

# **Project 1: Case Study**

**-SPR400**

**Case Name:** Industrial Espionage

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## **Overview**

This report is made as per the police's request. An investigation was done on an image of Larry's USB, who has been accused with Industrial Espionage. The investigation was done to check if there was any evidence that would prove that Larry was actually selling any data to other companies or not.

From the image we were able to find multiple files that were deleted, as they held important information. Regardless, we were able to extract those files alongside other files that showed that Larry was actually planning on selling an application source code to James, who was willing to pay \$5000 more than the highest offer placed by other companies.

The report includes a detailed account of the investigation methodology, evidence collection and analysis, findings, recommendations, and conclusion.

# Evidence and Objectives

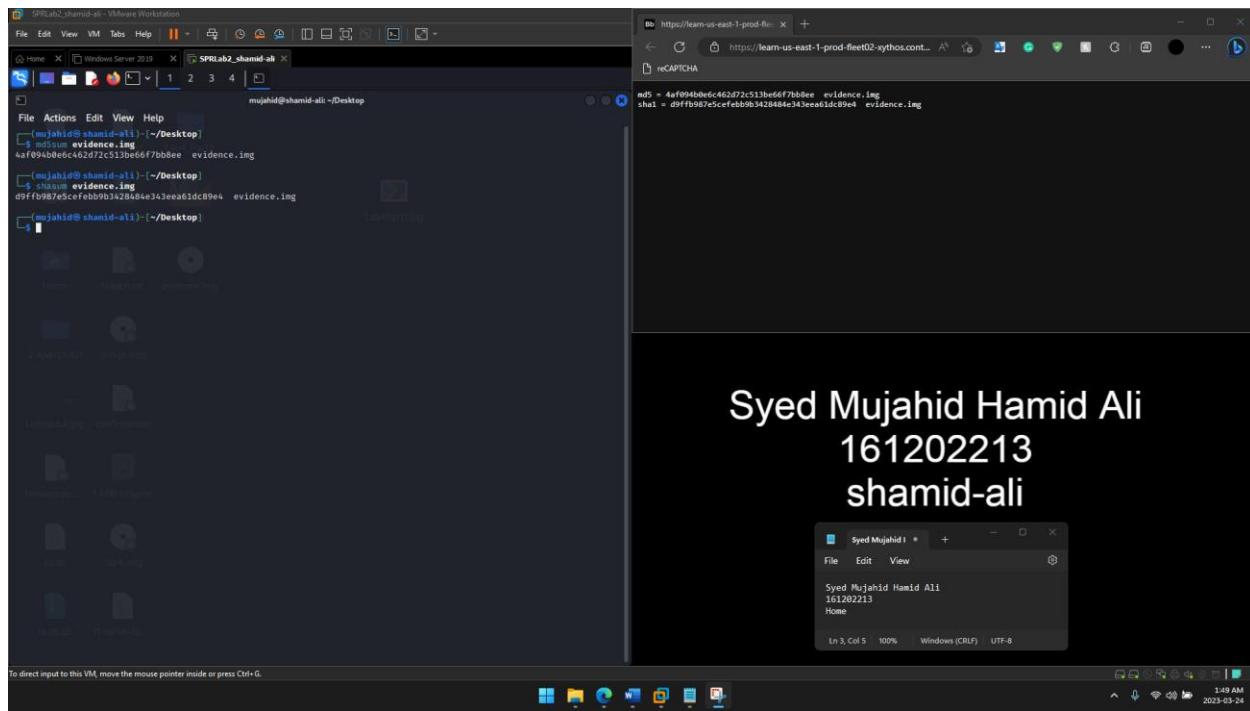
**E1:**

One (1) image of Larry's USB

For this investigation, we were supposed to find the following:

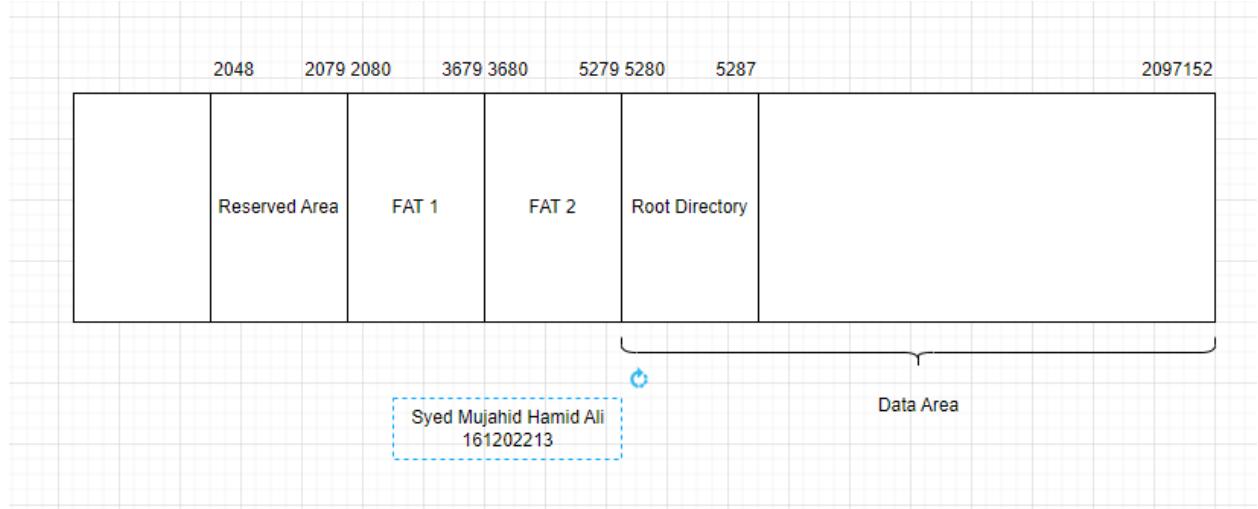
- The bidders for the application source code
- If there was any other data that Larry sold
- The processes taken by Larry to mask the files from public
- Other files that were recovered and if they are related to the investigation
- Steps taken by the investigator to examine the contents of all the files

We will prove that we are using the same image by checking the md5sum and shal1sum provided by in blackboard.



# Forensic Analysis

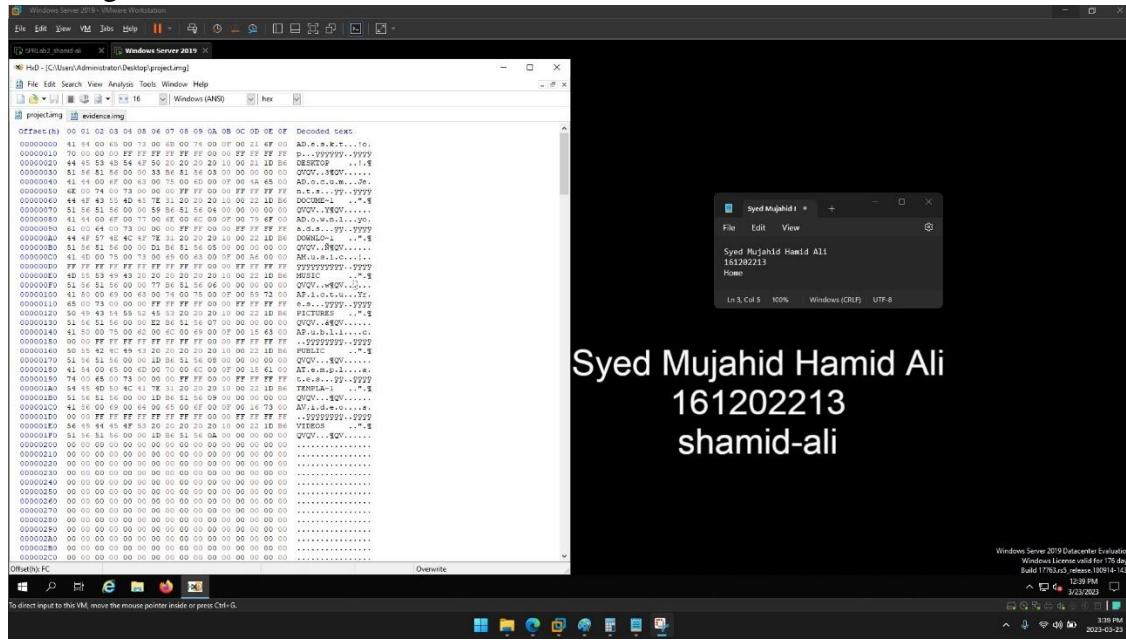
- 1) First, I made a diagram so that I would get the sector address for the image of the USB itself.



Now, we know that

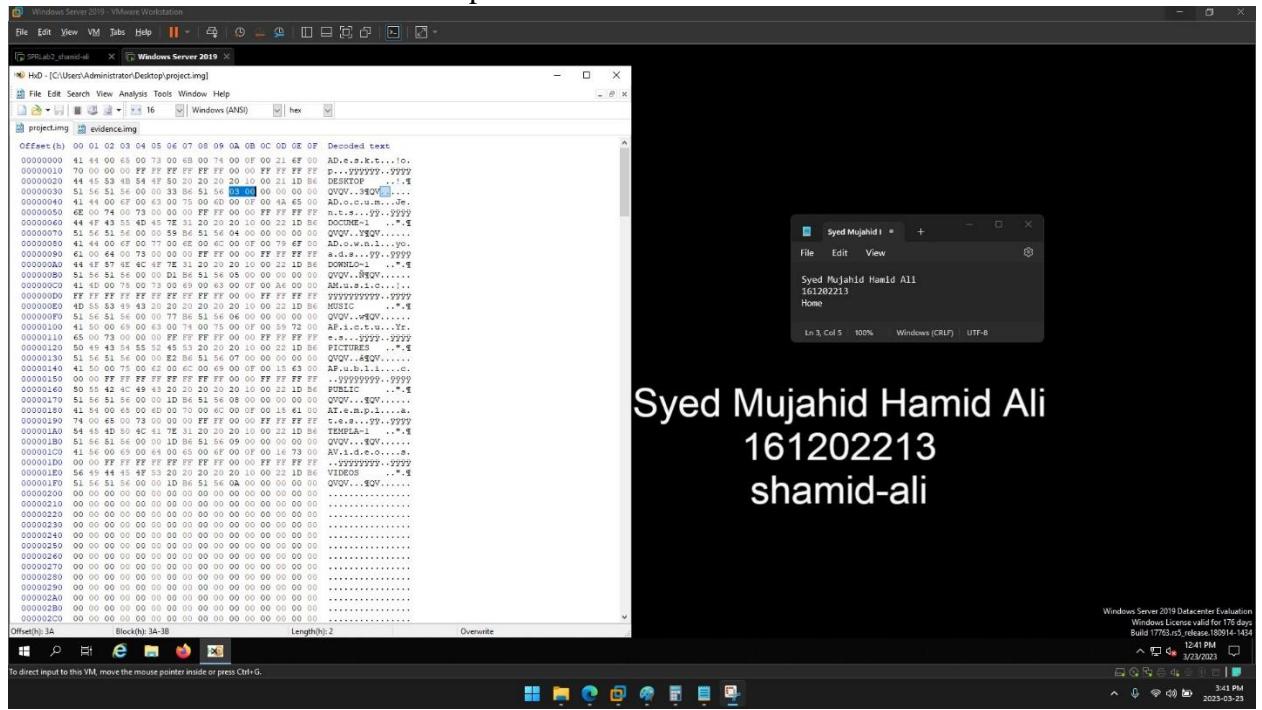
- This is a FAT32 file system.
- There are 512 bytes per sector.
- Reserved Area starts from sector 2048 and is of 32 sectors in size.
- There are two FAT tables, each of 1600 sectors in size.
- Root Directory is present right in the beginning of Data area and is of 8 sectors in size.
- Data area begins at sector 5280.
- Each cluster is of 8 sectors in size.

