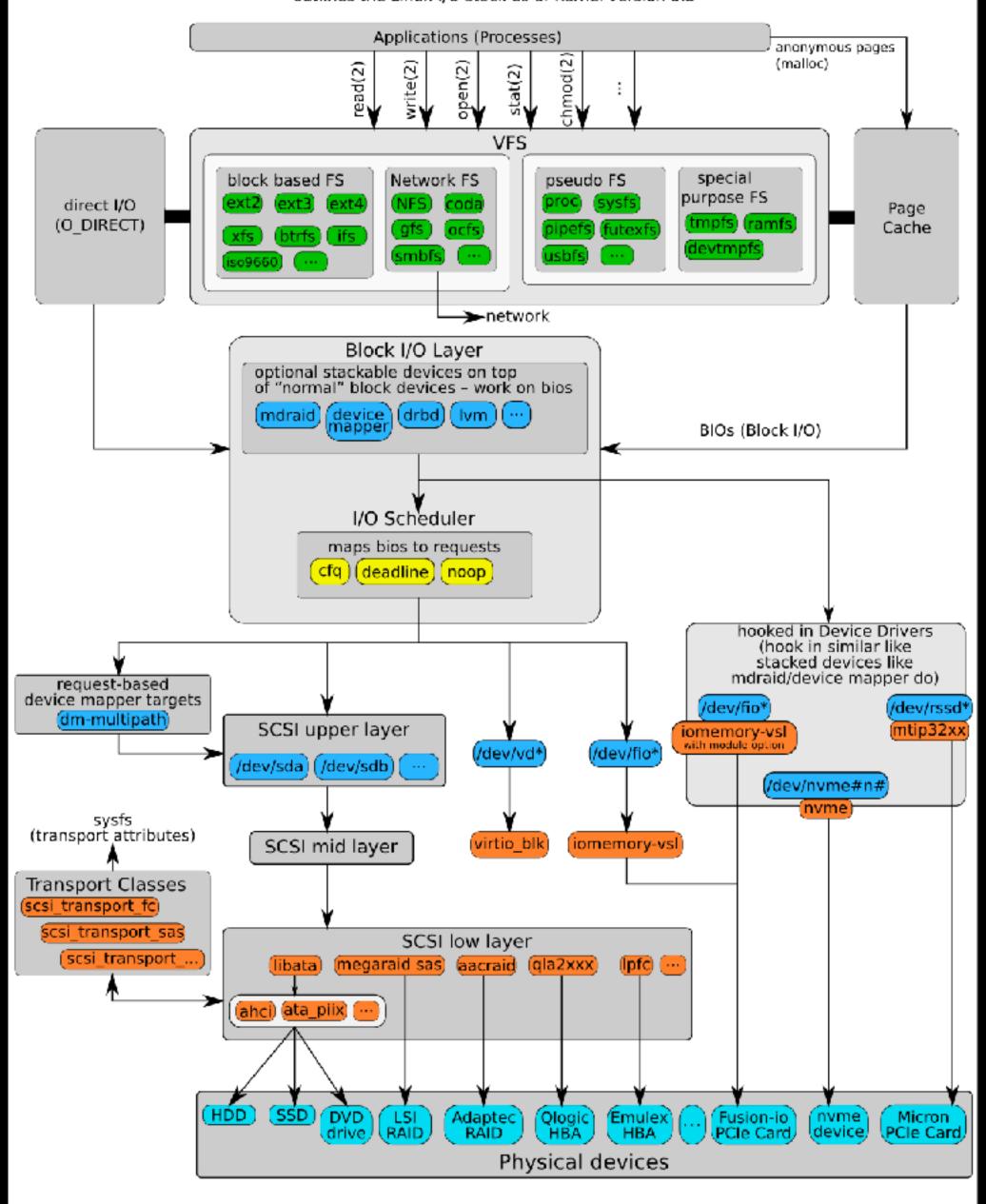
```
//Only select
root@R820-08:/usr/share/bcc/tools# ./dbstat -p `pidof mysqld` -u -- mysql
Tracing database queries for pids 4754 slower than 0 ms...
^C[11:20:53]
    query latency (us) : count
                                  distribution
                       : 0
        0 -> 1
        2 -> 3
                       : 0
        4 -> 7
                       : 0
        8 -> 15
                       : 0
       16 -> 31
                       : 0
       32 -> 63
                       : 0
                       : 400308
       64 -> 127
                                 128 -> 255
                       : 148021
                                 *********
      256 -> 511
                       : 261
                       : 3
      512 -> 1023
     1024 -> 2047
                       : 0
     2048 -> 4095
     4096 -> 8191
                       : 3
     8192 -> 16383
                       : 9
```

```
// Select and update
root@R820-08:/usr/share/bcc/tools# ./dbstat -p `pidof mysqld` -u -- mysql
Tracing database queries for pids 4754 slower than 0 ms...
^C[11:20:33]
    query latency (us) : count
                                 distribution
                      : 0
        0 -> 1
       2 -> 3
                      : 0
       4 -> 7
                      : 0
                      : 0
        8 -> 15
                      : 0
       16 -> 31
                      : 0
      32 -> 63
      64 -> 127
                      : 9198
                                 *********
     128 -> 255
                      : 25826
                                 *************
                      : 17629
      256 -> 511
                                 | *****************
      512 -> 1023
                      : 14568
                                 | ***************
     1024 -> 2047
                      : 12533
                                 ********
     2048 -> 4095
                      : 9840
                                *********
     4096 -> 8191
                      : 4031
                                *****
     8192 -> 16383
                      : 463
    16384 -> 32767
                      : 33
    32768 -> 65535
                      : 20
    65536 -> 131071
                      : 20
```

