



Playing with DLLs for Fun & Profit

Understanding DLL Hijacking and DLL Sideloading
for Persistence & Privilege Escalation



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Agenda

- Understanding Statically vs. Dynamically Compiled Applications
- Introduction to DLLs and their need and importance
- Introduction to Post-Exploitation: Persistence and Privilege Escalation
- DLL Hijacking
- DLL Sideloads
- Looking for DLL Misconfigurations



Let's Get Started!



Statically vs. Dynamically Compiled Applications

- **Statically Compiled Windows Applications**
 - Portable stand-alone executable files
 - No prerequisites
 - All the libraries and functions are present in the application code itself
 - Shipped as a complete package
- **Dynamically Compiled Windows Applications**
 - Contains undefined functions and variables
 - Compiled at run-time
 - Require some prerequisites to compile and install
 - Usually shipped as a bundle with a lot of files or as an installer



Dynamic Linked Libraries (DLLs)

- Microsoft's implementation of Dynamic Linking or Shared Libraries
- When a program is run on Windows operating systems, much of the functionality of the program may be provided by DLLs
- Helps promote code reuse, efficient memory usage, and reduced disk space
- Makes the application run faster
- Advantages of using DLLs:
 - Uses fewer resources
 - Promotes modular architecture
 - Easy installation and deployment



Introduction to Post-Exploitation

- Second-last phase of the Ethical Hacking Lifecycle
- Also called Action-on-Objectives
- Includes (but not limited to):
 - Lateral movement
 - Privilege Escalation
 - Persistence
 - Credential Dumping
 - Data Exfiltration



Persistence

- Also called Maintaining Access
- Techniques includes (but not limited to):
 - Creating Users
 - Creating Scheduled Tasks
 - Modifying Registry



Privilege Escalation

- Elevating current user privileges
- Types: (i) Vertical and (ii) Horizontal
- Vertical
 - Elevating current privileges in terms of User Access Control (UAC)
 - Getting Admin from a Standard User or SYSTEM from Admin User
- Horizontal
 - Elevating current privileges in order to access additional resources within the computer or network

A blue parallelogram and a light green parallelogram are positioned in the upper-left corner of the slide. The blue shape is partially behind the green one. Both shapes are oriented diagonally, with their longer sides running from the top-left towards the bottom-right. The background is a dark navy blue with subtle, lighter blue diagonal stripes running from the bottom-left towards the top-right.

Let The Fun Begin!



DLL Hijacking

- Overview:
 - Also called DLL Search Order Hijacking
 - Listed in the MITRE ATT&CK Framework as an Enterprise Technique within Hijack Execution Flow
 - Technique ID T1574.001
 - Can be used for Persistence, Defense Evasion and Privilege Escalation
- Details:
 - Windows loads DLLs when a process or application is started
 - Windows looks for DLLs in directories following the below order:
 - Application's directory
 - System and System32 directory
 - Windows directory
 - Current working directory
 - Directories in %PATH%
 - In case of a missing DLL, the application becomes vulnerable to DLL Hijacking.



DLL Hijacking

- How to exploit:
 - Place a maliciously crafted DLL within the Search Order Path of the application
 - Restart the application
 - DLL gets executed
- Prerequisites of a successful attack:
 - The Search Order Path must be writable
 - Malicious DLL should export the same functions (or entry points) as the original DLL



DLL Sideloading

- Slightly different from DLL Hijacking
- Applications' manifest contains references to DLLs which are to be loaded
- Looks for weak references in the manifest file
- Places a malicious DLL within the executable's directory and attempts to load the malicious version of the DLL
- Two variants:
 - a. Drop a signed executable with a malicious DLL named as the legitimate DLL the executable loads
 - b. Move an executable from System directory into a writable directory and place a malicious DLL along-side it



Implications of Hijacking & Sideloaded DLLs

1. Initial Access
2. Persistence
3. Privilege Escalation



How to Find DLL Misconfigurations



References

- <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/troubleshoot/windows-client/deployment/dynamic-link-library>
- <https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1574/001/>
- <https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1574/002/>
- <https://itm4n.github.io/windows-dll-hijacking-clarified/>
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3eROsG_WNpE&t=17s
- <https://www.mandiant.com/sites/default/files/2021-09/rpt-dll-sideload.pdf>
- <https://maniakarisk.com/dll-side-loading-attack-takes-advantage/>



Thank You!

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