- 2) Next, I made a separate image for the Root Directory which will help in easier analysis of the image.

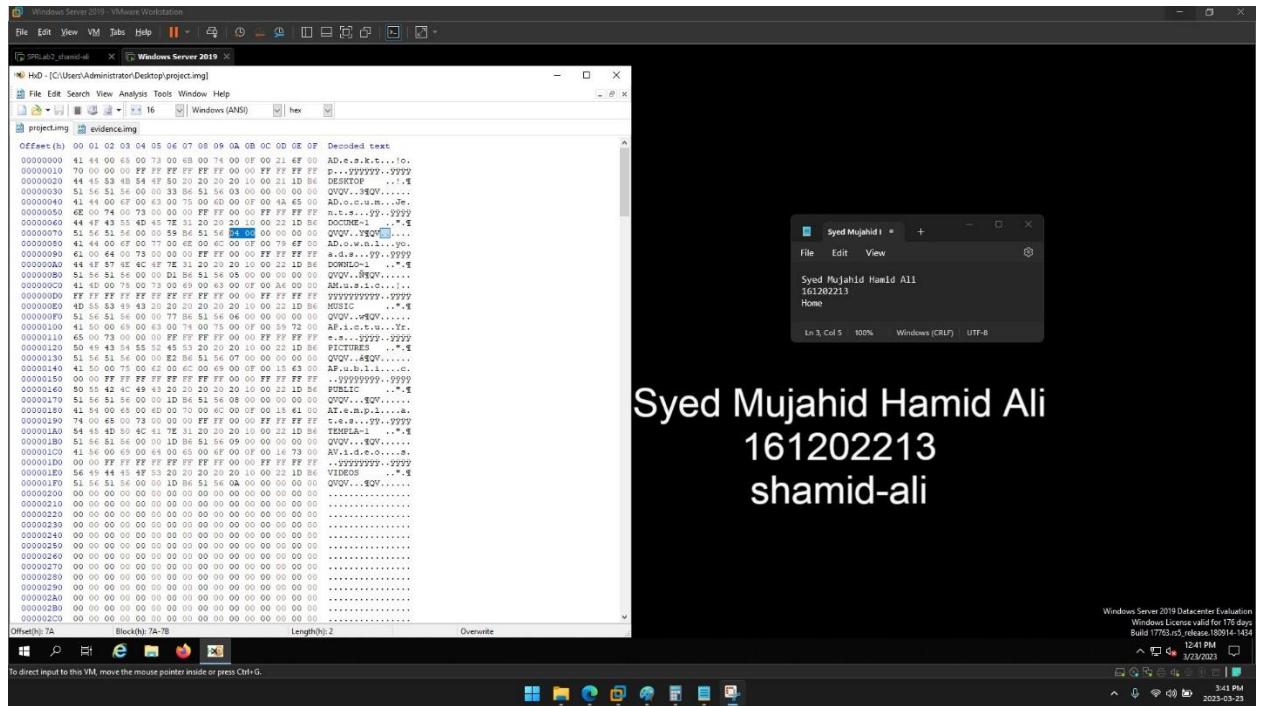


From this, we know that these are the folders present in the USB. We will get to know where the folders are present from the high 2 bytes and low 2 bytes, which would give the location of the files present in the specific directory.

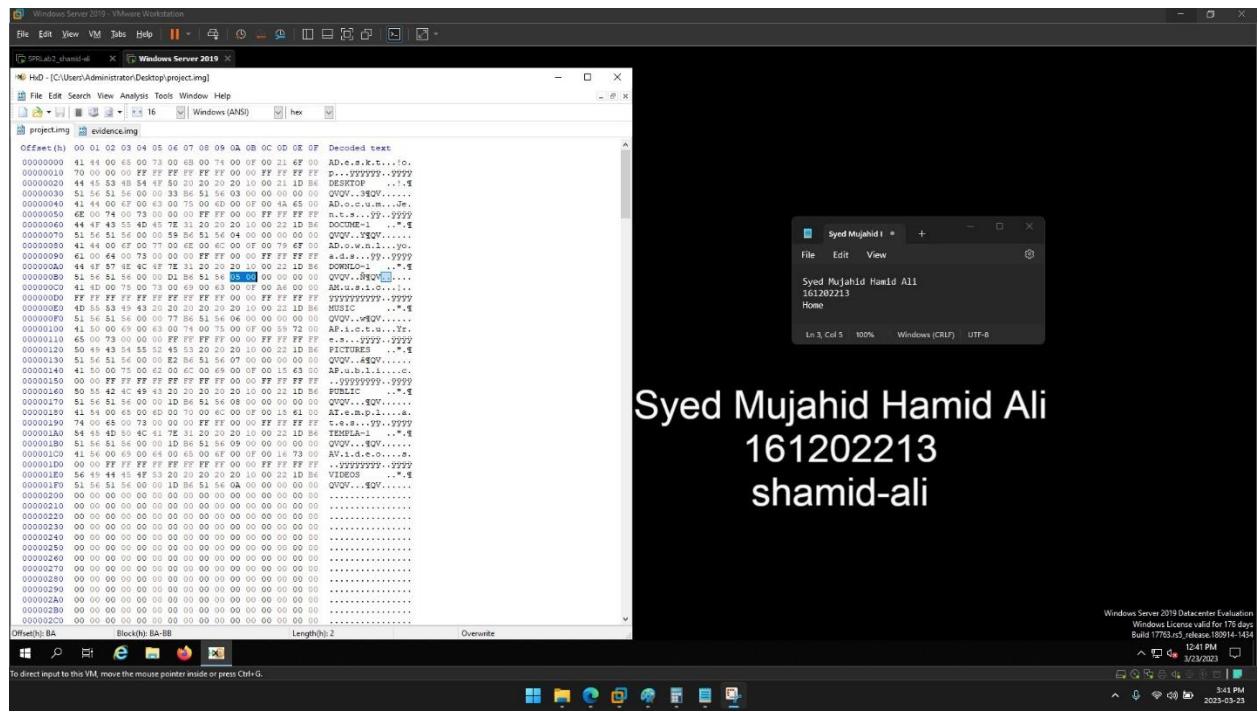
This shows the cluster when Desktop folder can be found.



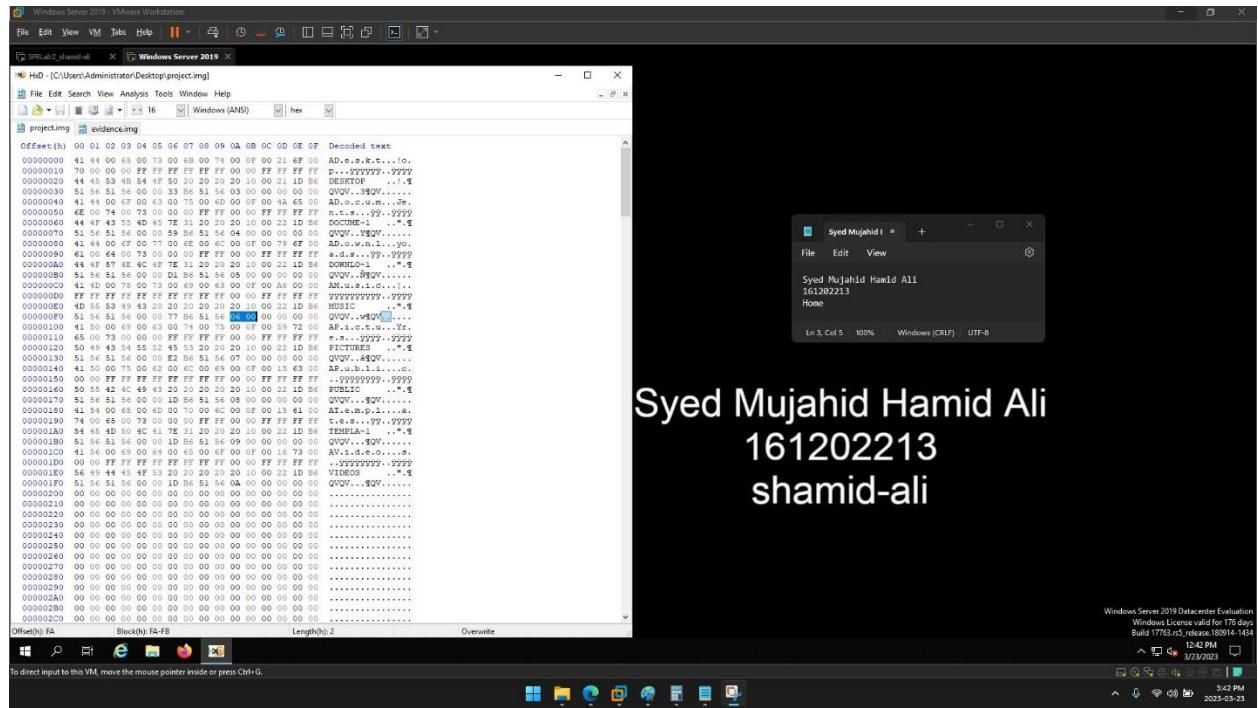
This is where Documents folder can be found.



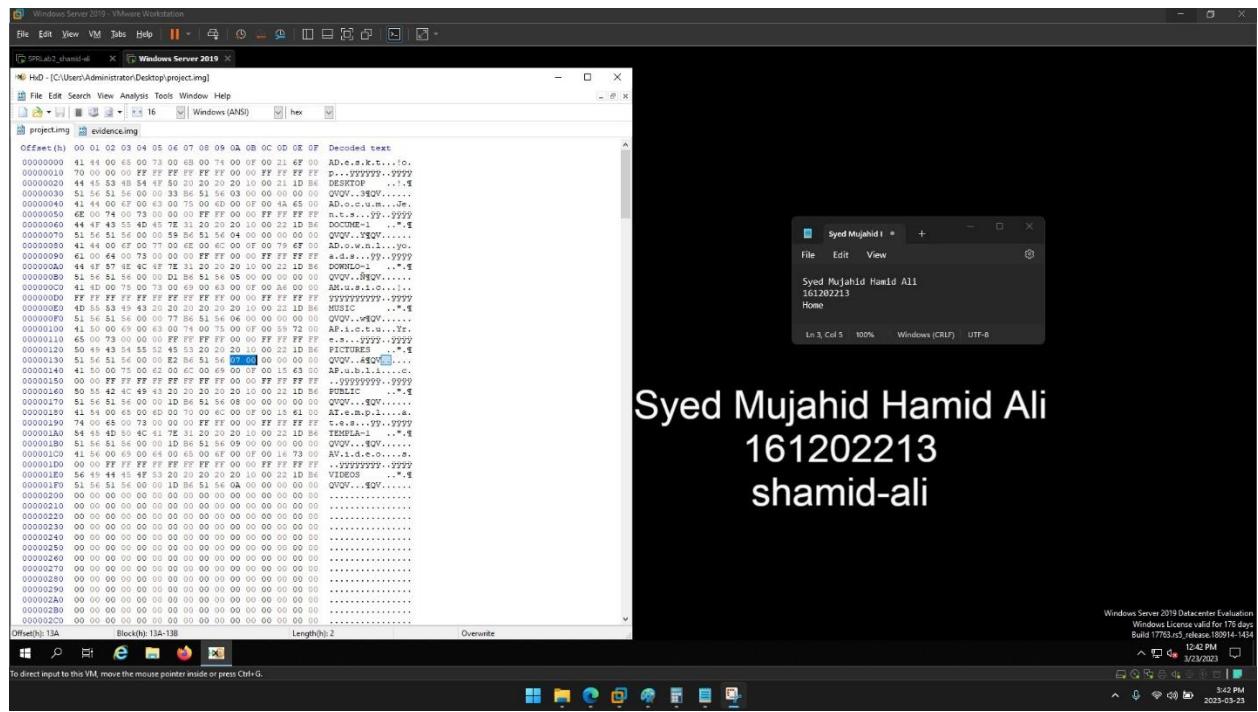
This shows where Downloads folder can be found.