慢Query抓取

```
// Select and update
root@R820-08:/usr/share/bcc/tools# ./dbslower -p `pidof mysqld` -m 5 -- mysql
Tracing database queries for pids 4754 slower than 5 ms...
TIME(s)
                            MS QUERY
               PID
                         5.358 UPDATE sbtest1 SET k=k+1 WHERE id=514
0.956044
               4754
0.956199
                         5.837 UPDATE sbtest1 SET k=k+1 WHERE id=505
               4754
0.956876
                         5.257 UPDATE sbtest1 SET k=k+1 WHERE id=503
               4754
0.955977
                         6.656 UPDATE sbtest1 SET k=k+1 WHERE id=503
               4754
                         6.801 UPDATE sbtest1 SET k=k+1 WHERE id=503
0.956287
               4754
0.955870
               4754
                         7.554 UPDATE sbtest1 SET k=k+1 WHERE id=498
0.956329
                         7.121 UPDATE sbtest1 SET k=k+1 WHERE id=497
               4754
```

The Linux I/O Stack Diagram version 0.1, 2012-03-06 outlines the Linux I/O stack as of Kernel version 3.3



VFS 延迟分析

```
// Select and update
root@R730-117:/usr/share/bcc/tools# ./ext4dist 2 1
Tracing ext4 operation latency... Hit Ctrl-C to end.
21:39:52:
operation = read
                                                     distribution
                                          : count
              usecs
                 0 -> 1
                                          : 0
                                          : 3
                 2 -> 3
                                         : 19596
                 4 -> 7
                                                    ******
                 8 -> 15
                                         : 32887
                                                    | *******
                 16 -> 31
                                          : 2649
                32 -> 63
                                          : 303
                64 -> 127
                                          : 48
               128 -> 255
                                          : 15
               256 -> 511
                                          : 3
operation = write
                                                     distribution
                                          : count
              usecs
                                          : 0
                 0 -> 1
                                          : 2
                 2 -> 3
                                          : 507
                 4 -> 7
                                         : 22123
                                                    | ********
                 8 -> 15
                16 -> 31
                                                    *****
                                          : 10444
                32 -> 63
                                          : 2073
                64 -> 127
                                         : 590
               128 -> 255
                                          : 174
```

: 240

256 -> 511

```
operation = fsync
                                                     distribution
                                          : count
              usecs
                 0 -> 1
                                          : 166
                 2 -> 3
                                          : 291
                 4 -> 7
                                          : 446
                 8 -> 15
                                          : 22
                16 -> 31
                                          : 3
                32 -> 63
                                          : 1
                64 -> 127
                                          : 2847
                                                    ******
               128 -> 255
                                                    *******
                                          : 7164
               256 -> 511
                                          : 4292
                                                    *******
                512 -> 1023
                                          : 882
                                                    **
```

Ext4 延迟分析

//Insert data root@R820-08:/usr/share/bcc/tools# ./ext4slower 1 Tracing ext4 operations slower than 1 ms root@R820-08:/usr/share/bcc/tools# ./ext4slower 10 LAT(ms) FILENAME TIME COMM PID T BYTES OFF_KB Tracing ext4 operations slower than 10 ms 21:59:40 mysqld 4754 3.56 ib_logfile1 S 0 4754 21:59:40 mysqld 8.42 sbtest1.ibd S 0 TIME COMM PID T BYTES OFF_KB LAT(ms) FILENAME 21:59:41 mysqld 4754 S 0 3.83 ib_logfile1 22:03:14 dd W 1073741824 0 42639 873.20 test1.img 21:59:41 mysqld 4754 8.35 sbtest1.ibd S 0 22:03:15 mysqld W 1048576 1024 16.48 ibdata1 4754 21:59:42 mysqld 4754 8.50 sbtest1.ibd S 0 13.98 ibdata1 22:03:15 mysqld 4754 W 507904 2048 3.53 ib_logfile1 21:59:42 mysqld 4754 S 0 22:03:15 mysqld 4754 8.34 sbtest1.ibd 4754 W 1048576 1302528 15.10 sbtest1.ibd 21:59:42 mysqld S 0 21:59:43 mysqld 4754 2.69 ib_logfile1 S 0 22:03:15 mysqld 4754 S 0 110.94 ibdata1 21:59:43 mysqld 4754 8.41 sbtest1.ibd S 0 22:03:16 mysqld 22.35 sbtest1.ibd 4754 W 1048576 1306624 4754 8.37 sbtest1.ibd 21:59:44 mysqld S 0

4.13 ib_logfile1

8.38 sbtest1.ibd

8.52 sbtest1.ibd

21:59:44 mysqld

21:59:44 mysqld

21:59:45 mysqld

4754

4754

4754

S 0

S 0

块设备延迟分析

```
root@R730-117:/usr/share/bcc/tools# ./biolatency -D 2
Tracing block device I/O... Hit Ctrl-C to end.
disk = 'sdb'
                                                     distribution
                                          : count
              usecs
                 0 -> 1
                                          : 0
                 2 -> 3
                                          : 0
                 4 -> 7
                                          : 0
                 8 -> 15
                                          : 0
                16 -> 31
                                          : 0
                32 -> 63
                                          : 4694
                                                    ******
                64 -> 127
                                          : 3399
                                                    ******
               128 -> 255
                                          : 2211
                                                    ******
               256 -> 511
                                          : 2250
                                                    ******
               512 -> 1023
                                          : 642
                                                    **
              1024 -> 2047
                                          : 0
```

: 0

//Select and update

2048 -> 4095

```
root@R730-117:/usr/share/bcc/tools# ./biolatency -D 2
Tracing block device I/O... Hit Ctrl-C to end.
disk = 'sdb'
                                  distribution
                       : count
    usecs
                       : 0
        0 -> 1
        2 -> 3
                       : 0
        4 -> 7
                       : 0
        8 -> 15
                       : 0
       16 -> 31
                       : 0
       32 -> 63
                       : 0
       64 -> 127
                       : 0
      128 -> 255
                       : 0
                       : 2
      256 -> 511
                                  *****************
                       : 0
      512 -> 1023
     1024 -> 2047
                       : 0
     2048 -> 4095
                       : 3
                                  **************
```

