

Paper Title

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Institute

Abstract. Abstract goes here

Keywords: keyword1, keyword2

1 Introduction

Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. $\sin^2(\alpha) + \cos^2(\beta) = 1$. If you read this text, you will get no information $E = mc^2$. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. $\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{ab}$. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. $\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}}$. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language. $a \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{a^n b}$. Winery [1] is graphical modeling tool.

Simple Figure

Fig. 1: Simple Figure

Simple Table

Table 1: Simple Table

```
public class Hello {
    public static void main (String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Hello_World!");
    }
}
```

List. 1: Example Listing

```

1 <demo>
2   <node>
3     <!-- comment -->
4   </node>
5 </demo>

```

List. 2: XML-Dokument rendered using minted

Listing 1 shows a listing typeset using the `lstlisting` environment.

`minted` is an alternative package, which enables syntax highlighting using pygments. This, in turn, requires Python, so it is disabled by default. In case you load it above, be sure to run `pdflatex` with `-shell-escape` option. Listing 2 shows an XML-Listing. You can point to a single line: line 3. If you do not want to use `minted`, just delete the example listing and this paragraph.

`cref` Demonstration: `Cref` at beginning of sentence, `cref` in all other cases.

Figure 1 shows a simple fact, although Fig. 1 could also show something else.

Table 1 shows a simple fact, although Table 1 could also show something else.

Section 1 shows a simple fact, although Sect. 1 could also show something else.

Brackets work as designed: `<test>` One can also input backquotes in verbatim text: ``test``.

The symbol for powerset is now correct: \wp and not a Weierstrass p (\wp).

1. All these items... 2. ...appear in one line 3. This is enabled by the `paralist` package. “something in quotes” using plain `tex` or use “the `enquote` command”.

You can now write words containing hyphens which are hyphenated (application-specific) at other places. This is enabled by an additional configuration of the `babel` package. In case you write “application-specific”, then the word will only be hyphenated at the dash. You can also write application-specific, but this is much more effort.

2 Conclusion and Outlook

Hello, here is some text without a meaning. $d\Omega = \sin\vartheta d\vartheta d\varphi$. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. $\sin^2(\alpha) + \cos^2(\beta) = 1$. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language $E = mc^2$. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language. $\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{ab}$. Hello, here is some text without a meaning. $\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}}$. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. $a \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{a^n b}$. If you read this text, you will get no information. $d\Omega = \sin\vartheta d\vartheta d\varphi$. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in

of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language. $\sin^2(\alpha) + \cos^2(\beta) = 1$. Hello, here is some text without a meaning $E = mc^2$. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. $\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{ab}$. If you read this text, you will get no information. $\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}}$. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. $a \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{a^n b}$. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. $d\Omega = \sin \vartheta d\vartheta d\varphi$. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language. Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. $\sin^2(\alpha) + \cos^2(\beta) = 1$. If you read this text, you will get no information $E = mc^2$. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. $\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{ab}$. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. $\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}}$. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language. $a \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{a^n b}$. Hello, here is some text without a meaning. $d\Omega = \sin \vartheta d\vartheta d\varphi$. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. $\sin^2(\alpha) + \cos^2(\beta) = 1$. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language $E = mc^2$. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language. $\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{ab}$.

Acknowledgments ...

In the bibliography, use `\textsuperscript` for “st”, “nd”, ...: E.g., “The 2nd conference on examples”. When you use JabRef, you can use the `clean up` command to achieve that. See <https://help.jabref.org/en/CleanupEntries> for an overview of the cleanup functionality.

References

1. Kopp, O., et al.: Winery – a modeling tool for TOSCA-based cloud applications. In: Proceedings of 11th International Conference on Service-Oriented Computing (ICSOC’13). LNCS, vol. 8274, pp. 700–704. Springer Berlin Heidelberg (2013)

All links were last followed on October 5, 2017.