This is where Music folder can be found.



This is where Pictures folder can be found.



- Now, lets analyze the Desktop folder. First we will find the root directory of the Desktop folder, which will contain information about the files present inside Desktop.

$$S = ((C - 2) * \text{sectors per cluster} + \text{starting sector address of}$$

$$= ((3-2) * 8 + 5280) * 512$$

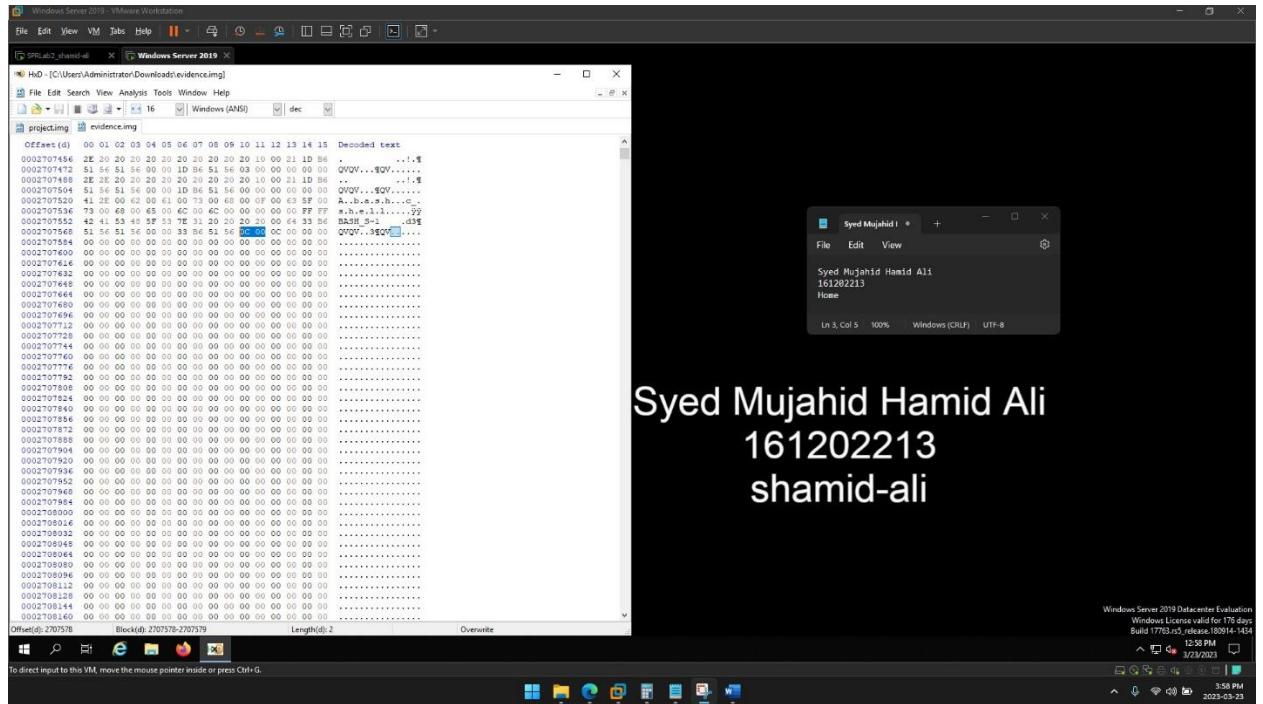
$$= ((1*8) + 5280) * 512$$

$$= (8+5280) * 512$$

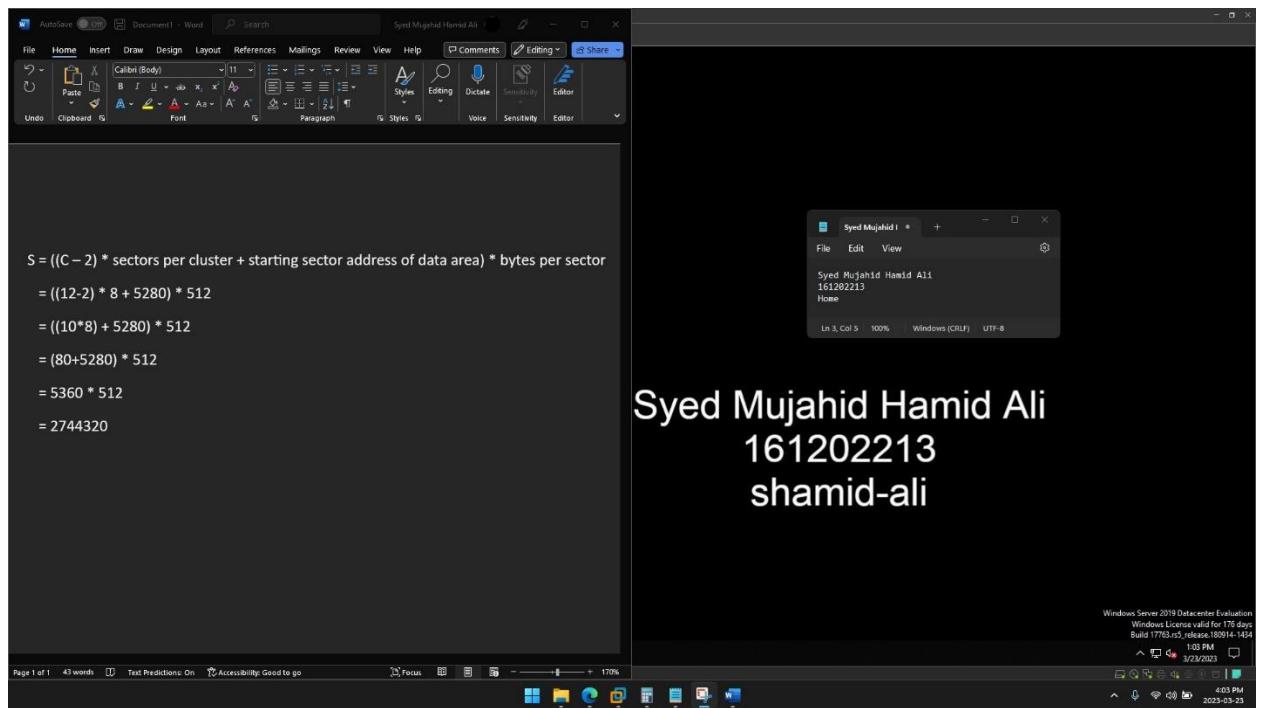
$$= 5288 * 512$$

$$= 2707456$$

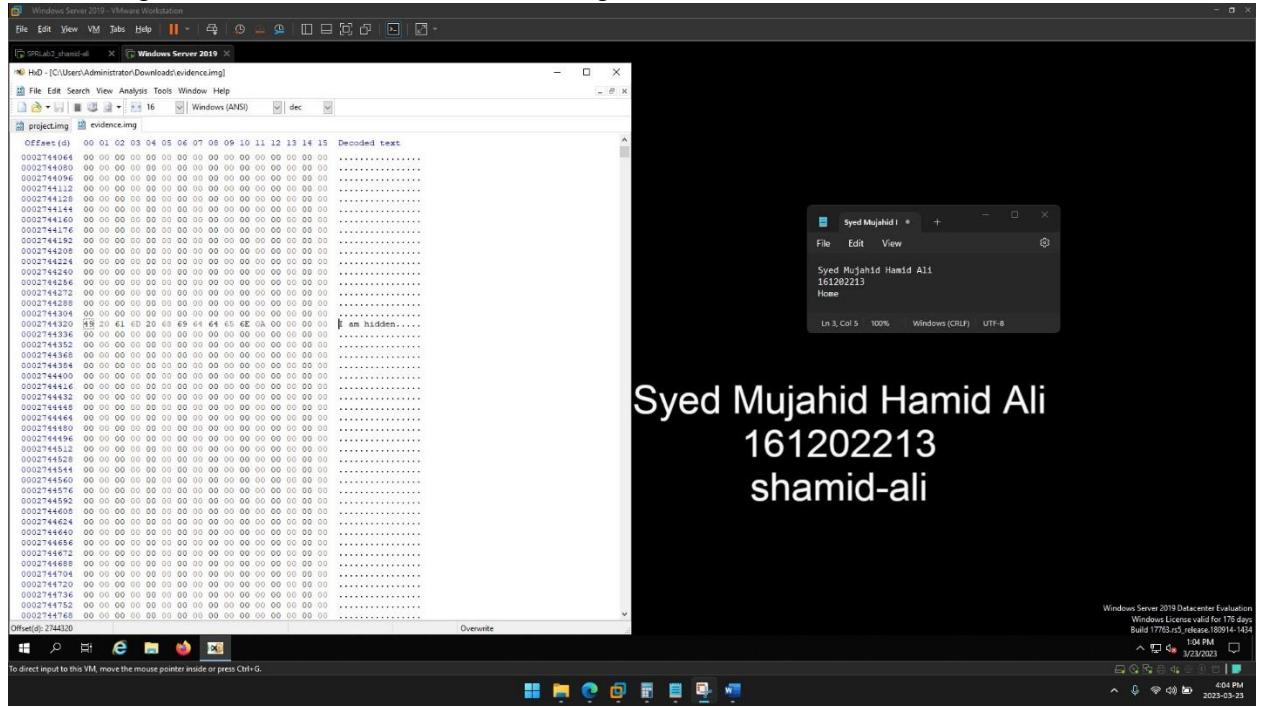
Syed Mujahid Hamid Ali  
161202213  
shamid-ali



As we can see, only .bash\_shell is present. We will follow the same process as above to find thee location of this file.