MySQL文件IO压力分析

root@R820-08:/usr/share/bcc/tools# ./filetop -p `pidof mysqld` -C 5
Tracing... Output every 5 secs. Hit Ctrl-C to end

22:26:30 loadavg: 7.50 5.28 4.87 18/1925 44235

TID	COMM	READS	WRITES	R_Kb	W_Kb	Τ	FILE
39956	mysqld	0	115	0	462	R	<pre>ib_logfile1</pre>
40075	mysqld	0	107	0	424	R	<pre>ib_logfile1</pre>
39900	mysqld	0	1220	0	137	R	R820-08.log
38046	mysqld	0	1263	0	142	R	R820-08.log
39085	mysqld	0	101	0	332	R	<pre>ib_logfile1</pre>
38957	mysqld	0	114	0	425	R	<pre>ib_logfile1</pre>
39959	mysqld	0	1	0	2	R	ibmPAQI0
4780	mysqld	0	4	0	28	R	<pre>ib_logfile1</pre>
40266	mysqld	0	107	0	361	R	<pre>ib_logfile1</pre>
39984	mysqld	0	111	0	414	R	<pre>ib_logfile1</pre>
39991	mysqld	0	1211	0	136	R	R820-08.log
37224	mysqld	0	104	0	449	R	<pre>ib_logfile1</pre>
40259	mysqld	0	109	0	340	R	<pre>ib_logfile1</pre>
39958	mysqld	0	107	0	342	R	<pre>ib_logfile1</pre>
39969	mysqld	0	1214	0	137	R	R820-08.log
39966	mysqld	0	1275	0	144	R	R820-08.log
39937	mysqld	0	1227	0	138	R	R820-08.log

临时表文件生命周期观测

```
root@R820-08:/usr/share/bcc/tools# ./filelife

TIME PID COMM AGE(s) FILE

22:17:01 43687 cron 0.00 tmpfgHF5vY

22:22:21 39170 mysqld 5.30 #sql1292_59a1f_0.frm
```

短连接分析

root@R820-08:/usr/share/bcc/tools# ./tcplife												
PID	COMM	LADDR	LPORT	RADDR	RPORT	TX_KB	RX_KB	MS				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35038	127.0.0.1	3306	16	699	312.05				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35036	127.0.0.1	3306	17	736	312.20				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35034	127.0.0.1	3306	15	662	312.41				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35032	127.0.0.1	3306	14	638	312.45				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35026	127.0.0.1	3306	14	626	313.17				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35028	127.0.0.1	3306	12	552	313.18				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35022	127.0.0.1	3306	17	736	313.66				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35018	127.0.0.1	3306	13	589	313.86				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35016	127.0.0.1	3306	13	589	314.00				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35014	127.0.0.1	3306	14	626	314.11				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35012	127.0.0.1	3306	17	761	314.15				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35010	127.0.0.1	3306	17	736	314.60				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35008	127.0.0.1	3306	15	663	314.66				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35004	127.0.0.1	3306	16	699	314.74				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35002	127.0.0.1	3306	15	663	315.05				
44245	sysbench	127.0.0.1	35000	127.0.0.1	3306	15	699	315.09				

```
13:08:05.737768 ppp0 > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1221 > dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www: . 342:342(0) ack 1449 win 31856 <nop
 .nop,timestamp 1247771 114849487> (DF)
13:08:07.467571 ppp0 < dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1221: . 1449:2897(1448) ack 342 win 31856
Knop,nop,timestamp 114849637 1247771> (DF)
13:08:07.707634 ppp0 < dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1221: . 2897:4345(1448) ack 342 win 31856
<nop,nop,timestamp 114849637 1247771> (DF)
13:08:07.707922 ppp0 > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1221 > dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www: . 342:342(0) ack 4345 win 31856 <nop
,nop,timestamp 1247968 114849637> (DF)
13:08:08.057841 ppp0 > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1045 > ns.de.ibm.net.domain: 8928+ PTR? 110.107.102.209.in-addr.arpa. (46)
13:08:08.747598 ppp0 < dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1221: P 4345:5793(1448) ack 342 win 31856
Knop,nop,timestamp 114849813 1247968> (DF)
13:08:08.847870 ppp0 < dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1221: FP 5793:6297(504) ack 342 win 31856
<nop,nop,timestamp 114849813 1247968> (DF)
13:08:08.848063 ppp0 > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1221 > dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www: . 342:342(0) ack 6298 win 31856 <nop
_nop,timestamp 1248082 114849813> (DF)
13:08:08.907566 ppp0 < ns.de.ibm.net.domain > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1045: 8928* 3/1/1 PTR dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com., P
TR fingerless.or (199)
13:08:09.151742 ppp0 > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1221 > dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www: F 342:342(0) ack 6298 win 31856 <nop
,nop,timestamp 1248112 114849813> (DF)
13:08:10.137603 ppp0 < dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1221: . 6298:6298(0) ack 343 win 31856 <no
p,nop,timestamp 114849967 1248112> (DF)
13:09:01.984210 ppp0 > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1222 > dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www: S 920197285:920197285(0) win 32120
mss 1460,sackOK,timestamp 1253395 0,nop,wscale 0> (DF)
13:09:03.097569 ppp0 < dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1222: S 1222277738:1222277738(0) ack 92019
7286 win 32120 <mss 1460,sackOK,timestamp 114855252 1253395,nop,wscale 0> (DF)
13:09:03.098197 ppp0 > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1222 > dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www: . 1:1(0) ack 1 win 32120 <nop.nop.ti
mestamp 1253507 114855252> (DF)
13:09:03.102171 ppp0 > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1222 > dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www: P 1:322(321) ack 1 win 32120 <nop.no
p,timestamp 1253507 114855252> (DF)
| 13:09:04.147613 ppp0 < dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1222: . 1:1(0) ack 322 win 31856 <nop,nop,
timestamp 114855369 1253507> (DF)
13:09:04.507608 ppp0 < dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1222: . 1:1449(1448) ack 322 win 31856 <no
p,nop,timestamp 114855369 1253507> (DF)
13:09:04.507934 ppp0 > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1222 > dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www: . 322:322(0) ack 1449 win 31856 <nop
,nop,timestamp 1253648 114855369> (DF)
13:09:05.627604 ppp0 < dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1222: . 1449:2897(1448) ack 322 win 31856
Knop,nop,timestamp 114855491 1253648> (DF)
13:09:05.857649 ppp0 < dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1222: . 2897:4345(1448) ack 322 win 31856
<nop,nop,timestamp 114855491 1253648> (DF)
13:09:05.857918 ppp0 > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1222 > dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www: . 322:322(0) ack 4345 win 31856 <nop
,nop,timestamp 1253783 114855491> (DF)
13:09:06.907557 ppp0 < dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1222: FP 4345:5792(1447) ack 322 win 31856
 <nop,nop,timestamp 114855627 1253783> (DF)
13:09:06.907887 ppp0 > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1222 > dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www: . 322:322(0) ack 5793 win 31856 <nop
,nop,timestamp 1253888 114855627> (DF)
13:09:07.401205 ppp0 > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1222 > dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www: F 322:322(0) ack 5793 win 31856 <nop
nop,timestamp 1253937 114855627> (DF),
 l3:09:08.317623 ppp0 < dsl-usw-cust-110.inetarena.com.www > slip139-92-26-177.ist.tr.ibm.net.1222: . 5793:5793(0) ack 323 win 31856 <no
p.nop.timestamp 114855780 1253937> (DF)
```

