### Postrehy CV3

#### Radšej do while cyklus, ako kopírovať ten istý riadok

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
    int num:
    printf("Enter a positive number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    while (num <= 0) {
        printf("Invalid input. Try again.\n");
        printf("Enter a positive number: ");
        scanf("%d" &num);
    printf("You entered: %d\n", num);
    return 0;
```

```
• • •
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
    do {
         printf("Enter a positive number: ");
         scanf("%d", &num);
         if (num <= 0) printf("Invalid input. Try</pre>
again.\n");
    } while (num <= 0);</pre>
    printf("You entered: %d\n", num);
    return 0;
```

#### Nemusíte definovať funkciu ak hneď potom ju aj napíšete

```
#include <stdio.h>
int add(int a, int b);
int add(int a, int b)
    return a + b;
int main()
    int result = add(5, 3);
    printf("5 + 3 = %d\n", result);
    return 0;
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int add(int a, int b)
    return a + b;
int main()
    int result = add(5, 3);
    printf("5 + 3 = %d\n", result);
    return 0;
```

#### Neotvárajte dvakrát súbor

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
   file1 = fopen("data.txt", "r");
    if (file1 == NULL) {
        printf("Error opening file\n");
        return 1;
    file2 = fopen("data.txt", "r"); /* Bad:
    fclose(file1);
    fclose(file2);
    return 0;
```

```
. . .
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
    FILE *file;
    file = fopen("data.txt", "r");
    if (file == NULL) {
        printf("Error opening file\n");
        return 1;
    fclose(file);
    return 0;
```

## Súbor treba zavrieť pri skončení programu (alebo po operácií nad súborom)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
    FILE *file;
    char buffer[100];
    file = fopen("example.txt", "r");
    if (file == NULL) {
        printf("Error opening file\n");
        return 1;
    fgets(buffer, sizeof(buffer), file);
    printf("Read: %s", buffer);
    return 0; /* Bad: File is not closed
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
    FILE *file;
    char buffer[100];
    file = fopen("example.txt", "r");
    if (file == NULL) {
        printf("Error opening file\n");
        return 1;
    fgets(buffer, sizeof(buffer), file);
    printf("Read: %s", buffer);
    fclose(file); /* Good: File is properly
    return 0;
```

# Stále nedodržiavate štandard c90