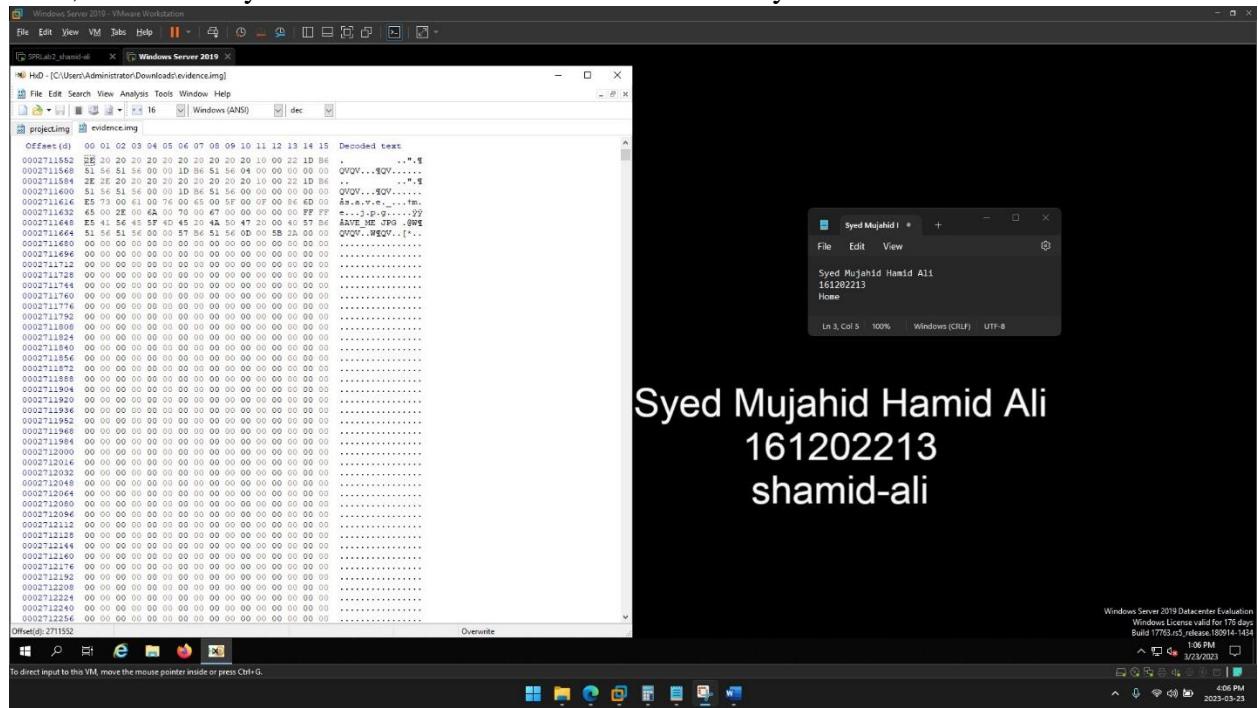
When we go to the mentioned sector, we will get the file.



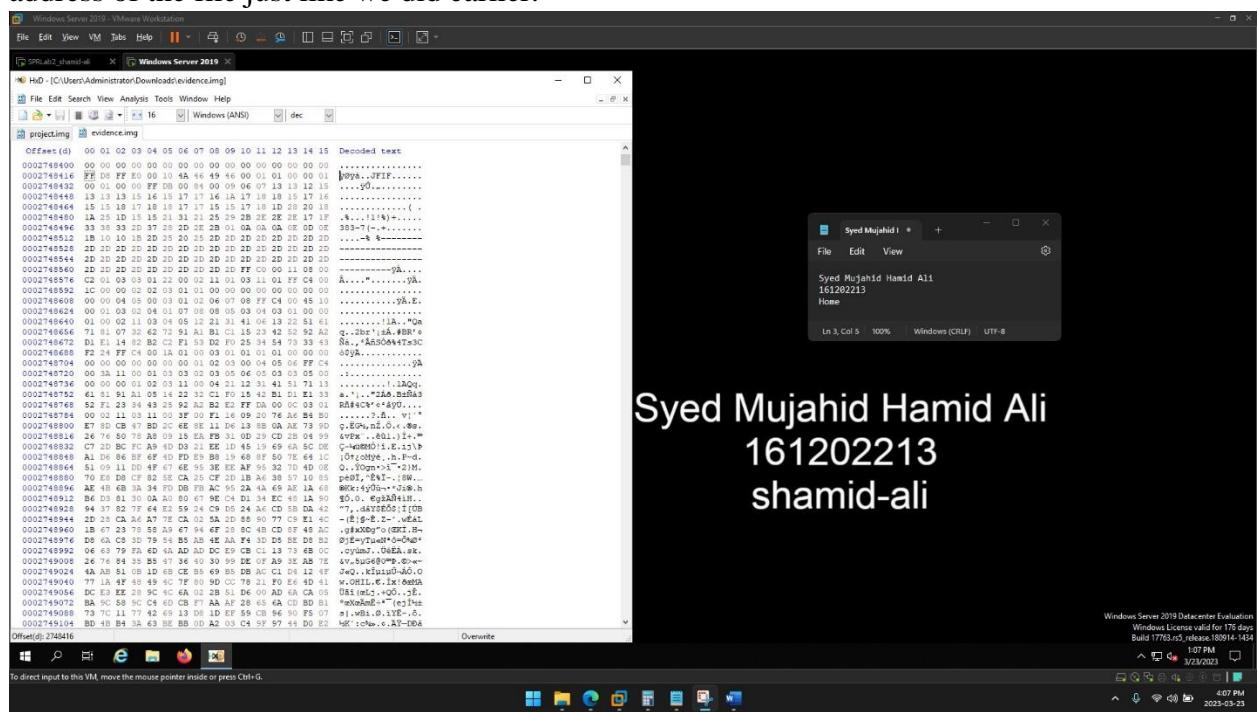
For other folders, this is a table that specifies the details that can be got from the root directory of all the files that are present in the USB.

<b>File Name</b>	<b>Starting Sector</b>	<b>File Size (in sectors)</b>	<b>Ending Sector</b>
save_me.jpg	2748416	10844	2759259
Message_from_Larry.docx	2826240	12801	2839040
Catch_me_if_you_can.docx	2760704	64728	2825431
Tulips.jpeg	2842624	2359351	5201974

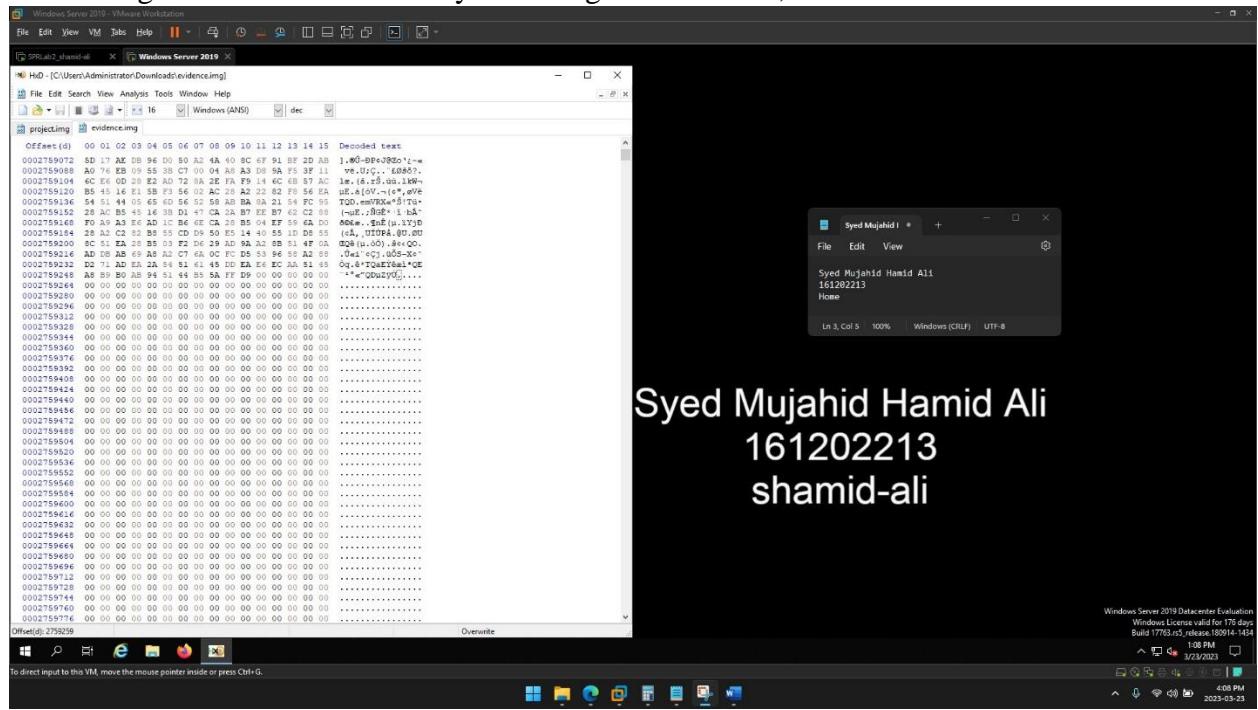
Next, we will analyze the Documents folder in the same way.



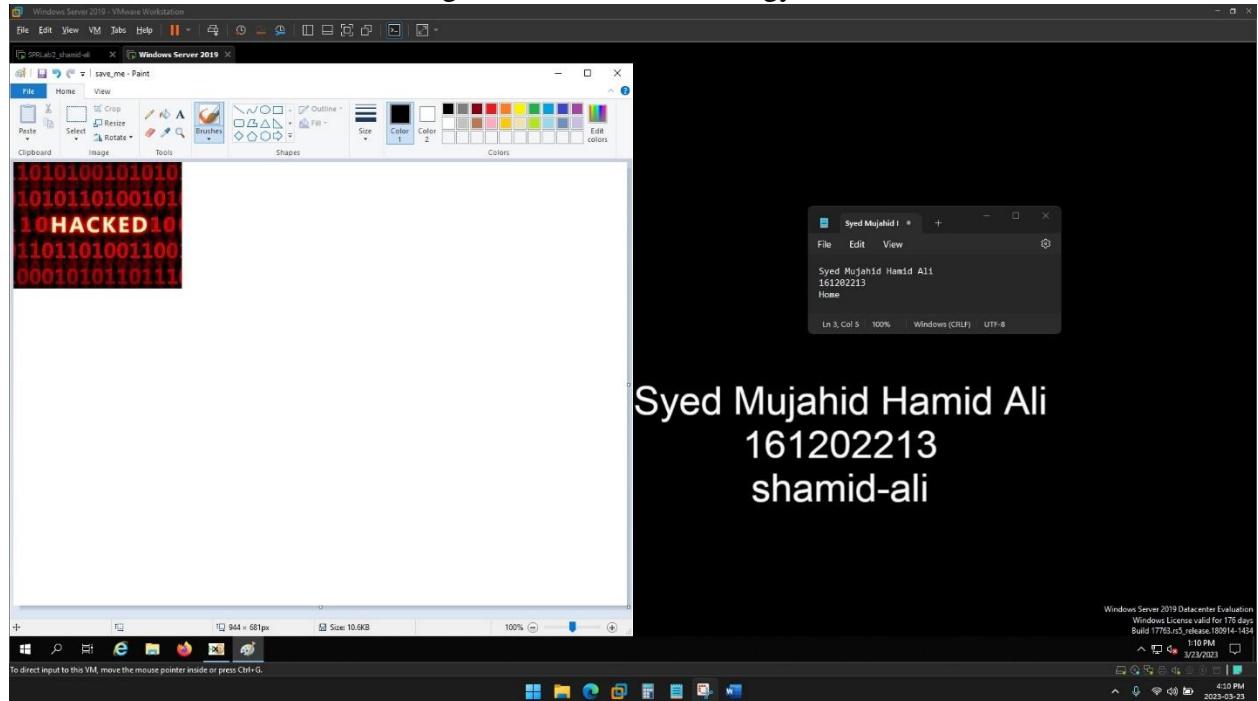
This shows that only 'save\_me.jpg' is present. So now we can find the starting sector address of the file just like we did earlier.