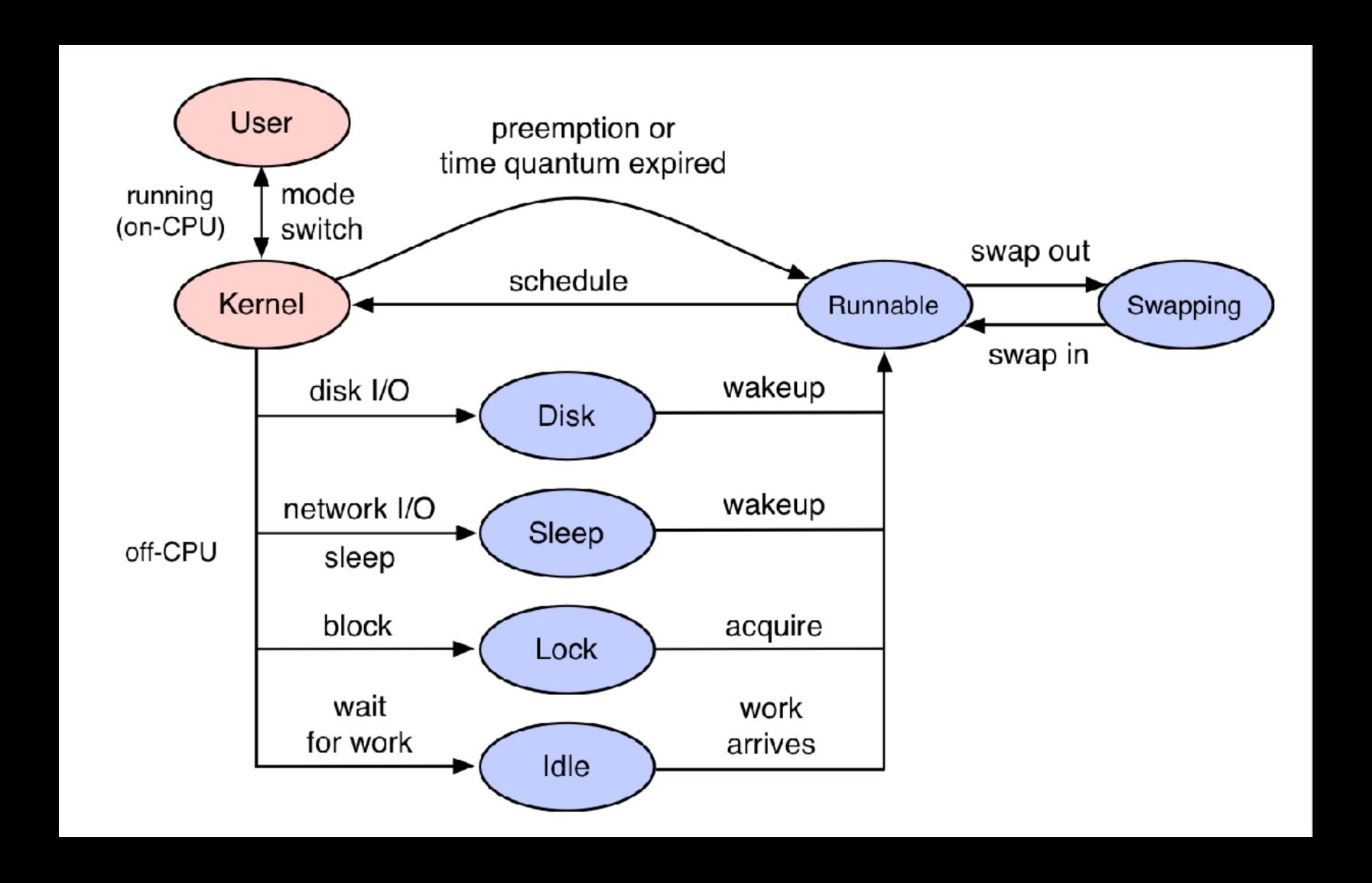
流量分析

```
root@R820-08:/usr/share/bcc/tools# ./tcptop -C 5
Tracing... Output every 5 secs. Hit Ctrl-C to end
22:33:41 loadavg: 17.28 6.81 5.01 126/1933 44788
PID
       COMM
                   LADDR
                                         RADDR
                                                                RX_KB TX_KB
      sysbench
                   127.0.0.1:35654
                                         127.0.0.1:3306
                                                                16116
                                                                         369
44668
44669
      sysbench
                   127.0.0.1:35650
                                         127.0.0.1:3306
                                                                15957
                                                                         365
44702
      sysbench
                   127.0.0.1:35728
                                         127.0.0.1:3306
                                                                15871
                                                                         363
      sysbench
44758
                   127.0.0.1:35838
                                         127.0.0.1:3306
                                                                15834
                                                                         362
44698 sysbench
                                         127.0.0.1:3306
                   127.0.0.1:35718
                                                                15797
                                                                         362
PID
      COMM
                   LADDR6
                                                    RADDR6
RX_KB TX_KB
39188 mysqld
                    ::ffff:127.0.0.1:3306
                                                    ::ffff:127.0.0.1:35654
410 17810
39184 mysqld
                    ::ffff:127.0.0.1:3306
                                                     ::ffff:127.0.0.1:35682
405 17589
                    ::ffff:127.0.0.1:3306
40037 mysqld
                                                    ::ffff:127.0.0.1:35890
404 17552
39182 mysqld
                                                     ::ffff:127.0.0.1:35670
                    ::ffff:127.0.0.1:3306
404 17491
39180 mysqld
                    ::ffff:127.0.0.1:3306
                                                     ::ffff:127.0.0.1:35688
404 17540
```

跟踪逐数調料

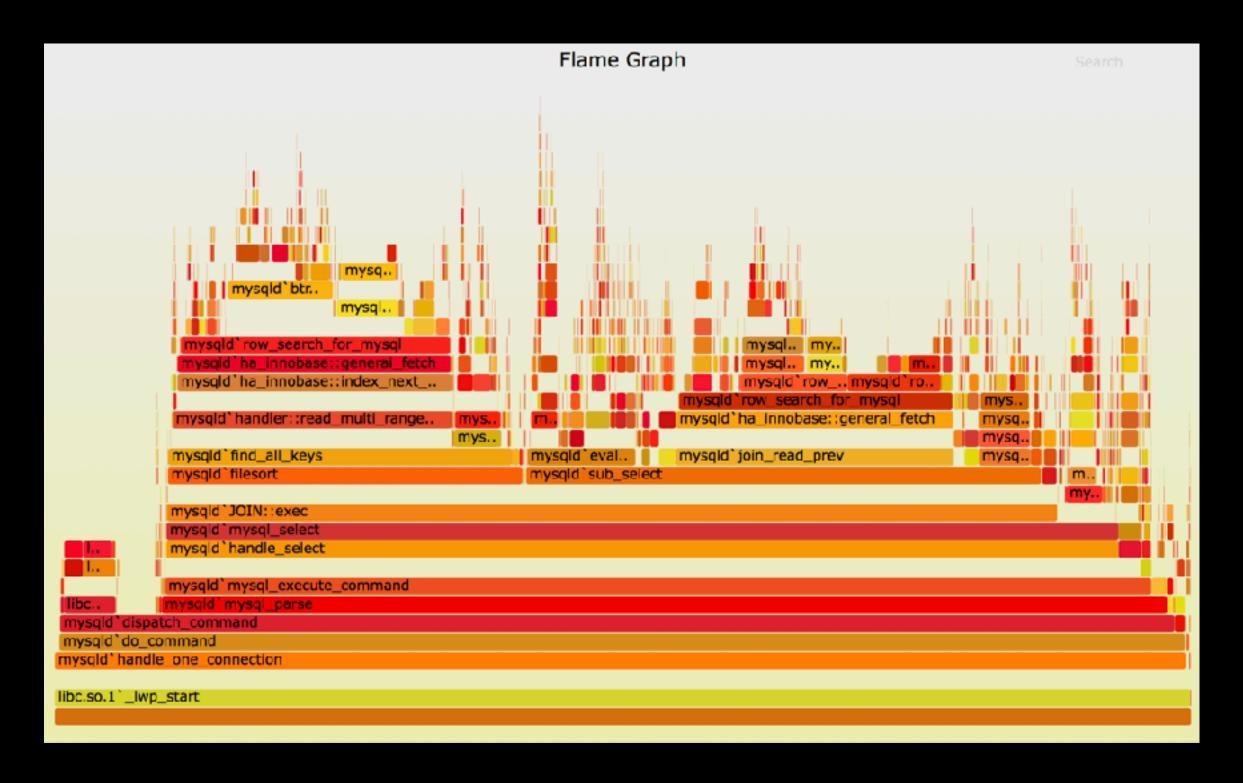
```
[root@hadoop03 tools]./trace -U -p 26720 '/usr/local/mysql/bin/mysqld:_Z24log_buffer_flush_to_diskb'
PID
                COMM
        TID
                                FUNC
26720
        230362 mysqld
                                _Z24log_buffer_flush_to_diskb
        log_buffer_flush_to_disk(bool)+0x0 [mysqld]
        handler::ha_create(char const*, TABLE*, st_ha_create_information*)+0x74 [mysqld]
        ha_create_table(THD*, char const*, char const*, char const*, st_ha_create_information*, bool, bool)+0x241 [mysqld]
        rea_create_table(THD*, char const*, char const*, char const*, st_ha_create_information*, List<Create_field>&, unsigned int, st_key*,
handler*, bool)+0x1dd [mysqld]
        create_table_impl(THD*, char const*, char const*, char const*, char const*, st_ha_create_information*, Alter_info*, bool, unsigned
int, bool, bool*, st_key**, unsigned int*)+0x1498 [mysqld]
        mysql_create_table_no_lock(THD*, char const*, char const*, st_ha_create_information*, Alter_info*, unsigned int, bool*)+0x17c
[mysqld]
        mysql_create_table(THD*, TABLE_LIST*, st_ha_create_information*, Alter_info*)+0xf4 [mysqld]
        mysql_execute_command(THD*, bool)+0x1de4 [mysqld]
        mysql_parse(THD*, Parser_state*)+0x5fc [mysqld]
        dispatch_command(THD*, COM_DATA const*, enum_server_command)+0xca9 [mysqld]
        do_command(THD*)+0x4b2 [mysqld]
        handle_connection+0x1e0 [mysqld]
        pfs_spawn_thread+0x170 [mysqld]
        start_thread+0xc5 [libpthread-2.17.so]
```