The ending address can be found by searching for the trailer, which is FF D9 for this.



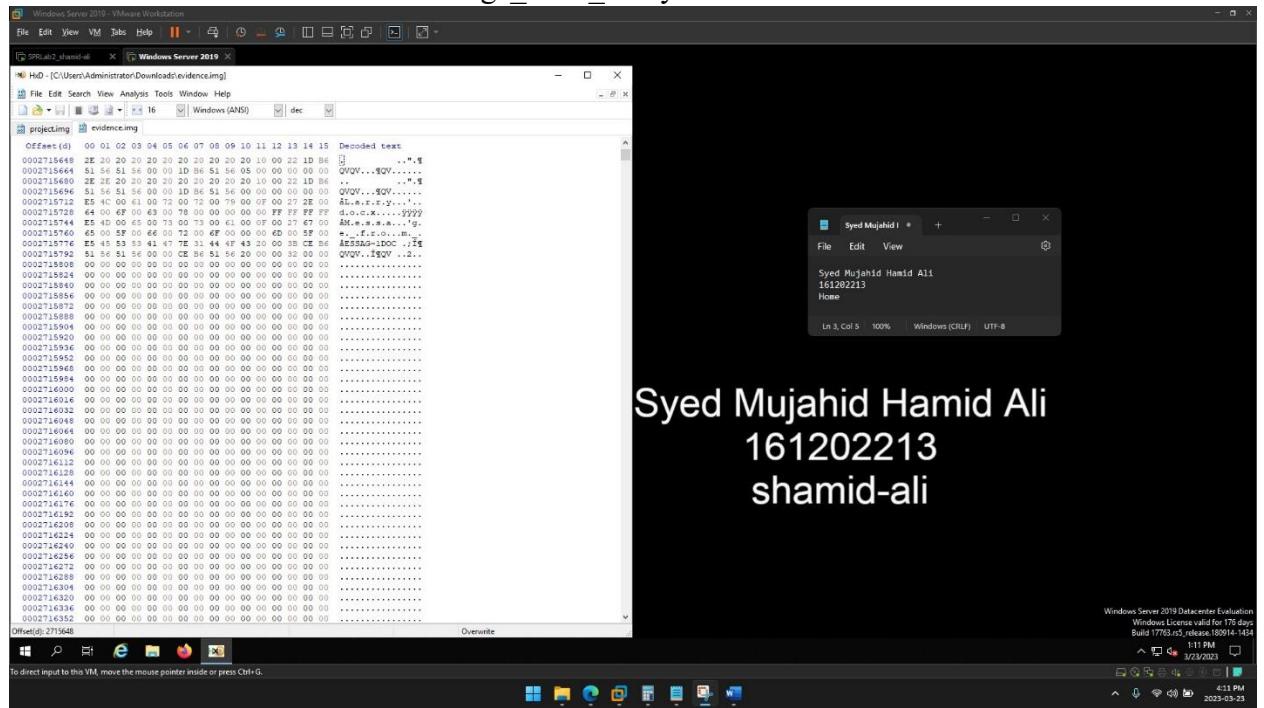
Then we can recover this file using the header-footer strategy.



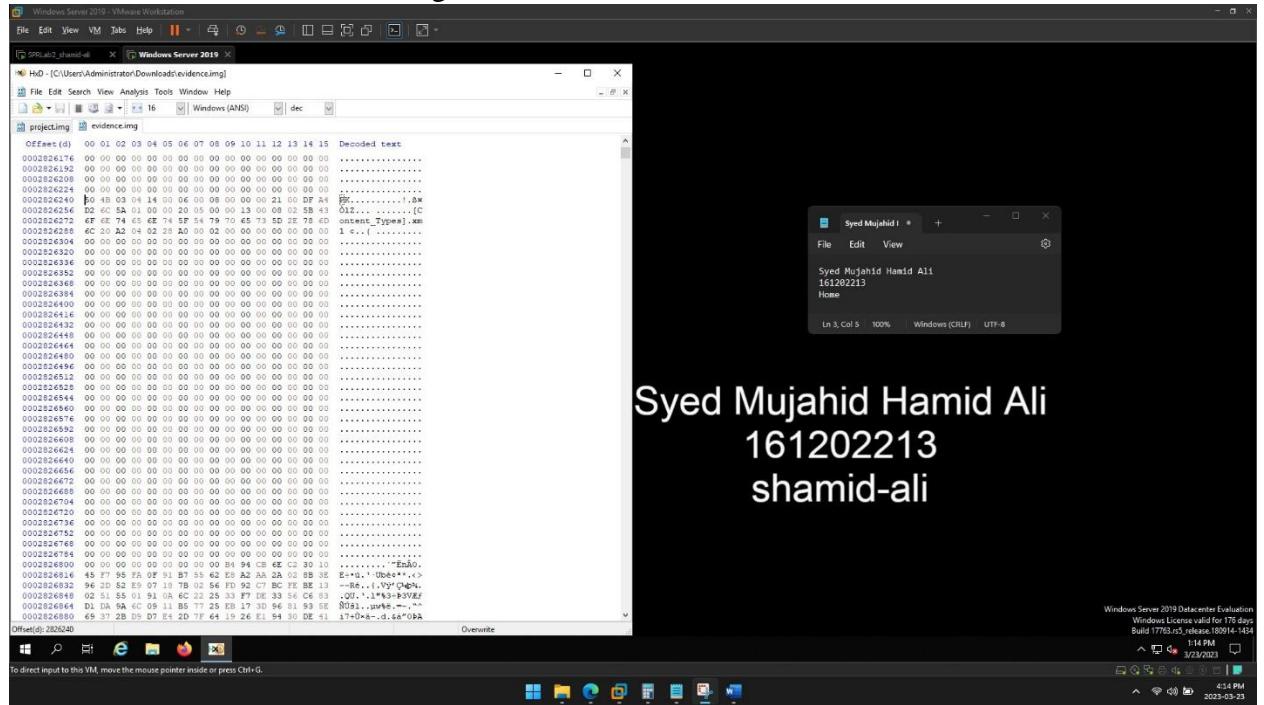
This shows the file recovered.

Next, we will analyze the Downloads folder. We can see that there is only one file present.

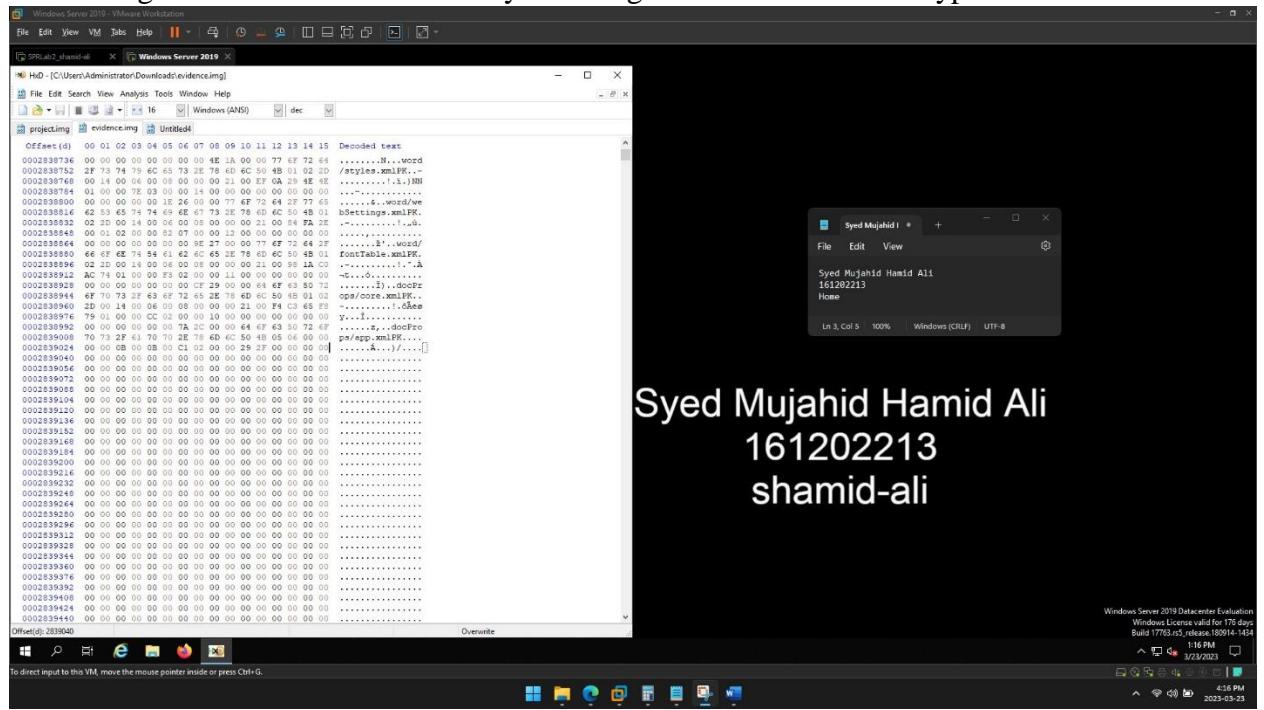
This shows the cluster where ‘Message\_from\_Larry.docx’ can be found.



This screenshot shows the starting sector address of the above file.

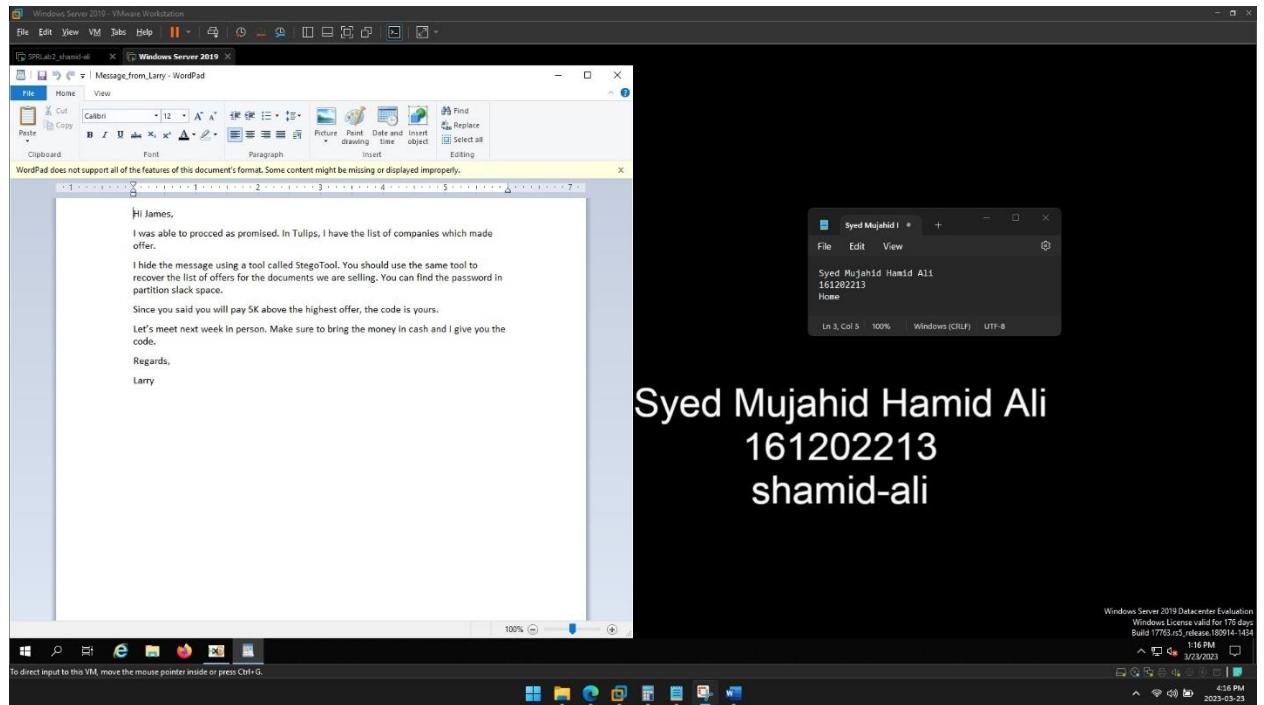


The ending address can be found out by checking the trailer for DOCX type.