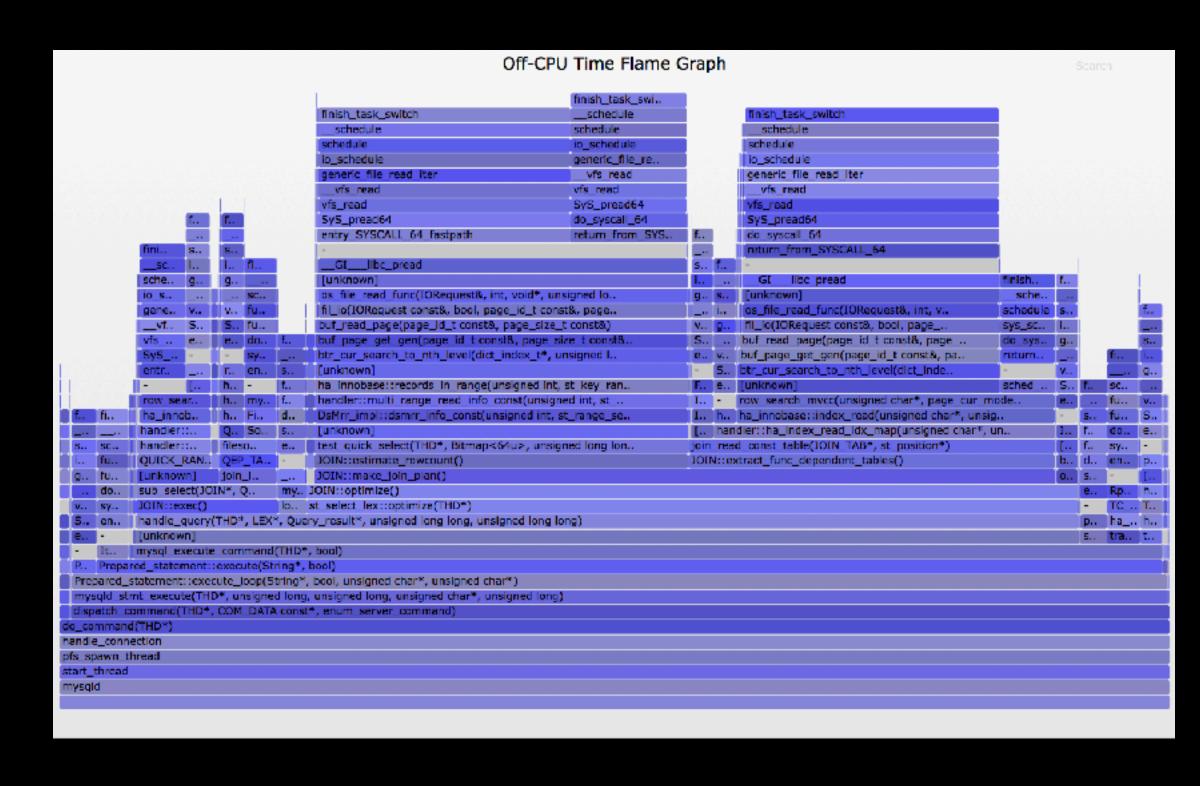
CPU消耗分析



On/Off-CPU火焰图分析

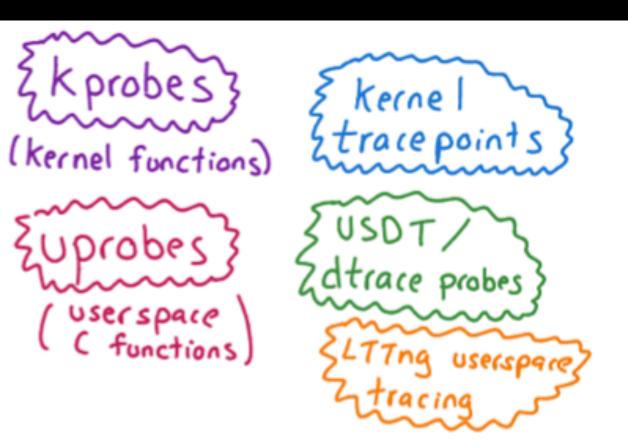
- # /usr/share/bcc/tools/offcputime -df -p `pgrep -nx mysqld` 30 > out.stacks
- [...copy out.stacks to your local system if desired...]
- # git clone https://github.com/brendangregg/FlameGraph
- # cd FlameGraph
- # ./flamegraph.pl --color=io --title="Off-CPU Time Flame Graph" --countname=us < out.stacks > out.svg



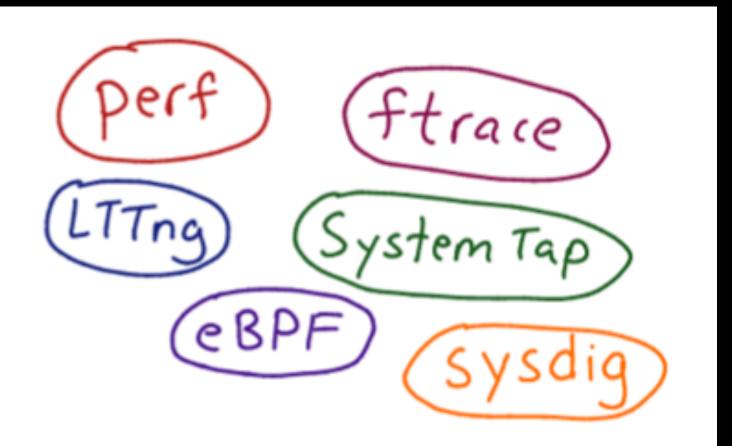


观测工具介绍

Data sources:



Ways to extract data:



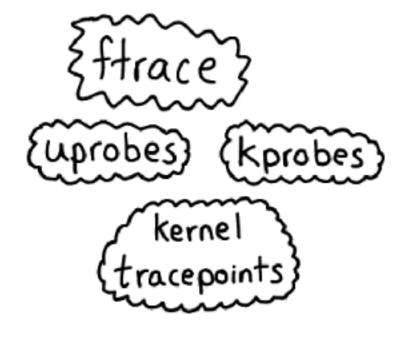
frontends:



eBPF vs Other

Ways to get (delicious delicious) tracing data

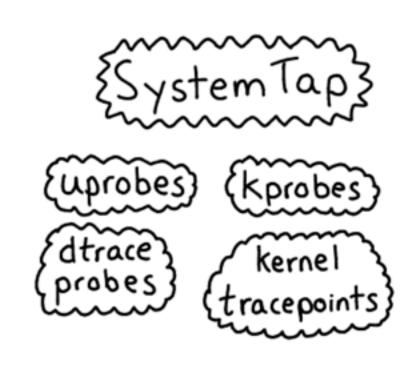
There are a bunch of ways to collect tracing data. These 3 are the ones that are built into the Linux kernel.



magical filesystem at /sys/kernel/debug/tracing. Super powerful, you interact with it by reading from/writing to files.



- 1 call the perf-event-open syscall
- 2) the kernel writes data to a ring buffer ("perf buffer")



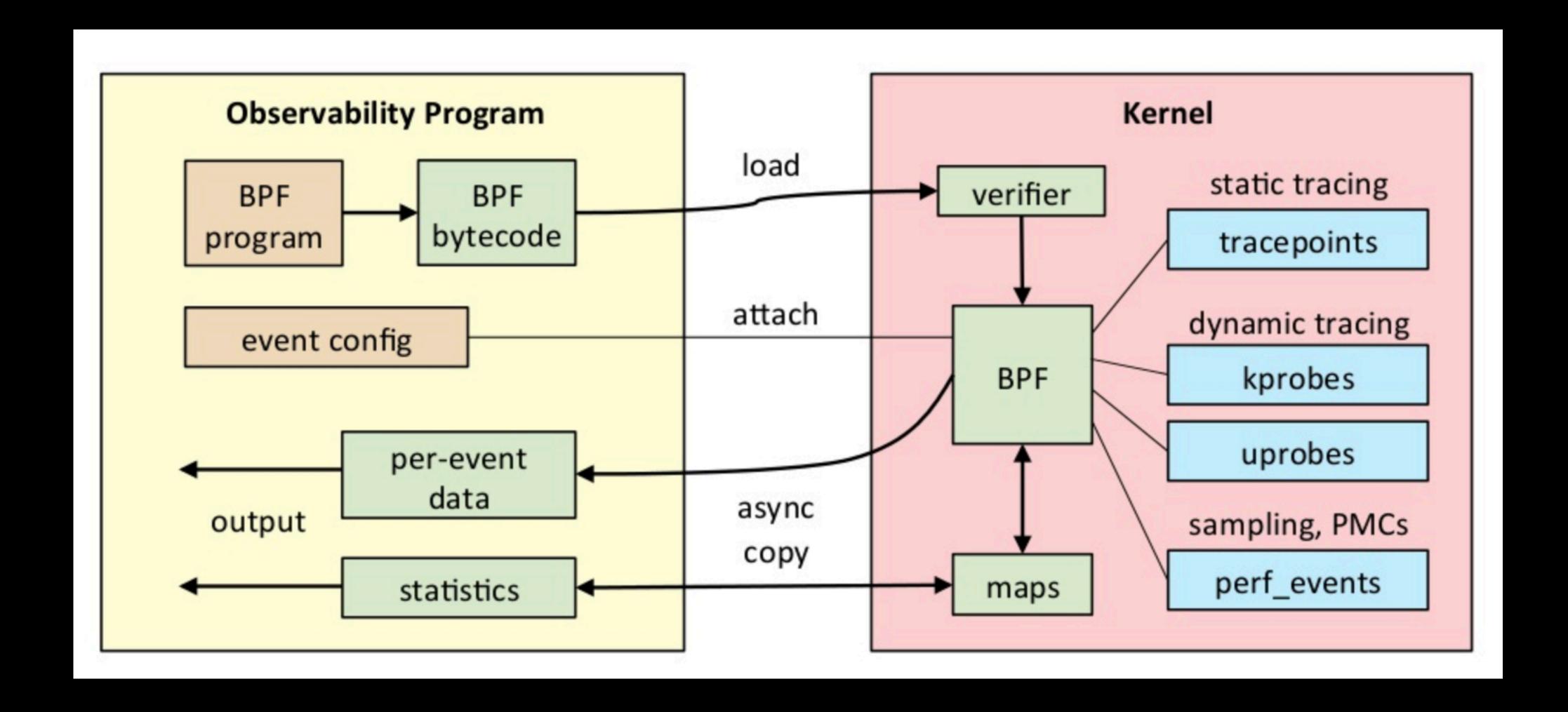
- 1 Write some C code
- ② Compile it into a custom kernel module
- 3 Insert that module into the kernel