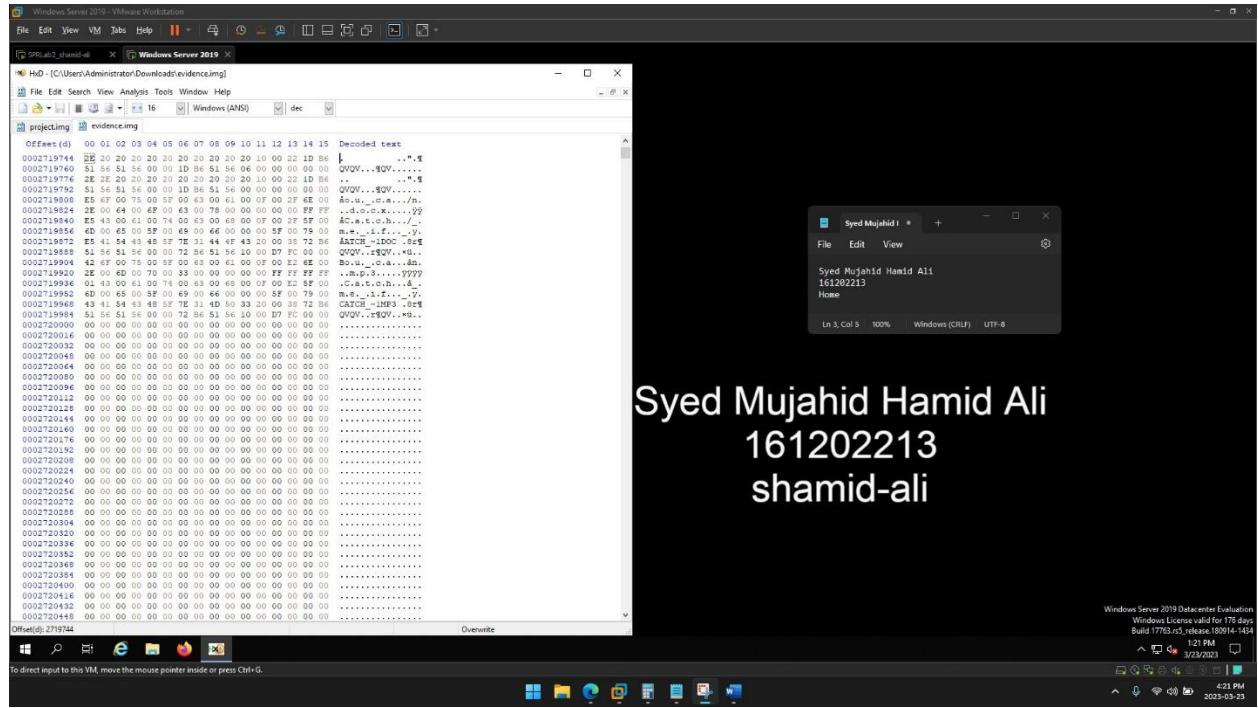


Using the header-trailer strategy, we will be able to recover the file.

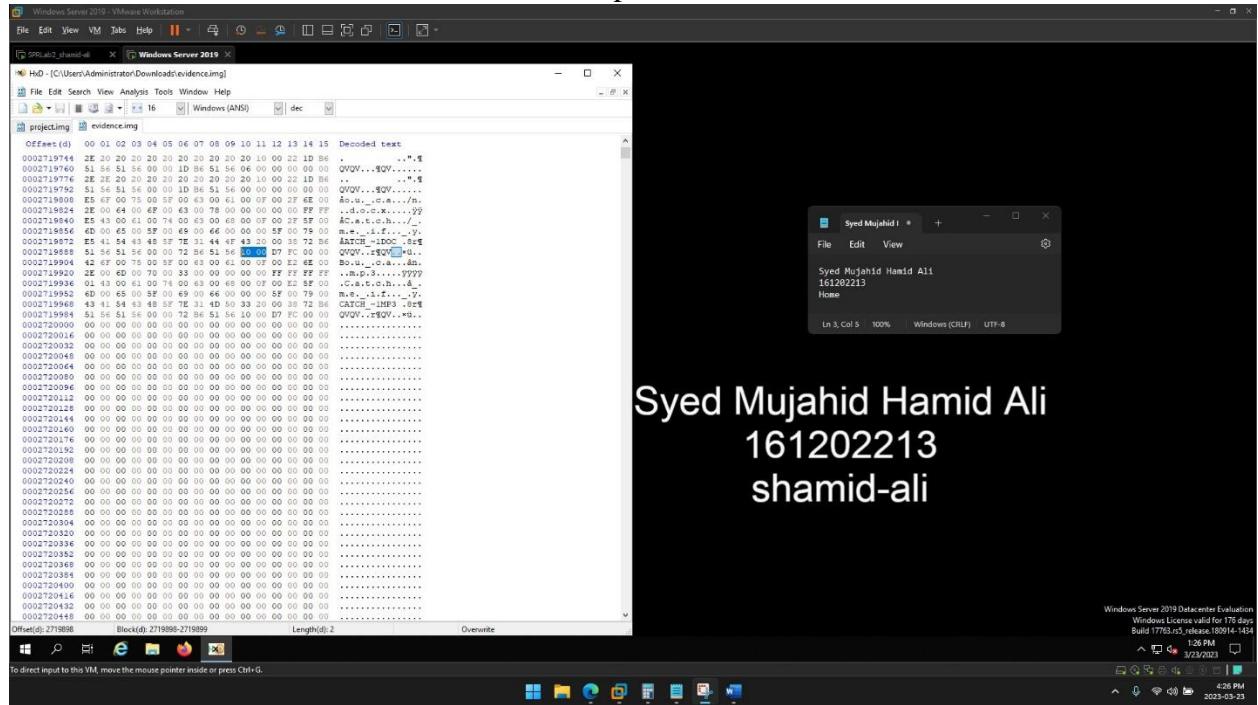
This shows the file recovered.



Next folder that we will analyze is Music. This shows the number of files present in the directory. We can see that there are two files present, one DOCX and one MP3 file. But if we examine closely, we see that both files point to the same sector address, saying that the file is obfuscated twice. This also means that we have only file that we can recover from this folder.



This shows the cluster where the DOCX file is present.



From this we will be able to get the starting address similar to the calculations done to get for the first file in this report.

The screenshot shows a Windows Server 2019 desktop environment. On the left, a File Explorer window displays a file dump of 'evidence.img' from a memory dump. The file contains numerous offset entries, mostly consisting of zeros. On the right, a Notepad window titled 'Syed Mujahid Hamid Ali' shows the following text:  
Syed Mujahid Hamid Ali  
161202213  
Home  
Ln 3, Col 5 100% Windows (ANSI) UTF-8

Syed Mujahid Hamid Ali  
161202213  
shamid-ali

Windows Server 2019 Datacenter Evaluation  
Windows License valid for 180 days  
Build 17763.5, release.1809-10-14-1444

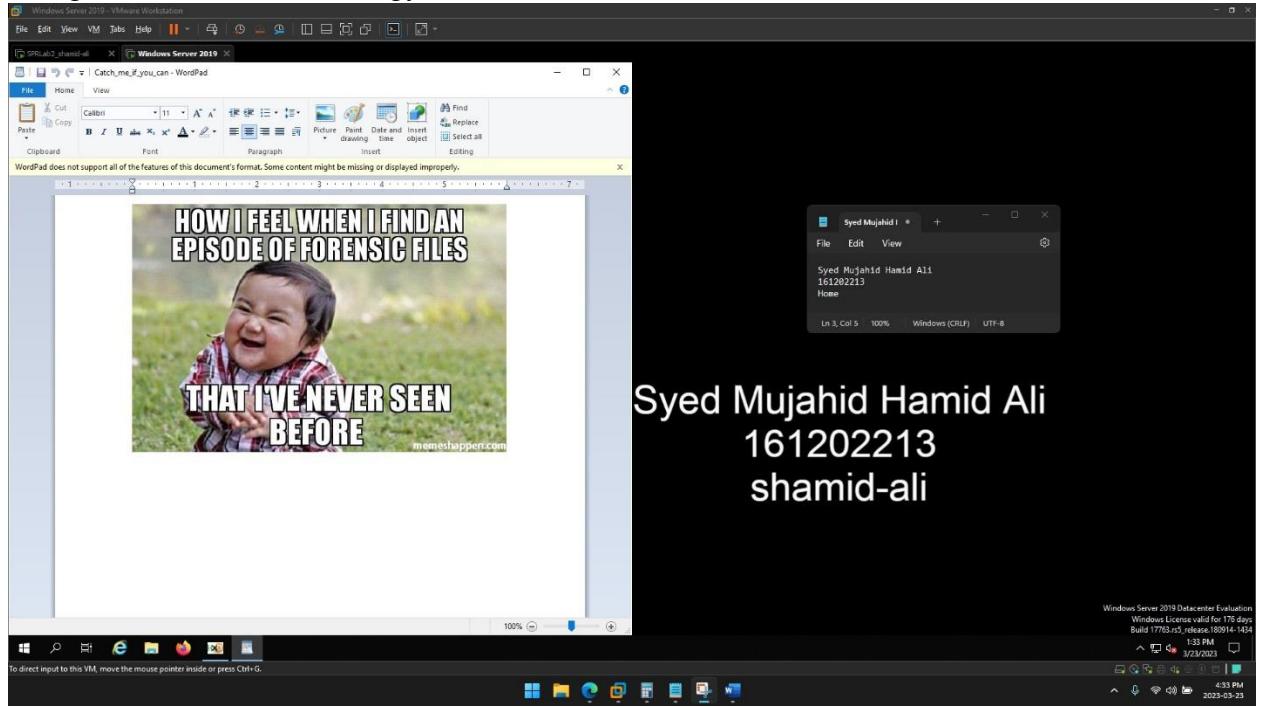
4:28 PM  
128 PM  
3/23/2023

Ending address can be found by searching for the trailer of DOCX file.

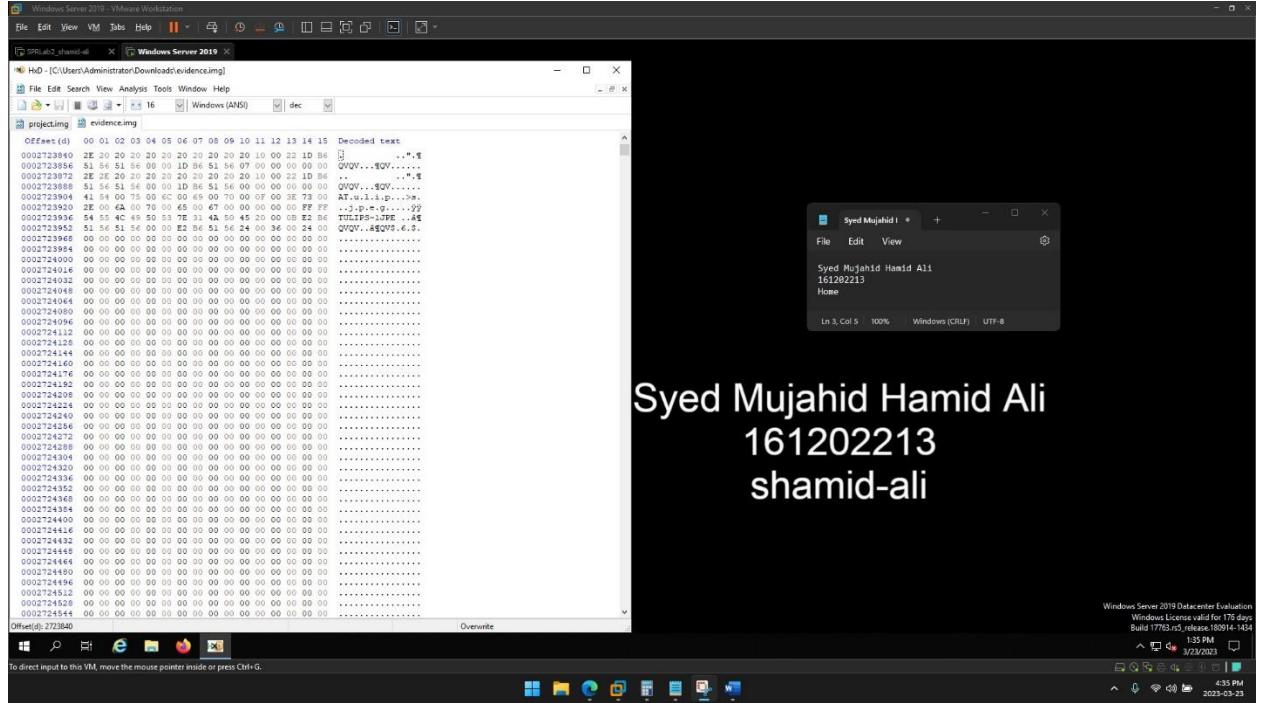
Syed Mujahid Hamid Ali  
161202213  
shamid-ali

Windows Server 2019 Datacenter Evaluation  
Windows License valid for 175 days  
Build 17763.45, release:150917-t454

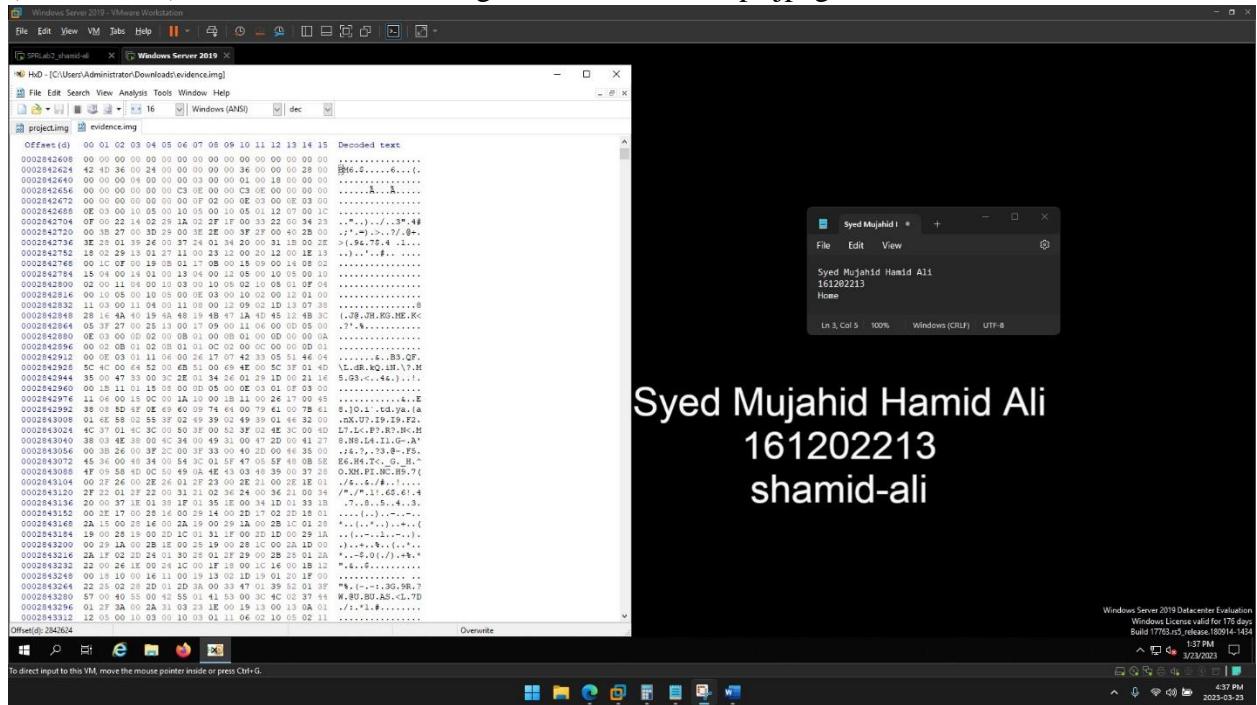
Using the header-footer strategy, we will be able to recover the file.



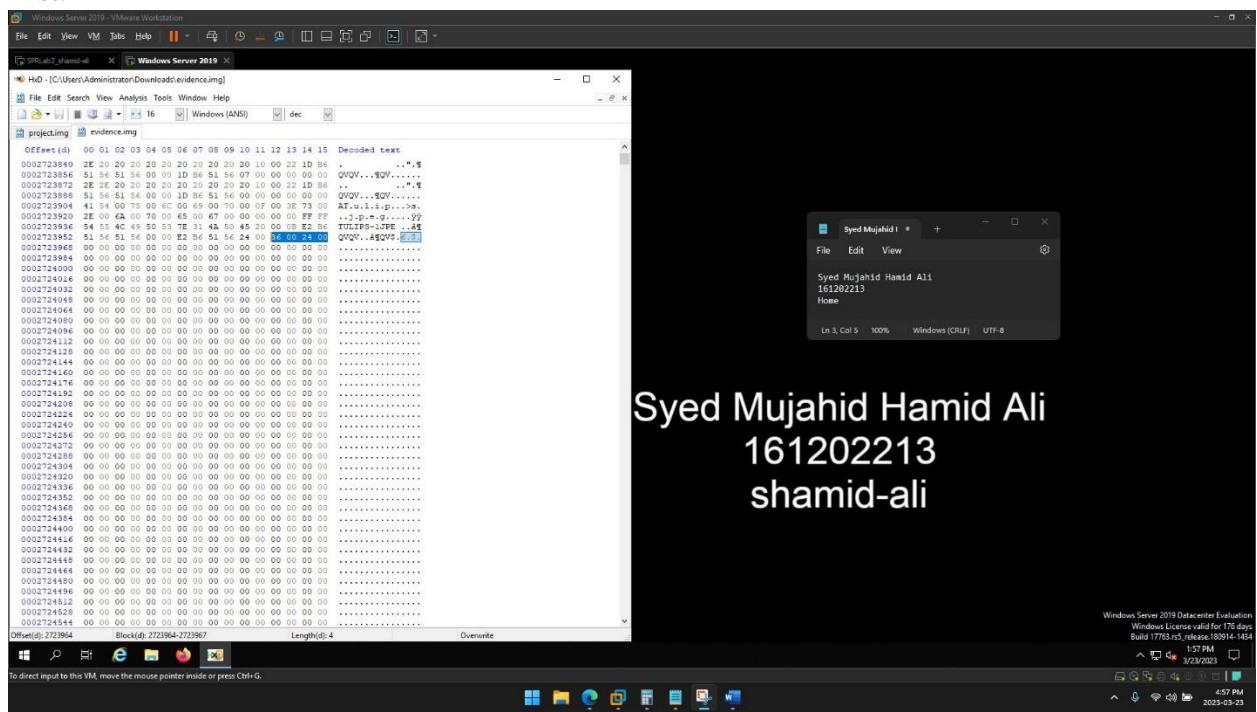
The last folder is the Pictures folder. This screenshot shows the number of files present inside the directory, which is just one.



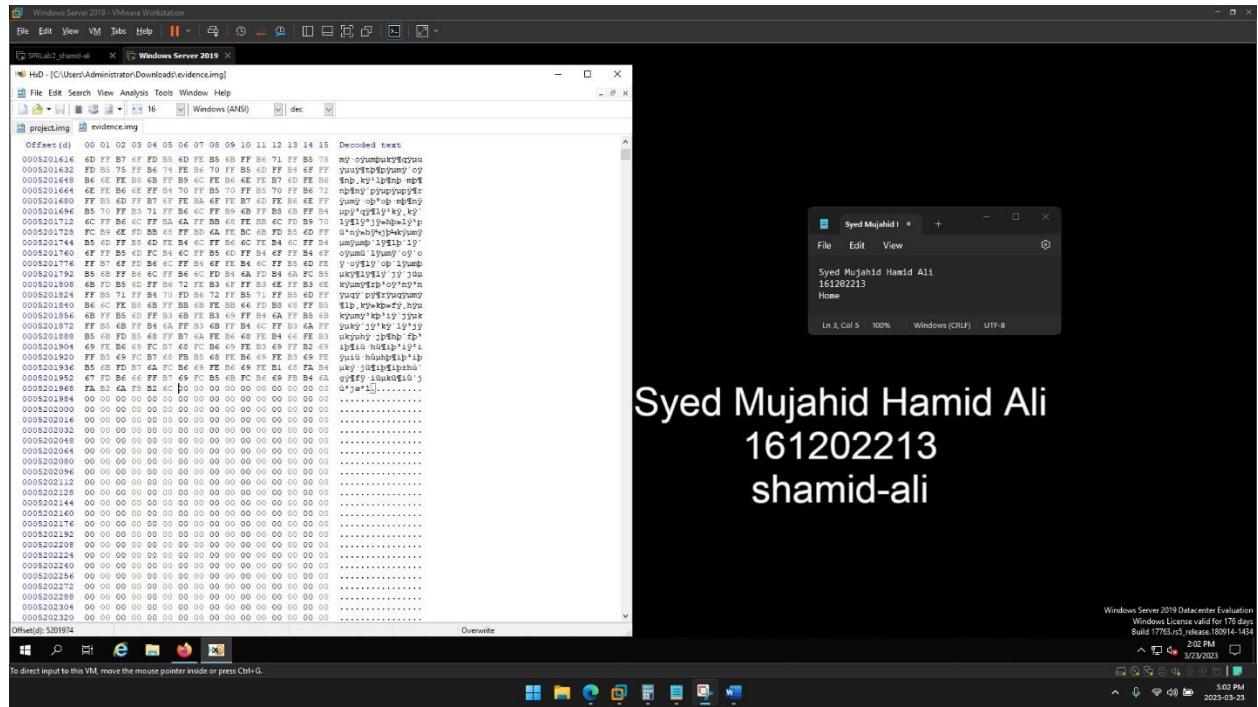
To get the starting address, we can do a similar calculation as we did for the first file (.bash\_shell). This shows the starting address of the Tulips.jpeg.