The newest and most powerful

- O Write a small eBPF program
- 2) Ask Linux to attach it to a kprobe/uprobe/tracepoint
- 3 The eBPF program sends data to userspace with ftrace/perf/ BPF maps

eBPF内部



eBPF捌本

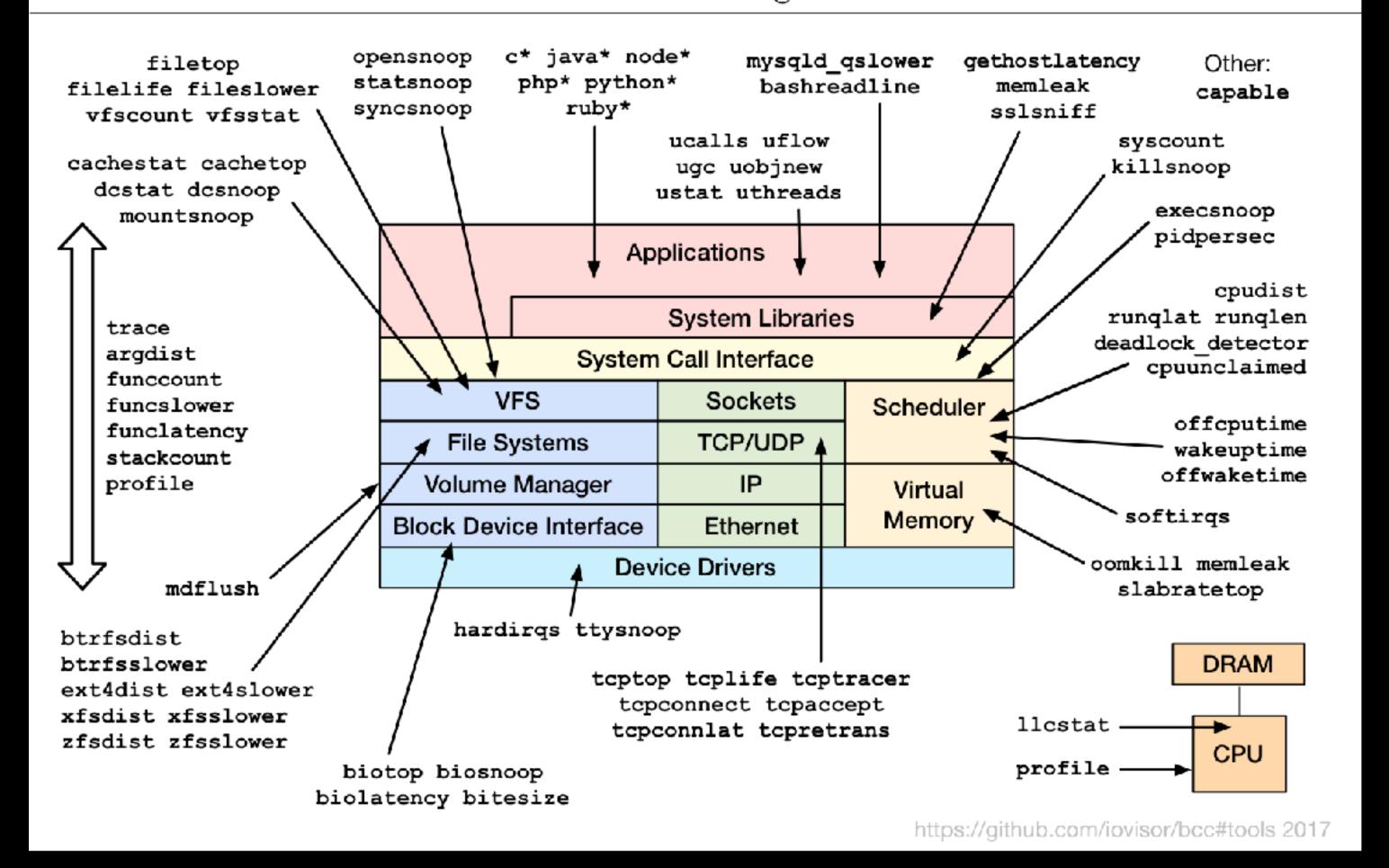
```
//一段C++代码, 嵌入kprobe/uprobe
program = """
#include <uapi/linux/ptrace.h>
BPF_HASH(temp, u64, u64); //临时容器
BPF_HISTOGRAM(latency); //存放结果的容器
int probe_start(struct pt_regs *ctx) {
   u64 timestamp = bpf_ktime_get_ns(); //快速获取时间戳
   u64 pid = bpf_get_current_pid_tgid();
   temp.update(&pid, &timestamp);
   return 0;
int probe_end(struct pt_regs *ctx) {
   u64 *timestampp;
   u64 pid = bpf_get_current_pid_tgid();
   timestampp = temp.lookup(&pid);
   if (!timestampp)
        return 0;
   u64 delta = bpf_ktime_get_ns() - *timestampp; //获取时间差
    FILTER
    delta /= SCALE; //规范化时间差
   latency.increment(bpf_log2l(delta)); //存放结果
    temp.delete(&pid);
    return 0;
```

```
// 将代码嵌入uprobe
usdts = map(lambda pid: USDT(pid=pid), args.pids)
for usdt in usdts:
    usdt.enable_probe("query__start", "probe_start")
    usdt.enable_probe("query__done", "probe_end")
bpf = BPF(text=program, usdt_contexts=usdts)
// 获取结果集
latencies = bpf["latency"]
// 打印结果集
latencies.print_log2_hist("query latency (%s)" %
                          ("us" if args.microseconds else "ms"))
. . .
```

eBPF 工具箱

- 1. execsnoop
- 2. opensnoop
- 3. ext4slower
- 4. biolatency
- 5. biosnoop
- 6. cachestat
- 7. tcpconnect
- 8. tcpaccept
- 9. tcpretrans
- 10. gethostlatency
- 11. runlat
- 12. profile

Linux bcc/BPF Tracing Tools



eBPF限制

- OS kernel 4.4+ (推荐 4.9+)
- MySQL 编译 -DENABLE_DTRACE=1 & 安装 systemtap-sdt-devel

S

- https://lwn.net/Articles/603983/
- https://github.com/iovisor/bcc
- http://www.brendangregg.com/offcpuanalysis.html
- https://jvns.ca/blog/2017/07/05/linux-tracing-systems/#dtrace-probes
- http://www.brendangregg.com/ebpf.html

• 是某个慢还是所有都慢

Thanks