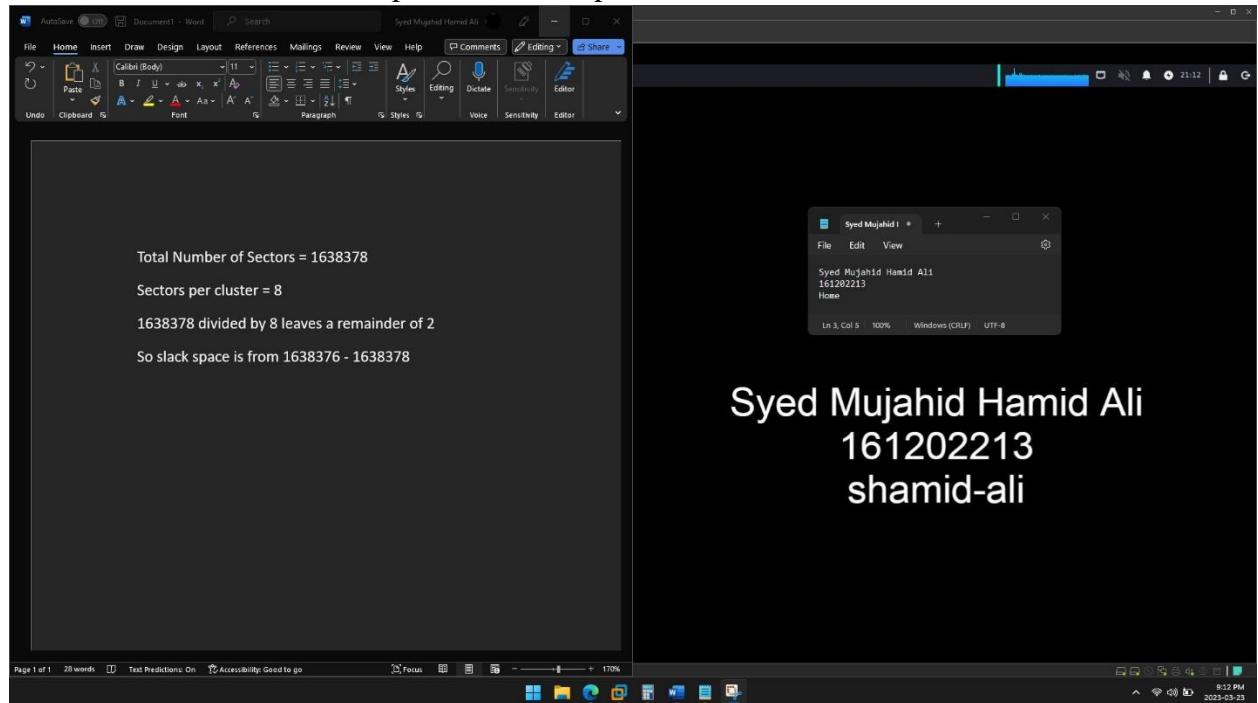
From this we can see that the file is actually a bitmap (BMP) image as the header matches for that format. But there is no specific trailer. For this, we need to find the size first.



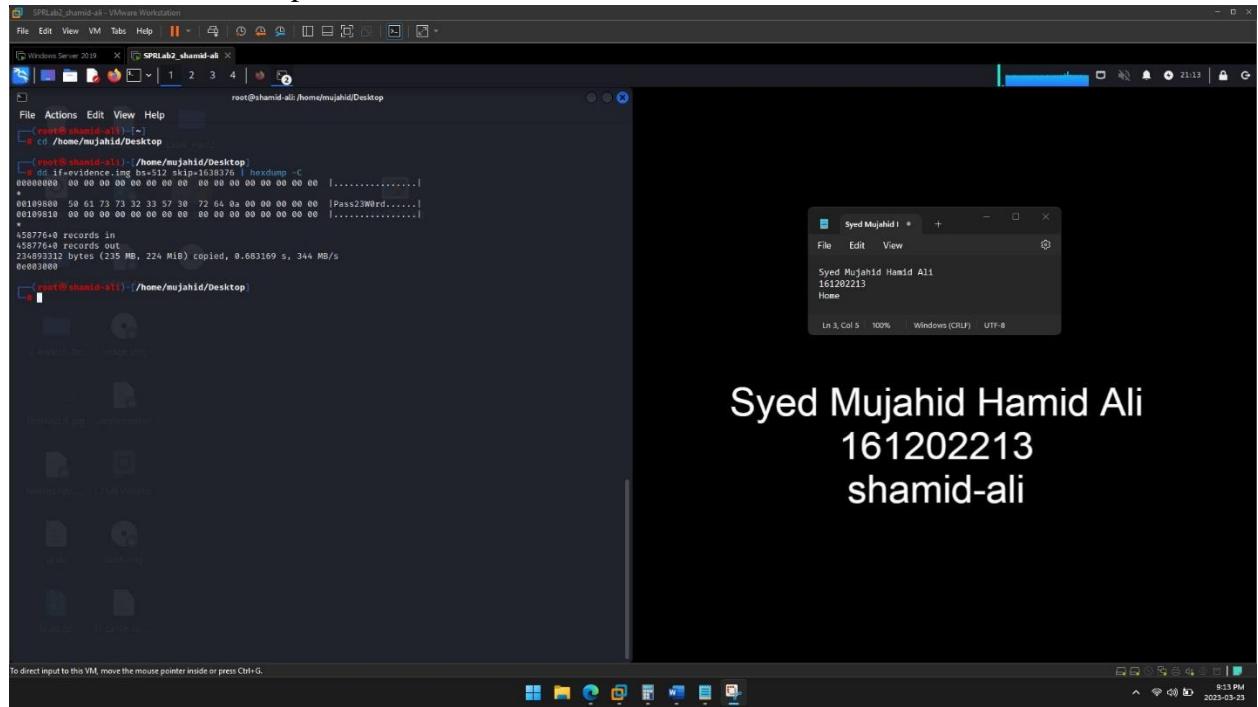
Then we will add the size to the starting address and subtract 1 from it to get the ending sector address.



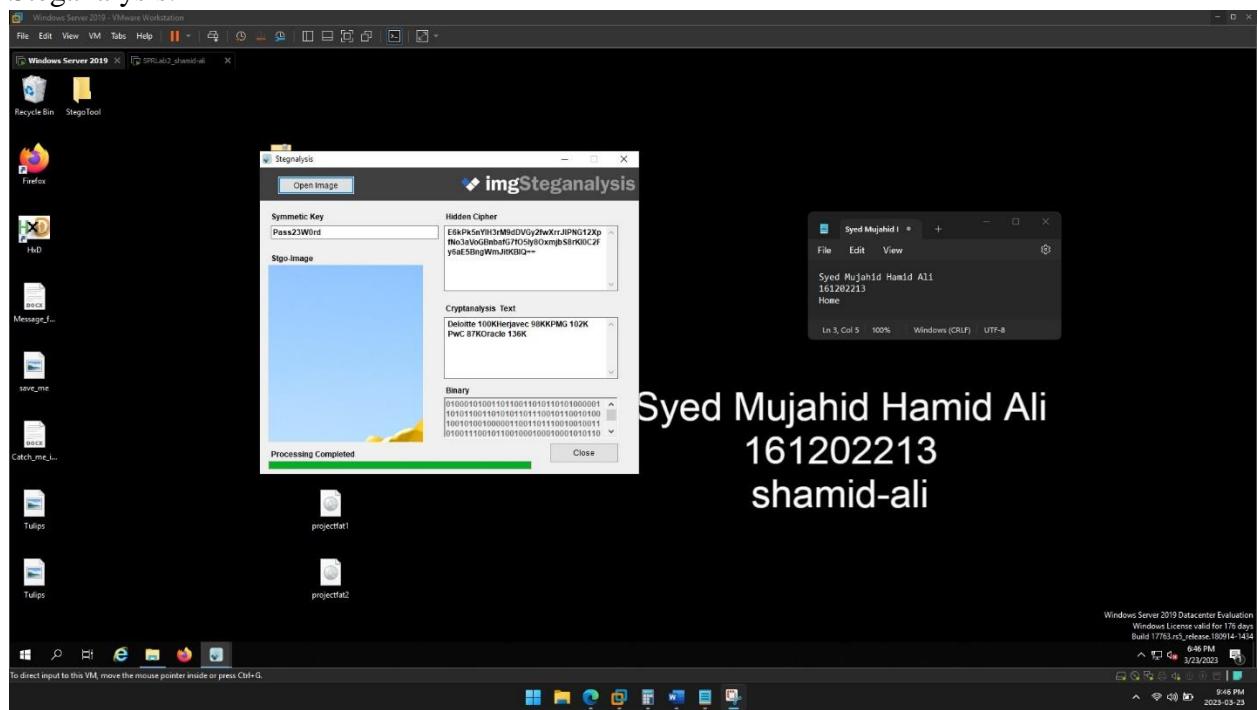
But we also know from ‘Message\_from\_Larry.docx’ that this file contains a hidden message, for which we need a password that can be found in the partition slack space. This shows the calculation of partition slack space.



When we ‘dd’ the image and skip the total clusters subtracted by 2, we will get the contents of the slack space.



Then we will use ‘StegoTool’, we can get the hidden text from the image from Steganalysis.



## **Relevant Findings**

These are all the findings that could be discovered from the above evidences.

- The other bidders and the offers that they put forward are:

1. Deloitte	100K
2. Herjavec	98K
3. KPMG	102K
4. PwC	87K
5. Oracle	136K
- Larry sold only the application source code, as we can see that he tells James about the source code itself as he wills to pay more money.
- The first file was not masked at all. Rest all files were deleted, and in the last file a text message was hidden which told about the offers made by other companies.
- The only files that was related to the actual investigation were ‘Message\_from\_Larry.docx’ and ‘Tulips.jpeg’ as they told about the offer made by James and the second file showed the offers made by the other companies. Rest all files were pointless when talking about the investigation, as ‘save\_me.jpg’ is just a generic image, ‘Catch\_me\_if\_you\_can.docx’ was a meme.
- As the investigator, I mainly used header-trailer carving techniques for retrieval of files. I also had to use StegoTool to find the message that was hidden in the ‘Tulips.jpeg’ file. Apart from that, the actual sector addresses were got from the tables giving in the textbook (namely 10.1 – 10.5).

## **Conclusion**

We can conclude that Larry has been charged with Industrial Espionage, as he planned to sell an application source code made for his company to someone else for a price. We also know that the code was intended to be sold to James at a price of 141,000 (which is 5,000 more than what was offered by Oracle). We also know that only the application source code was sold.

## **Timestamps**

**19-03-2023**

22:40 started working on the project

**20-03-2023**

00:40 found two jpg files and called it a day

**22-03-2023**

23:00 Restarted on the project

**23-03-2023**

01:17 Found one image and one document, called it a day

12:30 Started working on it again

22:00 Found all files and started on report making

**24-03-2023**

02:40 Finished the report and submitted